D-Link Confidential

SO(Shared Object) File API for DNH

NMSDD, D-Link

Revision History

Version	Date	Author	Reviewer	Description
0.0.23	2020/11/11	Jerome Cheng		libLANSetting.so: 1. setLANSetting: config IPv4 by dhcpcd.conf. 2. getLANSetting: enhance the method to get IPv4 DNS from /etc/resolv.conf 3. setLANSettingIpv6: config IPv4 by dhcpcd.conf, /etc/resolv.conf.head, /etc/sysctl.conf 4. getLANSettingIpv6: get IPv6 LAN setting. 5. getIpv6Provision: get IPv6 provision type.
0.0.22	2020/11/6	Tony Ting		libDB.so: 6. setFOTASetting: add 8: Every day in the 'nWeekday' parameter
0.0.21	2020/11/3	Jerome Cheng		libFTPClient.so: enhance upload function with building destination path capability.
0.0.20	2020/9/22	Jerome Cheng		libDatetimeSetting.so: add function for city datetime 1. setCityDatetime 2. getCityDatetime 3. getCityDst
0.0.19	2020/9/22	Tony Ting		libDB.so: add function for FOTA 1. getFirmwareInfo 2. setFirmwareReleaseNote 3. setFirmwareDateTime
0.0.18	2020/8/14	Jerome Cheng		libSystem.so: update function 1. getFotaStatus 2. setFotaStatus libHdd.so: update function 1. getHddFlag 2. setHddFlag
0.0.17	2020/8/13	Tony Ting		libDB.so: add function 1. getDeviceUUID 2. setFOTASetting 3. getFOTASetting 4. startFOTAScript 5. analyzeFirmwareInfo 6. setFOTAUpdateStatus 7. getFOTAUpdateStatus
0.0.16	2020/7/21	Jerome Cheng		1. Add getPerformance function to offer performance information. 2. Add getHddFlag/setHddFlag functions to handle HDD initialization messages. 3. Add getWebAccessPort/setWebAccessPort functions to access web access port data in system-data.db. 4. Add runMdns function to execute mDNS function. 5. Change updateDnssdRecord function name to runDnssd. 6. Add lanPortStatus, nvrVersion items in getSystemInfo return data.
0.0.15	2020/6/29	Jerome Cheng		1. Add hddEject function

				2. Add getDaylightSaving function to offer daylight saving information. 3. Add web access port and daylight saving messages in getSystemInfo function 4. Add updateDnssdRecord function to maintain DNS-SD records. 5. Update set/getDatetime, set/getTimezone description.
0.0.14	2020/6/8	Jerome Cheng		1. Add setLANSettingIpv6, getLANSettingIpv6 to handle IPv6 function. 2. Add setDaylightSaving to handle daylight saving function. 3. Add FTP upload function.
0.0.13	2020/5/26	Jerome Cheng		For DNH-200 SO API: 1. Enhance setTimezone with daylight saving. 2. Enhance setPowerLed to control power LED and setSsoLed to control blue LED. 3. Add setLANSettingIpv6, getLANSettingIpv6 to handle IPv6 function. 4. Enhance setLANSetting to change LED as IP provision. 5. Enhance getSystemInfo to offer system performance message. 6. Enhance SO API to sync DNS-SD messages. 7. Add libSystem.so shutdown. Add libHdd.so hddInitialize, hddFormat
0.0.12	2019/09/09	Tony Ting		Add libLog.so: addEventLog
0.0.11	2019/07/08	Tony Ting		libDB.so: add function 1. getHWVersion 2. getNCVersion 3. getSSOStatus 4. getNCStatus 5. getDDPv5ClientVersion 6. setNCStatus 7. setSSOStatus 8. setDDPv5ClientVersion
0.0.10	2019/06/13	Jerome Cheng		Remove 2 so files. 1. libReboot.so 2. libFactoryReset.so
0.0.9	2019/05/31	Tony Ting		libDB.so: add function to get firmware version 1. getFirmwareVersion 2. getFirmwareVersionFull
0.0.8	2019/05/03	Jerome Cheng		Add two fw upgrade APIs 1. getFirmwareUpgradeStatus 2. setFirmwareUpgradeStatus
0.0.7	2019/04/26	Tony Ting Jerome Cheng		1. Add libFTPClient, libFWValidate, libUtilityTar 2. Add doChangDAA parameter for setLANSetting SO API
0.0.6	2019/3/12	Jerome Cheng		Modify *setLANSetting* API implement on RK3328
0.0.5	2019/3/8	Jerome Cheng		Add the 4th Chapter: SO API in RK3328 SDK
0.0.4	2019/03/05	Austin Chen		1. Add fwUpgrade return value and process
0.0.3	2019/3/4	Redd Lin		2. Difference between Debian and embedded linux 3. Add partial so code Add nodejs use .so

0.0.2	2019/2/27	Redd Lin		Difference between Debian and unknown OS
0.0.1	2019/1/31	Jerome Cheng		Initial version

Table of Contents

1. Requirement

Web、CLI、DDPv5 都會對 DNH 進行操作，為提升程式開發的效率與降低維護的成本，將這些操作以共享函式庫的方式來實作，就是實際執行的動作由 so 檔的執行，Web、CLI、DDPv5 呼叫 so 檔所提供的 API 即可。

2. SO API list

此章節列表中的函式是 DNH-100 中 Web、CLI、DDPv5 所有功能 SO API 的介面。

在呼叫 SO API 修改設定時有三種情境，一是暫時性的設定，在系統 Reboot 後就得恢復成原本的設定，二是永久性的設定，API 下了設定之後，系統 Reboot 後是修改後的設定，三是在做了暫時性的設定後，將暫時性的設定改變成永久性的設定。

SO API 透過參數<isPermanent>來決定要做暫時性或是永久性的設定。
SO API 修改設定時，會直接修改系統的設定檔，即為永久性的設定。為了因應暫時性的設定，在 API 做暫時性設定的動作，系統中會建立一個備用設定檔紀錄該設定值當前的設定，系統 Reboot 後透過程式讀取這個備用設定檔，將設定值設定到系統對應的設定檔裡頭。若程式檢查發現沒有這個備用設定檔，就不做動作。
所以，若當使用者想將暫時性的設定改變成永久性的設定時，我們只要刪除這個備用設定檔便可以了。這個刪除備用設定檔的動作會透過 libCLI.so 檔中的 save 函式進行。

SO File Name			
Function	Description	Input Parameters	Return Value
libLANSetting.so			
int **setLANSetting** (int isPermanent, int isDHCP, char *argIpAddress, char *argNetmask, char *argGateway, int nDnsType, char *argDNS1, char *argDNS2, int flagUpdateDaa)	Set LAN setting 參數 isDHCP, strIPAddress, strNetmask, strGateway, strDNS1, strDNS2 的值若為 -1(“-1”)時，維持系統設定值 IP provision: Power LED blink orange	1. isPermanent 0: temporary 1: permanent 2. isDHCP 0: static 1: DHCP 3. argIPAddress 4. argNetmask 5. argGateway 6. nDnsType 7. argDNS1	Integer type: 0: Failed 1: Successful 2: Invalid permanet type 3: Invalid isDHCP value 4: Invalid IPv4 address 5: Invalid netmask 6: Invalid gateway

3.1 setLANSetting		8. argDNS2 9. flagUpdateDaa	7: Invalid DNS type 8: Invalid primary DNS 9: Invalid secondary DNS 10: Invalid flagUpdateDaa

char ***getLANSetting**()
 	
3.40 getLANSetting
	Get LAN setting information	void	JSON string type:
			{
			"ipmode": "<IP mode>",
			"ip": "<IPv4 address>",
			"netmask": "<netmask>",
			"gateway": "<gateway>",
			"dns1": "<DNS 1>",
			"dns2": "<DNS 2>",
			"tmpIp": "<IPv4 address>",
			"tmpNetmask": "<netmask>",
			"tmpGateway": "<gateway>",
			"tmpDns1": "<DNS 1>",
			"tmpDns2": "<DNS 2>",
			"dnsType": <IPv4 DNS type>
			}

int **setLANSettingIpv6** (int isPermanent, char *argProvision, char *argIpv6Address, int nPrefixLength, char *argGateway, int nDnsType,	Set IPv6 LAN setting.	1. isPermanent 0: temporary 1: permanent 2. argProvision "Static", "Auto", "Local"	Integer type: 0: Failed 1: Successful 2: Invalid permanent type 3: Invalid IPv6 provision type

char *argDns1, char *argDns2, int flagUpdateDaa) 3.41 setLANSettingIpv6		3. argIpv6Address 4. nPrefixLength: 1~128 5. argGateway 6. nDnsType 7. argDns1 8. argDns2 9. flagUpdateDaa 0: No 1: Yes	4: Invalid IPv6 address 5: Invalid prefix length 6: Invalid gateway 7: Invalid DNS type 8: Invalid primary DNS 9: Invalid secondary DNS 10: Invalid flagUpdateDaa
char ***getLANSettingIpv6**() 3.42 getLANSettingIpv6	Get IPv6 LAN setting information	void	JSON string type: { "**ipv6Provision**": "<IPv6 provision>", "**ipv6Address**": "<IPv6 address>", "**ipv6PrefixLength**": <IPv6 prefix length>, "**ipv6LinkLocal**": "<link-local address>" "**ipv6Gateway**": "<IPv6 gateway>", "**ipv6DnsType**": <IPv6 DNS type>, "**ipv6Dns1**": "<IPv6 DNS 1>", "**ipv6Dns2**": "<IPv6 DNS 2>", "**ipv6TmpAddress**": "<IPv6 address>", "**ipv6TmpPrefixLength**": <IPv6 prefix length>, "**ipv6TmpGateway**": "<IPv6 gateway>",

			"**ipv6TmpDns1**": "<IPv6 DNS 1>", "**ipv6TmpDns2**": "<IPv6 DNS 2>" }
char ***getIpv6Provision**() 3.43 getIpv6Provision	Get IPv6 provision type.	void	String type: 1. "Static" 2. "Auto" 3. "Local"
libDatetimeSetting.so			
int **setDatetime** (int isPermanent, int enableNTPServer, char* strServerAddress, char* strDatetime) 3.2 setDatetime	Set NTP server or datetime	1. isPermanent integer type 1: permanent 0: temporary 2. enableNTPServer integer type 0: disable NTP 1: enable NTP 2: disable NTP and set datetime 3. strServerAddress string type, domain name 4. strDatetime string type and format is "YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm:ss" 1.	integer type 0: Failed 1: Success 2: Invalid permanent type 3: Invalid enable type 4: Invalid NTP Server 5: Invalid datetime 6: DB does not exist 7 Table does not exist

char ***getDatetime**(void)		void	1. Json string type:
			{
			"ntpEnable": <ntpEnable>,
			"ntpServer": "<ntpServer>",
			"datetime": "<datetime>"
			}
			2. "ErrDB": Error:

			DB does not exist 3. “ErrTable”: Error: Table does not exist
int **setTimezone** (int isPermanent, char* strTimezone,) 3.3 setTimezone	Set time zone	1. isPermanent 0: temporary 1: permanent 2. strTimezone 1. time zone id in NC. E.x. “56” 2. area name. E.x. “Taipei”	integer type: 0: Failed 1: Success 2: Invalid permanent type 3: Invalid timezone id 4: DB does not exist 5: Table does not exist

char ***getTimezone**(void)		void	1. Json string type:
			{
			“tzID”: <tzID>,
			“tzNameNC”: “<tzNameNC>”
			}
			2. “ErrDB”: Error: DB does not exist
			3. “ErrTable”: Error: Table does not exist

int **setDaylightSaving** (int isdst, int offsetSeconds, int startMonth, int startWeek, int startDay, char* startTime, int endMonth, int endWeek, int endDay, char* endTime	Set daylight saving	1. isdst 0: GMT time 1: daylight saving time 2. offsetSeconds 3. startMonth 4. startWeek 5. startDay 6. startTime 7. endMonth 8. endWeek	integer type: 0: Failed 1: Success 2: Invalid daylight saving type 3: Invalid offset seconds 4: Invalid start month value 5: Invalid start week value

)		9. endDay 10. endTime	6: Invalid start week day value 7: Invalid start time value 8: Invalid end month value 9: Invalid end week value 10: Invalid end week day value 11: Invalid end time value 12: Invalid start time and end time

char
*getDaylightSaving()
			Json string type:
			{
			“isdst”: <isdst>,
			“offsetSeconds”: < offsetSeconds >,
			“startMonth”: < startMonth >,
			“startWeek”: < startWeek >,
			“startDay”: < startDay >,
			“startTime”: “< startTime >”,
			“endMonth”: < endMonth >,
			“endWeek”: < endWeek >,
			“endDay”: < endDay >,
			“endTime”: “< endTime >”,
			“isInDstPeriod”:<isInDstPeriod>
			}

int **setCityDatetime**(char *strCityId, int isManualTimezone, int offsetSeconds, int startMonth, int startWeek, int startDay, char *startTime, int endMonth, int endWeek, int endDay, char *endTime)	設定城市時間 當 strCityId 為 NULL，so api 取當前 City ID 進行城市時間設定。 自動配置: isManualTimezone=0 手動配置: isManualTimezone=1 以及第 3 個參數到第 11 個參數都要有值。	1. strCityId 2. isManualTimezone 3. offsetSeconds 4. startMonth 5. startWeek 6. startDay 7. startTime 8. endMonth 9. endWeek 10. endDay 11. endTime	integer type 0: Failed 1: Successful 2: Invalid city ID 3: Invalid isManualTimezone value 4: Invalid DST offset seconds 5: Invalid DST start month 6: Invalid DST start week 7: Invalid DST start weekday 8: Invalid DST start time 9: Invalid DST end month 10: Invalid DST end week 11: Invalid DST end weekday 12: Invalid DST end time 13: Invalid DST start time and end time
char ***getCityDatetime**()	取得 DNH 當前設定的城市時間訊息。 若城市無夏令時間，offsetSeconds 的值為 0。	N/A	json string type: { "tzID": "<City ID>", "tzNameNC": "<City Name>", "isManualTimezone": <isManualTimezone>, "offsetSeconds": <offsetSeconds>,

			"startMonth": <startMonth>, "startWeek": <startWeek>, "startDay": <startDay>, "startTime": "<startTime>", "endMonth": <endMonth>, "endWeek": <endWeek>, "endDay": <endDay>, "endTime": "<endTime>", "isInDstPeriod":<isInDstPeriod>, "tzPosix": "<posix string>" }
char ***getCityDst**(char *strCityId)	取得城市 TZ file 的夏令時間，顯示在 Web UI 提供使用者設定。 若城市無夏令時間，offsetSeconds 的值為 0。	1. strCityId	{ "tzID": "<City ID>", "offsetSeconds": <offsetSeconds>, "startMonth": <startMonth>, "startWeek": <startWeek>, "startDay": <startDay>, "startTime": "<startTime>", "endMonth": <endMonth>, "endWeek": <endWeek>, "endDay":

			<endDay>, "endTime": "<endTime>" }
libConsoleSetting.so			
int **setConsoleSetting**(int enableConsole, char *strProtocol, int nTimeoutSec)	Set console -Telnet -SSH -disabled Set console timeout -300 seconds -0 (Never)	enableConsole 1: enable 0: disable -1: no action strProtocol “telnet”: Telnet “ssh”: SSH “-1”: no action nTimeoutSec 300: 300 seconds 0: no timeout -1: no action	integer type: 1: Success 2: enableConsole invalid 3: strProtocol invalid 4: nTimeoutSec invalid

char ***getConsoleSetting**(
void)
			Json string type:
			{
			“enable”: <enable>,
			“protocol”: “<protocol>”,
			“timeout”: <timeout>
			}

libCLI.so			
char ***getSystemInfo** () 3.7 getSystemInfo	Get system information (device version, mac address, ip info, USB/Miscro SD usage, firmware version example, v1.00r010, NTP server, Datetime, Timezone) For DNH-100/200		System information Json DNH-100/200 { “**webAccessPort**”: “<webAccessPort>”, “**lanPortStatus**”: <lanPortStatus>, “**dstStatus**”: <dstStatus>,

	- NC web access port
	- LAN port status
	- daylight saving information
	
	For DNH-200
	- NVR version
			"**dstOffset**": <dstOffset>,
			"**dstStart**": <dstStart>,
			"**dstEnd**": <dstEnd>
			}
			
			For DNH-200
			{
			"**nvrVersion**": "<NVR version>"
			}

int **setAdminPassword**(char* password) 3.9 setAdminPassword	Set admin password, and change "state" message in DNS-SD to "Operational".	1. password	integer type 0: Failed 1: Success
int **save**() 3.10 save	Save all settings to DNH-100		integer type 0: Failed 1: Success
int **setDeviceName**(char *strDeviceName)	Set device name, and change "name" message in DNS-SD.	strDeviceName	integer type 0: Failed 1: Success
char ***getPerformance**()	DNH-200 performance items: 1. CPU temperature (單位度 C) 2. CPU loading (%) 3. Memory usage (total/used) 4. System usage 5. USB usage 6. HDD model 7. HDD storage (total/used) 8. HDD NC partition (total/used) 9. HDD NVR log		Json string type { "**cpuTemp**": "<CPU temperature>", "**cpuLoading**": "<CPU loading>", "**memUsage**": "<Memory usage>", "**sysUsage**": "<System usage>", "**usbUsage**": "<USB usage>", "**hddModel**": "<HDD model>", "**hddStorage**": "<HDD

	partition (total/used) 10. HDD NVR record partition (total/used) 11. Tx, Rx bit count per second		storage>, "**hddNc**": "<HDD NC>", "**hddNvrLog**": "<HDD NVR log>", "**hddNvrRecord**": "<HDD NVR record>", "**rxtx**": "<Rx and Tx bit count per second>" }
int **getWebAccessPort**(void)	Get web access port		integer type <web access port>
int **setWebAccessPort**(int nPortNumber)	Set web access port	1. nPortNumber	integer type 0: Failed 1: Success
libFTPClient.so			
int **download** (char* strIpAddr, int nPort, char* strlogin, char* strPassword, char* strSrcFilePath, char* strFileName, char* strDesFilePath) 3.11 download	Only support FTP portal (non-sFTP and non-tFTP)	1. strIpAddr 2. nPort 3. strlogin 4. strPassword 5. strSrcFilePath 6. strFileName 7. strDesFilePath	integer type 1. Success 2. Error: FTP server does not exist 3. Error: FW file does not exist 4. Error: Destination path does not existent 5. Error: Timeout 6. Error: Login Fail
int **upload**(char* strIpAddr, int nPort, char* strlogin, char* strPassword, char* strFileName, char* strSrcFilePath, int nBuildPath);	Support FTP upload	1. strIpAddr 2. nPort 3. strlogin 4. strPassword 5. strFileName: destination path 6. strSrcFilePath 7. nBuildPath 0: Check path but not build path. 1: Check path and build path.	integer type 1. Success 2. Error: FTP server does not exist 3. Error: Destination file does not exist 4. Error: Source file does not exist 5. Error: Timeout 6. Error: Login Fail 7. Error: Invalid nBuildPath value

			8. Error: Not permitted to build destination path
libFWValidate.so			
int **checkHeaderAndPayload** (char* strFilePath, char* strFileName) 3.12 checkHeaderrAndPayload	1. Header model name is dnh100 2. Payload decryption via AES256-CTR	1. strFilePath 2. strFileName	integer type 1: Valid 2: Invalid: FW file does not exist 3: Invalid: Header is incorrect 4: Invalid: Payload is incorrect
libUtilityTar.so			
int **unTar** (char* strFilePath, char* strFileName, char* strDesFilePath) 3.13 unTar	Support .tar and .tar.gz format	1. strFilePath 2. strFileName 3. strDesFilePath	integer type 1: Success 2: Error: File does not exist 3: Error: File is not tar format 4: Error: Destination path does not exist.
libDB.so			
int **getFirmwareUpgradeStatus**() 3.14 getFirmwareUpgradeStatus	Get firmware upgrade status from system-data.db	N/A	integer type 0: Firmware upgrade is Idle 1: Firmware upgrade is busy 2: Error: DB of system-data.db does not exist. 3: Error: Table does not exist.
int **setFirmwareUpgradeStatus**(int nStatus) 3.15 setFirmwareUpgradeStat	Set firmware upgrade status into system-data.db	nStatus 0: Idle 1: Busy	integer type 1: Success 2: Error: DB of system-data.db does not exist 3: Error: Table of

us			firmware does not exist. 4: Firmware upgrade is busy 5: Error: input parameter is invalid.
char* **getFirmwareVersion**() 3.16 getFirmwareVersion	Get current firmware version without svn version	N/A	string type “<x.x.x>” “2”: Error: DB of system-data.db does not exist. “3”: Error: Table of firmware does not exist. “4”: Error: Table of firmware has no data.
char* **getFirmwareVersionFull**() 3.17 getFirmwareVersionFull	Get current firmware version with svn version	N/A	string type “<x.x.x.x>” “2”: Error: DB of system-data.db does not exist. “3”: Error: Table of firmware does not exist. “4”: Error: Table of firmware has no data.
char* **getHWVersion**() 3.18 getHWVersion	Get hardware version	N/A	string type “<A-Z><1-999>”
char* **getNCVersion**() 3.19 getNCVersion	Get Nuclias Connect Version	N/A	string type “<x.x.x.x>” “2”: Error: DB of system-data.db does not exist. “3”: Error: Table of Start_NC does not

			exist. “4”: Error: Table of Start_NC has no data.
char* **getSSOStatus**() 3.20 getSSOStatus	Get Single Sign On Status	N/A	string type “Enabled” “Enabled (time out) “Enable (Nuclias Server is under maintenance)” “Disabled” “2”: Error: DB of system-data.db does not exist. “3”: Error: Table of SSO does not exist. “4”: Error: Table of SSO has no data.
int **getNCStatus**() 3.21 getNCStatus	Get NC status	N/A	integer type 0: stop 1: running
char* **getDDPv5ClientVersion**() 3.22 getDDPv5ClientVersion	Get current ddpv5 client version	N/A	string type “<x.x.x.x>” “2”: Error: DB of system-data.db does not exist. “3”: Error: Table of DDPv5 does not exist. “4”: Error: Table of DDPv5 has no data.
int **setNCStatus**(int nStatus) 3.23 setNCStatus	Set NC Status into system-data.db	nStatus 0: stop 1: running	integer type 1: Success 2: Error: DB of system-data.db does not exist 3: Error: Table of Start_NC does not

			exist. 4: Error: Table of Start_NC has no data. 5: Error: input parameter is invalid.
int **setSSOStatus**(char* strStatus) 3.24 setSSOStatus	Set SSO Status into system-data.db	strStatus	integer type 1: Success 2: Error: DB of system-data.db does not exist 3: Error: Table of SSO does not exist. 4: Error: Table of SSO has no data.
int **setDDPv5ClientVersion**(char* strVersion) 3.25 setDDPv5ClientVersion	set ddpv5 client version	string type strVersion “<x.x.x.x>”	integer type 1: Success 2: Error: DB of system-data.db does not exist. 3: Error: Table of DDPv5 does not exist. 4: Error: Table of DDPv5 has no data.
char* **getDeviceUUID**() 3.28 getDeviceUUID	Get device uuid of dnh100	N/A	string type
int **setFOTASetting** (int nEnable, int nWeekday, int nHour, int nMinute, int nUpdateBetaFw) 3.29 setFOTASetting	Record the FOTA setting in the database and start the FOTA script.	1. nEnable Integer 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 2. nWeekday Integer, 1 ~ 8 1: Monday 2: Tuesday 3: Wednesday 4: Thursday	Integer 1: Success 2: Error: Invalid Input Parameter 3: Error: The system-data.db does not exist. 4: Error: The Firmware table does not exist.

		5: Friday 6: Saturday 7: Sunday 8: Every day 3. nHour Integer, 0 ~ 23 4. nMinute Integer, 0 ~ 59 5. nUpdateBetaFw Integer 0: Disabled 1: Enabled Note: If the “nEnable” is 0, the “nWeekday”, “nHour”, “nMinute”, and “nUpdateBetaFw” will not be updated to the database.	5: Error: The Firmware table has no data.
char* **getFOTASetting** () 3.30 getFOTASetting	Get FOTA auto update settings from the database.	N/A	String JSON format
int **startFOTAScript**() 3.31 startFOTAScript	The FOTA script will be executed if the auto is enabled.	N/A	Integer 1: Success 2: Error: The system-data.db does not exist. 3: Error: The Firmware table does not exist. 4: Error: The Firmware table has no data.
char* **analyzeFirmwareInfo**(int nMajor, int nMinor,	Analysis firmware information and call the soapi **“setFotaStatus”** to	1. nMajor Integer, 1~99 2. nMinor Integer, 0~999	String JSON format

int nRev, char* strFirmwareInfoFromFOTA, int nUpdateBetaFw) 3.32 analyzeFirmwareInfo	update the firmware status and DNS-SD	3. nRev Integer, 0~999 4. strFrimwareInfoFromFOTA String 5. nUpdateBetwFw Integer 0: Disabled 1: Enabled	
int **setFOTAUpdateStatus**(int nStatus) 3.33 setFOTAUpdateStatus	Record the FOTA firmware update status in the database	Integer 0: Idle 1: Running	Integer 1: Success 2: Error: Invalid Input Parameter 3: Error: The system-data.db does not exist. 4: Error: The Firmware table does not exist. 5: Error: The Firmware table has no data.
int **getFOTAUpdateStatus**() 3.34 getFOTAUpdateStatus	Get the FOTA firmware update status from the database	N/A	Integer 0: Idle 1: Running 2: Error: The system-data.db does not exist. 3: Error: The Firmware table does not exist. 4: Error: The Firmware table has no data.
char* **getFirmwareInfo**() 3.37 getFirmwareInfo	Get current DNH firmware information.	N/A	String JSON format
int	Record the firmware	String	Integer

setFirmwareReleaseNote(char* strReleaseNote) 3.38 setFirmwareReleaseNote	release note in the database		1: Success 2: Error: The system-data.db does not exist. 3: Error: The Firmware table does not exist. 4: Error: The Firmware table has no data.
int **setFirmwareDateTime(** char* strDateTime) 3.39 setFirmwareDateTime	Record the update date time	String	Integer 1: Success 2: Error: The system-data.db does not exist. 3: Error: The Firmware table does not exist. 4: Error: The Firmware table has no data.
libLog.so			
int addEventLog(char* strMessage, int nEventType) 3.26 addEventLog	add event log in ramdisk and external syslog server	strMessage: "....." nEventType: 1: Device Management 3: Duplicate Task 4: Timeout Task 5: Invalid HTTP Messagge 6: Initialization 9: Firmware Upgrade	integer type 1: Success 2: Error: config-data.db doesn't exist 3: Error: config-data.db(CWM_Database_Setting) doesn't exist. 4: Error: log-data.db doesn't exist. 5: Error: log-data.db(CWM_Log_SystemEvent) doesn't exist. 6: Error: external syslog server doesn't

<table>
<tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>exist.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">libLed.so</td></tr>
<tr><td>int setPowerLed(int ledColor1, int ledColor2)</td><td>Set power LED color and control it with blink or not.</td><td>ledColor1
0: off
1: red
2: green
3: orange

ledColor2
-1: not blink
0: off
1: red
2: green
3: orange

Example<table><tr><th>c1</th><th>c2</th><th>LED</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>-1</td><td>Solid red</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>Blink red</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>Blink red /green</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>-1</td><td>Solid green</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>0</td><td>Blink green</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>-1</td><td>Solid orange</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>0</td><td>Blink orange</td></tr></table></td><td>integer type
0: Failed
1: Success</td></tr>
<tr><td>int setSsoLed(int nSsoMode)</td><td>Set SSO LED

For DNH-100
1. Disable: green
2. Enable: orange
3. Enable but failed: blink orange

For DNH-200</td><td>nSsoMode
0: Disabled
1: Enabled
2: Enabled, but timeout
3: Enabled, but server stop</td><td>integer type
1: Success
2: Error: DB of system-data.db does not exist
3: Error: Table of SSO does not exist.
4: Error: Table of SSO has no data.</td></tr>
</table>

	1. Disable: blue LED off 2. Enable: blue LED on 3. Enable but failed: blue LED off		
libSystem.so			
int **runMdns**()	Update mDNS hostname	void	integer type 0: Failed 1: Success
int **runDnssd**()	Update DNS-SD records 1. manufacturer 2. type 3. line 4. series 5. model 6. hwVer 7. fwVariant 8. fwVer 9. hwId 10. uuid 11. name 12. state 13. fota	void	integer type 0: Failed 1: Success
int **getFotaStatus**(void)	Get FOTA status.		integer type 1: UpToDate 2: Available 3: Mandatory
int **setFotaStatus**(int nFotaStatus)	Set FOTA status into DB and update DNS-SD records.	nFotaStatus 1: UpToDate 2: Available 3: Mandatory	integer type 0: Failed 1: Success 2: Invalid FOTA status
libHdd.so			
int **getHddFlag**(void) 3.35 getHddFlag	Recognize HDD status by the files in /tmp: 1. newhdds: HDD	void	integer type **0**: There is no HDD mounted on DNH-

	mounted 2. newhddu: HDD initialize error 3. newhdd1: HDD NC partition mounted 4. newhdd2: HDD NVR1 partition mounted 5. newhdd3: HDD NVR2 partition mounted		200. **1**: HDD is new or the formation is not valid for DNH-200. **2**: HDD is failed to initialize on DNH-200. **3**: HDD is ok to use for DNH-200 with the partition sizes for 1.0.0 version. **-1**: error status
char ***setHddFlag**(int nResponse) 3.36 setHddFlag	Initialize HDD by /etc/hdd_init.sh	nResponse **0**: No, do not initialize the HDD. **1**: Yes, initialize the HDD.	integer type **0**: Failed **1**: Successful **2**: Response value is invalid
libBuzzer.so			
int runBuzzer()			integer type 0: Failed 1: Success

3. SO API Definition

3.1 setLANSetting

Function
int **setLANSetting**(int isPermanent, int isDHCP, char *argIpAddress, char *argNetmask, char *argGateway, int nDnsType, char *argDns1, char *argDns2, int flagUpdateDaa)
Parameter
1. **isPermanent**: integer, 0: LAN setting is temporary, 1: LAN setting is permanent. 2. **isDHCP**: integer, 0: Static, 1: DHCP. 3. **argIpAddress**: string, IPv4 address format, 若要使用當前系統設定值，可帶"-1". 4. **argNetmask**: string, IPv4 address format, 若要使用當前系統設定值，可帶"-1". 5. **argGateway**: string, IPv4 address format, 若要使用當前系統設定值，可帶"-1"，若不設定

gateway, 帶"".

6. **nDnsType**: integer, 0: Auto, 1: Manual.
7. **argDns1**: string, IPv4 address format, 若要使用當前系統設定值, 可帶"-1", 若不設定 gateway, 帶"".
8. **argDns2**: string, IPv4 address format, 若要使用當前系統設定值, 可帶"-1", 若不設定 gateway, 帶"".
9. **flagUpdateDaa**: integer, for static setting, 0: do not sync IPv4 address to DAA, 1: sync IPv4 to DAA. 當設定 DHCP, 參數值給 0.

Return value

Integer type:

0: Failed

1: Successful

2: Invalid permanet type

3: Invalid isDHCP value

4: Invalid IPv4 address

5: Invalid netmask

6: Invalid gateway

7: Invalid DNS type

8: Invalid primary DNS

9: Invalid secondary DNS

10: Invalid flagUpdateDaa

Content

■ 驗證參數

■ 若 isPermanent 值為 1, 表示是永久性設定，將 IPv4 設定值存入 DB system-data.db 的 **LAN** 表。

#	欄位	變數	說明
1	lanSettingType	isDHCP	值為 0 存入"static" 值為 1 存入"dhcp"
2	ipAddress	argIpAddress	IPv4 format
3	netMask	argNetmask	IPv4 format
4	gateway	argGateway	IPv4 format
5	primaryDNS	argDns1	IPv4 format
6	secondaryDNS	argDns2	IPv4 format
7	dnsType	nDnsType	0: Auto, 1: Manual

以下動作不管 isPermanent 值為 0 或 1 都會進行。

- 當 isDHCP 值為 0 且 flagUpdateDaa 值為 1，將 argIpAddress 資料同步到 DAA，DAA 的欄位為[system-data.db].System.device_access_address。
  當 isDHCP 值為 1, 忽略 flagUpdateDaa。

- 檢查要做 IPv4 的設定與當前的 IPv4 設定相同，若相同則不進行後續設定，回傳 1 (Success)。

- 設定 IPv4 LAN setting
  - **判斷 isDHCP 值為 0, Static**

設定 IP 與 Netmask /etc/dhcpcd.conf 設定	static ip_address="<argIpAddress>/<argNetmask prefix length>"
若設定 gateway 在 /etc/dhcpcd.conf 設定	static routers="<argGateway>"
若設定 IPv4 DNS 在 /etc/dhcpcd.conf 設定, 兩組 DNS 中間用空格區分	static domain_name_servers="<argDns1> <argDns2>"
執行指令	ifconfig eth0 down ifconfig eth0 up

  - **判斷 isDHCP 值為 1, DHCP**

/etc/dhcpcd.conf	清掉靜態的 LAN setting (IP, Netmask, gateway, DNS)
若 nDnsType 值為 1 則設定 IPv4 DNS 在 /etc/dhcpcd.conf 設定, 兩組 DNS 中間用空格區分	static domain_name_servers="<argDns1> <argDns2>"
執行指令	ifconfig eth0 down ifconfig eth0 up

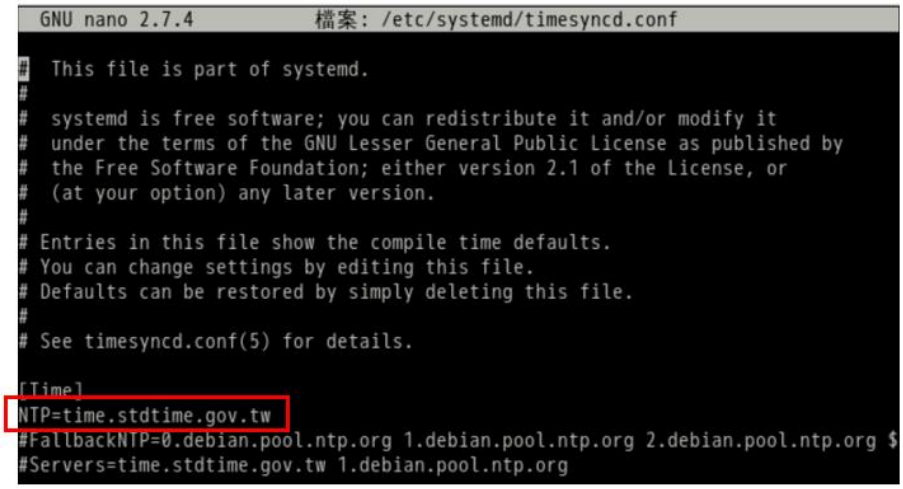
- 將數值存入 DB system-data.db 的 **LAN_Temp** 表中以下欄位。

#	欄位	變數	說明
1	lanSettingType	isDHCP	值為 0 存入"static" 值為 1 存入"dhcp"
2	ipAddress	argIpAddress	IPv4 format
3	Netmask	argNetmask	IPv4 format

4	Gateway	argGateway	IPv4 format
5	primaryDNS	argDns1	IPv4 format
6	secondaryDNS	argDns2	IPv4 format
7	dnsType	nDnsType	0: Auto, 1: Manual

3.2 setDatetime

函數
int **setDatetime** (int isPermanent, int enableNTPServer, char* strServerAddress, char* strDatetime)
參數
1. isPermanent 0: temporary 1: permanent 2. enableNTPServer 0: disable 1: enable 3. strServerAddress 4. strDatetime: the value should be “YYYY/MM/DD hh:mm:ss”.
回傳值
0: Fail 1: Success
內容
此 API 是 libDatetimeSetting.so 檔設定 NTP Server 的 API，系統環境是 Debian。 **<修改系統設定檔之前>** 將數值更新到 DB CWM_LanSetting_Info table。 **<修改系統設定檔>** 根據<enable NTP server>參數進行 Date Time 的設定。 1. 若<enable NTP server>為 1，Enable NTP server A. 設定 NTP server, 修改檔案 /etc/systemd/timesyncd.conf, 檔案內容格式為 [Time] NTP={NTP Server}



B. 設定完 NTP server 後，再利用以下指令將 NTP 功能開啟，開啟後系統即會去檔案所指定的位置進行 NTP 的時間同步

$ timedatectl set-ntp true

C. (補充說明) NTP 同步的間隔在 32 秒~2048 秒間(為 default 值)

https://www.freedesktop.org/software/systemd/man/timesyncd.conf.html

2. 若<enable NTP server>為 0，Disable NTP server

A. 利用以下指令將 NTP 功能關閉，設定完成系統就會將 NTP 給關閉，不再自動與 NTP 做時間同步。

$ timedatectl set-ntp false

B. 利用以下指令設定系統 date time.

$ date -s '{Datetime}'

C. (補充說明)若要手動調整時間，必須先將 NTP 關閉，不然時間又會同步回來

<若無法修改系統設定檔>

將 DB CWM_DateTimeSetting_Info table 的數值還原。

.so 檔 (.c 檔的 code) setDatetime、setTimezone、setNTPDDisable 會寫在同個.so 檔裡

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int setDatetime(int isPermanent, int enableNTPServer, char*
strServerAddress, char* strDatetime) {

  // 目前只寫了殼，實作邏輯待補
```

```
  return 1;

}

int setTimezone(int isPermanent, char* strTZName) {
  // 目前只寫了殼，實作邏輯待補

  return 1;
}

Int setNTPDDisable() {
  // 目前只寫了殼，實作邏輯待補

  return 1;
}
```

Nodejs use .so

需先安裝 ffi 套件

```
var dateTimeSettingSO = ffi.Library(soPath + '/libDatetimeSetting.so', {
    'setDatetime' : [
        'int', [
            'int',
            'int',
            'string',
            'string'
        ]
    ]
});

var dateTimeSettingResult = dateTimeSettingSO.setDatetime(1, enableNTP, NTPServer, dateTimeString);
```

指令 in Debian	指令 in embedded linux
設定時間 date -s 'YYYY/MM/DD hh:mm:ss'	**[格式需修改]** **設定時間** ~~date -s 'YYYY/MM/DD hh:mm:ss'~~ date -s 'YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm:ss'
設定 ntp 利用 timedatectl 套件 1. nano /etc/systemd/timesyncd.conf 2. timedatectl set-ntp true	**[需要安裝套件 timedatectl]** **設定 ntp** 無 timedatectl 可使用，但目前不知如何安裝套件，暫無替代方案。

3.3 setTimezone

函數
int **setTimezone**(int isPermanent, char* strTimezone, int isdst, int offsetSeconds, int startMonth, int startWeek, int startDay, char* startTime, int endMonth, int endWeek, int endDay, char* endTime)
參數
1. isPermanent 0: temporary 1: permanent 2. strTimezone: the value should be timezone id or timezone name. 3. isdst 0: GMT time 1: daylight saving time 4. offsetSeconds 5. startMonth 6. startWeek 7. startDay 8. startTime 9. endMonth 10. endWeek 11. endDay 12. endTime
回傳值
0: Fail 1: Success
內容
此 API 是 libDatetimeSetting.so 檔設定 Datetime 的 API。 利用以下指令設定 time zone, <timezone>為對應的時區 $ ln -sf /usr/share/zoneinfo/Etc/<timezone> /etc/localtime
Nodejs use .so
需先安裝 `ffi` 套件

```
var dateTimeSettingSO = ffi.Library(soPath + '/libDatetimeSetting.so', {
    'setTimezone' : [
        'int', [
            'int',
            'string'
        ]
    ]
});

var dateTimeSettingResult = dateTimeSettingSO.setTimezone(1, TZname);
```

3.7 getSystemInfo

函數
char ***getSystemInfo** ()
參數
無
回傳值
[“<device version>”, “<mac address>”, “<IP mode>”, “<IP address>”, “ <Netmask>”, “<Gateway>”, “<DNS server 1>”, “<DNS server 2>”, “<USB usage>”, “<Micro SD usage>”, “<Firmware version>”, “<NTP Server>”, “<Datetime>”, “<Timezone>”] 依陣列的索引來放置數值並回傳，若未取得數值，則給”Not found”
內容

3.9 setAdminPassword

函數
int **setAdminPassword**(char* password)
參數
1. password
回傳值
0: Fail 1: Success
內容

3.10 save

函數
int **save**()
參數
無
回傳值
0: Fail 1: Success
內容

3.11 download

函數
int **download** (char* strIpAddr, int nPort, char* strlogin, char* strPassword, char* strSrcFilePath, char* strFileName, char* strDesFilePath)
參數
1. strIpAddr 2. nPort 3. strlogin 4. strPassword 5. strSrcFilePath 6. strFileName 7. strDesFilePath
回傳值
integer type 1. Success 2. Error: FTP server does not exist 3. Error: FW file does not exist 4. Error: Destination path does not existent 5. Error: Timeout 6. Error: Login Fail
內容
Only support FTP portal (non-sFTP and non-tFTP)

3.12 checkHeaderrAndPayload

函數
int **checkHeaderAndPayload** (char* strFilePath, char* strFileName)
參數
1. strFilePath 2. strFileName
回傳值
integer type 1. Valid 2. Invalid: FW file does not exist 3. Invalid: Header is incorrect 4. Invalid: Payload is incorrect
內容
1. Header model name is dnh100 2. Payload decryption via AES256-CTR

3.13 unTar

函數
int **unTar** (char* strFilePath, char* strFileName, char* strDesFilePath)
參數
1. strFilePath 2. strFileName 3. strDesFilePath
回傳值
integer type 1. Success 2. Error: File does not exist 3. Error: File is not tar format 4. Error: Destination path does not exist.
內容
Support .tar and .tar.gz format

3.14 getFirmwareUpgradeStatus

函數
int **getFirmwareUpgradeStatus**()
參數
N/A
回傳值
integer type 0. Firmware upgrade is Idle 1. Firmware upgrade is busy 2. Error: DB does not exist. 3. Error: Table does not exist.
內容
Get firmware upgrade status from system-data.db

3.15 setFirmwareUpgradeStatus

函數
int **setFirmwareUpgradeStatus**(int nStatus)
參數
nStatus - data type: integer - content: 0. Idle 1. Busy
回傳值
integer type 1. Success 2. Error: DB does not exist 3. Error: Table does not exist. 4. Firmware upgrade is busy. 5: Error: input parameter is invalid.
內容
Set firmware upgrade status into system-data.db

3.16 getFirmwareVersion

函數

char* **getFirmwareVersion**()
參數
N/A
回傳值
string type “<x.x.x>” “2”: Error: DB of system-data.db does not exist. “3”: Error: Table of firmware does not exist. “4”: Error: Table of firmware has no data. **e.g.** **normal case:** “1.0.0” **abnormal case:** “2”, “3” or “4”
內容
Get current firmware version of DNH-100 without svn version(SDK)

3.17 getFirmwareVersionFull

函數
char* **getFirmwareVersionFull**()
參數
N/A
回傳值
string type “<x.x.x.x>” “2”: Error: DB of system-data.db does not exist. “3”: Error: Table of firmware does not exist. “4”: Error: Table of firmware has no data. **e.g.** **normal case:** “1.0.0.246” **abnormal case:** “2”, “3” or “4”
內容
Get current firmware version of DNH-100 with svn version(SDK)

3.18 getHWVersion

函數
char* **getHWVersion**()
參數
N/A
回傳值
string type “<A-Z><1-999>” **e.g.** **normal case:** “A1” **abnormal case: (The hardware version wasn’t assigned)** “”
內容
Get current hardware version of DNH-100

3.19 getNCVersion

函數
char* **getNCVersion**()
參數
N/A
回傳值
string type “<x.x.x.x>” “2”: Error: DB of system-data.db does not exist. “3”: Error: Table of Start_NC does not exist. “4”: Error: Table of Start_NC has no data. **e.g.** **normal case:** “1.0.0.1” **abnormal case:** “2”, “3” or “4”
內容

Get current active version of nuclias connect

3.20 getSSOStatus

函數
char* **getSSOStatus**()
參數
N/A
回傳值
string type “Enabled” “Enabled (time out) “Enable (Nuclias Server is under maintenance)” “Disabled” “2”: Error: DB of system-data.db does not exist. “3”: Error: Table of SSO does not exist. “4”: Error: Table of SSO has no data.
內容
Get the configuration of single sign on

3.21 getNCStatus

函數
int **getNCtatus**()
參數
N/A
回傳值
integer type 0: stop 1: running
內容
Get current nuclias connect status

3.22 getDDPv5ClientVersion

函數
char* **getDDPv5ClientVersion**()
參數
N/A
回傳值
string type “<x.x.x.x>” “2”: Error: DB of system-data.db does not exist. “3”: Error: Table of DDPv5 does not exist. “4”: Error: Table of DDPv5 has no data. **e.g.** **normal case:** “1.0.0.17” **abnormal case:** “2”, “3” or “4”
內容
Get current firmware version of DNH-100

3.23 setNCStatus

函數
int **setNCStatus**(int nStatus)
參數
nStatus - Data Type: integer - Content: 0: stop 1: running
回傳值
integer type 1: Success 2: Error: DB of system-data.db does not exist 3: Error: Table of Start_NC does not exist. 4: Error: Table of Start_NC has no data. 5: Error: input parameter is invalid.

內容
update nuclias connect status

3.24 setSSOStatus

函數
int **setSSOStatus**(char* strStatus)
參數
strStatus - Data Type: string - Content: “Enabled” or “Enabled (time out)” or “Enable (Nuclias Server is under maintenance)” or “Disabled”
回傳值
integer type 1: Success 2: Error: DB of system-data.db does not exist 3: Error: Table of SSO does not exist. 4: Error: Table of SSO has no data.
內容
update single sign on status

3.25 setDDPv5ClientVersion

函數
int **setDDPv5ClientVersion**(char* strVersion)
參數
strVersion - Data Type: string - Content: “<x.x.x.x>”
回傳值
integer type 1: Success 2: Error: DB of system-data.db does not exist. 3: Error: Table of DDPv5 does not exist.

4: Error: Table of DDPv5 has no data.
內容
Set DDPv5 client version of DNH-100

3.26 addEventLog

函數
int **addEventLog**(char* strMessage, int nEventType)
參數
strMessage - Data Type: string - Content: “.....” nEventType - Data Type: integer - Content: 1: Device Management 3: Duplicate Task 4: Timeout Task 5: Invalid HTTP Messagge 6: Initialization 9: Firmware Upgrade
回傳值
integer type 1: Success 2: Error: config-data.db doesn’t exist 3: Error: config-data.db(CWM_Database_Setting) doesn't exist. 4: Error: log-data.db doesn’t exist. 5: Error: log-data.db(CWM_Log_SystemEvent) doesn’t exist. 6: Error: external syslog server doesn’t exist.
內容
Based on auto backup setting to add event log in ramdisk and external syslog server

3.27 runDnssd

函數
int **runDnssd**()

參數
N/A
回傳值
Integer 0: failed 1: successful
內容

The runDnssd function maintains the file **/etc/avahi/services/http.service**.

The content of http.service, e.g.,

```
<?xml version="1.0" standalone='no'?><!--*-nxml-*-->
<!DOCTYPE service-group SYSTEM "avahi-service.dtd">

<!--
   This file is part of avahi.

   avahi is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it
   under the terms of the GNU Lesser General Public License as
   published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the
   License, or (at your option) any later version.

   avahi is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but
   WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
   MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the GNU
   General Public License for more details.

   You should have received a copy of the GNU Lesser General Public
   License along with avahi; if not, write to the Free Software
   Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place, Suite 330, Boston, MA
   02111-1307 USA.
-->

<!-- See avahi.service(5) for more information about this configuration file -->

<service-group>

   <name replace-wildcards="yes">%h</name>
```

```
    <service>
      <type>_http._tcp</type>
      <port>80</http>
      <txt-record>manufacturer=D-Link</txt-record>
      <txt-record>type=controller</txt-record>
      <txt-record>line=Nuclias</txt-record>
      <txt-record>series=DNH</txt-record>
      <txt-record>model=DNH-100</txt-record>
      <txt-record>hwVer=A1</txt-record>
      <txt-record>fwVariant=Default</txt-record>
      <txt-record>fwVer=1.0.1.3</txt-record>
      <txt-record>hwId=AA:BB:CC:11:EB:23</txt-record>
      <txt-record>uuid=a4aff40093a8</txt-record>
      <txt-record>name=DNH-100-EB23</txt-record>
      <txt-record>state=FactoryDefault</txt-record>
      <txt-record>fota=UpToDate</txt-record>
    </service>

</service-group>
```

p.s. %h in c code should be %%hhh

All content of http.service is generated by the function, and the data of the changeable records are retrieved from CLI command 'vendorstorage', so api or system-data.db as below list.

Name	Value from
hwVer	The value of CLI command 'vendorstorage read HW_VER'
fwVer	The value of getFirmwareVersionFull function in libDB.so
hwId	The value of CLI command 'vendorstorage read LAN_MAC'
uuid	The value of CLI command 'vendorstorage read DEVICE_UUID'
name	The value of CLI command 'vendorstorage read LAN_MAC', and the last 4 MAC characters with uppercase appended to "DNH-100-" or "DNH-200-". E.g. "DNH-200-EB23"
state	The integer value of device_state field in System table in system-data.db. 0: "FactoryDefault" 1: "Operational"
fota	The integer value of fota_state field in Firmware table in system-data.db. 0: "UpToDate" 1: "Available" 2: "Mandatory"

3.28 getDeviceUUID

函數
char* **getDeviceUUID**()
參數
N/A
回傳值
string type **e.g.** **normal case:** “123456789112” **abnormal case: (The return value is empty)** “”
內容
Get current device uuid of DNH-100

3.29 setFOTASetting

Function
int **setFOTASetting**(int nEnable, int nWeekday, int nHour, int nMinute, int nUpdateBetaFw)
Input
1. nEnable Integer 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 2. nWeekday Integer, 1 ~ 8 1: Monday 2: Tuesday 3: Wednesday 4: Thursday 5: Friday 6: Saturday 7: Sunday 8: Every day 3. nHour

Integer, 0 ~ 23

4. nMinute

   Integer, 0 ~ 59

5. nUpdateBetaFw

   Integer

   0: Disabled

   1: Enabled

Note: If the “nEnable” is 0, the “nWeekday”, “nHour”, “nMinute”, and “nUpdateBetaFw” will not be updated to the database.

Return

Integer

1: Success

2: Error: Invalid Input Parameter

3: Error: The system-data.db does not exist.

4: Error: The Firmware table does not exist.

5: Error: The Firmware table has no data.

Description

Record the FOTA setting in the database and start the FOTA script. The DNH-200 uses the Linux’s **“*crond*”** module to arrange the schedule.

Step1. First of all, stop ***“crond”*** daemon

Step2. Modify schedule script.

- Auto
  - Enabled: modify the “**/opt/crontabs/root**” file as below.
    - ***<nMinute> <nHour> * * <nWeekday> <executable file>***
  - Disabled: remove the above content from “**/opt/crontabs/root**”

Step3. Final, executes “***crond -c /opt/crontabs***” commands if the Auto is enabled.

Note.

1. The definition of crontabs

```
----------------------- minute (0 - 59)
|   ------------------ hour (0 - 23)
|   |   ------------- day of month (1 - 31)
|   |   |   --------- month (1 - 12)
|   |   |   |   ---- day of week (0 - 6) (Sunday=0 or 7)
|   |   |   |   |
*   *   *   *   *   <command to be executed>
```

e.g.
1.1 every 5 minute : */5 * * * * /usr/sbin/dnh/fotaClient
1.2 every 5 hour : 0 */5 * * * /usr/sbin/dnh/fotaClient
1.3 every day 00:00 : 0 0 * * * /usr/sbin/dnh/fotaClient
1.4 every Monday 02:30: 30 2 * * 1 /usr/sbin/dnh/fotaClient

2. The example of crond
2.1 Background command: ***crond -c /opt/crontabs***
2.2 Foreground command: ***crond -f -c /opt/crontabs***

3.30 getFOTASetting

Function
char* **getFOTAAutoUpdate**()
Input
N/A
Return

String
The JSON format is as below
 	
{
"result" : <result>,
// 1: Success
// 2: Error: The system-data.db does not exist.
// 3: Error: The Firmware table does not exist.
// 4: Error: The Firmware table has no data.
// if the result is 1(Success)
"enable" : <enable>,
"weekday" : <weekday>,
"hour" : <hour>,
"minute" : <minute>,
"updateBetaFw" : <updateBetaFw>,
}

Description
Get FOTA auto update settings from the database.

3.31 startFOTAScript

Function
int **startFOTAScript**()
Input
N/A
Return
Integer 1: Success 2: Error: The system-data.db does not exist. 3: Error: The Firmware table does not exist. 4: Error: The Firmware table has no data.
Description
The FOTA script will be executed if the auto is enabled.

3.32 analyzeFirmwareInfo

Function
char* **analyzeFirmwareInfo**(int nMajor, int Minor, int nRev, char* strFirmwareInfoFromFOTA, int nUpdateBetaFw)
Input
1. nMajor Integer, 1~99 2. nMinor Integer, 0~999 3. nRev Integer, 0~99999 4. strFrimwareInfoFromFOTA char* e.g. "{"stable":{"ver":{"major":"3","minor":"1","rev":"0"},"url":"https://fw.fota.dlink.com/COVR/COVR-3902/Ax/Default/stable/stable.bin","release_note":"Security improvement.","ts":1519962505},"beta":{"ver":{"major":"3","minor":"2","rev":"8"},"url":"https://fw.fota.dlink.com/COVR/COVR-3902/Ax/Default/beta/beta.bin","release_note":"Security improvement.","ts":1519962505},"intermediate":{"ver":{"major":"2","minor":"2","rev":"0"},"url":"https://fw.fota.dlink.com/COVR/COVR-3902/Ax/Default/intermediate/intermediate.bin","release_note":"Security

improvement.","ts":1519962505},"enforced_ver":{"major":"2","minor":"0","rev":"0"}}"

5. nUpdateBetwFw
   Integer
   0: Disabled
   1: Enableed

Note:
The format of the DNH-200 firmware version is v<Major>.<Minor>.<Rev>

Return

String
JSON format is as below

```
{
    "result" : <result>,
                                        // 1: Success
                                        // 2: Error: Invalid Input Parameter
    "firmwareStatus" : <firmwareStatus>,
                                        // 1: UpToDate
                                        // 2: Available
                                        // 3: Mandatory

    // if the 'firmwareStatus' is 2(available) or 3(Mandatory), the following items are the
    // target firmware information.
    "major" : <major>,
    "minor" : <minor>,
    "rev" : <rev>,
    "url" : "<url>",
    "releaseNote" : "< releaseNote >"
}
```

And save the releaseNote in /userdata/fwTmp/firmwareReleaseNote.txt

Description

Analysis firmware information and call the soapi **"setFotaStatus"** to update the firmware status and DNS-SD

3.33 setFOTAUpdateStatus

Function

int **setFOTAUpdateStatus**(int nUpdateStatus)
Input
Integer 0: Idle 1: Running
Return
1: Success 2: Error: Invalid Input Parameter 3: Error: The system-data.db does not exist. 4: Error: The Firmware table does not exist. 5: Error: The Firmware table has no data.
Description
Record the FOTA firmware update status in the database

3.34 getFOTAUpdateStatus

Function
int **getFOTAUpdateStatus**()
Input
N/A
Return
Integer 0: Idle 1: Running 2: Error: The system-data.db does not exist. 3: Error: The Firmware table does not exist. 4: Error: The Firmware table has no data.
Description
Get the FOTA firmware update status from the database

3.35 getHddFlag

Function
int **getHddFlag**(void)
Input
N/A
Return
Integer

0: There is no HDD mounted on DNH-200. 1: HDD is new or the formation is not valid for DNH-200. 2: HDD is failed to initialize on DNH-200. 3: HDD is ok to use for DNH-200 with the partition sizes for 1.0.0 version. -1: error status
Description
Detect below files to know HDD status. 1. /tmp/newhdds: HDD mounted. 2. /tmp/newhddu: HDD initialized error. 3. /tmp/newhdd1: HDD partition 1 hdd_NC mounted. 4. /tmp/newhdd2: HDD partition 2 hdd_NVR1 mounted. 5. /tmp/newhdd3: HDD partition 3 hdd_NVR2 mounted. Only 3 partitions are ALL mounted, HDD is ready. There is no file existed, return 0. There is only newhdds existed, return 1. There are newhdds and newhddu existd, return 2. There are newhdds, newhdd1, newhdd2 and newhdd3 all existed, also newhddu is not existed, return3. Others, error status, NC/NVR 3 partitions are not all mounted, umount NC/NVR partition(s) for doing initialization. Return -1.

3.36 setHddFlag

Function
int **setHddFlag**(int nResponse)
Input
nResponse: 0: No, do not initialize the HDD. 1: Yes, initialize the HDD.
Return
Integer 0: Failed 1: Successful 2: Response value is invalid
Description
Validate HDD status should be 1 or -1, if it is not 1 or -1, return 0. If the nResponse is 1, run **/etc/hdd_init.sh** to initialize the HDD. After the initialization finished,

check the HDD status, 3 means successful, return 1. Otherwise, return 0. If the nResponse is 0, do nothing and return 1.

3.37 getFirmwareInfo

Function
char* **getFirmwareInfo**()
Input
N/A
Return

String
The JSON format is as below
 	
{
"result" : <result>,
// 1: Success
// 2: Error: The system-data.db does not exist.
// 3: Error: The Firmware table does not exist.
// 4: Error: The Firmware table has no data.
// if the result is 1(Success)
"version" : "<version>",
"releaseNote" : "<releaseNote>",
"updateDateTime" : "<updateDateTime>"
}

Description
Get current DNH firmware information.

3.38 setFirmwareReleaseNote

Function
int **setFirmwareReleaseNote**(char* strReleaseNote)
Input
N/A
Return
integer type

1: Success 2: Error: The system-data.db does not exist. 3: Error: The Firmware table does not exist. 4: Error: The Firmware table has no data.
Description
Record the firmware release note in the database

3.39 setFirmwareDateTime

Function
int **setFirmwareDateTime**(char* strDateTime)
Input
N/A
Return
integer type 1: Success 2: Error: The system-data.db does not exist. 3: Error: The Firmware table does not exist. 4: Error: The Firmware table has no data.
Description
Record the update date time

3.40 getLANSetting

char ***getLANSetting**()
Parameter
N/A
Return value
JSON string type: { "ipmode": "<IPv4 mode>", "ip": "<IPv4 address>", "netmask": "<IPv4 netmask>", "gateway": "<IPv4 gateway>", "dns1": "<IPv4 DNS 1>",

```
    "dns2": "<IPv4 DNS 2>",
    "tmpIp": "<IPv4 address in LAN_Temp>",
    "tmpNetmask": "<IPv4 netmask in LAN_Temp>",
    "tmpGateway": "<IPv4 gateway in LAN_Temp>",
    "tmpDns1": "<IPv4 DNS 1 in LAN_Temp>",
    "tmpDns2": "<IPv4 DNS 2 in LAN_Temp>",
    "dnsType": <IPv4 DNS type>
}
```

Content

JSON 資料項目對應資料如下。

#	項目	資料
1	ipmode	[system-data.db].LAN_Temp.lanSettingType
2	ip	使用以下指令取 IPv4 address，取 inet addr:的值 # ifconfig | grep "inet addr"
3	netmask	使用以下指令取 IPv4 netmask，取 Mask:的值 # ifconfig | grep "inet addr"
4	gateway	使用以下指令取 IPv4 default gateway # ip route | grep 'default via' | awk '{print $3}'
5	dns1	使用以下指令取 IPv4 primary DNS，第一組為 primary DNS，若未取得 IPv4 DNS 資料則 primary DNS 為空，dns1 項目數值為空字串。第二組為 secondary DNS，若未取得 IPv4 DNS 資料或者沒有第二組 IPv4 DNS 則 secondary DNS 為空，dns2 項目數值為空字串。 # cat /etc/resolv.conf | grep nameserver | grep '\.' | head -n 2 | awk '{print $2}'
6	dns2	參考上方欄位。
7	tmpIp	[system-data.db].LAN_Temp.ipAddress
8	tmpNetmask	[system-data.db].LAN_Temp.Netmask
9	tmpGateway	[system-data.db].LAN_Temp.Gateway
10	tmpDns1	[system-data.db].LAN_Temp.primaryDNS
11	tmpDns2	[system-data.db].LAN_Temp.secondaryDNS
12	dnsType	[system-data.db].LAN_Temp.dnsType

3.41 setLANSettingIpv6

Function
int **setLANSettingIpv6**(int isPermanent, char *argProvision, char *argIpv6Address, int nPrefixLength, char *argGateway, int nDnsType, char *argDns1, char *argDns2, int flagUpdateDaa)
Parameter
1. **isPermanent**: integer, 0: LAN setting is temporary, 1: LAN setting is permanent. 2. **argProvision**: string, "Static", "Auto", "Local" 3. **argIpv6Address**: string, IPv6 address format，若要使用當前系統設定值，可帶"-1". 4. **nPrefixLength**: integer, 1~128，若要使用當前系統設定值，可帶-1. 5. **argGateway**: string, IPv6 address format，若要使用當前系統設定值，可帶"-1"，若不設定 gateway，帶"". 6. **nDnsType**: integer, 0: Auto, 1: Manual. 7. **argDns1**: string, IPv6 address format，若要使用當前系統設定值，可帶"-1"，若不設定 gateway，帶"". 8. **argDns2**: string, IPv6 address format，若要使用當前系統設定值，可帶"-1"，若不設定 gateway，帶"". 9. **flagUpdateDaa**: integer, for static setting, 0: do not sync IPv6 address to DAA, 1: sync IPv6 to DAA. 當設定 Auto configuration 或是 Link-local，參數值給 0.
Return value
Integer type: 0: Failed 1: Successful 2: Invalid permanent type 3: Invalid IPv6 provision type 4: Invalid IPv6 address 5: Invalid prefix length 6: Invalid gateway 7: Invalid DNS type 8: Invalid primary DNS 9: Invalid secondary DNS 10: Invalid flagUpdateDaa
Content
■ 驗證參數 ■ 若 isPermanent 值為 1，表示是永久性設定，將 IPv6 設定值存入 DB system-data.db 的 **LAN_IPv6** 表。

#	欄位	變數	說明
1	provision	argProvision	"Static", "Auto", "Local"
2	ipv6Address	argIpv6Address	IPv6 format
3	prefixLength	nPrefixLength	1~128
4	gateway	argGateway	IPv6 format
5	primaryDNS	argDns1	IPv6 format
6	secondaryDNS	argDns2	IPv6 format
7	dnsType	nDnsType	0: Auto, 1: Manual

以下動作不管 isPermanent 值為 0 或 1 都會進行。

- 當 argProvision 值為"Static"且 flagUpdateDaa 值為 1，將 argIpv6Address 資料同步到 DAA，DAA 的欄位為[system-data.db].System.device_access_address。
  當 argProvision 值不是"Static", 忽略 flagUpdateDaa。

- 檢查要做 IPv6 的設定與當前的 IPv6 設定相同，若相同則不進行後續設定，回傳 1 (Success)。

- 設定 IPv6 LAN setting
  在/etc/dhcpcd.conf 的初始內容中刪去 slaac private 並加入
  slaac hwaddr
  interface eth0

  - **判斷 argProvision 值為"Static"**

設定 IP 與 prefix length 在 /etc/dhcpcd.conf 設定	ipv6ra_noautoconf noipv6rs static ip6_address="<argIpv6Address>/<nPrefixLength>"
若設定 primary DNS 或 secondary DNS 在 /etc/resolv.conf.head 設定, 若無設定則清空	nameserver "<argDns1>" nameserver "<argDns2>"
/etc/sysctl.conf 設定	net.ipv6.conf.eth0.autoconf = 0 net.ipv6.conf.all.autoconf = 0 net.ipv6.conf.default.autoconf = 0 net.ipv6.conf.all.accept_ra = 0

	net.ipv6.conf.default.accept_ra = 0 net.ipv6.conf.eth0.accept_ra = 0
/etc/init.d/S99dnh 加入設定	增加以下這行，位置在 is_recovery() 這行之前 sysctl -pq
執行指令	sysctl -pq ifconfig eth0 down ifconfig eth0 up
若設定 gateway 執行指令新增 gateway	ip -6 route add "<argGateway>" dev eth0 ip -6 route add default via "<argGateway>"

◆ **判斷 argProvision 值為"Auto"**

/etc/dhcpcd.conf 設定	清除 Static 及 Link-local 的設定
若 nDnsType 為 1 則設定 primary DNS 或 secondary DNS 在 /etc/resolv.conf.head 設定，若無設定則清空	nameserver "<argDns1>" nameserver "<argDns2>"
/etc/sysctl.conf 設定	N/A
/etc/init.d/S99dnh 加入設定	增加以下這行，位置在 is_recovery() 這行之前 sysctl -pq
執行指令	sysctl -pq ifconfig eth0 down ifconfig eth0 up

◆ **判斷 argProvision 值為"Local"**

/etc/dhcpcd.conf 設定	ipv6ra_noautoconf noipv6rs
/etc/resolv.conf.head 設定	N/A
/etc/sysctl.conf 設定	net.ipv6.conf.eth0.autoconf = 0 net.ipv6.conf.all.autoconf = 0 net.ipv6.conf.default.autoconf = 0
/etc/init.d/S99dnh 加入設定	增加以下這行，位置在 is_recovery() 這行之前 sysctl -pq

執行指令	sysctl -pq ifconfig eth0 down ifconfig eth0 up

■ 將數值存入 DB system-data.db 的 **LAN_IPv6_Temp** 表中以下欄位。

#	欄位	變數	說明
1	provision	argProvision	"Static", "Auto", "Local"
2	ipv6Address	argIpv6Address	IPv6 format
3	prefixLength	nPrefixLength	1~128
4	gateway	argGateway	IPv6 format
5	primaryDNS	argDns1	IPv6 format
6	secondaryDNS	argDns2	IPv6 format
7	dnsType	nDnsType	0: Auto, 1: Manual

3.42 getLANSettingIpv6

Function
char ***getLANSettingIpv6**()
Parameter
N/A
Return value
JSON string type: { "ipv6Provision": "<IPv6 provision>", "ipv6Address": "<IPv6 address>", "ipv6PrefixLength": <IPv6 prefix length>, "ipv6LinkLocal": "<link-local address>" "ipv6Gateway": "<IPv6 gateway>", "ipv6DnsType": <IPv6 DNS type>, "ipv6Dns1": "<IPv6 DNS 1>", "ipv6Dns2": "<IPv6 DNS 2>", "ipv6TmpAddress": "<IPv6 address in LAN_IPv6_Temp>", "ipv6TmpPrefixLength": <IPv6 prefix length in LAN_IPv6_Temp>, "ipv6TmpGateway": "<IPv6 gateway in LAN_IPv6_Temp>", "ipv6TmpDns1": "<IPv6 DNS 1 in LAN_IPv6_Temp>",

"ipv6TmpDns2": "<IPv6 DNS 2 in LAN_IPv6_Temp>"
}

Content

JSON 資料項目對應資料如下。

#	項目	資料
1	ipv6Provision	[system-data.db].LAN_IPv6_Temp.provision
2	ipv6Address	使用以下指令取 IPv6 global address，不取"/<prefix length>"的部分 # ifconfig | grep inet6 | grep Global | awk '{print $3}'
3	ipv6PrefixLength	使用以下指令取 IPv6 prefix length，只取"/"之後 prefix length 的數值 # ifconfig | grep inet6 | grep Global | awk '{print $3}'
4	ipv6LinkLocal	使用以下指令取 IPv6 link-local address # ifconfig | grep inet6 | grep Link | awk '{print $3}'
5	ipv6Gateway	使用以下指令取 IPv6 default gateway # ip -6 route | grep 'default via' | awk '{print $3}'
6	ipv6DnsType	[system-data.db].LAN_IPv6_Temp.dnsType
7	ipv6Dns1	使用以下指令取 IPv6 primary DNS，第一組為 primary DNS，若未取得 IPv6 DNS 資料則 primary DNS 為空，ipv6Dns1 項目數值為空字串。第二組為 secondary DNS，若未取得 IPv6 DNS 資料或者沒有第二組 IPv6 DNS 則 secondary DNS 為空，ipv6Dns2 項目數值為空字串。 # cat /etc/resolv.conf | grep nameserver | grep : | head -n 2 | awk '{print $2}'
8	ipv6Dns2	參考上方欄位。
9	ipv6TmpAddress	[system-data.db].LAN_IPv6_Temp.ipv6Address
10	ipv6TmpPrefixLength	[system-data.db].LAN_IPv6_Temp.prefixLength
11	ipv6TmpGateway	[system-data.db].LAN_IPv6_Temp.gateway
12	ipv6TmpDns1	[system-data.db].LAN_IPv6_Temp.primaryDNS
13	ipv6TmpDns2	[system-data.db].LAN_IPv6_Temp.secondaryDNS

3.43 getIpv6Provision

Function

char ***getIpv6Provision**()

Parameter
N/A
Return value
String type: 4. "Static" 5. "Auto" 6. "Local"
Content
取[system-data.db].LAN_IPv6_Temp.provision 的資料回傳

4. SO API in RK3328 SDK

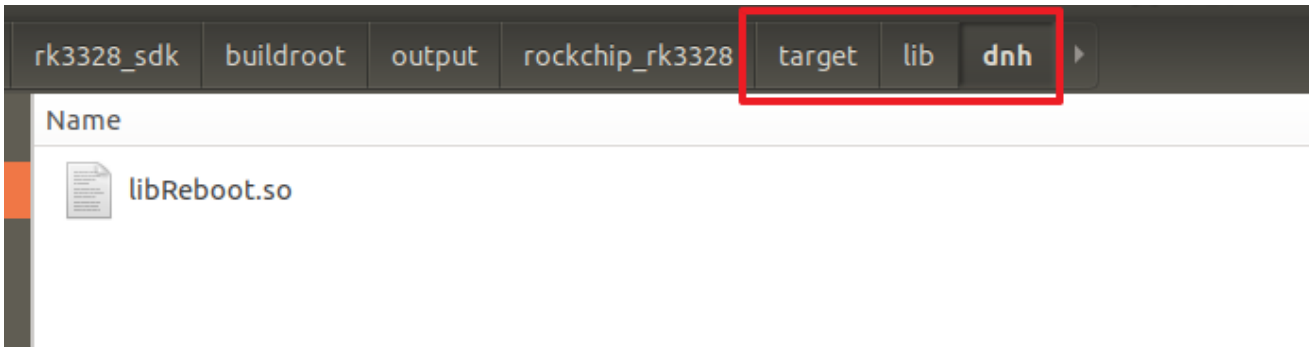
最終，SO API 要提供給 Web、CLI、DDPv5 操作，因此我們 DNH 所開發的這些 API 放置在共同的資料夾底下，以便各個介面調用 SO API。並且，SO API 要在 RK3328 核心上運行，所以在開發環境必須生成 RK3328 核心可以執行的 SO API。

我們在這個章節說明這兩個部分。

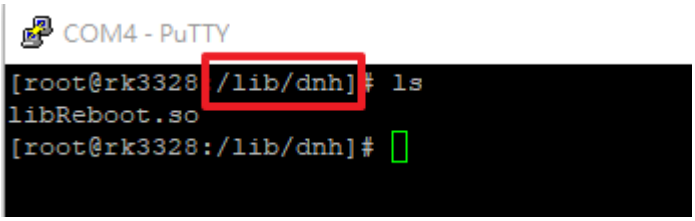
4.1 SO API path in SDK and Image

我們的目標是把 DNH 所用到的 SO API 放到系統存放函式庫的資料夾“lib”，並且在這個資料夾裡新增一個 DNH SO API 專屬的資料夾，取名“dnh”。

這個操作並不複雜，在 SDK 中對應到 Image 上“lib”資料夾的路徑新增“dnh”資料夾即可。
~/rk3328_sdk/buildroot/output/rockchip_rk3328/target/lib/dnh



這裡要做一個提醒，當我們新增資料夾之後，必須重製根目錄系統(./build.sh rootfs)。
在 RK3328 上運行修改後的 image，便可在根目錄“lib”資料夾底下看到我們所新增“dnh”資料夾。



4.2 Cross compile C file

要在 RK3328 上運行 SO API 時，有一個問題必須克服，我們目標環境和開發環境的核心不同，RK3328 是 ARMv8 核心，開發環境是 Intel 的核心，因此 RK3328 無法運行開發環境的 gcc 編譯的 SO API。

這時候我們必須對 SO API 的 C 檔做交叉編譯，將執行檔編譯成 RK3328 能夠解讀、執行的 SO API。在 SDK 中提供了 ARMv8 的 gcc 編譯器，透過它來編譯 SO API 的 C 檔，如此 SO API 就可以在 RK3328 上運行了。

SDK 提供的 ARMv8 gcc 編譯器所在路徑如下：
~/rk3328_sdk/buildroot/output/rockchip_rk3328/host/bin