

MARKDOWN SYNTAX



Markdown is a way to style text on the web. You control the display of the document; formatting words as bold or italic, adding images, and creating lists are just a few of the things we can do with Markdown. Mostly, Markdown is just regular text with a few non-alphabetic characters thrown in, like # or *.

HEADERS

```
# This is an <h1> tag
## This is an <h2> tag
##### This is an <h6> tag
```

EMPHASIS

```
*This text will be italic*
_This will also be italic_

**This text will be bold**
__This will also be bold__

*You **can** combine them*
```

BLOCKQUOTES

As Grace Hopper said:

```
> I've always been more interested
> in the future than in the past.
```

As Grace Hopper said:

```
| I've always been more interested
| in the future than in the past.
```

LISTS

Unordered

```
* Item 1
* Item 2
  * Item 2a
  * Item 2b
```

Ordered

```
1. Item 1
2. Item 2
3. Item 3
  * Item 3a
  * Item 3b
```

IMAGES

```
![GitHub Logo](/images/logo.png)
```

Format: ![Alt Text](url)

LINKS

```
http://github.com - automatic!
```

```
[GitHub](http://github.com)
```

BACKSLASH ESCAPES

Markdown allows you to use backslash escapes to generate literal characters which would otherwise have special meaning in Markdown's formatting syntax.

```
\*literal asterisks\*
```

```
*literal asterisks*
```

Markdown provides backslash escapes for the following characters:

\ backslash	() parentheses
` backtick	# hash mark
* asterisk	+ plus sign
_ underscore	- minus sign (hyphen)
{ curly braces	. dot
[] square brackets	! exclamation mark