

1.4-64

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Problem 12

Statement: Match the three layers (Link, Network, and Transport) with the guarantees each layer *could* provide to higher layers:

- Best effort delivery
- Reliable delivery
- In-order delivery
- Byte-stream abstraction
- Point-to-point link abstraction

Answer

Guarantee	Layer
Best effort delivery	Network layer
Reliable delivery	Transport layer
In-order delivery	Transport layer
Byte-stream abstraction	Transport layer
Point-to-point link abstraction	Link layer

Problem 13

Statement: Two network endpoints have a round-trip time of 100ms, and the sender transmits exactly 5 packets every round trip. Each packet is 1500 bytes. We want to find the *effective transmission rate* in bytes per second.

Solution

- **Total data per round trip:** $5 \times 1500 = 7500$ bytes.
- **Round-trip time (RTT):** $100 \text{ ms} = 0.1 \text{ s}$.

$$\text{Rate} = \frac{(\text{bytes sent per RTT})}{(\text{RTT in seconds})} = \frac{7500 \text{ bytes}}{0.1 \text{ s}} = 75,000 \text{ bytes/second}.$$

Answer: 75,000 bytes/s.

Question

The subnet of Fig. 1–12(b) was designed to withstand a nuclear war. How many bombs would it take to partition the nodes into two disconnected sets? Assume that each bomb wipes out a node and all links connected to it.

Answer

It takes 3 bombs to split Baran’s highly connected “distributed” network into two disjoint components.