

Market Value Measures	<p>Market Capitalization = Price per share * # Shares Outstanding</p> <p>P/E Ratio = Price Per Share / Earnings Per Share</p> <p>Market to Book Ratio = Market Value per Share / Book Value per Share</p>
External Financing Formulas	$EFN = \left(\frac{\text{Assets}}{\text{Sales}} \right) \times \Delta \text{Sales} - \frac{\text{Spon Liab}}{\text{Sales}} \times \Delta \text{Sales} - (PM \times \text{Projected Sales}) \times (1 - d)$ $\text{Internal Growth Rate} = \frac{ROA \times b}{1 - ROA \times b} \quad \text{Sustainable Growth Rate} = \frac{ROE \times b}{1 - ROE \times b}$
Present Value Formulas	$FV = C_0 \times \left(1 + \frac{r}{m} \right)^{m \times T} \quad FV = C_0 e^{rT} \quad PV = C / r \quad PV = \frac{C}{r - g}$ $PV = \frac{C}{r} \left[1 - \frac{1}{(1 + r)^T} \right] \quad PV = \frac{C}{r - g} \left[1 - \left(\frac{1 + g}{(1 + r)} \right)^T \right]$
Accounting Ratios	<p>Current Ratio = Current Assets / Current Liabilities</p> <p>Quick Ratio = (Current Assets – Inventory) / Current Liabilities</p> <p>Cash Ratio = Cash / Current Liabilities</p> <p>Total Debt Ratio = (Total Assets – Total Equity) / Total Assets</p> <p>Debt/Equity = Total Debt / Total Equities</p> <p>Equity Multiplier = Total Assets / Total Equity</p> <p>Times Interest Earned = (Earnings Before Interest And Taxes) / Interest</p> <p>Cash Coverage = (EBIT + Depreciation + Amortization) / Interest</p> <p>Inventory Turnover = Cost of Goods Sold / Inventory</p> <p>Days' Sales in Inventory = 365 / (Inventory Turnover)</p> <p>Receivables Turnover = Sales / Accounts Receivable</p> <p>Days' Sales in Receivables = 365 / Receivables Turnover</p> <p>Total Asset Turnover = Sales / Total Assets</p> <p>Profit Margin = Net Income / Sales</p> <p>Return on Assets = Net Income / Total Assets</p> <p>Return on Equity = Net Income / Total Equity</p> <p>EBITDA Margin = EBITDA / Sales</p> <p>Capital Intensity = Total Assets / Sales</p>
Financial Cash Flow, Break Even Point, OCF Formulas, Salvage Value	<p>$C(A) = C(B) + C(S)$</p> <p>$C(A) = \text{OCF} - \text{Change in NWC} - \text{Cash Flow to Fixed Assets}$</p> <p>$\text{OCF} = \text{EBIT} + \text{Depreciation} - \text{Tax}$</p> <p>$\text{Change in NWC} = \text{Ending NWC} - \text{Beginning NWC}$</p> <p>$\text{Cash Flow to Fixed Assets} = \text{Ending NFA} - \text{Beginning NFA} + \text{Depreciation (if we use the gross fixed assets, then = Ending Gross Fixed Assets – Beginning Gross Fixed Assets)}$</p> <p>$C(B) = \text{Interest} - (\text{Ending Long Term Debt} - \text{Beginning Long Term Debt})$</p> <p>$C(S) = \text{Dividends} - (\text{Stocks sold} - \text{Stocks purchased})$</p> <p>Accounting: $(\text{Fixed Costs} + \text{Depr.}) / (\text{Sales Price} - \text{Variable Cost})$</p> <p>Financial(Pres. Value): $(\text{EAC} + \text{Fixed Costs} \times (1 - t) - t \times \text{Depr.}) / (\text{Sales Price} - \text{Var. Cost}) \times (1 - t)$</p>

	<p>Top Down: OCF = Sales-Cash Costs-Taxes, Bottom up: OCF = Net Income+Depreciation</p> <p>Tax Shield: OCF = (Sales-Cash Costs)*(1-t)+t*Dep.</p> <p>Salvage Value = Market Value - t (Market Value-Book Value)</p>
Bond Value	$\text{Bond Value} = C \left[\frac{1 - \frac{1}{(1+r)^T}}{r} \right] + \frac{F}{(1+r)^T}$
Fisher Formula	$(1 + \text{Nominal Interest Rate}) = (1 + \text{Real Interest Rate}) * (1 + \text{Inflation Rate})$
Stock Valuation	<p>Zero Growth: Constant Growth: Differential Growth:</p> $P_0 = \frac{\text{Div}}{R} \qquad P_0 = \frac{\text{Div}_1}{R - g} \qquad P = \frac{C}{R - g_1} \left[1 - \frac{(1 + g_1)^T}{(1 + R)^T} \right] + \frac{\left(\frac{\text{Div}_{T+1}}{R - g_2} \right)}{(1 + R)^T}$
Stock Returns	<p>Holding Period Return: Arithmetic Average Return:</p> $HPR = (1 + R_1) \times (1 + R_2) \times \dots \times (1 + R_T) - 1 \qquad \bar{R} = \frac{(R_1 + \dots + R_T)}{T}$ <p>Geometric Average Return:</p> $R = \sqrt[T]{(1 + R_1)(1 + R_2) \dots (1 + R_T)} - 1$
Sample Statistics	$\bar{R} = \frac{(R_1 + \dots + R_T)}{T}$ $SD = \sqrt{VAR} = \sqrt{\frac{(R_1 - \bar{R})^2 + (R_2 - \bar{R})^2 + \dots + (R_T - \bar{R})^2}{T - 1}}$ $Cov(A, B) = \sigma_{AB} = \sum_i^T (a_i - \bar{a})(b_i - \bar{b}) / (T - 1)$ $\text{Corr}(A, B) = \rho_{A, B} = \frac{\sigma_{A, B}}{\sigma_A \sigma_B}$
Portfolio Analysis	<p>Expected Return on Portfolio:</p> $E(r_p) = x_A E(r_A) + x_B E(r_B)$ <p>Variance of a portfolio:</p> $\sigma^2 = x_A^2 \sigma_A^2 + 2x_A x_B \sigma_{AB} + x_B^2 \sigma_B^2$ $\beta_i = \frac{Cov(R_i, R_M)}{\sigma^2(R_M)}$ <p>CAPM: $R_i = R_f + \beta_i(R_M - R_f)$</p>