# A Sample R Markdown Template

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#### Abstract

The objective of this document's template is to demonstrate some basics of the combination of R and markdown and how they can be knitted together using the knitr package (via the RStudio IDE) to produce beautiful docs/reports.

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do "O	e options mentioned in the header of this Rmarkdown file (with an extension of .Rmd) above for a cument can be modified as well as supplemented by options for other document formats.(Please see utput Options" section of RStudio's reference site at http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com/ for more informat d you notice that this thing was in bold and that the previous thing was a web link?	the		

#### 1 Lists

#### 1.1 Numbered list

Material for this document has been heavily borrowed from several documents. (Notice how a numbered list is being created below.)

- 1. Markdown cheatsheet at http://warpedvisions.org/projects/markdown-cheat-sheet.md.
- 2. R markdown reference from R Studio's site at http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com/
- 3. http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com/authoring\_basics.html
  - Item 3a
  - Item 3b
- 4. Source 4

## 1.2 Bulleted (unordered) list

As previously mentioned, the objectives of this document are two fold.

- Learn the basics of markdown
- Learn how R code and output can be interspersed with markdown to create reports/documents.
- Another one
  - Item 3a
  - Item 3b
- And yet another one

#### 2 How can headers be defined?

The header used above can be created using a different approach, using a single *hashtag* (wasn't that in *italics*?) to the left of the title of the header.

#### 3 Header 1

- 3.1 Header 2
- 3.1.1 Header 3
- 3.1.1.1 Header 4
- 3.1.1.1.1 Header 5

## 4 Images

You can insert images in the document as well. For instance, if you have an image of a real apple in your working directory, then you can insert it in the document in the following manner.

If you wanted to show an images from a website, then that can also be done.



Figure 1: This is a picture of a honey crisp apple

### 5 Tables

Header	Header	Right
Cell	Cell	\$10
Cell	Cell	\$20

- Outer pipes on tables are optional (if you are not concerned with aesthetics, just drop)
- Colon used for alignment (right versus left)

## 6 HTML Tags

You can use html tags as well in markdown documents. For example, you could've used an <img> tag to insert images. Super basics of html can be found here

## 7 Equation

Standard deviation, 
$$s = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N-1} \sum_{i=1}^{N} (x_i - \overline{x})^2}$$

# 8 Blockquotes

A friend once said:

It's always better to give than to receive.

#### 9 Manual Line Breaks

End a line with two or more spaces

For example, this line looks insanely chopped.

### 10 Miscellaneous

 $\frac{\text{superscript}^2}{\text{strikethrough}}$ 

#### 3

```
dim(iris)
## [1] 150
           5
Number of rows
nrow(iris)
## [1] 150
Number of columns
ncol(iris)
## [1] 5
Names of variables
names(iris) # colnames(iris) also gives that information
## [1] "Sepal.Length" "Sepal.Width" "Petal.Length" "Petal.Width"
## [5] "Species"
First 6 rows
head(iris)
     Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species
##
## 1
             5.1
                         3.5
                                       1.4
                                                 0.2 setosa
## 2
             4.9
                          3.0
                                                   0.2 setosa
                                       1.4
                                                   0.2 setosa
## 3
              4.7
                         3.2
                                       1.3
## 4
              4.6
                         3.1
                                       1.5
                                                   0.2 setosa
## 5
              5.0
                          3.6
                                       1.4
                                                   0.2 setosa
## 6
              5.4
                          3.9
                                       1.7
                                                   0.4 setosa
First 2 rows
head(iris,2) # alternately, can use iris[1:2,]
##
     Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species
                         3.5
## 1
              5.1
                                       1.4
                                               0.2 setosa
## 2
              4.9
                          3.0
                                       1.4
                                                   0.2 setosa
Last 6 rows
```

tail(iris) # Number of rows can be controlled, see earlier example involving the head command

```
Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species
## 145
                6.7
                            3.3
                                         5.7
                                                     2.5 virginica
                6.7
                            3.0
                                         5.2
## 146
                                                     2.3 virginica
## 147
                6.3
                            2.5
                                         5.0
                                                    1.9 virginica
## 148
                6.5
                            3.0
                                         5.2
                                                     2.0 virginica
## 149
               6.2
                                        5.4
                                                     2.3 virginica
                            3.4
## 150
               5.9
                            3.0
                                        5.1
                                                     1.8 virginica
```

First row

```
iris[1,]
```

```
## Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species
## 1 5.1 3.5 1.4 0.2 setosa
```

First row, first column

```
iris[1,1]
```

```
## [1] 5.1
```

Name of third column

```
names(iris)[3]
```

```
## [1] "Petal.Length"
```

3 entries from third column

```
head(iris[3],3) # alternately, can use iris[1:3,3]
```

```
## Petal.Length
## 1 1.4
## 2 1.4
## 3 1.3
```

Structure of the dataframe (dataset)

```
str(iris)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 150 obs. of 5 variables:
## $ Sepal.Length: num 5.1 4.9 4.7 4.6 5 5.4 4.6 5 4.4 4.9 ...
## $ Sepal.Width : num 3.5 3 3.2 3.1 3.6 3.9 3.4 3.4 2.9 3.1 ...
## $ Petal.Length: num 1.4 1.4 1.3 1.5 1.4 1.7 1.4 1.5 1.4 1.5 ...
## $ Petal.Width : num 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.2 0.1 ...
## $ Species : Factor w/ 3 levels "setosa", "versicolor", ..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
```

Summary of the dataframe

#### summary(iris) # for factor/categorical variables, this gives a count of all categories

```
Sepal.Length
                    Sepal.Width
                                   Petal.Length
                                                  Petal.Width
##
  Min.
         :4.300 Min. :2.000
                                  Min. :1.000
                                                 Min.
                                                       :0.100
  1st Qu.:5.100
                  1st Qu.:2.800
                                  1st Qu.:1.600
                                                 1st Qu.:0.300
##
## Median :5.800 Median :3.000
                                  Median :4.350
                                                 Median :1.300
## Mean
         :5.843 Mean :3.057
                                  Mean :3.758
                                                 Mean :1.199
## 3rd Qu.:6.400
                  3rd Qu.:3.300
                                  3rd Qu.:5.100
                                                 3rd Qu.:1.800
## Max.
         :7.900
                 Max. :4.400
                                  Max. :6.900
                                                 Max. :2.500
##
         Species
## setosa
             :50
## versicolor:50
##
  virginica:50
##
##
##
Create a dataframe
Person=c("A","B","C","D","E")
Age=c(15,20,25,30,35)
page=data.frame(Person, Age)
mean(Age) # gives the mean of the variable Age, prior to the creation of the dataset
## [1] 25
Age="" # (resetting that)
mean(Age) # Haha
## Warning in mean.default(Age): argument is not numeric or logical: returning
## NA
## [1] NA
mean(page$Age)
## [1] 25
mean(page[,2])
## [1] 25
summary(page)
## Person
               Age
## A:1
          Min.
                :15
## B:1
          1st Qu.:20
## C:1
          Median:25
## D:1
          Mean
                 :25
## E:1
          3rd Qu.:30
```

##

Max.

:35