Stata数据可视化2

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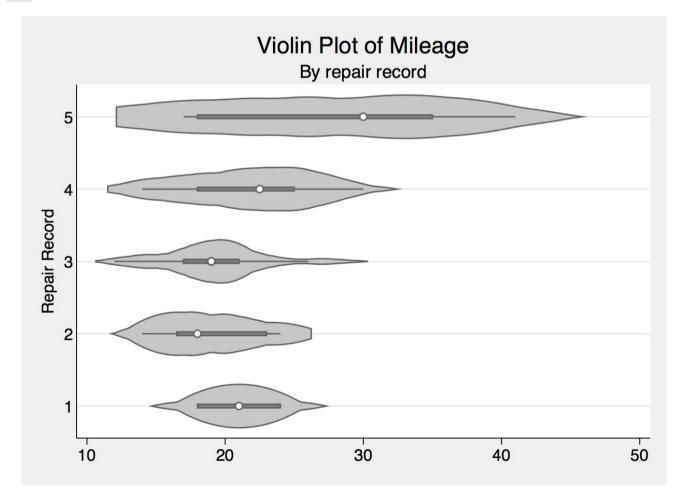
```
violin plot

Requires: vioplot
To download vioplot type the following on the Stata command line:
ssc install vioplot

To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run

sysuse auto, clear

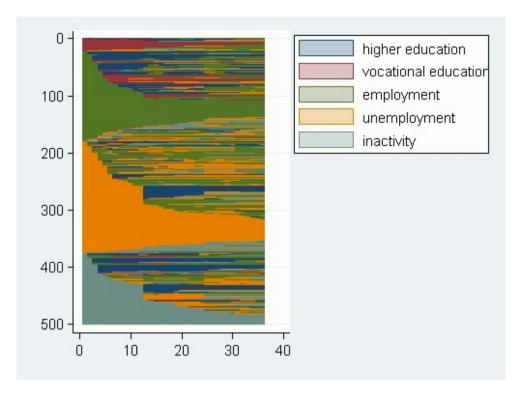
vioplot mpg, over(rep78) horizontal name(myplot) ///
title("Violin Plot of Mileage") subtitle("By repair record") ///
ytitle(Repair Record) ylab(, angle(horiz)) scheme(s2mono)
```



- 1 sequence plot
 2 Requires: sq
 3 To download sq type the following on the Stata command line:
- 4 **ssc** install sq

```
To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run

use http://www.wzb.eu/~kohler/ado/youthemp.dta, clear
reshape long st, i(id) j(order)
sqset st id order
sqindexplot, scheme(vg_palec)
```



```
asciiplot

Requires: asciiplot

To download asciiplot type the following on the Stata command line:

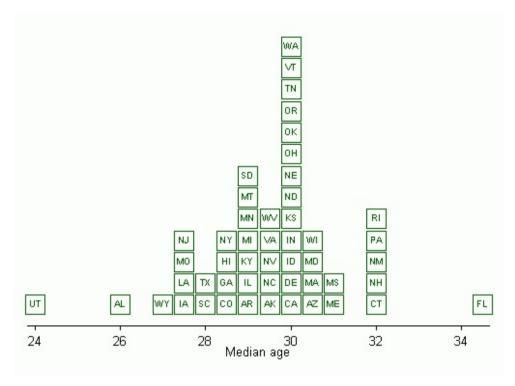
ssc install asciiplot

To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run

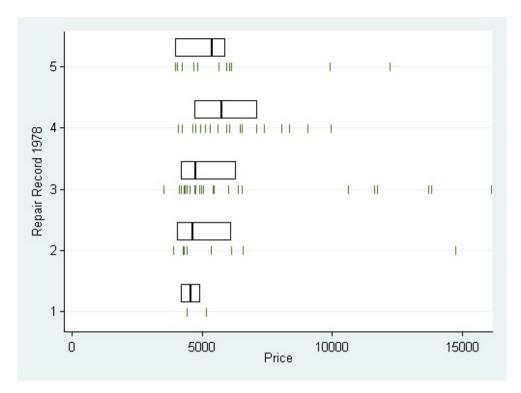
asciiplot
```

	ASCII Code Character Map use char(####) function to place symbols into graph lext									
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
3 T				1	п	#	\$	%	8.	1
4]	()	×	+		-		1	0	1
5	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	:	:
6	<	=	>	?	@	Α	В	С	D	E
7	F	G	Н	1	J	K	L	M	N	0
8	Р	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y
91	Z	[- 1]	Α	_	,	а	ь	С
10	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	1	п
-11	n	0	Р	q	1	s	t	u	٧	W
12	×	У	z	{		}	Nu.		€	0
13		f			t	‡	^	%00	š	
14	Œ		ž					"	"	
15	-	_	"	TM	š	>	œ	0	ž	Ÿ
16		i	¢	£		¥	1	§		(3
17	=	α	7		•	-		±	2	2
18	,	Ч	Ą			1	0	20	14	1/2
19	34		A	Á	Å	Ã	Ä	A	Æ	Ç
20	È	É	Ê	Ë	ì	ĺ	î	Ï	Ð	Ç
21	ò	Ó	ô	ő	Ö	×	Ø	Ù	Ú	Û
22	Ü	Ý	Þ	ß	à	á	â	ã	ä	ä
23	se	ç	è	é	ê	ë	ì	î	î	ï
24	ð	ñ	ò	ó	ô	ő	ö	÷	ø	ù
25	ú	û	ü	ý	þ	ÿ				
24	ð	ç ñ û	ò		ô	ő				

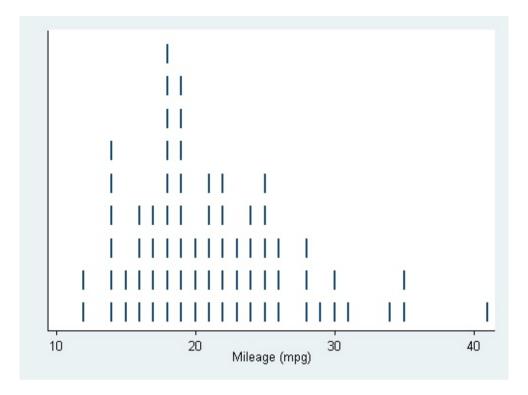
```
1 strippplot
 2
 3 Requires: stripplot
 5 To download stripplot type the following on the Stata command line:
6
 7 ssc install stripplot
9 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
10
11 sysuse census, clear
13 local abbrev ///
14
15 AK AL AR AZ CA CO CT DE FL GA HI IA ///
16
17 ID IL IN KS KY LA MA MD ME MI MN MO ///
19 MS MT NC ND NE NH NJ NM NV NY OH OK ///
20
21 OR PA RI SC SD TN TX UT VA VT WA WI WV WY
23 gen abbrev = ""
24
25 tokenize "`abbrev'"
27 qui forval i = 1/50 {
28
29 replace abbrev = "``i'" in `i'
30
31 }
33 set scheme s1color
35 stripplot medage, stack ms(Sh) msize(*3.5) width(0.5) ///
```



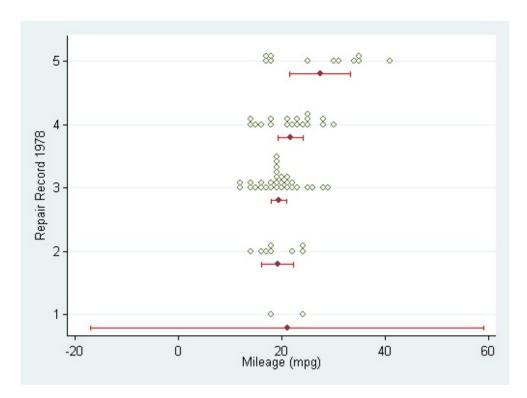
```
1 strippplot
2
3 Another example of the use of striplot.
4
5 Requires: stripplot
6 To download stripplot type the following on the Stata command line:
7 ssc install stripplot
8
9 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
10
11 sysuse auto, clear
12 gen pipe = "|"
13 stripplot price, over(rep78) box(barw(0.3)) ms(none) mla(pipe) boffset(0.3)
14
15 From the Statalist:
16 Nick cox
17 15/10/2010
```



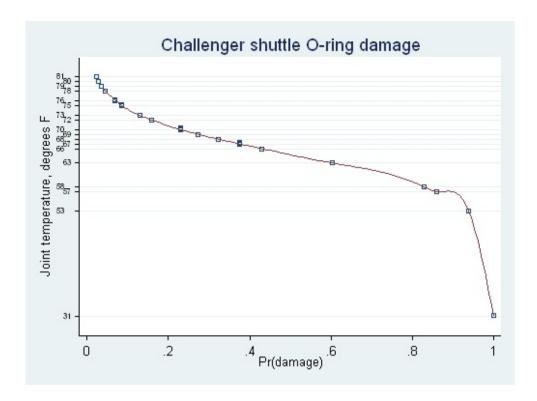
```
1 strippplot
2
3 Another example of the use of striplot.
4
5 Requires: stripplot
6 To download stripplot type the following on the Stata command line:
7 ssc install stripplot
8
9 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
10
11 sysuse auto, clear
12 gen pipe = "|"
13 stripplot mpg, ms(none) mlabpos(0) mlabel(pipe) mlabsize(*2) stack
14
15 From striplot help:
16 Nick cox
```



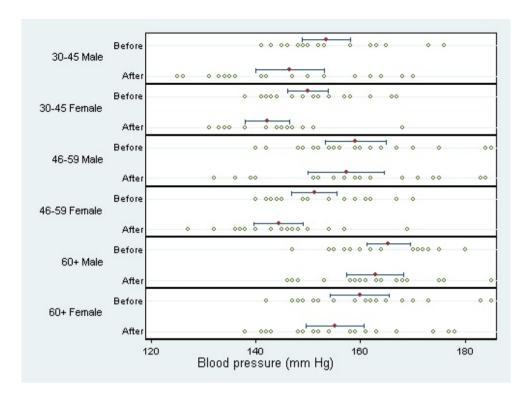
```
1 strippplot
2
3 Another example of the use of striplot.
4
5 Requires: stripplot
6 To download stripplot type the following on the Stata command line:
7 ssc install stripplot
8
9 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
10
11 sysuse auto, clear
12 stripplot mpg, over(rep78) stack h(0.5) bar(lcolor(red))
13
14 From striplot help:
15 Nick cox
16
```



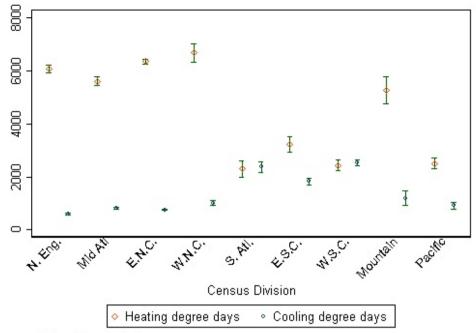
```
1 strippplot
 2
 3 Another example of the use of striplot.
4
 5 Requires: stripplot
6 To download stripplot type the following on the Stata command line:
 7 ssc install stripplot
9 The data (Challenger shuttle 0-ring damage) can be obtained from:
10 http://www.stata.com/bookstore/swsdl.html
11
12 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
13
14 use shuttle.dta, clear
16 logit damage temp
17 predict pre
18
19 stripplot pre, over(temp) stack ms(sh) height(0.4) ///
20 title("Challenger shuttle 0-ring damage") ylabel(,alt labsize(2)) ///
21 addplot(mspline temp pre, bands(20))
23 From striplot help:
24 Nick cox
```



```
1 strippplot
 3 Another example of the use of striplot.
4
 5 Requires: stripplot
6 To download stripplot type the following on the Stata command line:
 7 ssc install stripplot
 9 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
10
11 sysuse bplong, clear
12
13 egen group = group(age sex), label
14
15 stripplot bp*, bar over(when) by(group, compact col(1) note("")) ///
16 ysc(reverse) subtitle(, pos(9) ring(1) nobexpand bcolor(none) ///
17 placement(e)) ytitle("") xtitle(Blood pressure (mm Hg))
19 From striplot help:
20 Nick cox
21
```



```
1 ciplot
 2
 3 Example of the use of ciplot.
4
 5 Requires: cipplot
6 To download ciplot type the following on the Stata command line:
 7 ssc install ciplot
9 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
10
11
12 webuse citytemp, clear
13
14 ciplot heatdd cooldd, by(division) xla(, ang(45))
15
16 From ciplot help:
17 Nick cox
```

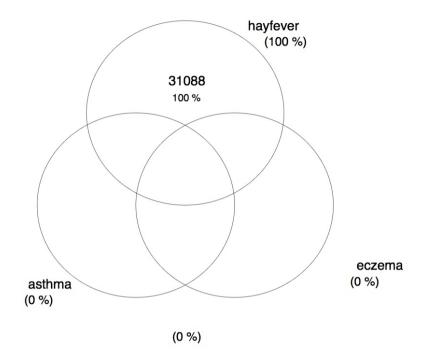


95% confidence intervals

```
1 Venn diagram using venndiag
2
3 Requires: venndiag
4 To download venndiag type the following on the Stata command line:
5 ssc install venndiag
6
7 To run the example below copy the following into a do file and run
8
9 clear
10 input hayfever eczema asthma freq
               31088
12 1
           0
               9863
       1
13 0
       1
           0
               43522
               9258
14 0
       1
           1
15 0
       0
           1
               35299
16 1
           1
               11024
17 1
       1
           1
               6200
18 0
               345262
19 end
20
21 list
23 expand freq
24
25 venndiag asthma eczema hayfever
```

Venn Diagram

N = 31088



21 Jan 2018 % of total File: ()

```
1 triplot
2
3 Plots 3 variables (proportions or percentages) the total of each to equal either 1 or 100
4
5 Requires: triplot
7 to download triplot type the following on the Stata command line:
8
9 ssc install triplot
10
11 To run the example below copy the following into a do file and run
12
13 clear
14
15 input a1 a2 a3 str10 name
16
17 10 10 80 John
18
19 80 10 10 Fred
20
21 25 25 50 Jane
23 90 5 5 Helen
24
25
   0 0 100 Ed
26
27 50 25 25 Kate
29 20 60 20 Michael
30
31 25 25 50 Darren
```

```
33 5 90 5 Samar

34

35 end

36

37 list

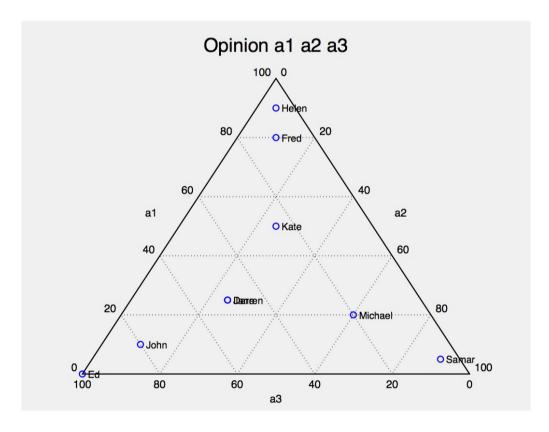
38

39 triplot a1 a2 a3 , mlab(name) mlabcolor(black) mcolor(blue) ///

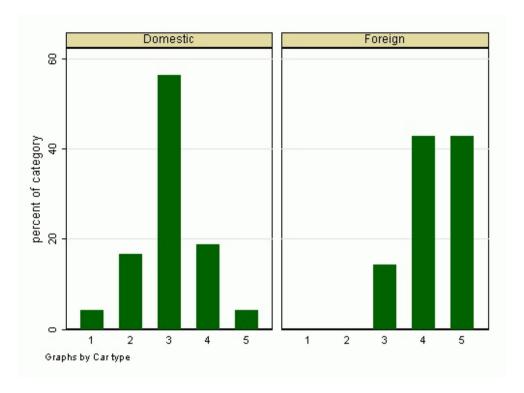
40

41 mlabsize(*0.9) max(100) title("Opinion a1 a2 a3")

42
```



```
2
3
4 Plots categorical variables
5
6 Requires: catplot
7 Plot categorical variables
8 To download catplot type the following on the Stata command line:
9 ssc install catplot
10
11 To run the example below copy the following into a do file and run
12
13 sysuse auto, clear
14
15 catplot bar rep78, by(foreign) percent(foreign)
```

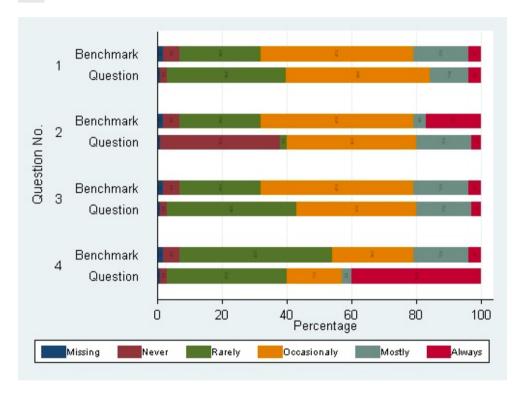


```
1 catplot
2 Plots categorical variables -
3
4 Requires: catplot
5 to download this program type the following on the Stata command
6 line (if not already loaded):
7 ssc install catplot
8
9 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
10
11 sysuse auto, clear
12
13 catplot rep78, over(for) stack asyvars perc(for) ///
14 blabel(bar, position(center) format(%3.1f)) ///
15 legend(off)
```

```
Domestic
                          16.7
                                                       56.2
                                                                                      18.7
Repair Record 1978
                     14.3
       Foreign
                                             42.9
                                                                                42.9
                 0
                                 20
                                                 40
                                                                 60
                                                                                 80
                                                                                                 100
                                                       percent
```

```
1 catplot
 2 Plots categorical variables -
4 Requires: catplot
5 to download this program type the following on the Stata command
6 line (if not already loaded):
7 ssc install catplot
9 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
10
11
12 clear
          all
13 set more off
14
15 input quest str25 q a1 a2 a3 a4 a5 a6
16 1 "Question 1"
                          0 2 37 45 12 4
                           2 5 25 47 17 4
17 1 "Benchmark 01"
18 2 "Question 2"
                          1 37 2 40 17 3
19 2 "Benchmark Q2"
                           2 5 25 47 4 17
20 3 "Question 3"
                          1 2 40 37 17 3
21 3 "Benchmark Q3"
                          2 5 25 47 17 4
22 4 "Question 4"
                          1 2 37 17 3 40
                          2 5 47 25 17 4
23 4 "Benchmark Q4"
24 end
25
26 sort quest q
27 gen q_sum=_n
29 label define kk 1 q1 2 b1 3 q2 4 b2 5 q3 6 b3 7 q4 8 b4
30 label value q_sum kk
31
32 reshape long a, i(quest q) j(data)
33 label var data "Question No."
34
35 expand a
```

```
37 split q
39 replace q2=substr(q2,2,1) if length(q2)>1
40
41 catplot data, over(q1, gap(40) label(labgap(5)))
                                                                     ///
42 over(q2 ) stack asyvars perc(q)
                                                                     ///
43 blabel(bar, size(1) position(center)orient(vert) format(%4.1f)) ///
44 legend(
                                                                     ///
45 label(1 "Missing")
                                                                     ///
46 label(2 "Never")
                                                                     ///
47 label(3 "Rarely")
                                                                     ///
48 label(4 "Occasionaly")
                                                                     ///
49 label(5 "Mostly")
                                                                     ///
50 label(6 "Always") rows(1) keygap(0) symxsize(7) bexpand
                                                                     ///
51 span size(small))
                                                                     ///
52 ytitle("Percentage")
53
54 exit
```



```
tabplot

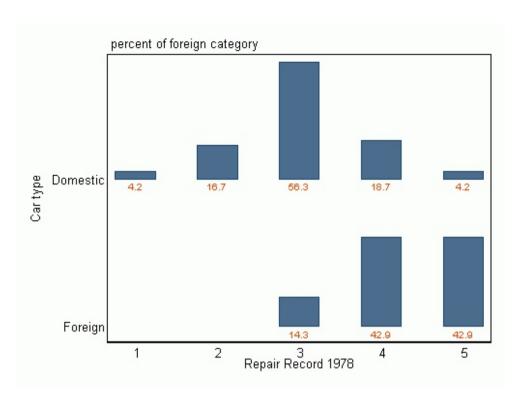
Plots categorical variables in the from of a table

Requires: tabplot
to download catplot type the following on the Stata command line:
ssc install tabplot

To run the example below copy the following into a do file and run

sysuse auto, clear

tabplot for rep78, percent(foreign) showval(offset(0.05) format(%2.1f))
```

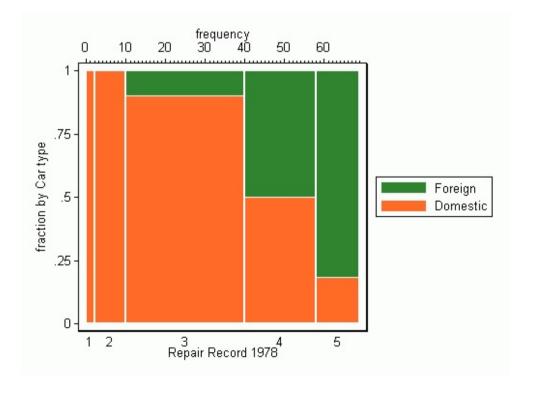


```
Plots width proportional to frequency

Requires: spineplot
to download spineplot type the following on the Stata command line:
ssc install spineplot

To run the example below copy the following into a do file and run

sysuse auto, clear
spineplot foreign rep78, xti(frequency, axis(1)) ///
11 xla(0(10)60, axis(1)) xmti(1/69, axis(1))
```

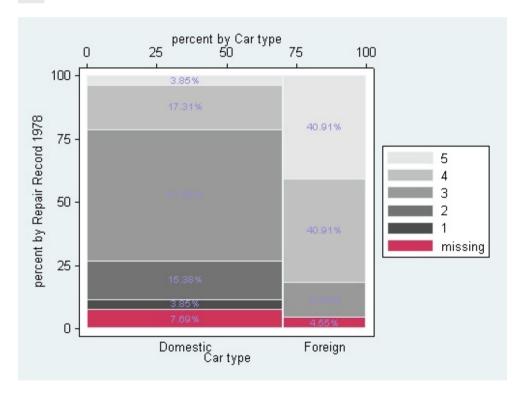


1 Plots width proportional to frequency

2

3 Requires: spineplot

```
4 to download spineplot type the following on
5 the Stata command line:
6 ssc install spineplot
8
9 To run the example below copy the following into a do file and run
10
11 sysuse auto, clear
12
13 replace rep78=0 if missing(rep78)
15 bysort foreign rep78 : gen N
16 bysort foreign
                        : gen Na1 = (N/_N)*100
17
18 by foreign : gen N1 = string(Na1,"%5.2f") +"%"
19
20 label define kk 0 "missing",
21 label values rep78 kk
23 spineplot rep78 foreign, bar1(bcolor(gs14)) ///
24 percent missing
                                                ///
25 bar2(bcolor(gs11))
                                                ///
26 bar3(bcolor(gs8))
                                                ///
27 bar4(bcolor(gs5))
                                                ///
28 bar5(bcolor(gs2))
                                                ///
29 bar6(bcolor(red)) text(N1)
```



```
cycleplot

Plots the values for each period vertically

Requires: cycleplot
to download cycleplot type the following on the Stata command line:
ssc install cycleplot

For the example below get the data (Co2 data) from:
```

```
http://cdiac.ornl.gov/ftp/ndp001/maunaloa.co2

10

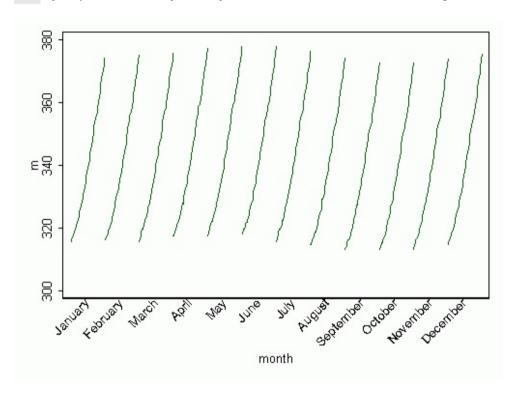
11 To run the example below copy the following into a do file and run

12

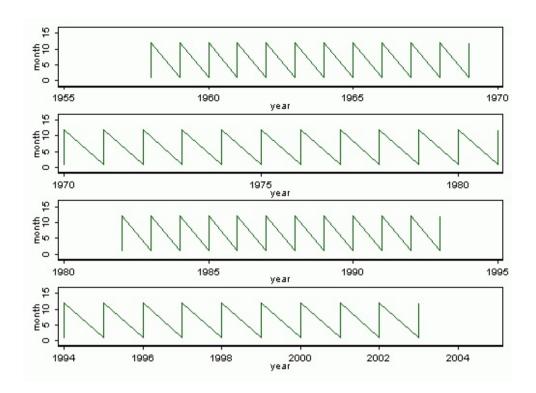
13 mvdecode m1-m12 , mv(-99.99=.)

14 reshape long m, i(year) j(month)

15 cycleplot m month year, mylabels(`c(Months)') xlabel(, angle(45))
```



```
1 sliceplot
 2
3 Spreads out the graph over a number of rows; to aid reading the graph
4
5 Requires: sliceplot
6 to download sliceplot type the following on the Stata command line:
7 ssc install sliceplot
8
9 For the example below get the data (Co2 data) from:
   http://cdiac.ornl.gov/ftp/ndp001/maunaloa.co2
10
11 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
12
13 mvdecode m1-m12 , mv(-99.99=.)
14 reshape long m, i(year) j(month)
15 sliceplot line month year, slices(4)
```



1 cpyxplot

2

4

10

3 Plots the **cross** product **of** the variables indicted **in** command

5 Requires: cpyxplot

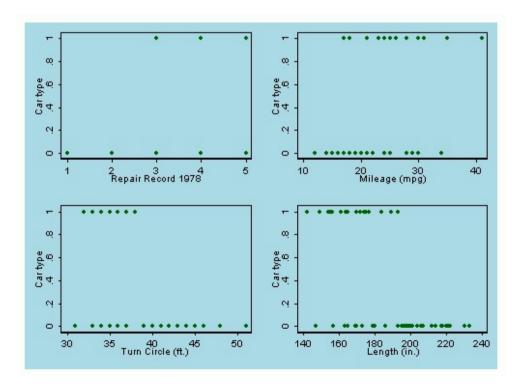
 ${\bf 6}$ to download cpyxplot ${\bf type}$ the following on the Stata command ${\bf line:}$

7 ssc install cpyxplot

To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run

11 sysuse auto, clear

12 cpyxplot for \rep78 mpg turn length, graphregion(color(ltblue))

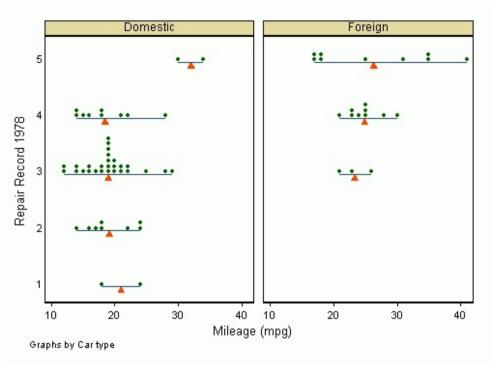


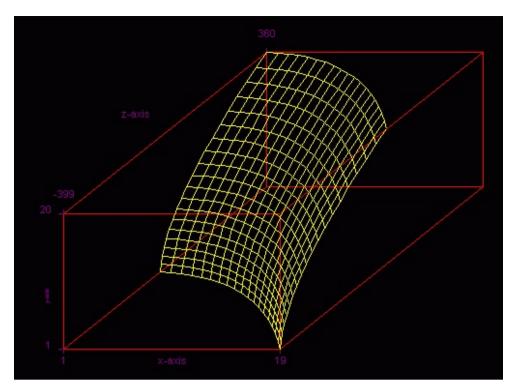
```
The seasaw way of looking at the data

Requires: beamplot
to download beamplot type the following on the Stata command line:
ssc install beamplot

To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run

sysuse auto, clear
beamplot mpg, by(foreign) over(rep78)
```





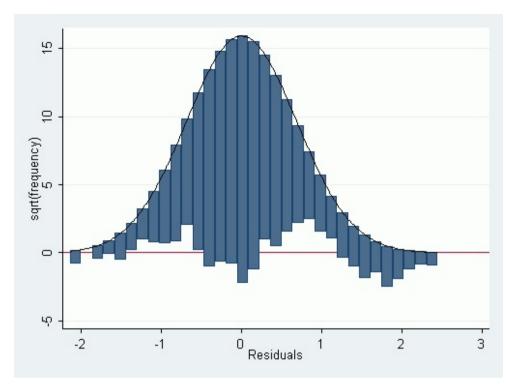
```
hangroot

pistribution checking graph

Requires: hangroot
to download hangroot type the following on the Stata command line:
ssc install hangroot

To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run

sysuse nlsw88, clear
gen ln_w = ln(wage)
reg ln_w grade age ttl_exp tenure
predict resid, resid
hangroot resid, bar
```



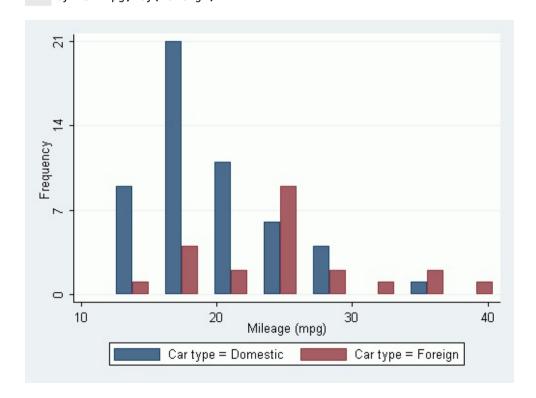
byhist

praws a binary variable next to each other for each bin width

Requires: byhist
to download byhist type the following on the Stata command line:
ssc install byhist

To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run

sysuse auto, clear
byhist mpg, by(foreign)

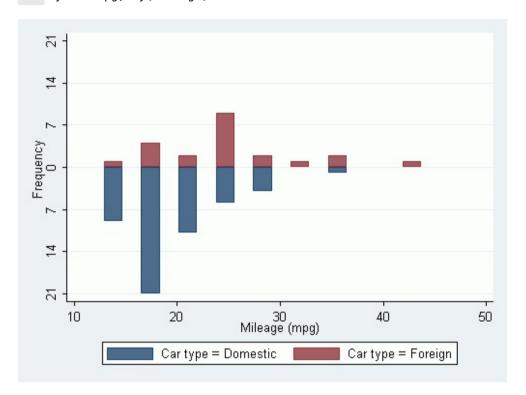


```
Draws a binary variable; one going up and the other going down, for each bin width

Requires: byhist
to download bihist type the following on the Stata command line:
ssc install bihist

To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run

sysuse auto, clear
byhist mpg, by(foreign)
```



```
plotmatrix

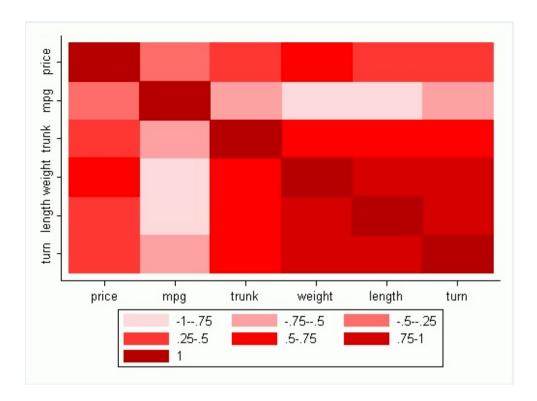
plotmatrix

Display the values of a matrix using twoway area

Requires: plotmatrix
to download plotmatrix type the following on the Stata command line:
ssc install plotmatrix

To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run

sysuse auto
reg price mpg trunk weight length turn, nocons
mat regmat = e(V)
plotmatrix, m(regmat) c(red) ylabel(,angle(0))
```



1 full_palette

2

4

8

10

3 Displays a **palette of** Stata's **graph** colors, along with their names and RGB numbers

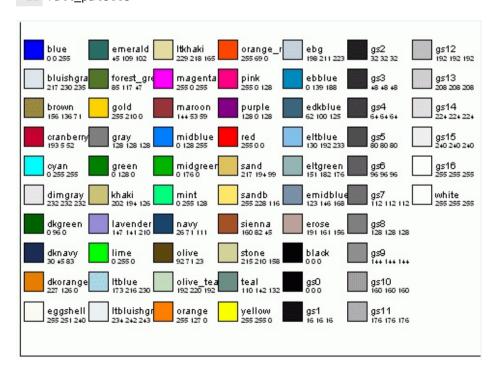
5 Requires: full_palette

6 to download full_palette **type** the following on the Stata command **line:**

7 ssc install full_palette

To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run

11 full_palette



1 parea

2

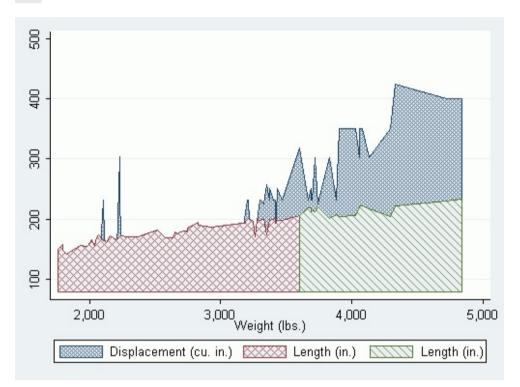
3 (Windows only) Allows the use of patterns to fill in areas under graphs

4

```
Requires: parea
to download parea type the following on the Stata command line:
ssc install parea

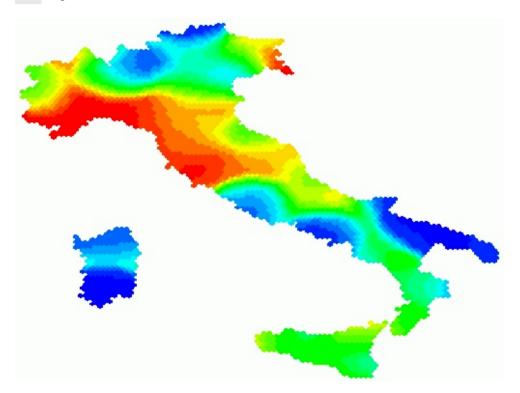
To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run

sysuse auto, clear
twoway parea d w, sort pattern(pattern9) || ///
parea l w if w<=3600, sort pattern(pattern6) || ///
parea l w if w>=3600, sort pattern(pattern4) ,legend(rows(1))
```



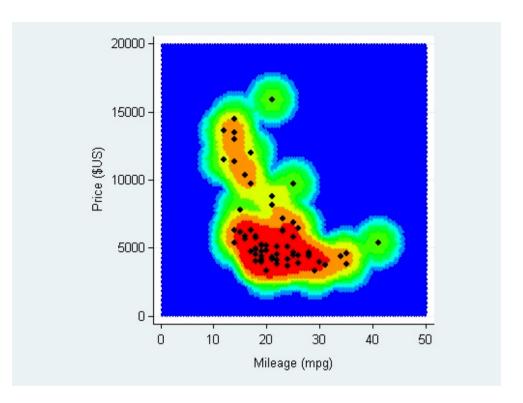
```
1 spkde
3 Requires: spgrid, spkde & spmap
4 to download these programs type the following on the Stata command line (if not already
   loaded):
5 ssc install spgrid
6 and then
7 ssc install spkde
8 and then
9 ssc install spmap
10
11 Also remember to download the following dataset:
12 Italy-OutlineCoordinates.dta
13 (from where spmap is downloaded) or use the following
14 net get spmap.pkg
16
17 Italy-DataPoints.dta
18 (from where spkde is downloaded) or use the following
19 net get spkde.pkg
20
21
22 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
23
24 set more off
```

```
spgrid using "Italy-OutlineCoordinates.dta", resolution(w10) unit(kilometers)
cells("GridCells.dta") points("GridPoints.dta") replace
compress dots
use "Italy-DataPoints.dta", clear
spkde dcvd95 pop95 using "GridPoints.dta", xcoord(xcoord) ycoord(ycoord) bandwidth(fbw)
fbw(100) dots saving("Kde.dta", replace)
use "Kde.dta", clear
generate ratio = dcvd95_lambda / pop95_lambda * 1000
spmap ratio using "GridCells.dta", id(spgrid_id) clnum(20) fcolor(Rainbow) ocolor(none ...)
legend(off)
```

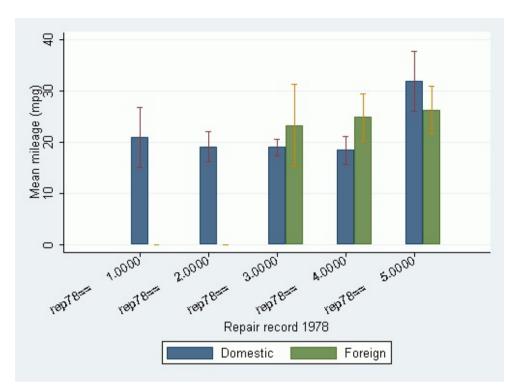


```
1 Density Plot
3 Requires: spgrid, spkde, spmap & mylabels
4 to download these programs type the following
5 on the Stata command line (if not already loaded):
6
 7 ssc install spgrid
8 and then
9 ssc install spkde
10 and then
11 ssc install spmap
12 and then
13 ssc install mylabels
14
15 *--
17 * 1. Normalize variables in the range [0,1]
18
19 sysuse "auto.dta", clear
20 set more off
21
22 summarize price mpg
23 clonevar x = mpg
24 clonevar y = price
25 replace x = (x-0) / (50-0)
```

```
26 replace y = (y-0) / (20000-0)
27 mylabels 0(10)50, myscale((@-0) / (50-0)) local(XLAB)
28 mylabels 0(5000)20000, myscale((@-0) / (20000-0)) local(YLAB)
29
30 keep x y
31 save "xy.dta", replace
32
33 * 2. Generate a 100x100 grid
34
35 spgrid, shape(hexagonal) xdim(100) ///
36 xrange(0 1) yrange(0 1)
                                         ///
37 dots replace
                                         ///
38 cells("2D-GridCells.dta")
                                         ///
39 points("2D-GridPoints.dta")
40
41 * 3. Estimate the bivariate probability density function
42
43 spkde using "2D-GridPoints.dta", ///
44 xcoord(x) ycoord(y)
                                       ///
45 bandwidth(fbw) fbw(0.1) dots
                                       ///
46 saving("2D-Kde.dta", replace)
48 * 4. Draw the density plot
49
50 use "2D-Kde.dta", clear
51 recode lambda (.=0)
52 spmap lambda using "2D-GridCells.dta", ///
53 id(spgrid_id) clnum(20) fcolor(Rainbow) ///
54 ocolor(none ..) legend(off)
                                           ///
55 point(data("xy.dta") x(x) y(y))
                                           ///
                                           ///
56 freestyle aspectratio(1)
57 xtitle(" " "Mileage (mpg)")
                                           ///
58 xlab( `XLAB')
                                           ///
59 ytitle(" " "Price ({c S|}US)")
                                           ///
60 ylab(`YLAB', angle(0))
61
62 exit
```



```
1 eclplot
 2 Plot estimates with confidence limits
3 Requires: eclplot, parmby & sencode
4 to download these programs type the following on the Stata command line (if not already
   loaded):
 5 ssc install eclplot
6 and then
 7 ssc install parmby
8 and then
9 ssc install sencode
10
11 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
13 sysuse auto, clear
14
15 tabulate rep78, gene(rep78_)
17 parmby "regress mpg rep78_*, noconst", by(foreign) label norestore
18
19 sencode label if parm!="_cons", gene(parmlab)
20 label var parmlab "Repair record 1978"
21
22 label var estimate "Mean mileage (mpg)"
23 eclplot estimate min95 max95 parmlab, eplot(bar) estopts(barwidth(0.25)) ///
24 supby(foreign, ///
25 spaceby(0.25)) xscale(range(0 6)) xlabel(1(1)5, angle(30))
```



Radar Plot

Requires: radar

to download this program type the following on the Stata command line (if not already loaded):

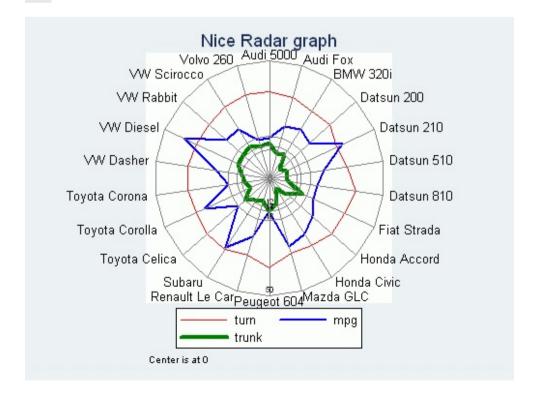
ssc install radar

To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run

sysuse auto, clear

radar make turn mpg trunk if foreign, title(Nice Radar graph) ///

lc(red blue green) lw(*1 *2 *4) r(0 12 14 18 50)



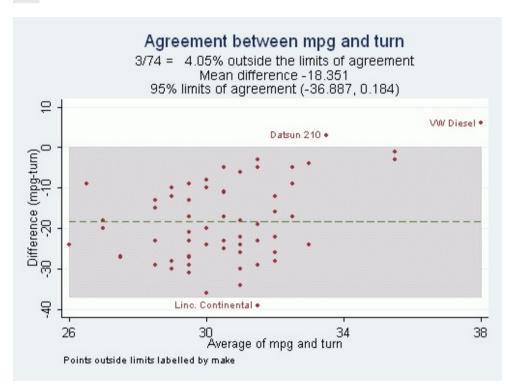
```
Produces a Bland-Altman plot when there is a relationship between paired differences and
their average

Requires: batplot
to download this program type the following on the Stata command line (if not already loaded):
ssc install batplot

To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run

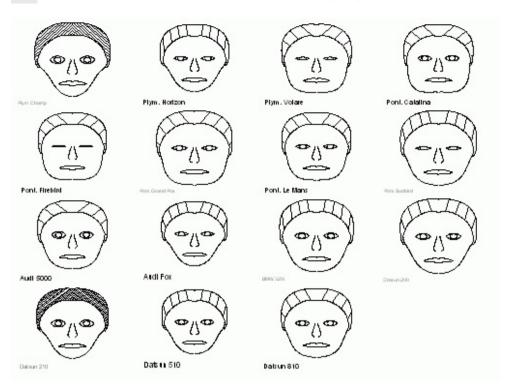
sysuse auto, clear

batplot mpg turn, title(Agreement between mpg and turn) ///
info valabel(make) notrend xlab(26(4)38) moptions(mlabp(9))
```

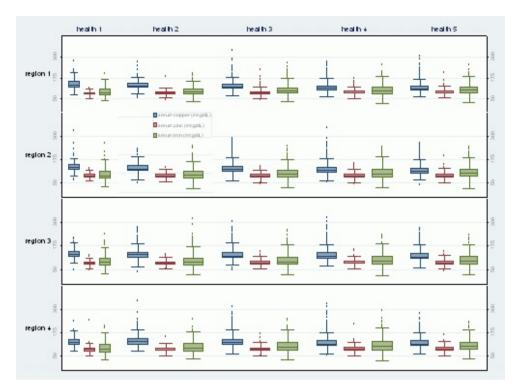


```
1 Chernoff faces
 3 Requires: chernoff
4 to download this program type the following on the Stata command line (if not already
   loaded):
5 net install gr0038
6
 7 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
8
9 sysuse auto, clear
10 drop if rep78==.
12 keep in 41/55
14 chernoff, isize(rep78) hdark(mpg) hslant(mpg) fline(weight) ///
15 order(foreign price) saving(c:/face1)
17 chernoff, isize(rep78,0) hdark(mpg) hslant(mpg) fline(weight) ///
18 nose(price) legend(2 nolabel) cols(3) rhalf saving(c:/face2)
19
20 generate s = 1+runiform()
```

```
chernoff, isize(rep78,. 6) hdark(mpg) hslant(mpg) fline(weight) ///
bvert(_null_) inote(make) iscale(s) saving(mygraph, replace)
```



```
1 Trellis plot
 2
 3 Requires: trellis
 4 to download this program type the following on the Stata command line (if not already
   loaded):
 5 ssc install trellis
 6
 7 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
8
 9 webuse nhanes2f, clear
10
11 trellis, by (health region) f(graph box copper zinc iron) fopt(legend(off) ///
12 ylab(50 175 300) yscale(r(50,310))) sr(2) sc(2) ///
13 singleopt(legend(on ring(0) pos(1) col(1) bm(tiny) ///
14 \operatorname{symx}(*0.2) \operatorname{keyg}(*0.2) \operatorname{region}(\operatorname{m}(\operatorname{zero}) \operatorname{lw}(\operatorname{none}))) ///
15 yscale(r(50,310))) name(trellis)
```



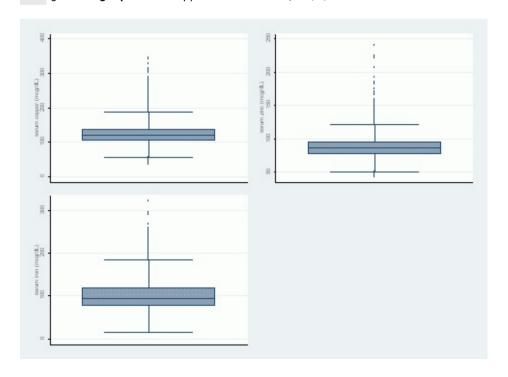
```
grcomb
combines graphs

Requires: grcomb
to download this program type the following on the Stata command line (if not already loaded):
ssc install grcomb

To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run

webuse nhanes2f, clear

grcomb graph box copper zinc iron , v(1)
```



1 pieplot

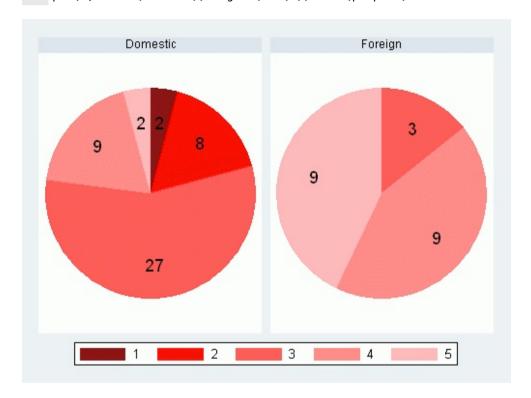
2 Makes it easier to draw pie charts **of** categorical frequencies

```
Requires: plieplot
to download this program type the following on the Stata command line (if not already loaded):
ssc install pieplot

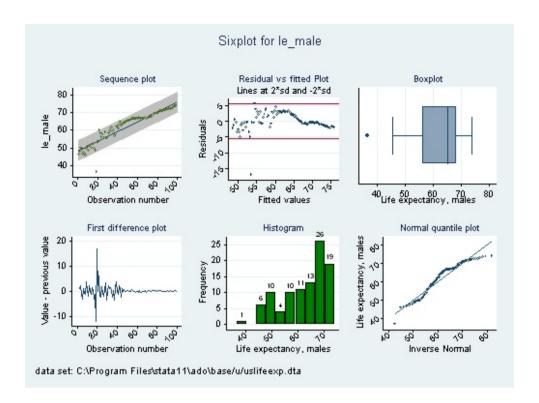
To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run

sysuse auto, clear

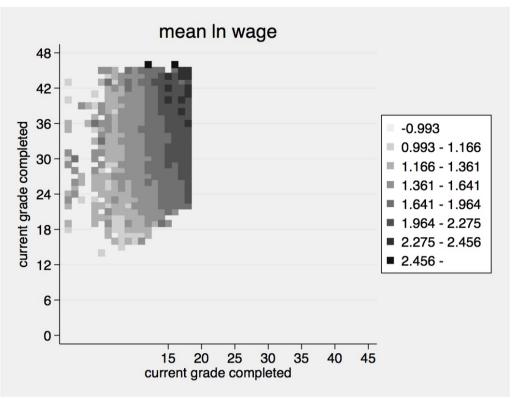
pieplot rep78 foreign, sum plabelsubopts(size(*2)) ///
pie(1, color(red*2)) pie(2, color(red)) ///
pie(3, color(red*0.7)) pie(4, color(red*0.5)) ///
pie(5, color(red*0.3)) legend(row(1)) name(pieplot)
```



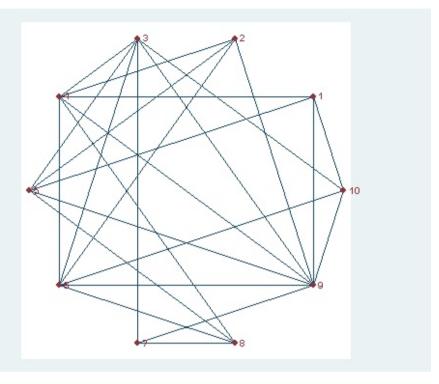
```
1 sixplot
2
3 Displays six diagnostic and descriptive graphs for a single variable
4
5 Requires: sixplot
6 to download this program type the following on the Stata command line
7 (if not already loaded):
8 ssc install sixplot
9
10 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
11
2 sysuse uslifeexp.dta
13
14 sixplot le_male
```



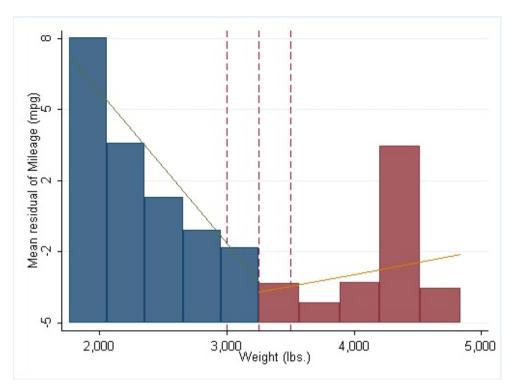
```
1 zmap
 2
  zmap graphs (or maps) binned values of a variable z with respect to two
4 variables x and y treated as Cartesian coordinates.
5
6 Requires: zmap
 7 to download this program type the following on the Stata
8 command line (if not already loaded):
   ssc install zmap
11 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
  webuse nlswork, clear
14
15
  egen mean = mean(ln_wage), by(age grade)
  egen tag = tag(age grade)
17
  label variable mean "mean ln wage"
19
21
  summarize ln_wage if !missing(age, grade), detail
23 zmap mean age grade if tag, breaks(.993 1.166 1.361 1.641
                                                                    ///
24 1.964 2.275 2.456) ms(S ..) ysc(on) xsc(on) yla(0/18, ang(h))
                                                                    ///
25 ytitle(`: var label grade') mxla(15(5)45) note("")
                                                                    ///
26 color(blue blue*0.5 orange*0.5 orange)
```



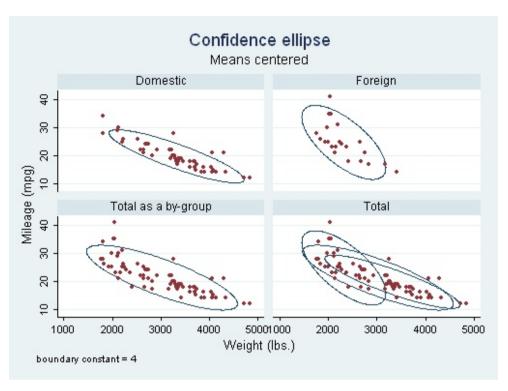
```
1 netplot
 3 An important part of what makes social network analysis so fascinating
 4 to broad audiences is the possibility of visualization of networks.
 5 netplot produces a network plot
6
 7 Requires: netplot
8 to download this program type the following on the Stata command line
9 (if not already loaded):
10 ssc install netplot
11
12 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
14 //create a random network with 10 nodes
15 //(code adopted from the helpfile of stata2pajek)
16
17
18 clear
19
20 set obs 200
21
22 gen i=int(uniform()*10)+1
24 gen j=int(uniform()*10)+1
26 contract i j, freq(strength)
28 drop if i==j
29
30 sort i j
31
32 drop if strength <3 // --> keep only the "stronger" links
34 // Draw the network
```



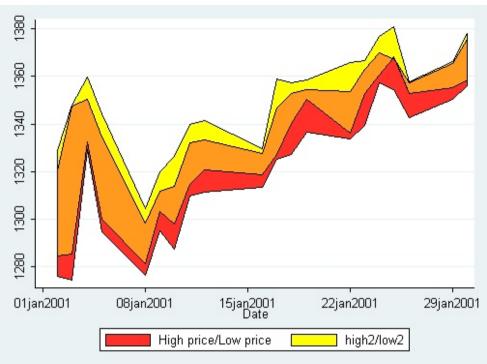
```
1 cmogram
 2 cmogram graphs the means, medians, frequencies, or proportions
3 of yvar, conditional on xvar.
4
5 Requires: cmogram
6 to download this program type the following on the Stata command
 7 line (if not already loaded):
8 ssc install cmogram
9
10 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
11
12 sysuse auto, clear
13
14 cmogram mpg weight, histopts(bin(5)) lfit cutpoint(3250) ///
15 lineat(3000 3250 3500) controls(price)
16
```



```
1 ellip
 2 ellip calculates a confidence ellipse from the elliptically
 3 distributed variables yvar and xvar, and then graphs the
 4 confidence ellipse using graph twoway line.
 5
 6 Requires: ellip
 7 to download this program type the following on the Stata command
 8 line (if not already loaded):
 9 ssc install ellip
10
11 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
12
13 sysuse auto, clear
14
15 ellip mpg weight, by(foreign, total legend(off)) ///
16 total tlabel(Total as a by-group) plot(scatter mpg weight)
17
```



```
1 drarea
 2 Multiple graphics are produced in Stata by the rule "last drawn
 3 first seen". So the objects that are drawn last are the ones
4 that are observed. The implication of this principle is that
 5 when overlapping two rarea graphs the overlapping area is hidden
6 by the second rarea graph. This command drarea overlays two
 7 range area plots by merging the two colours and hence highlighting
 8 the true overlap.
9
10 Requires: drarea
11 to download this program type the following on the Stata command
12 line (if not already loaded):
13 ssc install drarea
14
15 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
16
17
18 sysuse sp500, clear
19
20 generate high2 = high+15*uniform()
21
22 generate low2 = low+15*uniform()
24 drarea high low high2 low2 date in 1/20
```

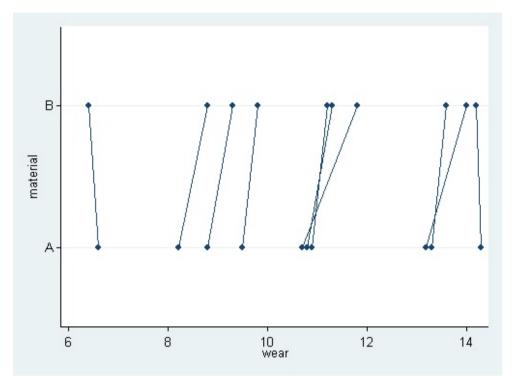


```
1 linkplot
2 linkplot plots yvarlist versus xvar such that data points are
3 linked (i.e. connected) within groups defined by distinct values of
4 linkvar. For example, with paired data it might be desired to
5 link each pair, or with panel data it might be desired to link
6 observations within each panel.
7
8 Requires: linkplot
9 to download this program type the following on the Stata command
10 line (if not already loaded):
11 ssc install linkplot
12
13 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
14
16 clear
17 input ///
         Α
                     В
                               id
         13.2
                    14.0
19
                                   1
         8.2
                     8.8
                                   2
20
                                   3
21
         10.9
                    11.2
         14.3
                    14.2
                                   4
22
                    11.8
                                   5
        10.7
24
          6.6
                     6.4
                                   6
25
          9.5
                     9.8
                                   7
         10.8
                    11.3
                                   8
27
          8.8
                     9.3
                                   9
28
         13.3
                    13.6
                                 10
29 end
30
31 rename A wearA
32 rename B wearB
33 reshape long wear, string i(id) j(j)
```

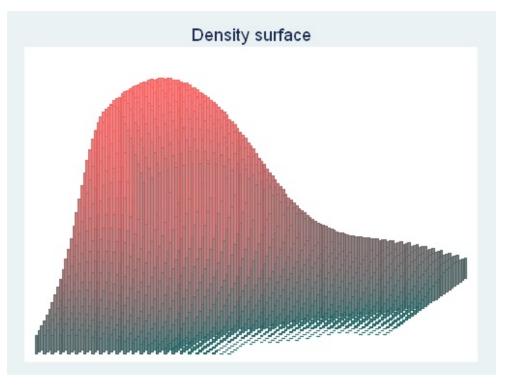
34 encode j, gen(material)

35

```
36 linkplot material wear, link(id) yla(1 2, valuelabel) ///
37 ysc(r(0.5 2.5)) yla(, ang(h))
```

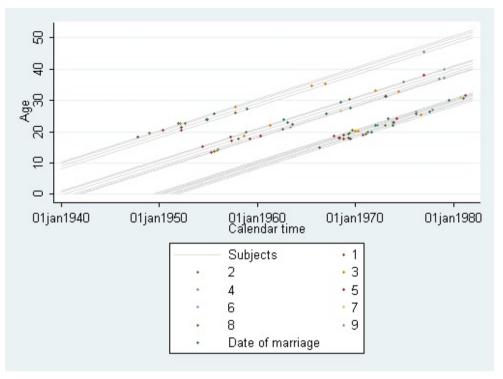


```
1 tddens
2 Bivariate kernel density graphs over a grid
3
4 Requires: tddens
5 to download this program type the following on the Stata command
6 line (if not already loaded):
7 ssc install tddens
8
9 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
10
11 sysuse auto, clear
12
13 tddens price mpg, s b
```

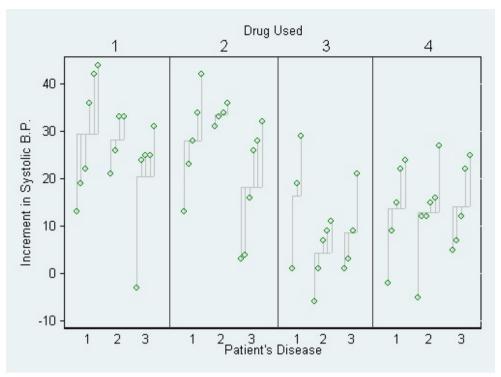


```
1 Lexis diagram
 2 Two dimensional diagram that is used to represent events
 3 (such as births or deaths) that occur to individuals belonging
 4 to different cohorts.
 5
 6 Requires: evhistplot
 7 to download this program type the following on the Stata command
 8 line (if not already loaded):
 9 ssc install evhistplot
11 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
12
13
14 clear
15 webuse set ///
16 "http://oldsite.soziologie-blossfeld.de/eha/stata/do_files/Data/"
17
18 webuse rrdat1.dta
19
20 * Convert event times to dates. Are arbitrarily set to fifteenth
21 day of month.
23 foreach var of varlist tstart tb te tmar ti tfin {
24
     gen `var'date = mdy(mod(`var' - 1, 12) + 1, 15, (`var' - 1) / 12 + 1900)
   local labvar : variable label `var'
25
    la var `var'date "`labvar'"
27
     format %d `var'date
28 }
29
30 * replace with missing where observation is actually right censored
31 replace tmardate = . if tmar == 0
32 la var tmardate "Date of marriage"
33 replace tfindate = . if tfin == ti
34
35 * Lexis plot with date of marriage and job starts labelled
```

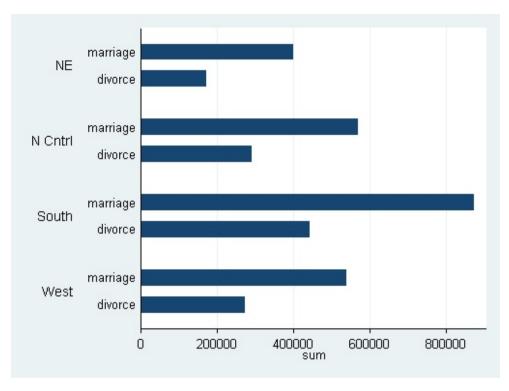
```
36 * according to rank
37
38 evhistplot tstartdate tmardate, id(id) start(1jan1940) ///
39 end(31dec1981) birth(tbdate) evtype(noj) nsub(20) xtitle(Calendar time)
```



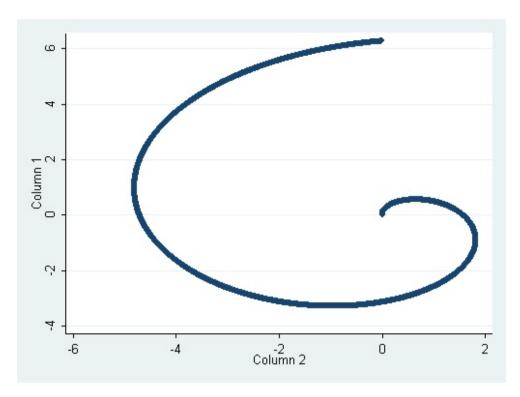
```
1 Deviation plots
2 Plots each data point relative to some appropriate mean with a marker
3 symbol and a spike connecting marker and mean.
4
5 Requires: devnplot
6 to download this program type the following on the Stata command
7 line (if not already loaded):
8 ssc install devnplot
9
10 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
11
12
13 webuse systolic, clear
14
15 version 9: anova systolic drug disease drug*disease
16 predict predict
17 predict residual, residual
19 devnplot systolic drug disease, level(predict) superplines
```



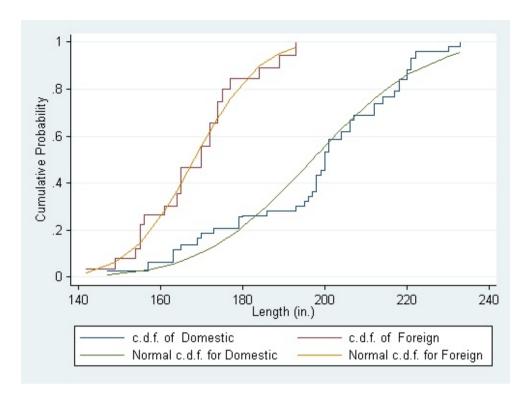
```
1 Statplot
2 Statplot is an alternative to graph hplot, graph hbar and graph dot.
3 It allows grouping on the axis and other options.
4
5 Requires: statplot
6 to download this program type the following on the Stata command
7 line (if not already loaded):
8 ssc install statplot
9
10 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
11
12
13 webuse systolic, clear
14
15 sysuse census, clear
16 statplot marriage divorce, over(region) s(sum) xpose varnames
```



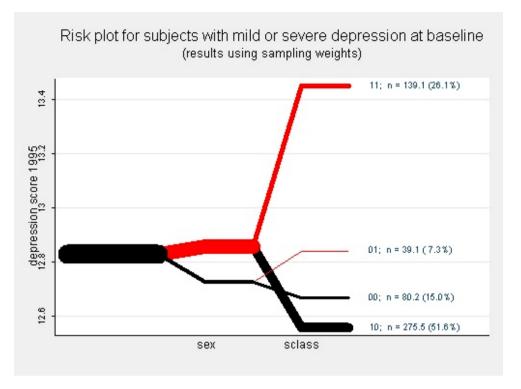
```
1 mm_plot
 2 mm_plot is a user written Mata graph command that allow you
 3 to plot a Mata matrix.
4
5 Requires: moremata
6 to download this program type the following on the Stata command
 7 line (if not already loaded):
8 ssc install moremata
9
10 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
11
12
13 set more off
14 mata:
16 for(i=0;i<=2*pi()*1000; i++) {
17
18
     a=(i/1000)*cos(i/1000)
19
     a1=(i/1000)*sin(i/1000)
20
21 if(i==0) {
22
     za=a
23
     za1=a1
24 }
25 else {
26
     za=za\a
27
     za1=za1\a1
28 }
29
     c=za,za1
30 }
31
32 mata: mm_plot(c)
34 end
```



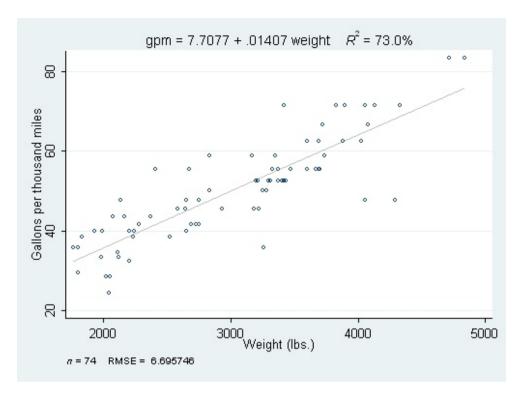
```
1 cdfplot
2 cdfplot plots the sample cumulative distribution function.
3 Distributions can be compared within subgroups defined by
4 a second variable. The best fitting normal (Gaussian)
5 model may be superimposed over the sample c.d.f.
6
7 Requires: cdfplot
8 to download this program type the following on the Stata command
9 line (if not already loaded):
10 ssc install cdfplot
11
12 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
13
14
15 sysuse auto, replace
16 cdfplot length [fw=rep78], by(foreign) norm saving(mygraph,replace)
```



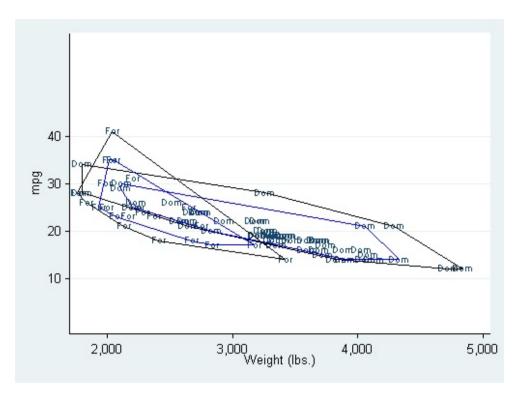
```
1 riskplot
2 The riskplot is a graphical aid to the investigation
3 of the contributions of risk factors on outcomes of interest.
4 (see SJ Vol 10 No 1)
5
6 Requires: riskplot
7 to download this program type the following on the Stata command
8 line (if not already loaded):
9 ssc install risk,all
10 (The all option ensures that the data (data_riskplot.dta)
11 will also be downloaded)
12
13 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
14
15
16 use c:/data/data_riskplot.dta, clear //path may need to be changed
17 set scheme sj
19 riskplot depr1995 sex sclass if Idep91==1 [pw=wg], path obs
                                                                      /*
     */ thick(20) c(. red) title(Risk plot for subjects with mild
20
21
     */ or severe depression at baseline) subtitle((results using
     */ sampling weights), margin(b+5)) scale(0.9) ytitle(depression /*
     */ score 1995) saving(riskplotWG, replace)
23
```



```
1 aaplot
 2 aaplot graphs a scatter plot for yvar versus xvar with linear
3 and/or quadratic fit superimposed. The equation(s) and
4 R-square statistics of the fits shown are also shown at the
5 top of the graph.
6
 7 Requires: aaplot
8 to download this program type the following on the Stata command
9 line (if not already loaded):
10 ssc install aaplot
11
12 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
13
14 sysuse auto, clear
15 gen gpm = 1000 / mpg
16 label var gpm "Gallons per thousand miles"
17
18 aaplot gpm weight, name(g1)
```



```
1 hull plot
2 cvxplot makes a scatterplot and draw convex hulls of a group of
3 points in two-dimensional space. Each hull is defined by two lines
4 joining the bottom-left point to the top-right point.
5
6 Requires: cvxplot
7 to download this program type the following on the Stata command
8 line (if not already loaded):
9 ssc install cvxhull
10
11 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
12
13 sysuse auto, clear
14
15
   gen foreign1=foreign
   label define for 1 For 0 Dom
16
   label values foreign1 for
17
18
   cvxhull mpg weight, group(foreign) hulls(2) ///
19
             scat(mlab(foreign1) mlabpos(c) msym(i) ysc(r(0,60)))
20
```

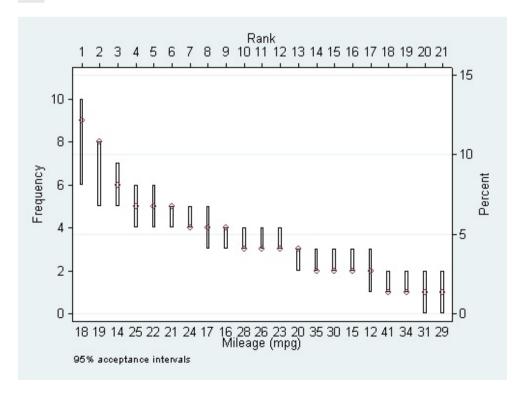


Pareto plot
pdplot produces a Pareto dot plot

Requires: pdplot
to download this program type the following on the Stata command
line (if not already loaded):
ssc install pdplot

To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run

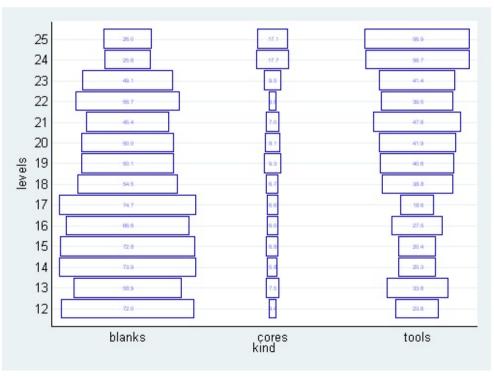
sysuse auto, clear
pdplot mpg



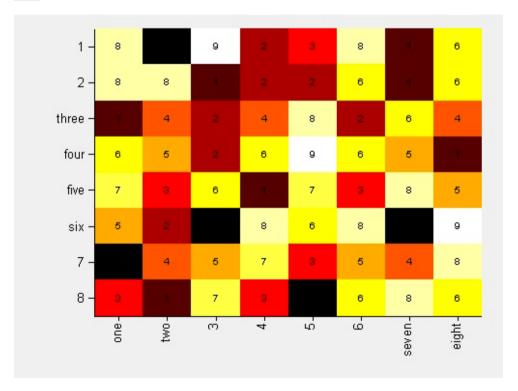
1 Centred bar plots

2 Centred bar plots shows absolute or relative frequencies of

```
3 yvar as centred bar plots.
5 Centred bar plots are often used in archaeology to show
6 frequencies of different kinds of artefact at different
7 levels or ages, sometimes under the title of battleship
8 curves or battleship diagrams.
9
10 Requires: cbarplot
11 to download this program type the following on the Stata
12 command line (if not already loaded):
13 ssc install cbarplot
14
15 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
18 clear
19 input levels freqcores freqblanks freqtools
      25 21 32 70
20
      24 36 52 115
21
      23 126 650 549
23
      22 159 2342 1633
24
      21 75 487 511
      20 176 1090 912
      19 132 713 578
27
      18 46 374 266
      17 550 6182 1541
28
      16 76 846 349
29
      15 17 182 51
30
      14 4 51 14
31
      13 29 228 130
       12 135 2227 729
35 reshape long freq, i(levels) j(kind) string
37 cbarplot levels kind [fw=freq], percent(levels) mlabsize(*.6)
```

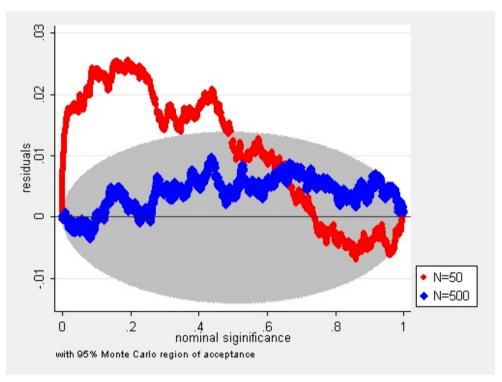


```
1 heatmap
2 Graphs a heatmap.
3
4 Requires: cbarplot
5 to download this program type the following on the Stata
6 command line (if not already loaded):
7 ssc install hmap
8
9 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
10
11
     // producing the data
13
          clear all
          set obs 64
14
          generate n=int(uniform()*10)
16
         generate x=1+int((_n-1)/8)
17
         generate y=1+mod((_n-1),8)
18
         label define xlab 1 "one" 2 "two" 7 "seven" 8 "eight"
         label define ylab 3 "three" 4 "four" 5 "five" 6 "six"
19
20
         label value x xlab
         label value y ylab
         table y x [fw=n]
24
     hmap x y n
```



```
1 simpplot
2 // Plot describing p-values from a simulation by comparing
3 //nominal significance levels with the coverages
4
5 Requires: simpplot
6 to download this program type the following on the Stata
7 command line (if not already loaded):
8 ssc install simpplot
9
10 program drop _all
11 program define sim, rclas
```

```
12
          drop _all
13
          set obs 500
14
          gen x = rchi2(2)
          ttest x=2 in 1/50
16
17
          return scalar p50 = r(p)
19
          ttest x=2
          return scalar p500 = r(p)
20
21
      end
      set seed 12345
24
      simulate p50=r(p50) p500=r(p500), ///
      reps(5000) : sim
26
      label var p50 "N=50"
27
28
      label var p500 "N=500"
29
30
      simpplot p50 p500, main1opt(mcolor(red)) ///
      main2opt(mcolor(blue))
31
```

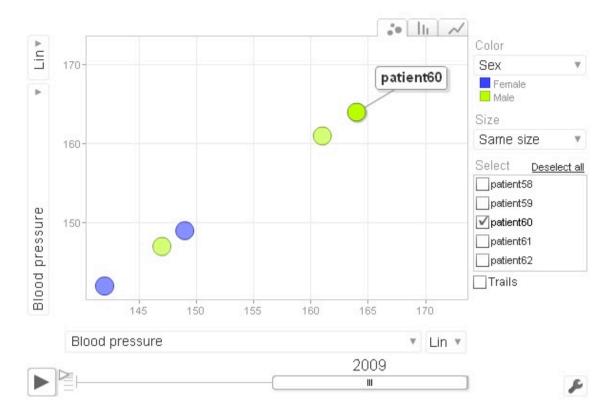


```
1 Fractal
2 // Generates fractals
3
4 Requires: fractal
5 to download this program type the following on the Stata
6 command line (if not already loaded):
7 ssc install fractal
8
9 clear
10
11 fractal ,hs(0,.2,.3,.40,.5,.618,.75,.85,1.0) ///
12 vs(0,.25,.2,.35,.25,.516,.366,.42,.2) hr(0 100) ///
13 vr(0 200) iter(3) savegraph
14
15 graph combine _frctl1.gph _frctl2.gph _frctl3.gph
```

```
율
                                               8
  8
> 8
                                               8
  8
                                               8
  8
                                               8
                                               0
            20
                          60
                                       100
                                                         20
                                                                             80
                                                                                    100
  8
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  8
  8
                                               8
                                               8
  8
                                               8
  8
            20
                   40
                                80
                                       100
                                                         20
                                                                             80
                                                                                    100
```

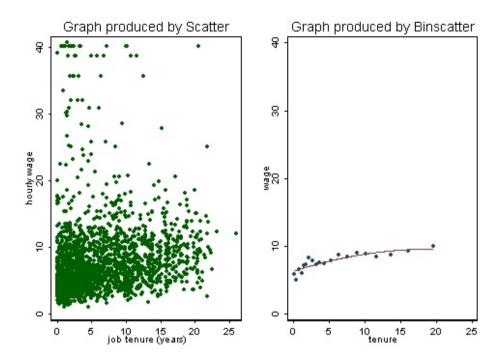
```
1 Motion Chart
2 A "Motion Chart" is a scatter plot for time-series data.
3 You can hit "play" and see how the points move over time.
4 They were made famous, for example, by Hans Rosling's
5 internet videos: http://www.gapminder.org/
6
7 "Example of motion graph for code below"
8
9 Requires: motionchart
10 to download this program:
11 Open Stata viewer
12 type the following in:
13 net describe motionchart, from(http://kk-adofiles.googlecode.com/hg)
14
15 type help motionchart
16
17 Read the pharagraph on setting the Adobe Flash Player
19 sysuse bplong.dta , clear
20 generate year = 2007+when
21 decode sex , gen(gender)
23 motionchart patient year bp sex using "my_test.html" in 115/125 ,
                                                                        ///
24 replace title("Blood Pressure")
25 subtitle("Example motionchart: created in Stata with motionchart.ado")
```

Example motionchart: created in Stata with motionchart.ado

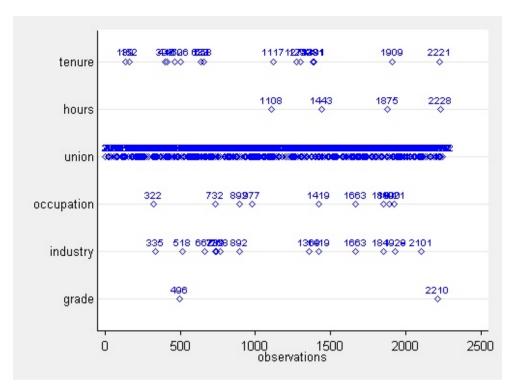


```
1 binscatter
 2 binscatter generates binned scatterplots, and is optimized for
 3 speed in large datasets.
 4
 5 Binned scatterplots provide a non-parametric way of visualizing the
 6 relationship between two variables. With a large number of observations,
 7 a scatterplot that plots every data point would become too crowded to
 8 interpret visually. binscatter groups the x-axis variable into
 9 equal-sized bins, computes the mean of the x-axis and y-axis variables
10 within each bin, then creates a scatterplot of these data points.
11
12 Requires: binscatter
13 to download this program type the following on the Stata
14 command line (if not already loaded):
15 ssc install binscatter
16
17 clear all
19 sysuse nlsw88, clear
21 keep if inrange(age,35,44) & inrange(race,1,2)
23 scatter wage tenure , title("Graph produced by Scatter") name(g1)
24
25 // The scatter was too crowded to be easily interpetable. The binscatter
26
      is cleaner, try a quadratic fit.
27
```

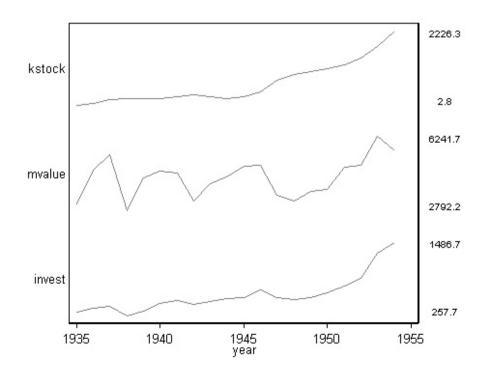
```
binscatter wage tenure, line(qfit) xscale(range(0,25)) ///
29 xlabel(0(5)25) ylabel(0(10)40) yscale(range(0,40)) ///
30 title("Graph produced by Binscatter") name(g2)
31
32 graph combine g1 g2
```



```
1 missingplot
2 // Generates a graph of missing values
3
4 Requires: missingplot
5 to download this program type the following on the Stata command line (if not already loaded):
7 ssc install missingplot
8
9 webuse nlsw88, clear
10 missingplot, var labels mlabcolor(blue ..)
```



```
1 sparkline
2 // sparkline graphs sparkline—type plots for one or more y
3 // variables against a single x variable. Typically, plots for
4 // different y variables or for different subsets of one y variable
5 // are stacked vertically into one image.
6
7 Requires: sparkline
8 to download this program type the following on the Stata
9 command line (if not already loaded):
10 ssc install sparkline
11
12 webuse grunfeld, clear
13
14 sparkline invest year, by(company) extremes
```



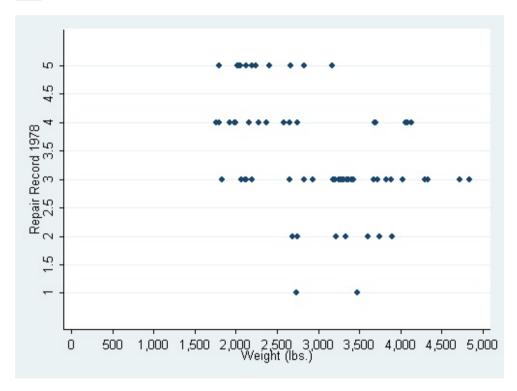
```
Program that helps with specification of regular linear and logarithmic
axis scales, ranges and tick lists

Requires: regaxis
to download this program type the following on the Stata
command line (if not already loaded):

ssc install regaxis

To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run

sysuse auto, clear
regaxis rep78, cycle(.5) singleok margin(0.5) lrange(yrange) lticks(ylabs)
regaxis weight, include(0) lticks(xlabs)
scatter rep78 weight, yscale(range(`yrange')) ylabel(`ylabs') xlabel(`xlabs')
```



```
1 Program that helps with specification of label positions
 2
 3 Requires: egenmore
 4 to download this program type the following on the Stata
 5 command line (if not already loaded):
 6 ssc egenmore
8 To run the example: copy the following into a do file and run
9
10
11 clear all
13 //graph without the egenmore generated label position
14 sysuse auto, clear
15 egen clock = mlabvpos(mpg weight)
16 scatter mpg weight, mlab(make) mlabvpos(clock) name(a1) ///
17 scheme(s1)
19 // look at a suitable matrix
```

```
// for the egen mlabvpos option
matrix z= 11, 1, 12, 11, 1 \ 10, 2, 12, 10, 2 \ 9, 3, 12, 9 ,3 \ ///
22 8, 4, 6, 8, 4 \ 7, 5 ,6, 7, 5

matrix list z

//graph with the egenmore generated label position
egen clock2 = mlabvpos(mpg weight), matrix(11 1 12 11 1 \ ///
28 10 2 12 10 2 \ 9 3 12 9 3 \ 8 4 6 8 4 \ 7 5 6 7 5)

scatter mpg weight, mlab(make) mlabvpos(clock2) name(a2) ///
31 title("Graph using egenmore mlabvpos generated data") ///
32 scheme(s1)
```

