

Math 61 HW #4

1. i) $8 \times 4 \times 5$

160

ii) $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 - 1$

$2^6 - 1$

63 characters

iii) 6×6

36 outcomes

2. $X = \{A, D, C, D, E, F\}$

i) $R = 5$, Begin w/ F, end w/ A

$1 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 1$

60 strings

ii) $R = 5$, Begin w/ F, end w/ A

$1 \times 6 \times 6 \times 6 \times 1$

216 strings

iii) $R = 5$, Begin w/ F, don't end w/ E

$1 \times 5 \times 4 \times 2 \times 1$

40 strings

3. i) Is pres: $1 \times 3 = 3$ selections

Is not officer: $3 \times 2 = 6$ selections

9 selections

ii) Is pres: $1 \times 3 = 3$ selections

Is sec: $3 \times 1 = 3$ selections

6 selections

4. i) S7: 6 ways

S11: 2 ways

8 ways

ii) R2: 5 ways

B2: 5 ways

10 ways

iii) R2: 6 ways

B2: 5 ways

11 ways

5. i) No Citlali

$5 \times 4 \times 3 =$

60 selections

ii) Deneli is, Frida is not

$1 \times 4 \times 3 = 12$ selections

$4 \times 1 \times 3 = 12$ selections

$4 \times 3 \times 1 = 12$ selections

36 selections

iii) Beabiz is chair or treasurer

$1 \times 5 \times 4 = 20$ selections

$5 \times 4 \times 1 = 20$ selections

40 selections

6. i) # of symmetric relations

$\begin{bmatrix} x & x & x \\ x & x & x \\ x & x & x \end{bmatrix}$

n diagonal, $n^2 - n$ non

$2^n \cdot 2^{n^2 - n/2}$

$2^{(n^2 + n)/2}$

$2^6 =$ 64 relations

ii) # of anti-symmetric relations

$\begin{bmatrix} x & x & x \\ x & x & x \\ x & x & x \end{bmatrix}$

n diagonal, $n^2 - n$ non

$2^n \cdot 3^{(n^2 - n)/2}$

$2^3 \cdot 3^3 = 8 \cdot 27 =$ 216 relations

iii) $2^{(n^2 + n)/2}$

2^{10}

1024 relations

iv) $2^n \cdot 3^{(n^2 - n)/2}$

$2^4 \cdot 3^6 =$

11664 relations

7. Beatriz chair: $1 \times 5 \times 4 = 20$

Abigail sec.: $5 \times 1 \times 4 = 20$

40 selections

Both counted $2 \times$

$40 - 1 = 39$ selections

8. 1-10,000, divisible by 5 or 7

$10000 / 5 = 2000$

$10000 / 7 = 1428$

$5 \times 7 \rightarrow 35$

$10000 / 35 = 285$

$2000 + 1428 - 285 = 3142$ numbers

11. $X = \{w, x, y, z\}$

$C(4, 3) = \frac{4!}{1!3!} = 4$ combinations

wxy, wxz, xyz, wyz

12. Urnke-hei: $C(10, 4) = \frac{10!}{6!4!}$

$= 210$

Haradim: $C(12, 3) = \frac{12!}{9!3!}$

$= 220$

Nazgul: $C(4, 2) = \frac{4!}{2!2!}$

$= 6$

$210 + 220 + 6$

277200 ways

9. i) permutations of a, b, c, d

$abcd, acdb, abdc, acbd, adbc, adcb,$

$bacd, badc, bdac, bdca, bcad, bcda,$

$cabd, cabd, cbad, cbda, cdab, cdba,$

$dabc, dacb, dbac, dbca, dcba, dcab$

ii) $11!$

$11 \cdot 10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1$

39916800 permutations

iii) $\frac{11!}{6!} =$

$11 \cdot 10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7$

55440 permutations

13. i) 4A

$1 \times 1 \times 1 \times 48$

48 hands

ii) Quads

13 diff. quads

48×13

624 hands

iii) Spades flush

$C(13, 5) = \frac{13!}{8!5!}$

1287 hands

10. i) $5 + 5 = 10$ distinct

$10! = 3628800$ ways

ii) 10 orderings / way in line that are equal

$3628800 / 10$

362880 ways

14. i) SALESPERSONS, $\ell = 12$

$\frac{12!}{4!2!} = 7977200$ strings

ii) ~~BUYER INVESTMENT~~ $\ell = 20$

$\ell = 21 \rightarrow \frac{21!}{2!2!2!2!2!2!}$

2.66×10^{17} strings

iii) ~~EXPORTATION~~ $\ell = 19$

$\ell = 19 \rightarrow \frac{19!}{5!3!2!2!2!}$

1.056×10^{13} strings

15. $C(10, 9) = \frac{10!}{9!1!} = 10$ ways