

Computer Graphics and Computer Vision

Demetri Terzopoulos

*Distinguished Professor and
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Director, UCLA Computer Graphics & Vision Laboratory*



Graphics and Vision: A Unified View

- ◆ This major field is about Computers and Images
- ◆ Computer Graphics (CG)
 - Computational models → images and videos
 - Forward mathematical problem
 - Synthesis
- ◆ Computer Vision (CV)
 - Images and videos → computational models
 - Inverse mathematical problem
 - Analysis

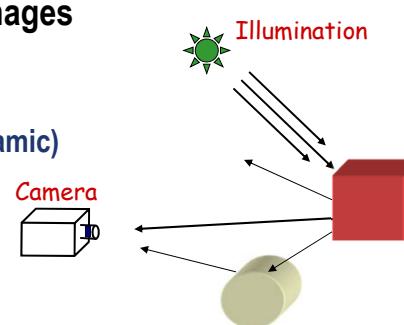
History of Computer Graphics and Computer Vision

- ◆ Two PhD thesis projects at MIT in the early 1960s
 - Ivan E. Sutherland, 1963
 - "Sketchpad, a man-machine graphical communication system"
 - Lawrence G. Roberts, 1963
 - "Machine perception of three-dimensional solids"
- ◆ CG and CV have developed as independent fields
- ◆ In recent years, CG and CV are synergizing
- ◆ Cross-fertilization with other fields:
 - Physics, biology, cognitive science, artificial intelligence, art,



What is an Image / Video?

- ◆ Array of pixels (one or **more** numbers)
- ◆ A video is a time sequence of images
- ◆ How they are formed:
 - Objects in the world (static or dynamic)
 - Illumination (light sources)
 - Imaging device (eye, camera)



- ◆ We want to synthesize and analyze images and videos by computer



Why? Images and movies are everywhere!

- ◆ Entertainment: Motion pictures & Games
- ◆ Virtual worlds (especially for movies and games)
- ◆ Industrial design
- ◆ Scientific and medical visualization
- ◆ Human-computer interaction
- ◆ Fine arts
- ◆ Etc.

- ◆ Robotics
- ◆ Automotive
- ◆ Visual Surveillance / Biometrics
- ◆ Industrial inspection
- ◆ Medical imaging
- ◆ Remote sensing
- ◆ Image and video retrieval
- ◆ Etc.

- ◆ For a deeper understanding of the physical world and living systems, including the human brain



Computer Graphics

- ◆ The art and science of creating imagery by computer
- ◆ Three main research themes
 - Modeling
 - How do we model (mathematically represent) objects?
 - How do we construct models of specific objects?
 - Animation
 - How do we represent the motions of objects?
 - How do we give animators control of this motion?
 - Rendering
 - How do we simulate the real-world behavior of light?
 - How do we simulate the formation of images?



Standard Display Devices

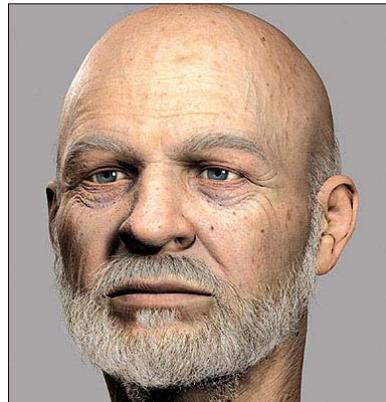


Exotic Display Devices



Movies

◆ To reality and beyond !



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Movies

◆ Special effects



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Movies



Digital Compositing



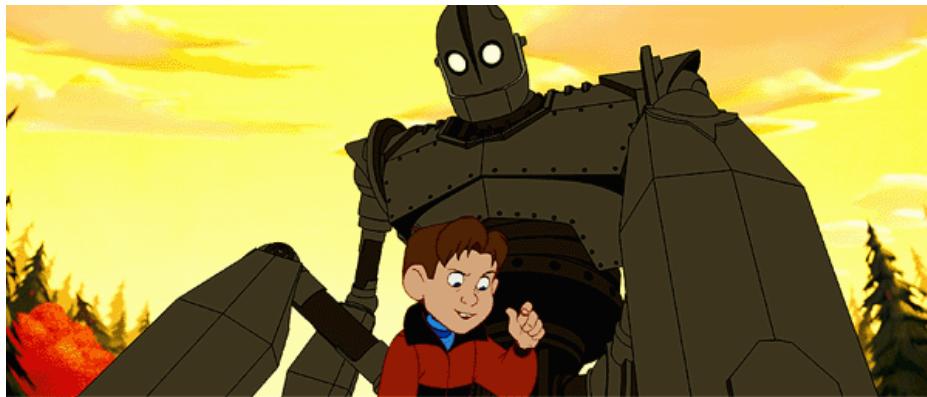


Digital Compositing



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Digital Cartoons



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Games

◆ Focus on interactivity



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Games

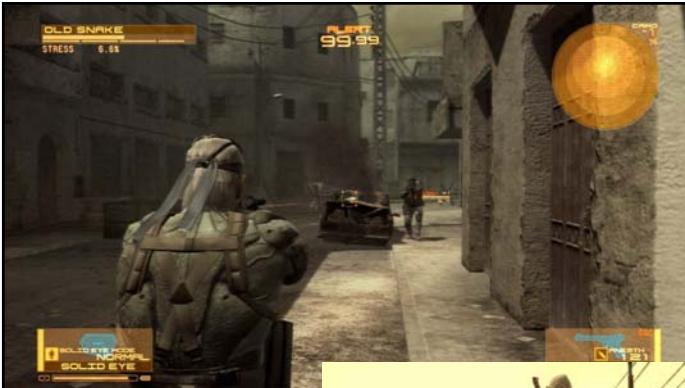
◆ Artificial Life characters



IGN.COM

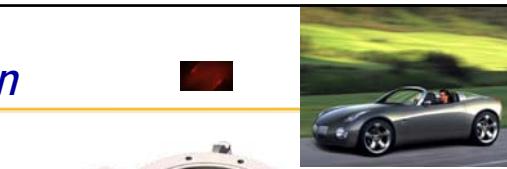
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Metal Gear Solid 4



Computer-Aided Design

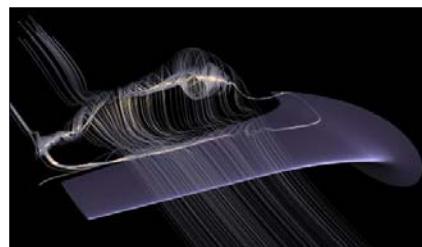
- ◆ Precision modeling
- ◆ Engineering visualization



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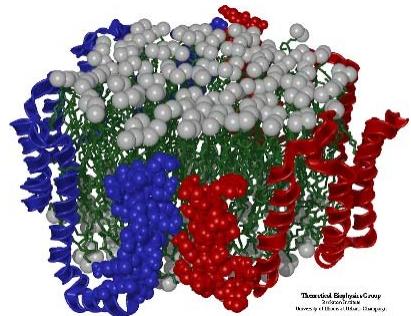
Computer-Aided Design

- ◆ It's not just about visualization
- ◆ Simulation is also useful

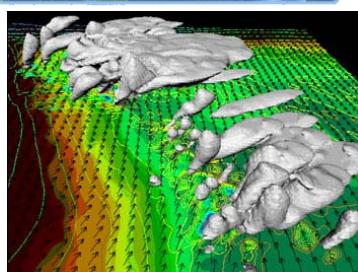
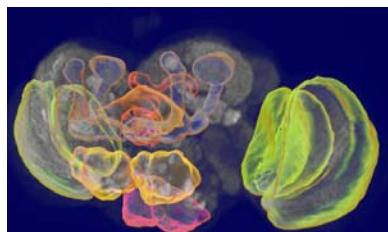


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Visualization: Scientific

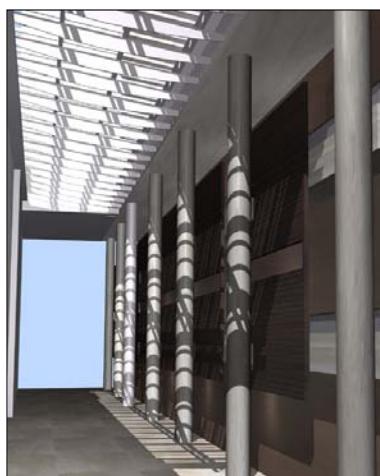


Theoretical Physics Group
University of Illinois, Urbana-Champaign



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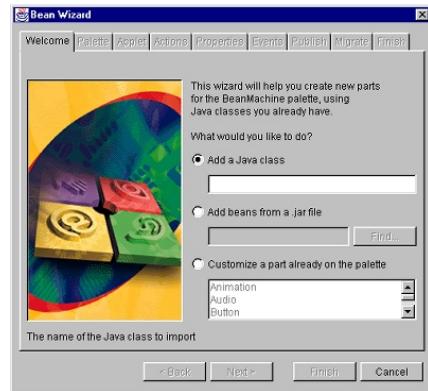
Visualization: Architectural



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Graphical User Interfaces

WIMP GUIs

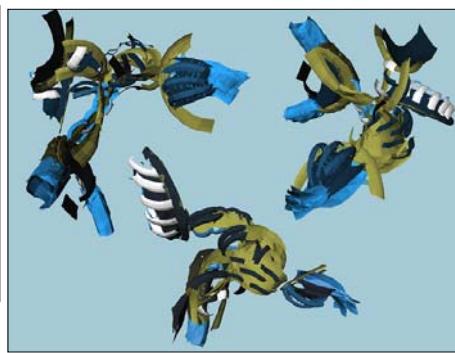


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3D User Interfaces



Steven Schkolne



Sculpture Art

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Digital Art



The ^A_{2nd} Highest-Grossing Movie of All Time, Titanic

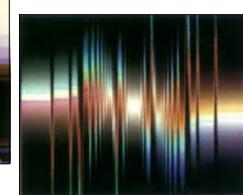
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Digital Art

◆ Genetically evolved



Carl Sims



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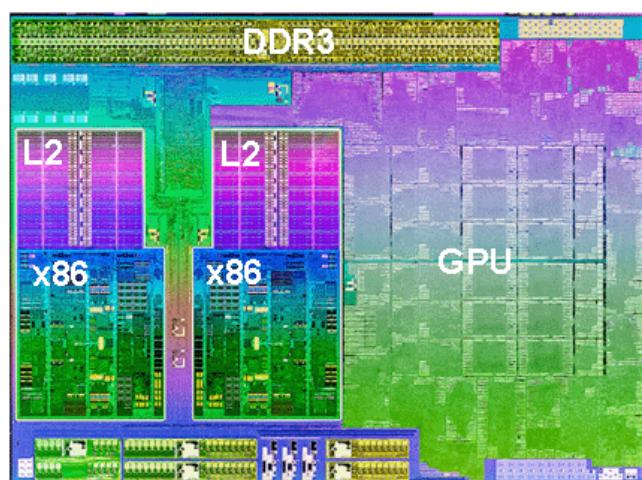
Elements of CG

◆ The graphics pipeline



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An Integrated GPU (AMD Trinity)



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Modeling

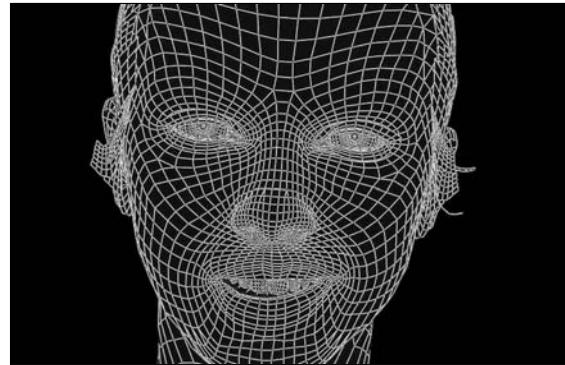
Primitives

- 3D points
- 3D lines and curves
- surfaces (BREPs): polygons, patches
- volumetric representations
- image-based representations

Attributes

- Color, texture maps
- Lighting properties

Geometric transformations



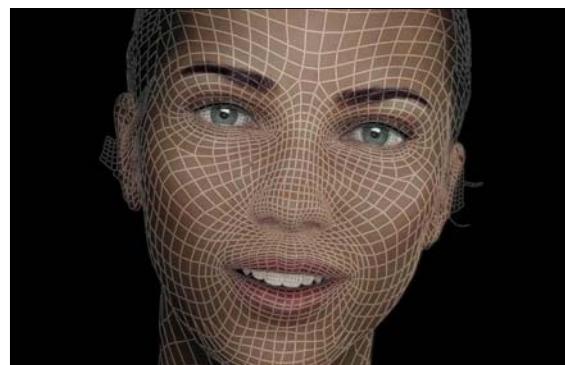
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Rendering

Visibility

Simulating light propagation

- Reflection
- Absorption
- Scattering
- Emission
- Interference



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Animation

Keyframe animation

Motion capture

Procedural animation

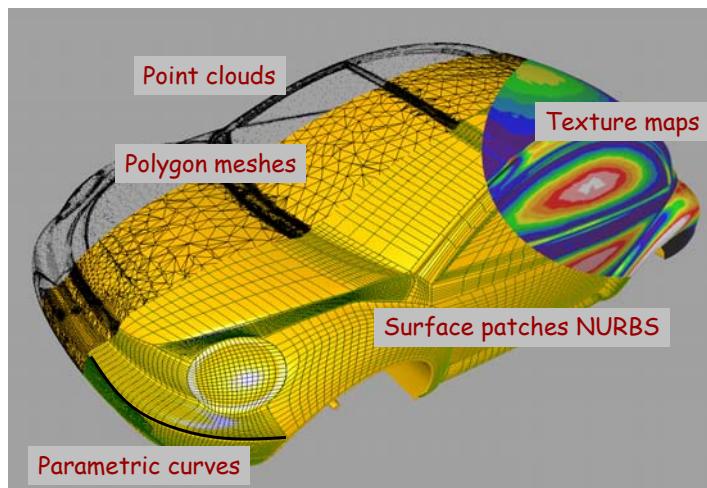
- Physics-based animation
- Behavioral animation



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Modeling

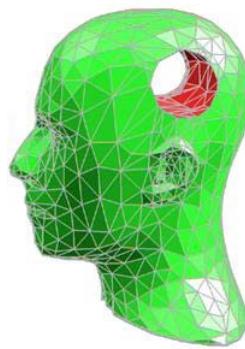
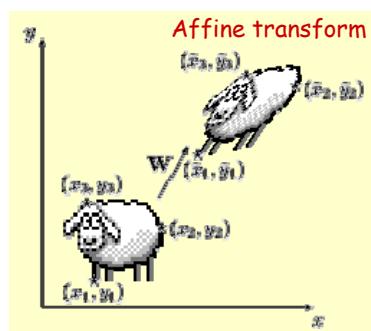
◆ Representing objects geometrically on a computer



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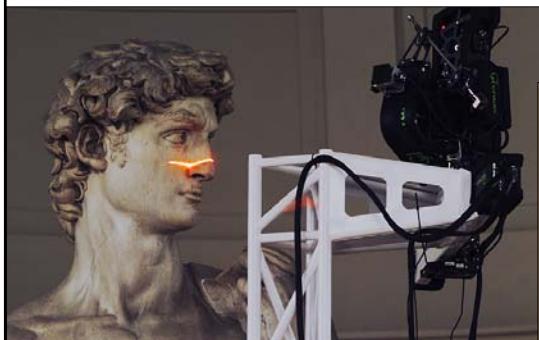
Modeling

◆ Altering geometric models



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Scanning Shapes



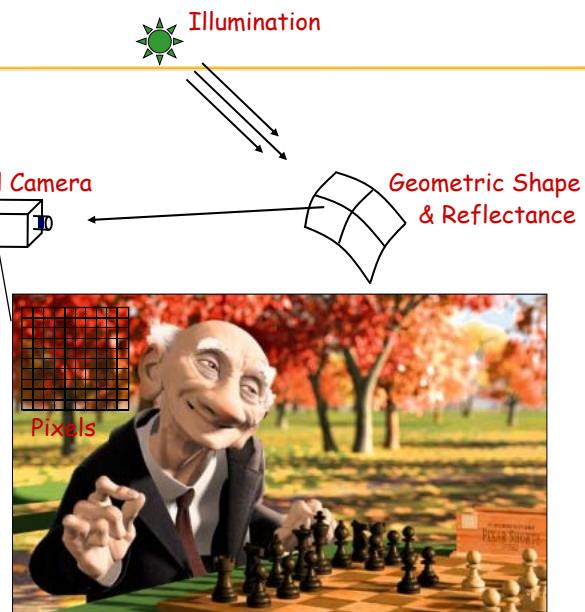
Plant Modeling



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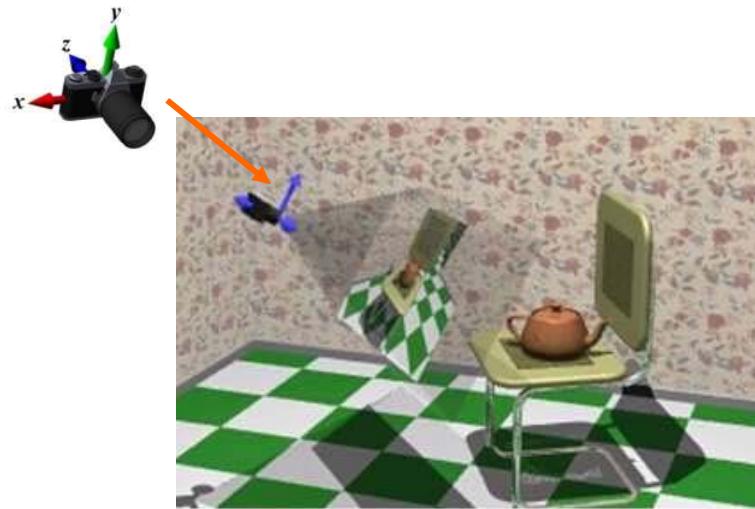
Rendering

◆ Key elements



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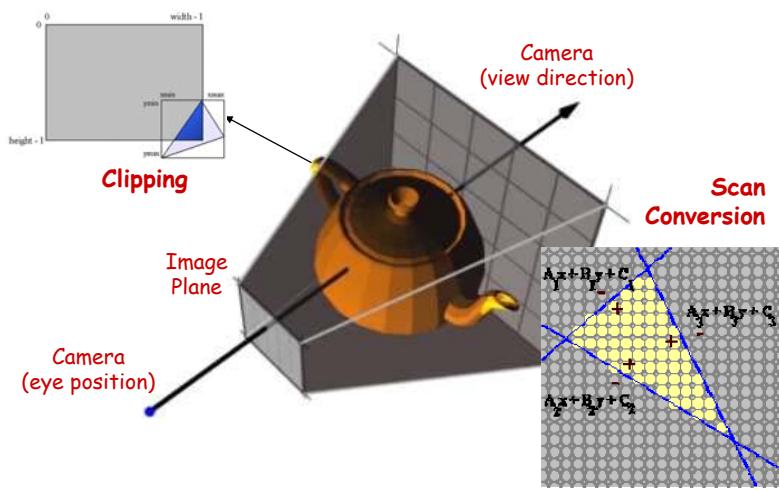
Camera Model



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Rendering

- ◆ Draw visible surfaces onto display



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Reflectance Modeling



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Reflectance Modeling

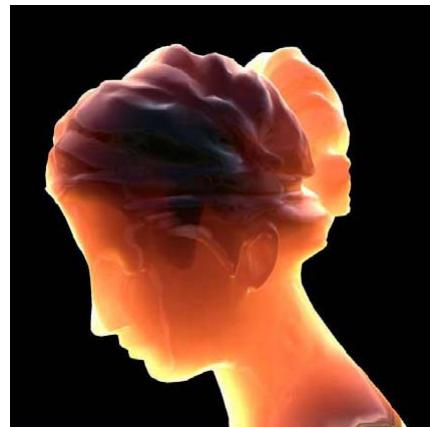


Diana the Huntress

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Subsurface Scattering

- ◆ Translucency and varied levels of light penetration can be created using subsurface scattering effects (nVIDIA)



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Rendering

- ◆ Non-photorealistic rendering



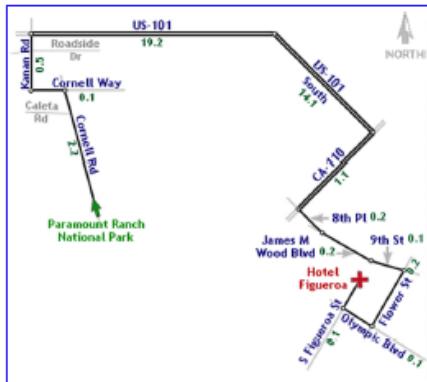
Aaron Hertzmann

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Rendering: Information



Agrawala and Stolte

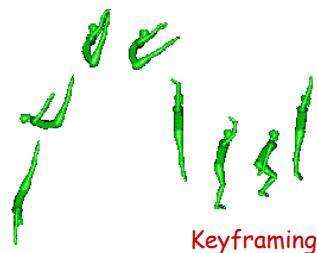


Mapblast.com

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Animation

◆ Keyframe animation



Keyframing



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Animation

◆ Motion capture



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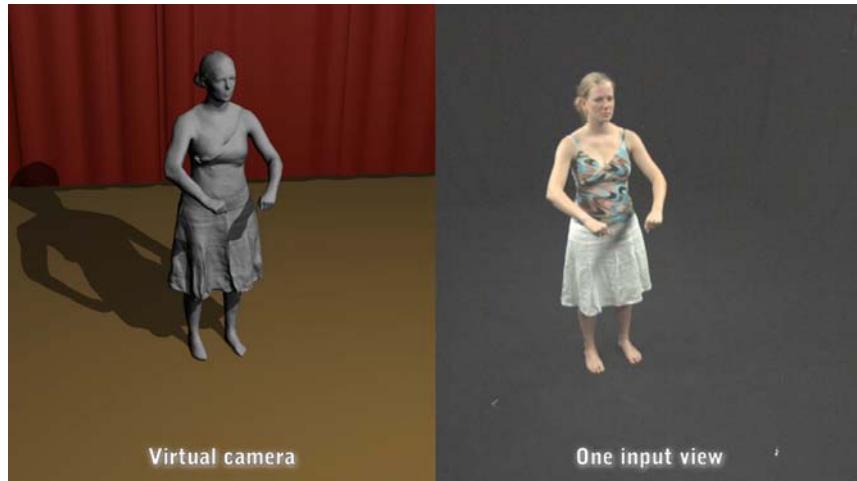
Animating Golem in LOTR



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Markerless Motion Capture

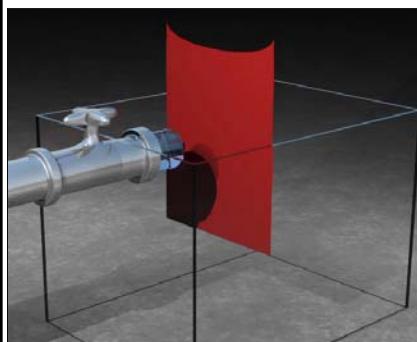
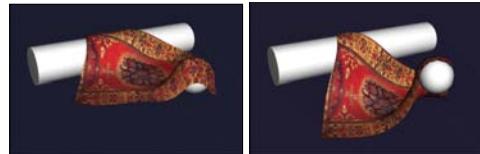
◆ Max Plank Institute of Informatics, Germany



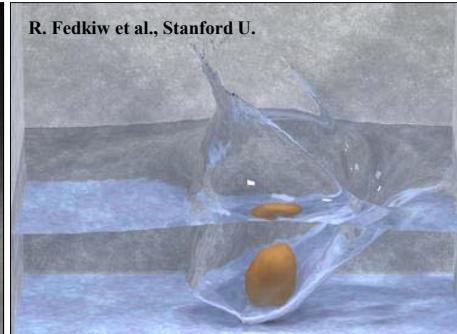
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Animation

◆ Physical simulation



R. Fedkiw et al., Stanford U.



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"Atlanta in Motion"

- ◆ J. Hodgins, et al.,
Georgia Tech



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NBC - Los Angeles

- ◆ The digital stuntman



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Falling Sideways



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Falling Backward, Rolling Over, Rising, and Balancing in Gravity



◆ Help, I've fallen! ... ***and I can get up!***

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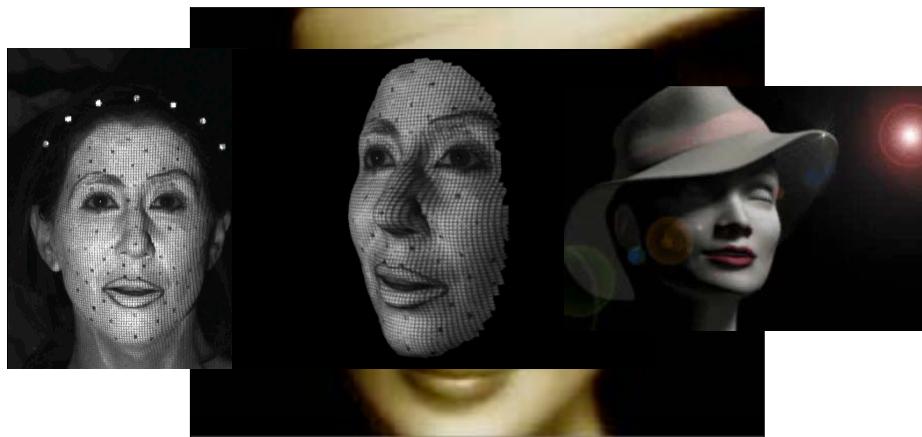
Rising From a Supine Position



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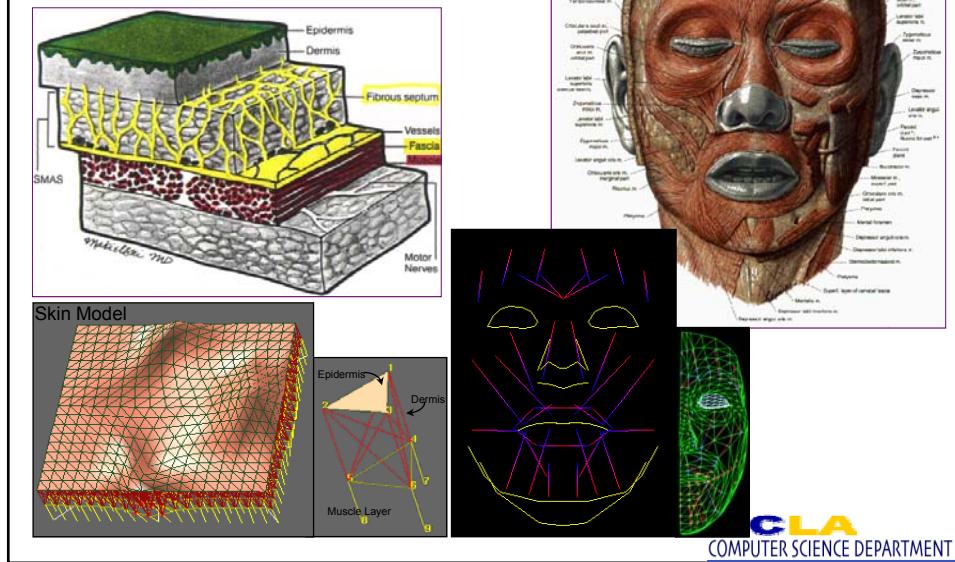
Virtual Celebrity

◆ Virtual Celebrity Productions, LLC



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Facial Anatomy



Real-Time Facial Simulation



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Neck-Head-Face Animation



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Animation

◆ Behavioral animation



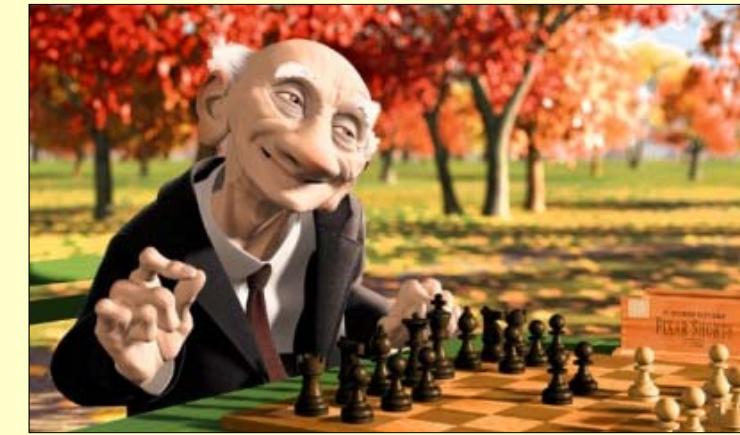
Ethology



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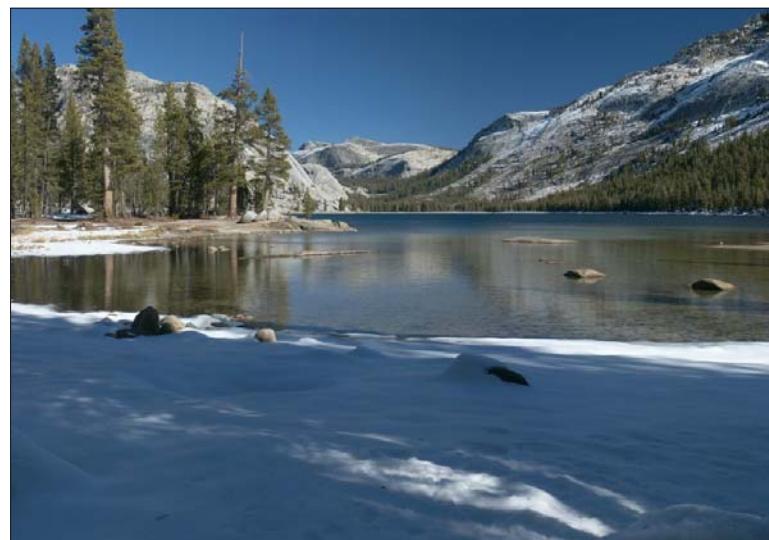
Animation

- ◆ Example: “Geri’s Game” - Pixar



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*Reality is *Very* Complex*



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Virtual Reality

- ◆ Artificial life and other natural phenomena

Discuss
later...



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Many Open Research Problems

- ◆ How to model/render/animate a complex scene?



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Computer Vision

◆ Related fields

- Image processing
- Pattern recognition
- Visual perception

◆ Image understanding

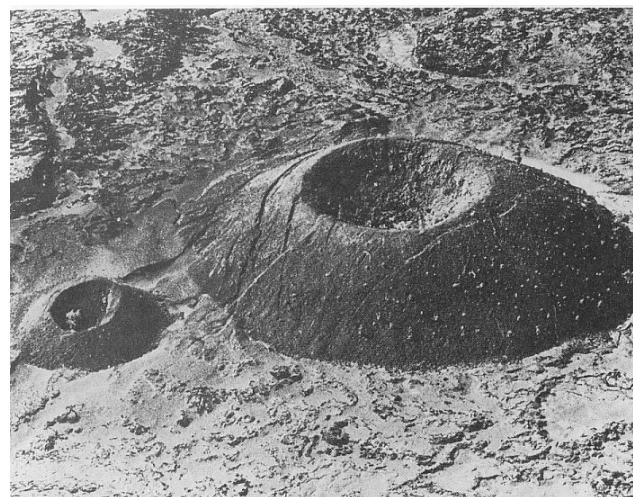
- True IU seems to involve a great deal of human intelligence
- Automated systems are still far from human performance
- Some good solutions in constrained special cases
 - (e.g., inspection: IC manufacturing, circuit boards)



◆ Inverse problems are generally tougher to solve

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WHAT DO YOU SEE?



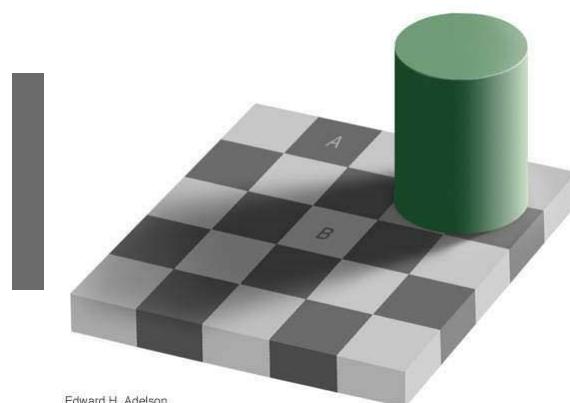
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AND NOW?



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*Are Squares A and B
Different Shades of Gray?*



Edward H. Adelson

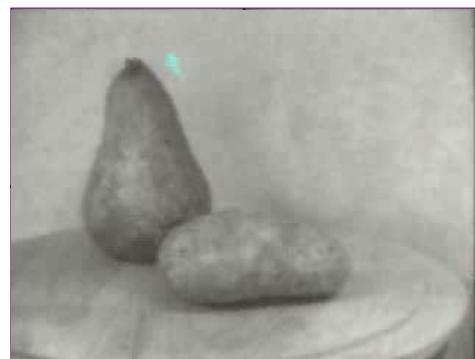
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Vision Research Themes

- ◆ Edge and region extraction
- ◆ Image segmentation
- ◆ Visual reconstruction: From images to surfaces
- ◆ Shape from X
 - Contours
 - Shading
 - Stereo
 - Motion
- ◆ Object tracking
- ◆ Object recognition (including faces)
- ◆ Event and activity recognition

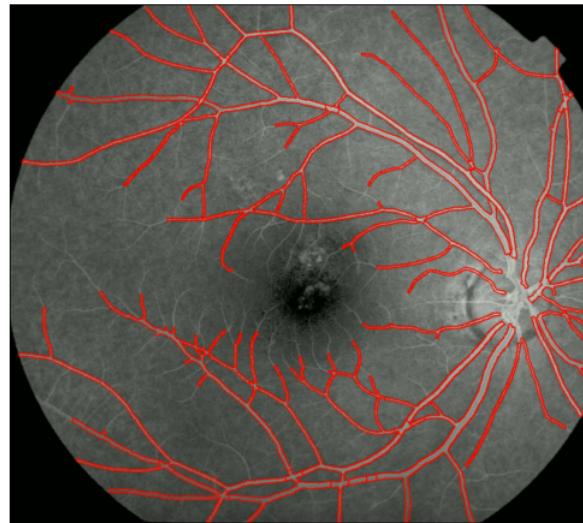
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Interactive Image Analysis Using Snakes



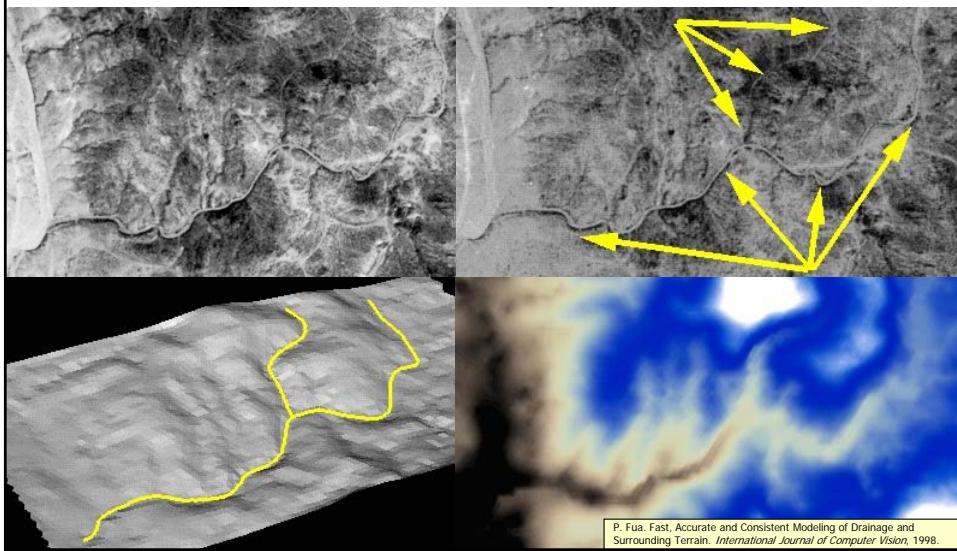
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Retinal Angiogram Segmentation



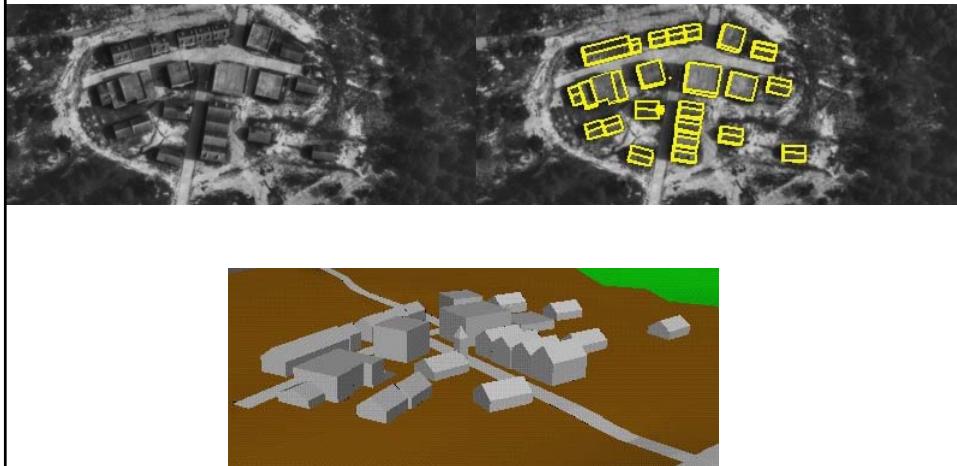
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Cartographic Modeling: Rivers



P. Fua. Fast, Accurate and Consistent Modeling of Drainage and Surrounding Terrain. *International Journal of Computer Vision*. 1998.

Cartographic Modeling: Buildings and Roads



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Automated Image Retrieval



◆ Find pictures of the
**Sydney opera
house**

- in a large database
- on the web

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Space Robotics: Mars Rover



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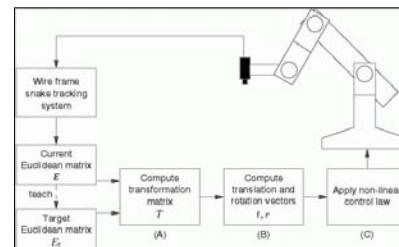
Self-Driving Cars: Intelligent Transportation

◆ Professor Stefano Soatto



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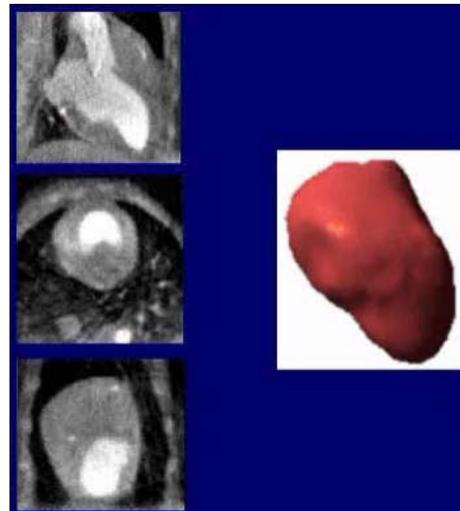
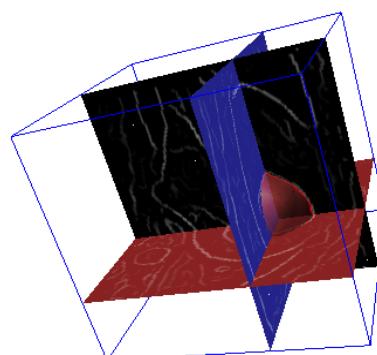
Visual Servoing



Tom Drummond, Univ. of Cambridge

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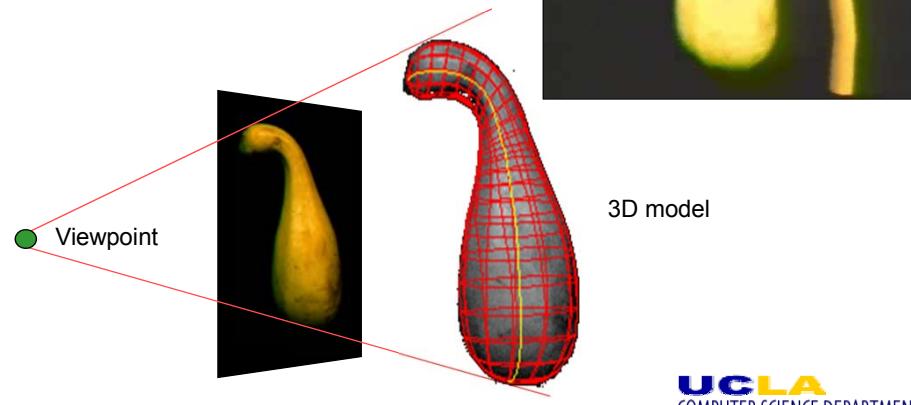
Model-Based Heart Motion Tracking



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3D Reconstruction

- ◆ From image(s) to model(s)
 - Inverting 3D projection
 - Image-based modeling



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Performance-Based Animation

- ◆ [Pighin, Szeliski, Salezin, 1999]



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Performance-Based Animation

◆ [Pighin, Szeliski, Salezin, 1999]



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Performance-Based Animation

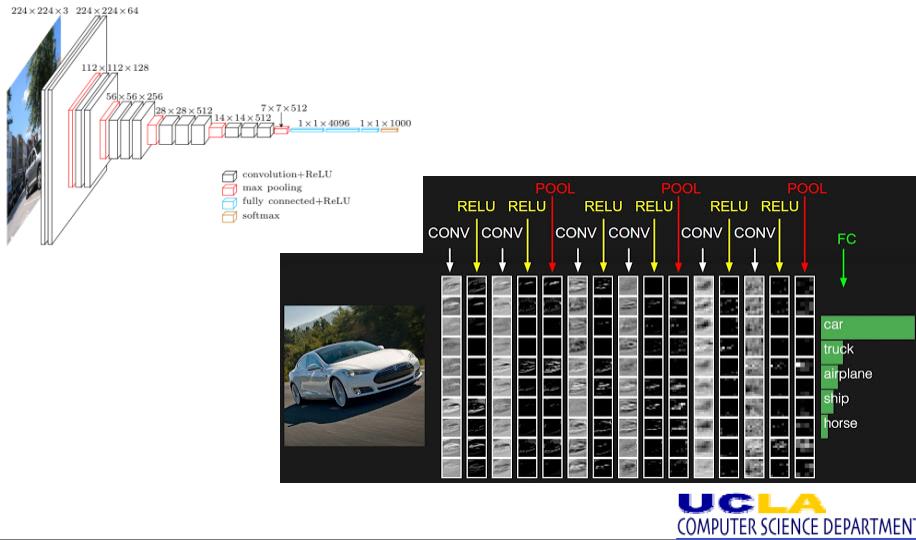
◆ [Pighin, Szeliski, Salezin, 1999]



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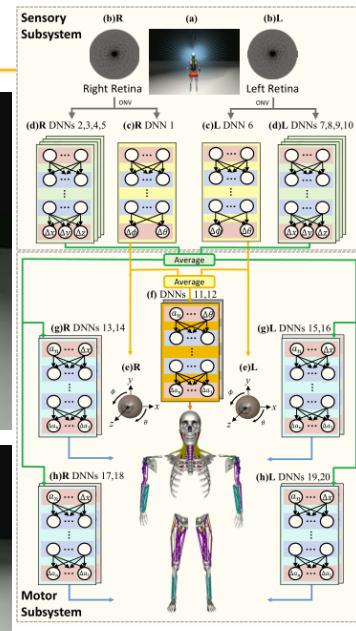
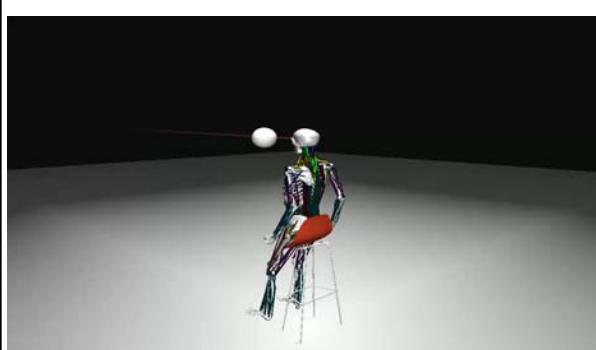
Deep Learning in Computer Vision

◆ Convolutional Neural Nets (CNNs) are a “hot” topic



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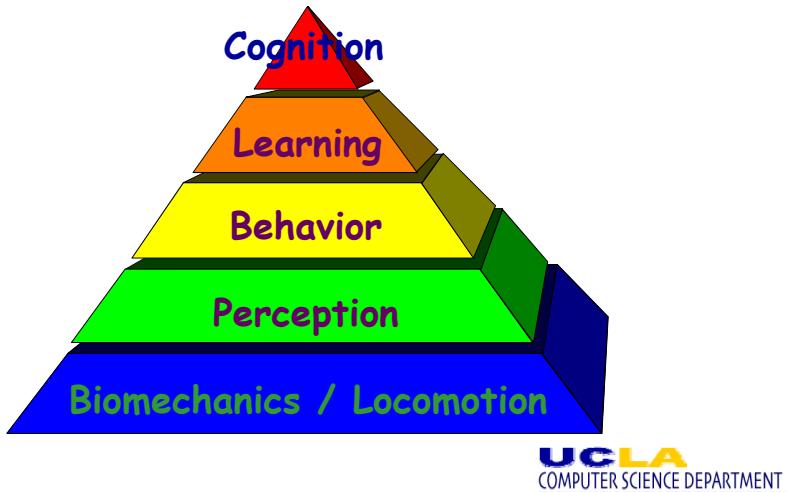
Virtual Biomimetic Robotics



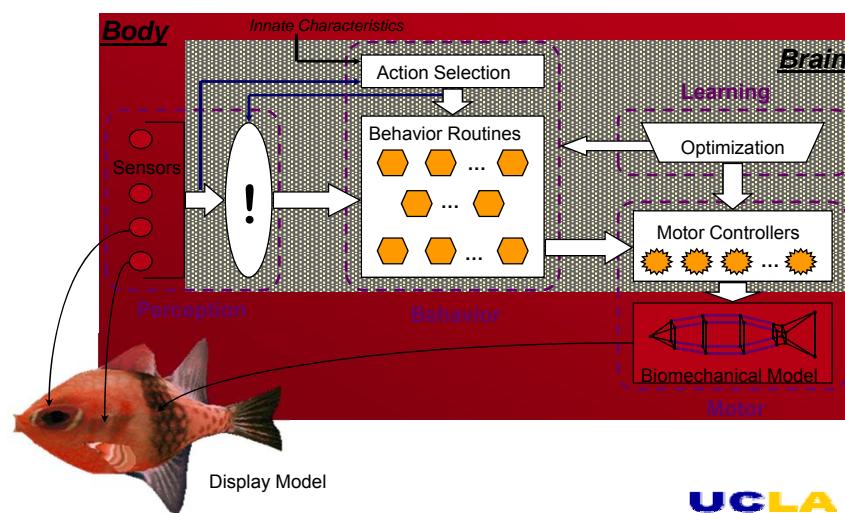
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ALife Modeling Pyramid

- ◆ Computational model of animals and humans



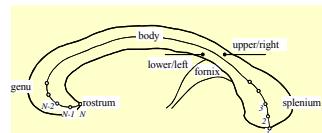
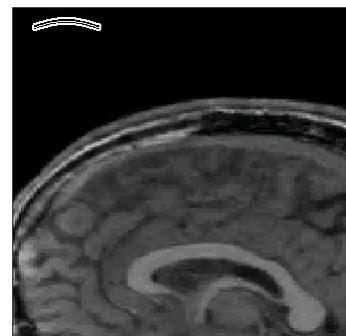
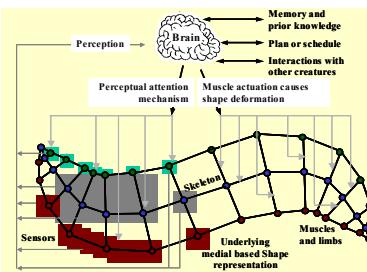
An Artificial Fish Model





ALife for Vision

- ◆ Deformable organisms for automated medical image segmentation



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CS Faculty Conducting CG and CV Research

- ◆ Stanley Osher (CV - Mathematics)



- ◆ Stefano Soatto (CV - Computer Science)



- ◆ Demetri Terzopoulos (CG & CV - Computer Science)



- ◆ Song-Chun Zhu (CV - Statistics)



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Courses Offered

- ◆ CS 174A – Introduction to Computer Graphics
- ◆ CS 174B – Image-Based Modeling and Rendering
- ◆ CS 174C – Computer Animation

Plus several graduate courses in graphics and vision:

- Artificial Life for Computer Graphics and Vision
- Machine Perception
- Deformable Models for Computer Vision
- Humanoid Character Simulation
- Etc.

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Core Knowledge Needed to Specialize in Computer Graphics and Vision

◆ Mathematics

- Especially geometry, linear algebra, applied math, numerical methods

◆ Programming and software development

- Especially C/C++, OpenGL, Javascript

◆ Creativity and an appreciation of Art + Science + Engineering

◆ Core computer graphics subjects

- Rendering – synthesizing images from mathematical representations
- Modeling – geometry-based, physics-based, biology-based
- Animation – kinematics, dynamics, motion control
- Interactive techniques – human-computer interaction, GUIs, games, ...



Relevant Courses From Other Departments

◆ Mathematics

- MS 33A – Linear Algebra and Applications
- MS 142 – Analytic Mechanics
- MS 149 – Mathematics of Computer Graphics
- MS 153 – Numerical Methods for Partial Differential Equations
- MS 157 – Software Techniques for Scientific Computations
- MS 270A – Techniques of Scientific Computing
- MS 272A – Foundations of Continuum Mechanics
- MS 2xx – Graduate courses taught by Professor Joseph Teran

◆ Design | Media Arts

- DMA 157 – Game Design



Thank you!

