Teaching Plan for UNIT-II: Security tools for smart Contracts

Day 1: Introduction to Smart Contract Security Tools (2 Hours)

1 Why Do We Need Security Tools? (30 min)

- Importance of smart contract security
- Common security risks in smart contracts
- Why manual auditing is not enough?
- How security tools automate vulnerability detection

2 Overview of Smart Contract Security Tools (30 min)

- Categories of security tools:
 - Static Analysis Tools (Analyze code without execution)
 - Dynamic Analysis Tools (Test contracts in a simulated environment)
 - Symbolic Execution Tools (Find logical vulnerabilities)
- Introduction to the tools covered in this unit

3 Ovente & Securify – Static Analysis Tools (60 min)

Ovente

- Working mechanism
- Advantages: Fast detection, simple UI, lightweight
- Disadvantages: Limited detection capabilities, false positives

Securify

- How it scans for security vulnerabilities
- Advantages: Comprehensive rule-based analysis, checks Solidity best practices
- Disadvantages: High false positives, requires manual verification

Day 2: Maian & Manticore – Advanced Security Tools (2 Hours)

Maian – Smart Contract Vulnerability Detection (60 min)

- How Maian detects vulnerabilities
- Types of vulnerabilities it detects:
 - Suicidal contracts (Self-destruct risks)
 - Prodigal contracts (Unintended fund loss)
 - Greedy contracts (Locked funds)
- Advantages: High accuracy, effective for self-destruct vulnerabilities
- Disadvantages: Cannot detect logic errors

2 Manticore – Symbolic Execution Tool (60 min)

- How Manticore analyzes smart contracts
- Advantages:
 - Finds execution paths leading to vulnerabilities
 - Works for both Ethereum & binary applications
- Disadvantages:
 - Slow execution, not ideal for large contracts
 - **Resource-intensive** (requires powerful hardware)

Day 3: Mythril, SmartCheck, and Verx – Comprehensive Analysis Tools (2 Hours)

1 Mythril – A Popular Security Analysis Tool (60 min)

- How Mythril uses symbolic execution & taint analysis
- Advantages:
 - Detects many security flaws (reentrancy, overflows, uninitialized storage)
 - Open-source & widely used
- Disadvantages:
 - False positives, requires manual verification
 - Resource-intensive for large contracts

SmartCheck – Detecting Solidity Vulnerabilities (30 min)

- How SmartCheck scans Solidity code
- Advantages:
 - Beginner-friendly, integrates with IDEs
 - Detects code smells and security issues
- Disadvantages:
 - Cannot detect runtime vulnerabilities
 - Misses complex logic-based issues

3 Verx - Advanced Formal Verification (30 min)

- What is **formal verification**, and how does Verx use it?
- Advantages:
 - Detects vulnerabilities at a mathematical level
 - Highly accurate
- Disadvantages:
 - Complex to use
 - Requires deep technical understanding

Day 4: Secure Key Management & Quantum-Resilient Keys (2 Hours)

1 Secure Key Management in Blockchain (60 min)

- Why is key security critical in blockchain?
- Types of keys in smart contracts (private keys, session keys)
- Key management best practices:
 - Hardware security modules (HSM)
 - Multi-signature wallets
 - Threshold cryptography
- Challenges in secure key storage

2 Quantum Resilient Keys – The Future of Blockchain Security (60 min)

- What is Quantum Computing?
- How can quantum computers break blockchain encryption?
- Introduction to Quantum-Resilient Cryptography
 - Post-quantum cryptographic algorithms (Lattice-based, Hash-based cryptography)
 - Blockchain projects working on quantum resistance (Bitcoin, Ethereum 2.0)
- Future security risks & how developers can prepare

Final Thoughts

This plan ensures:

All topics are covered with a structured flow

Each session builds on the previous one

✓ Tools are explained along with their advantages/disadvantages
✓ Secure key management & quantum security is given sufficient focus

This structure provides a balanced, comprehensive, and engaging theory-based teaching plan for Unit II.