

# Speech Emotion Recognition

by Cezar Peixeiro

## Recognizing emotions - Why?

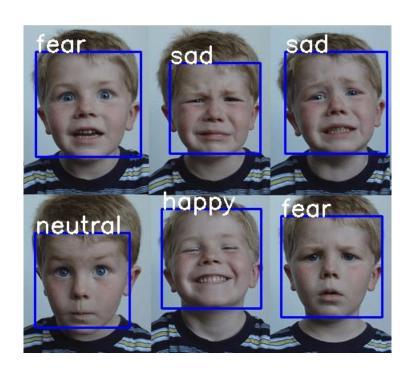
Behavior

Risks

Satisfaction

### Most popular methods:

#### Facial



#### Pros:

Facial expressions of emotion are innate rather than a product of cultural learning\*

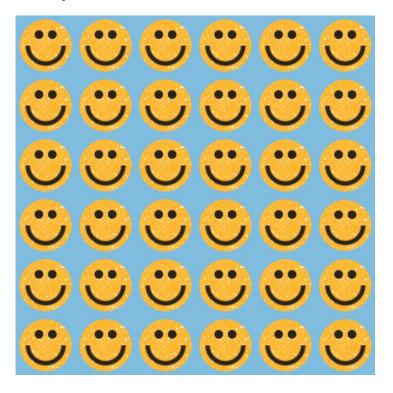
#### Cons:

Emotional analysis technology assigns more negative emotions to people of certain ethnicities than to others\*

Facial expressions don't reflect our feelings. Instead of reliable readouts of our emotional states, they show our intentions and social goals.\*

### Mest popular methods:

Speech-to-Text

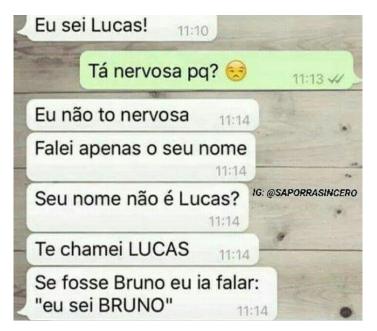


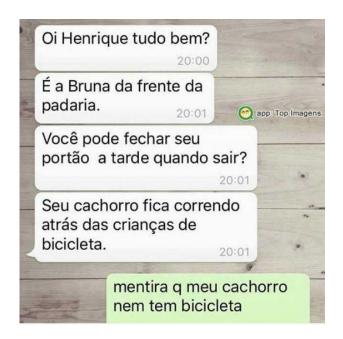
Sentiment # Emotion

Words don't show intention

### Mest popular methods:

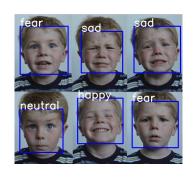
Speech-to-Text





Not even humans interpret emotions (or meaning) properly from text

### Together is better!



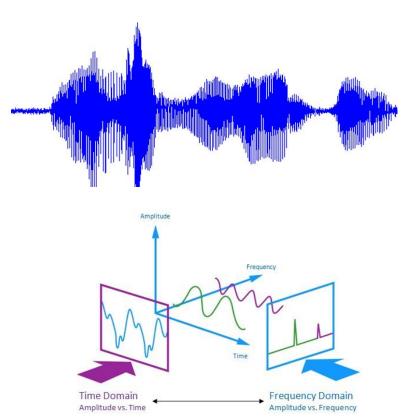








### Audio Analysis!





### Let's talk about some analysis!



### The Dataset

The Ryerson Audio-Visual
Database of Emotional Speech
and Song (RAVDESS)

24 actor x 60 records (1440 audio files)



### The Dataset

- \* Modality (01 = full-AV, 02 = video-only, 03 = audio-only)
- \* Vocal channel (01 = speech, 02 = song)
- \* Emotion (01 = neutral, 02 = calm, 03 = happy, 04 = sad, 05 = angry, 06 = fearful, 07 = disgust, 08 = surprised)
- \* Emotional intensity (01 = normal, 02 = strong). NOTE: There is no strong intensity for the 'neutral' emotion
- \* Statement (01 = "Kids are talking by the door", 02 = "Dogs are sitting by the door")
- \* Repetition (01 = 1st repetition, 02 = 2nd repetition).
- \* Actor (01 to 24. Odd numbered actors are male, even numbered actors are female)



### Getting Started: New libs to learn!

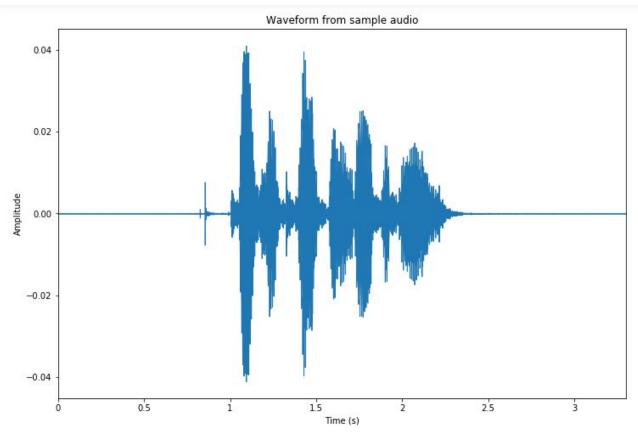




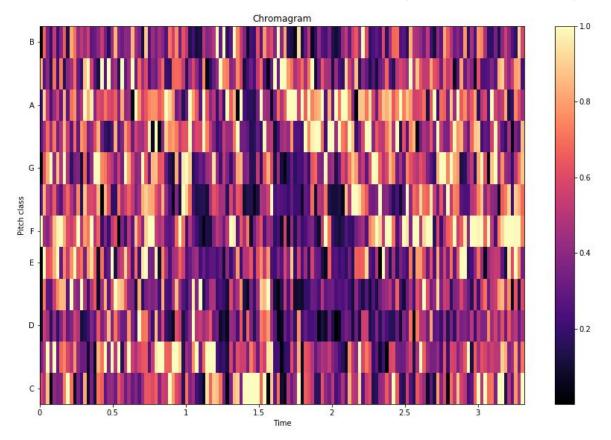


### Audio and Features (waveplot)

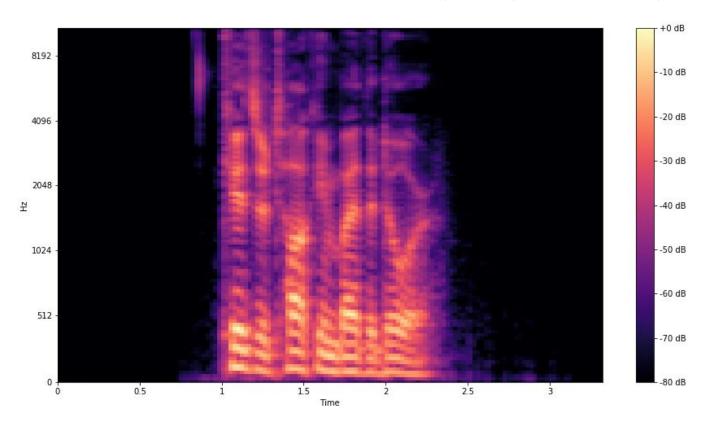




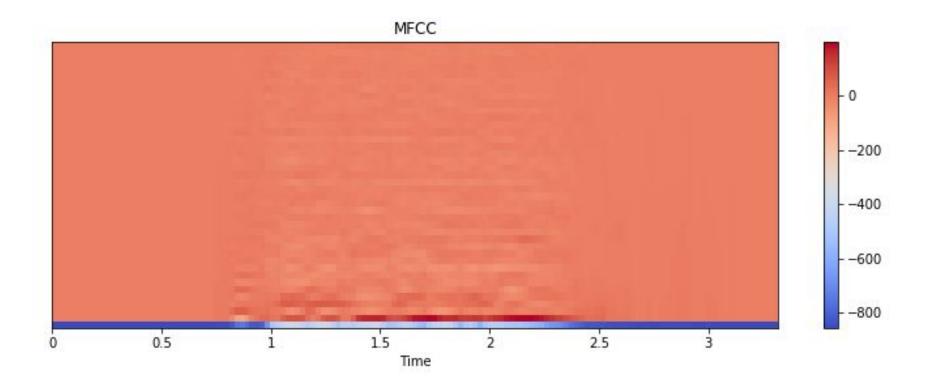
### Audio and Features (Chromagram)



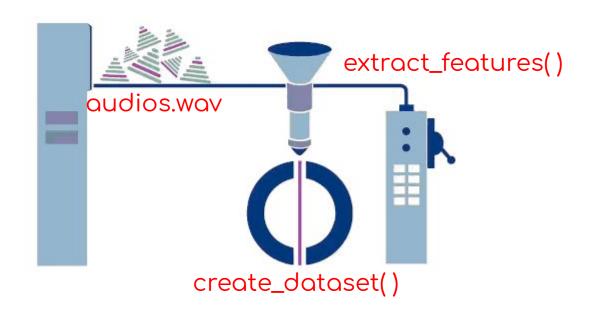
### Audio and Features (mel spectrogram)



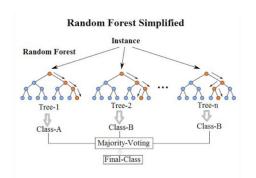
### Audio and Features (mfcc)

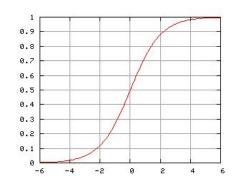


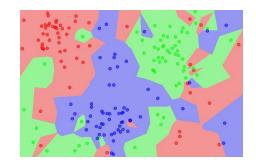
### Feature Extraction

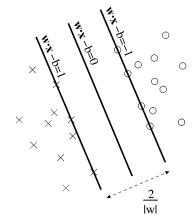


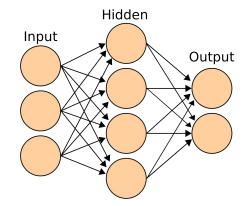
# Trying Models





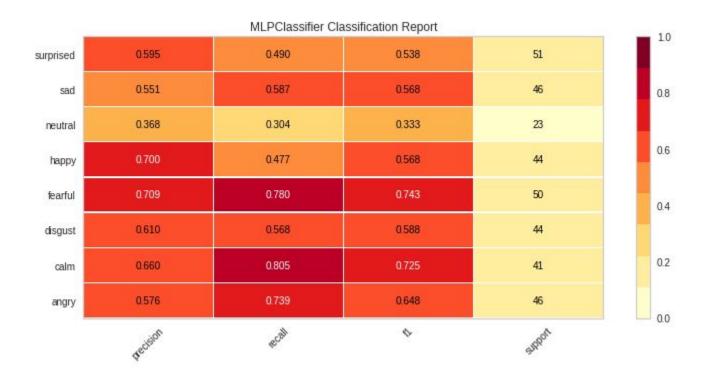








### MLPC details (classification report)



### MLPC details (confusion matrix)

angry	34	0	3	3	0	0	0	6
calm	2	33	0	0	0	4	2	0
disgust	9	0	25	3	0	0	5	2
fearful	2	0	1	39	2	0	6	0
happy	5	2	1	4	21	1	4	6
neutral	3	8	0	0	0	7	4	1
sad	1	6	0	2	2	6	27	2
urprised	3	1	11	4	5	1	1	25
	angry	calm	dsgust	Fearful	happy	neutral	pes	surprised

What about audio in portuguese? What about live classification?

**Jupyter Notebook + YT** 

### Future...

- Create a dataset of portuguese audio;
- Analyze audio data in time
- Train model to be more efficient;