# modelo predicao

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Gerar o modelo de predicao

Projeto Integrador UNIVESP, 2023, Semestre  $1\,$ 

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https://github.com/d-gaspar/univesp-integrador-2023-sem1

## 1 Imports

```
import os
import pandas as pd
import re
from collections import Counter

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, roc_curve, roc_auc_score,
accuracy_score
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.tree import export_graphviz
from IPython.display import Image
import graphviz

import pickle # usado para exportar o modelo
```

```
[2]: output_dir = "./android-app/app/src/main/assets/"

if not os.path.exists(output_dir):
    os.makedirs(output_dir)
```

### 2 Carrega os dados

```
[5]: data_list = []
     for filename in os.listdir("data/raw"):
         if filename.endswith(".txt"): # substitua pelo tipo de arquivo que desejau
      \hookrightarrow ler
             with open(os.path.join("data/raw", filename)) as file:
                 match = re.search('.*-(.*).txt', filename)
                 if match:
                     weather = match.group(1)
                     for line in file:
                         if not re.compile(".*(connect).*", re.IGNORECASE).
      →match(line):
                              line = re.sub('[:HhTPgAa*%mC]', '', line)
                              line = re.sub('\s+', ' ', line)
                              data = line.split()
                              date = data[0]
                              time = data[1]
                              temperature = float(data[2])
                              humidity = float(data[3])/100
                              altitude = float(data[4])
                              pressure = float(data[5])
                              data_list.append([date, time, temperature, humidity,__
      ⇔altitude, pressure, weather])
                 else:
                     print("ERRO (WEATHER): " + filename)
     # criar um DataFrame do pandas com a lista de valores
     df = pd.DataFrame(data_list, columns=["date", "time", "temperature", | 
      →"humidity", "altitude", "pressure", "weather"])
     print(df)
```

```
temperature humidity altitude pressure \
           date
                       time
0
     2023-04-13 203212.638
                                   25.98
                                           0.6999
                                                     874.16
                                                               912.57
                                           0.6942
                                                     874.10
1
     2023-04-13 203218.768
                                   25.91
                                                               912.57
     2023-04-13 203221.828
                                   25.88
                                           0.6943
                                                     874.13
                                                               912.57
3
     2023-04-13 203224.844
                                   25.85
                                           0.6934
                                                     874.47
                                                              912.53
4
     2023-04-13 203227.927
                                   25.82
                                           0.6932
                                                     874.86
                                                              912.49
                                                     •••
5783 2023-04-03 110718.278
                                   20.55
                                           0.6527
                                                     824.34
                                                              918.08
5784 2023-04-03 110721.357
                                   20.54
                                           0.6527
                                                     824.40
                                                               918.07
5785 2023-04-03 110724.545
                                   20.55
                                           0.6526
                                                     824.53
                                                               918.06
5786 2023-04-03 110727.524
                                   20.54
                                           0.6524
                                                     824.58
                                                               918.05
5787 2023-04-03 110730.573
                                  20.56
                                           0.6520
                                                  824.59
                                                               918.05
```

```
weather
0
       night
1
       night
2
       night
3
       night
4
       night
5783
       sunny
5784
       sunny
5785
       sunny
5786
       sunny
5787
       sunny
[5788 rows x 7 columns]
```

### 3 Adiciona as colunas ao dataframe

### 3.1 rainy\_timedelta

```
[6]: # Convertendo as colunas "date" e "time" para datetime
     df['datetime'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'] + ' ' + df['time'], format='%Y-%m-%d_
      →%H%M%S.%f')
     df = df.sort_values(by='datetime').reset_index(drop=True)
     # calcula tempo ate rainy
     df['rainy_timedelta'] = 0
     for i in range(len(df)):
         if df.loc[i, 'weather'] == 'rainy': # se ja for 'rainy', tempo para o_{\sqcup}
      ⇔proximo 'rainy' == 0
             df.loc[i, 'rainy_timedelta'] = 0
         else: # se nao, calcula tempo ate o proximo 'rainy'
             rainy_index = (df['datetime'] > df.loc[i, 'datetime']) & (df['weather']
      if rainy_index.any():
                 first_rainy_index = next((i for i, x in enumerate(rainy_index) if__
      \rightarrow x), None)
                 first_rainy_datetime = df.loc[first_rainy_index,'datetime']
                 first_rainy_timedelta = int((df.loc[first_rainy_index,'datetime'] -u
      ⇒df.loc[i,'datetime']).total_seconds() / 3600)
                 df.loc[i, 'rainy_timedelta'] = first_rainy_timedelta
             else: # nao houve chuva apos estas leituras
                 df.loc[i, 'rainy_timedelta'] = -1
     # remove todas as linhas onde rainy_timedata = -1
     df = df.loc[~df['rainy_timedelta'].isin([-1])].reset_index(drop=True)
```

df

2

3

4

2023-03-29

2023-03-29

2023-03-29

093533.044

093536.202

093539.150

date

time

temperature

humidity

altitude

pressure

[6]:

```
0
           2023-03-29
                       093526.903
                                          24.43
                                                    0.6767
                                                              827.66
                                                                         917.71
           2023-03-29
                       093529.995
                                          24.43
                                                    0.6759
                                                              827.87
                                                                         917.69
     1
                                          24.42
     2
           2023-03-29
                       093533.044
                                                    0.6754
                                                              827.80
                                                                         917.69
                                                    0.6766
     3
           2023-03-29
                       093536.202
                                          24.42
                                                              827.57
                                                                         917.72
     4
                                          24.42
           2023-03-29
                       093539.150
                                                    0.6768
                                                              827.68
                                                                         917.71
     5523
           2023-04-12
                       170203.427
                                          23.45
                                                              865.51
                                                                         913.52
                                                    0.7328
                                          23.46
                                                              865.25
     5524
           2023-04-12
                       170206.453
                                                    0.7329
                                                                         913.54
     5525
           2023-04-12
                       170209.541
                                          23.45
                                                    0.7338
                                                              865.56
                                                                         913.52
     5526
           2023-04-12
                       170212.593
                                          23.45
                                                    0.7341
                                                              865.29
                                                                         913.55
     5527 2023-04-12 170215.664
                                          23.46
                                                    0.7342
                                                              865.40
                                                                         913.57
          weather
                                  datetime
                                            rainy_timedelta
     0
            sunny 2023-03-29 09:35:26.903
                                                          10
     1
            sunny 2023-03-29 09:35:29.995
                                                          10
     2
            sunny 2023-03-29 09:35:33.044
                                                          10
     3
            sunny 2023-03-29 09:35:36.202
                                                          10
     4
            sunny 2023-03-29 09:35:39.150
                                                          10
     5523
            rainy 2023-04-12 17:02:03.427
                                                           0
     5524
            rainy 2023-04-12 17:02:06.453
                                                           0
     5525
            rainy 2023-04-12 17:02:09.541
                                                           0
     5526
            rainy 2023-04-12 17:02:12.593
                                                           0
     5527
            rainy 2023-04-12 17:02:15.664
                                                           0
     [5528 rows x 9 columns]
    3.2 rainy_6h, rainy_12h, rainy_24h
[7]: df['rainy_6h'] = (df['rainy_timedelta'] <= 6).astype(str)
     df['rainy_12h'] = (df['rainy_timedelta'] <= 12).astype(str)</pre>
     \# df['rainy_24h'] = (df['rainy_timedelta'] \le 24).astype(int)
     df['rainy_24h'] = (df['rainy_timedelta'] <= 24).astype(str)</pre>
     df
[7]:
                              time
                                    temperature humidity altitude
                                                                      pressure \
                 date
     0
           2023-03-29
                       093526.903
                                          24.43
                                                    0.6767
                                                              827.66
                                                                         917.71
                       093529.995
                                          24.43
                                                    0.6759
                                                              827.87
                                                                         917.69
     1
           2023-03-29
```

24.42

24.42

24.42

0.6754

0.6766

0.6768

827.80

827.57

827.68

917.69

917.72

917.71

```
5523 2023-04-12 170203.427
                                     23.45
                                              0.7328
                                                         865.51
                                                                   913.52
5524 2023-04-12 170206.453
                                     23.46
                                              0.7329
                                                         865.25
                                                                   913.54
5525 2023-04-12
                  170209.541
                                     23.45
                                              0.7338
                                                         865.56
                                                                   913.52
5526 2023-04-12 170212.593
                                     23.45
                                              0.7341
                                                         865.29
                                                                   913.55
5527 2023-04-12 170215.664
                                     23.46
                                              0.7342
                                                         865.40
                                                                   913.57
     weather
                             datetime rainy_timedelta rainy_6h rainy_12h \
                                                           False
0
       sunny 2023-03-29 09:35:26.903
                                                     10
                                                                      True
1
       sunny 2023-03-29 09:35:29.995
                                                           False
                                                                      True
                                                     10
2
       sunny 2023-03-29 09:35:33.044
                                                           False
                                                                      True
                                                     10
3
       sunny 2023-03-29 09:35:36.202
                                                     10
                                                           False
                                                                      True
4
       sunny 2023-03-29 09:35:39.150
                                                     10
                                                           False
                                                                      True
                                                             •••
5523
       rainy 2023-04-12 17:02:03.427
                                                      0
                                                            True
                                                                      True
                                                                      True
5524
       rainy 2023-04-12 17:02:06.453
                                                      0
                                                            True
                                                                      True
5525
       rainy 2023-04-12 17:02:09.541
                                                      0
                                                            True
5526
       rainy 2023-04-12 17:02:12.593
                                                      0
                                                            True
                                                                      True
5527
       rainy 2023-04-12 17:02:15.664
                                                            True
                                                                      True
     rainy_24h
0
          True
1
          True
2
          True
3
          True
4
          True
5523
          True
5524
          True
5525
          True
5526
          True
5527
          True
```

[5528 rows x 12 columns]

## 4 predicao para 6h

```
[8]: # Separa as variaveis independentes da variavel dependente
X = df[["temperature", "humidity", "pressure"]]
y = df["rainy_6h"]

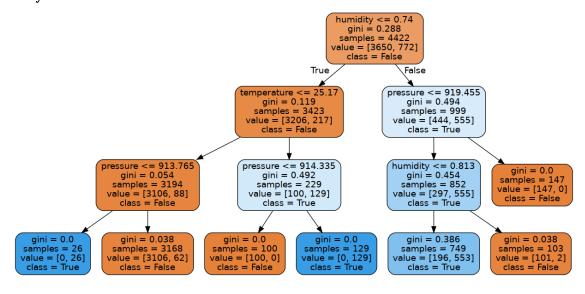
# Dividindo os dados em conjuntos de treinamento e teste
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, \_\cuperandom_state=0)
```

#### 4.1 arvore de decisao

```
[9]: model_dt = DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=3)
     model_dt.fit(X_train, y_train)
     # Fazendo previsões nos dados de teste
     y_pred = model_dt.predict(X_test)
     # Avaliando o desempenho do modelo com a métrica de acurácia
     accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
     print('Accuracy: %.2f' % accuracy)
     dot_data = export_graphviz(
             model dt,
             out_file=None,
             feature names=X.columns, #["temperature", "humidity", "pressure"],
             class names=y.unique(),
             rounded=True,
             filled=True
         )
     graph = graphviz.Source(dot_data)
     Image(graph.pipe(format='png'))
```

Accuracy: 0.95

[9]:



### 4.2 regressao logistica

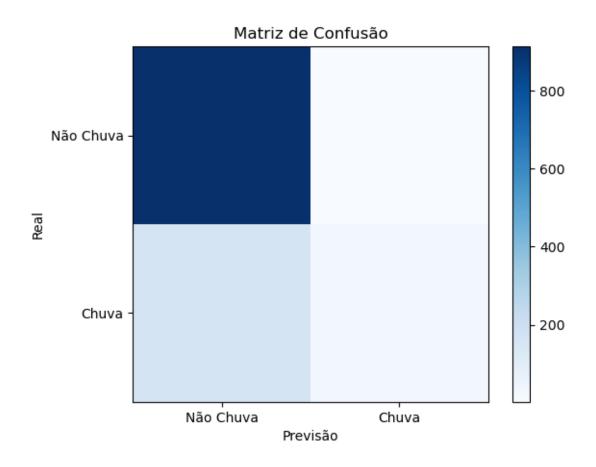
```
[10]: model_lr = LogisticRegression(random_state=0)
model_lr.fit(X_train, y_train)

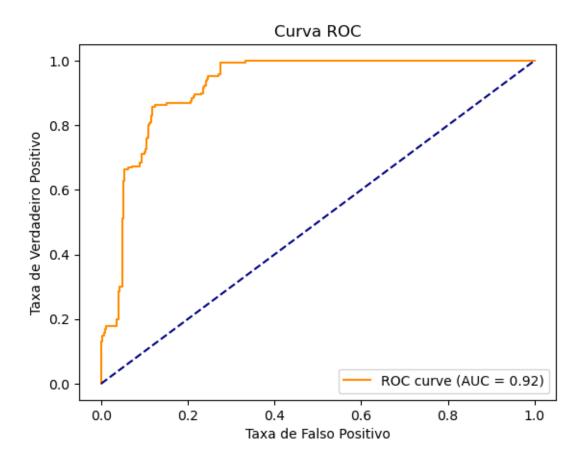
# faz previsões nos dados de teste
y_pred = model_lr.predict(X_test)

# avalia o desempenho do modelo com a métrica de acurácia
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
print('Accuracy: %.2f' % accuracy)
```

Accuracy: 0.85

```
[11]: # cálculo da matriz de confusão
      cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
      # plotagem da matriz de confusão
      plt.imshow(cm, cmap=plt.cm.Blues, interpolation='nearest')
      plt.colorbar()
      plt.xticks([0, 1], ['Não Chuva', 'Chuva'])
      plt.yticks([0, 1], ['Não Chuva', 'Chuva'])
      plt.xlabel('Previsão')
      plt.ylabel('Real')
      plt.title('Matriz de Confusão')
      plt.show()
      # cálculo da curva ROC
      y_prob = model_lr.predict_proba(X_test)[:, 1]
      fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc_curve(y_test, y_prob, pos_label="True")
      # cálculo da área sob a curva ROC (AUC)
      roc_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, y_prob)
      # plotagem da curva ROC
      plt.plot(fpr, tpr, color='darkorange', label='ROC curve (AUC = %0.2f)' %
      plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], color='navy', linestyle='--')
      plt.xlabel('Taxa de Falso Positivo')
      plt.ylabel('Taxa de Verdadeiro Positivo')
      plt.title('Curva ROC')
      plt.legend(loc="lower right")
      plt.show()
```





```
[12]: with open(output_dir + 'model_logisticReg_6h.pkl', 'wb') as f:
    pickle.dump(model_lr, f)
```

# 5 predicao para 12h

### 5.1 arvore de decisao

```
[14]: model_dt = DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=3)
model_dt.fit(X_train, y_train)

# Fazendo previsões nos dados de teste
```

Accuracy: 0.90 [14]: humidity <= 0.785 gini = 0.373samples = 4422value  $\stackrel{\cdot}{=}$  [3327, 1095] class = True True False temperature <= 21.845 gini = 0.0gini = 0.294samples = 370samples = 4052value = [0, 370]value = [3327, 725]class = False class = True humidity <= 0.742 humidity  $\leq 0.672$ gini = 0.122gini = 0.445samples = 2339samples = 1713value = [2186, 153]value = [1141, 572] class = True class = True gini = 0.002gini = 0.446gini = 0.38gini = 0.281samples = 1890samples = 490samples = 449samples = 1223value = [1888, 2] value = [298, 151] value = [1016, 207]value = [125, 365]class = True class = True class = True class = False

#### 5.2 regressao logistica

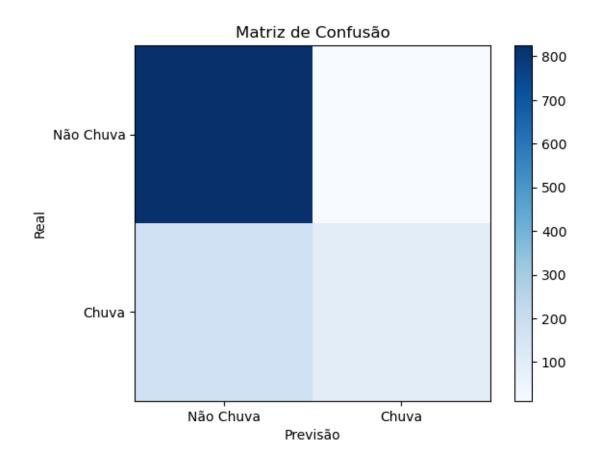
```
[15]: model_lr = LogisticRegression(random_state=0)
model_lr.fit(X_train, y_train)

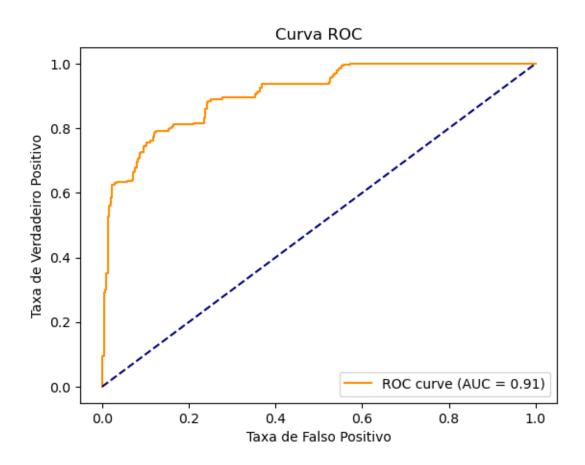
# faz previsões nos dados de teste
y_pred = model_lr.predict(X_test)

# avalia o desempenho do modelo com a métrica de acurácia
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
print('Accuracy: %.2f' % accuracy)
```

Accuracy: 0.83

```
[16]: # cálculo da matriz de confusão
      cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
      # plotagem da matriz de confusão
      plt.imshow(cm, cmap=plt.cm.Blues, interpolation='nearest')
      plt.colorbar()
      plt.xticks([0, 1], ['Não Chuva', 'Chuva'])
      plt.yticks([0, 1], ['Não Chuva', 'Chuva'])
      plt.xlabel('Previsão')
      plt.ylabel('Real')
      plt.title('Matriz de Confusão')
      plt.show()
      # cálculo da curva ROC
      y_prob = model_lr.predict_proba(X_test)[:, 1]
      fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc_curve(y_test, y_prob, pos_label="True")
      # cálculo da área sob a curva ROC (AUC)
      roc_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, y_prob)
      # plotagem da curva ROC
      plt.plot(fpr, tpr, color='darkorange', label='ROC curve (AUC = %0.2f)' %
      plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], color='navy', linestyle='--')
      plt.xlabel('Taxa de Falso Positivo')
      plt.ylabel('Taxa de Verdadeiro Positivo')
      plt.title('Curva ROC')
      plt.legend(loc="lower right")
      plt.show()
```





```
[17]: with open(output_dir + 'model_logisticReg_12h.pkl', 'wb') as f:
    pickle.dump(model_lr, f)
```

# 6 predicao para 24h

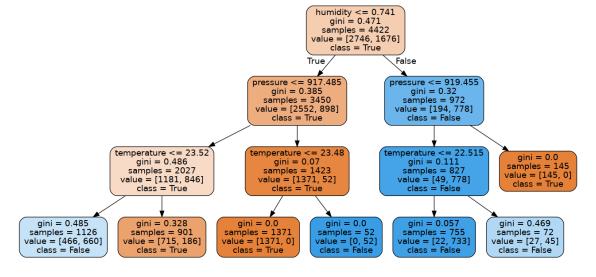
### 6.1 arvore de decisao

```
[19]: model_dt = DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=3)
model_dt.fit(X_train, y_train)

# Fazendo previsões nos dados de teste
```

Accuracy: 0.84

[19]:



#### 6.2 regressao logistica

```
[20]: model_lr = LogisticRegression(random_state=0)
model_lr.fit(X_train, y_train)

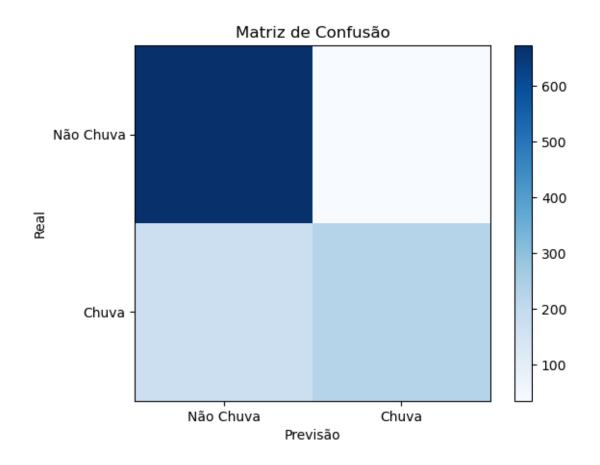
# faz previsões nos dados de teste
y_pred = model_lr.predict(X_test)

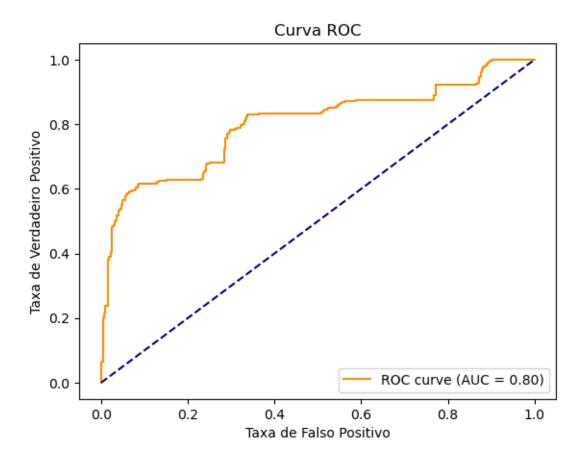
# avalia o desempenho do modelo com a métrica de acurácia
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
```

```
print('Accuracy: %.2f' % accuracy)
```

Accuracy: 0.81

```
[21]: # cálculo da matriz de confusão
      cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
      # plotagem da matriz de confusão
      plt.imshow(cm, cmap=plt.cm.Blues, interpolation='nearest')
      plt.colorbar()
      plt.xticks([0, 1], ['Não Chuva', 'Chuva'])
      plt.yticks([0, 1], ['Não Chuva', 'Chuva'])
      plt.xlabel('Previsão')
      plt.ylabel('Real')
      plt.title('Matriz de Confusão')
      plt.show()
      # cálculo da curva ROC
      y_prob = model_lr.predict_proba(X_test)[:, 1]
      fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc_curve(y_test, y_prob, pos_label="True")
      # cálculo da área sob a curva ROC (AUC)
      roc_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, y_prob)
      # plotagem da curva ROC
      plt.plot(fpr, tpr, color='darkorange', label='ROC curve (AUC = %0.2f)' %_
       ⇔roc_auc)
      plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], color='navy', linestyle='--')
      plt.xlabel('Taxa de Falso Positivo')
      plt.ylabel('Taxa de Verdadeiro Positivo')
      plt.title('Curva ROC')
      plt.legend(loc="lower right")
      plt.show()
```





```
[22]: with open(output_dir + 'model_logisticReg_24h.pkl', 'wb') as f:
    pickle.dump(model_lr, f)
```