

Date:

Name 1:

Name 2:

Answer the following questions in both relational algebra and SQL. The SQL must match the Relational Algebra. You can only use the operators discussed in class today.

Assume the following schema:

Classes(class, type, country, numGuns, bore, displacement)

Ships(ship, class, launched)

Battles(battle, date)

Outcomes(ship, battle, result)

a) For every ship in Ships, list how many battles it has participated in.

$$\gamma_{\text{ship}, \text{count}(x)} (S \bowtie B)$$

select ship, count(*) from
S NATURAL LEFT JOIN B;

b) For every battle in Battles, how many more ships survived (result = 'ok') than were sunk (result = 'sunk')?

For this question we will assume that every battle had sunk & survived.

$$SU = \gamma_{\text{battle}, \text{count}(x) \rightarrow \text{sunk}} \sigma_{\text{outcome} = \text{'sunk'}} B$$

solving the
general case
is a good
exercise..

$$OK = \gamma_{\text{battle}, \text{count}(x) \rightarrow \text{ok}} \sigma_{\text{outcome} = \text{'ok'}} B$$

$$\pi_{\text{battle}, \text{ok-su}} SU \bowtie OK$$

WITH SU AS (SELECT battle, count(*) as sunk FROM Battles
group by battle),

WITH OK AS (SELECT battle, count(*) as ok FROM Battles
group by battle)

SELECT battle, ok-su from OK NATURAL JOIN SU;