

# Quizzes for lecture 14

- To use genetic algorithm we usually encode a solution or individual into a binary string. This string is called genotype of the solution. To evaluate the goodness of the solution, we should decode the genotype to \_\_\_\_\_. Only genotype evolves during evolution.
- The goodness of a solution is called the \_\_\_\_\_. We need a method to evaluate the \_\_\_\_\_ of a given solution. This method may not be given in a closed form formula.
- There are mainly three genetic operations in GA, namely, selection, crossover, and \_\_\_\_\_. Together they produce new candidate solutions for further evolution. \_\_\_\_\_ is important for preserving the diversity of the population.
- In PSO, each candidate solution is called a \_\_\_\_\_. We need to keep the current position and velocity of a \_\_\_\_\_ in the search process.
- In PSO, each particle learns by itself. There are main two factors for learning. One is the personal factor, and another is \_\_\_\_\_ factor. The latter is important for “information sharing”.