

# **Causal Inference in Epidemiology**

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# Preface

This will be an online book about causal inference.

Here are some other resources for learning causal inference:

## UC Davis courses

- EPI 205<sup>1</sup> “Principles of Epidemiology”
- EPI 206<sup>2</sup> “Epidemiologic Study Design”
- EPI/SPH 207<sup>3</sup> “Advanced Epidemiologic Methodology”
- EPI 225<sup>4</sup> “Advanced Topics in Epidemiology Methods”
- POL 285<sup>5</sup> “Statistics of Causal Inference in Political Science”
- MGB/MGP/MGT 454A<sup>6</sup> “Causal Inference and Statistical Experiments”
  - syllabus: <https://webapps.aws.ucdavis.edu/public/documents/4861649/Syllabus><https://schedule.aws.ucdavis.edu/public/documents/5319910/Syllabus>
- PSC 204B<sup>7</sup> “Causal Modeling of Correlational Data”
- PSC 205C<sup>8</sup> “Structural Equation Modeling”

Course search options:

- <https://schedule.aws.ucdavis.edu/courseScheduling>
- <https://catalog.ucdavis.edu/course-search/>
- <https://catalog.ucdavis.edu/courses-subject-code/>

## Online Videos

- “Introduction to Causal Inference”<sup>9</sup> (slides here<sup>10</sup>)
- Online Causal Inference Seminar series<sup>11</sup>

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<sup>1</sup><https://catalog.ucdavis.edu/search/?q=EPI+205>

<sup>2</sup><https://catalog.ucdavis.edu/search/?q=EPI+206>

<sup>3</sup><https://catalog.ucdavis.edu/search/?q=EPI+207>

<sup>4</sup><https://catalog.ucdavis.edu/search/?q=EPI+225>

<sup>5</sup><https://catalog.ucdavis.edu/search/?q=POL+285>

<sup>6</sup><https://catalog.ucdavis.edu/search/?q=MGB+454A>

<sup>7</sup><https://catalog.ucdavis.edu/search/?q=PSC+204B>

<sup>8</sup><https://catalog.ucdavis.edu/search/?q=PSC+205C>

<sup>9</sup><https://ucdhs.hosted.panopto.com/Panopto/Pages/Viewer.aspx?id=43e9eb6f-3ed9-41ac-8ad9-ae22016572c8%20>

<sup>10</sup><https://health.ucdavis.edu/media-resources/ctsc/documents/pdfs/causal-inference-intro-2022.pdf>

<sup>11</sup><https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCiiOj5GSES6uw21kfXnxj3A/videos>

## UC Davis Datalab learning group

- <https://datalab.ucdavis.edu/causal-inference/>
  - Reading list<sup>12</sup>

Other links:

- <https://cameron.econ.ucdavis.edu/causal/>
- [https://datalab-icmat.github.io/causal\\_reading\\_group.html](https://datalab-icmat.github.io/causal_reading_group.html)
- Lab exercises by Ben Noble<sup>13</sup>: <https://github.com/bennoble/causal-inference-2022>

## Books

- Judea Pearl (2016)
- Hernán and Robins (2020)

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<sup>12</sup>[https://docs.google.com/document/d/1K0QZFSjQIYnOTahpRK7Q83eaiIIFjfa-clSbj\\_ifgco/edit?tab=t.0#heading=h.farbmh6n76gq](https://docs.google.com/document/d/1K0QZFSjQIYnOTahpRK7Q83eaiIIFjfa-clSbj_ifgco/edit?tab=t.0#heading=h.farbmh6n76gq)

<sup>13</sup><https://benjaminncoble.org/>

# 1 Introduction to causal inference

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**Definition 1.1** (Exchangeability). Subpopulations defined by exposure  $X$  are exchangeable with respect to a potential outcome  $Y(x)$  if the distribution of  $Y(x)$  does not depend on the observed exposure  $X$ :

$$Y(x) \perp\!\!\!\perp X$$

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**Theorem 1.1.** *If subpopulations defined by values of exposure  $X$  are exchangeable with respect to potential outcome  $Y(x)$ , then the expected value of  $Y(x)$  does not depend on the observed value of  $X$ :*

$$E[Y(x)|X = x'] = E[Y(x)|X = x]$$

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**Definition 1.2** (Conditional exchangeability). Subpopulations defined by exposure  $X$  are exchangeable with respect to a potential outcome  $Y(x)$  if the distribution of  $Y(x)$  does not depend on the observed exposure  $X$ , conditional on covariate(s)  $Z$ :

$$Y(x) \perp\!\!\!\perp X | \tilde{Z}$$

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**Theorem 1.2.** *If subpopulations defined by values of exposure  $X$  are conditionally exchangeable with respect to potential outcome  $Y(x)$  given covariate  $\tilde{Z}$ , then the expected value of  $Y(x)$  does not depend on the observed value of  $X$ :*

$$E[Y(x)|X = x', \tilde{Z} = \tilde{z}] = E[Y(x)|X = x, \tilde{Z} = \tilde{z}]$$

## 2 Difference in differences analyses

Many approaches to causal inference assume exchangeability (Definition 1.2) and exploit its consequence (Theorem 1.1):

$$\mathbb{E}[Y(x)|X = x'] = \mathbb{E}[Y(x)|X = x]$$

Difference-in-differences makes a weaker exchangeability assumption:

$$\mathbb{E}[Y_t(0) - Y_{t'}(0)|X = 1] = \mathbb{E}[Y_t(0) - Y_{t'}(0)|X = 0]$$

## 3 Summary

In summary, this book has no content whatsoever.

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## References

- Hernán, MA, and J Robins. 2020. “Causal Inference: What If. Boca Raton: Chapman & Hill/Crc.(2020).” *Publisher’s Note Springer Nature Remains Neutral with Regard to Jurisdictional Claims in Published Maps and Institutional Affiliations*. <https://miguelhernan.org/whatifbook>.
- Judea Pearl, Nicholas P. Jewell, Madelyn Glymour. 2016. *Causal Inference in Statistics: A Primer*. 1st ed. Chicester: Wiley.