The **Lambë** programming language

D. Plaindoux

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1   Kind level

$$
\begin{array}{rcl}
\kappa & = & \star \\
 & | & \kappa \to \kappa \\
 & | & K
\end{array}
$$

2   Type level

$\underline{c}$	$\in$	$\mathcal{C}$	Constructor names
α	$\in$	$\mathcal{I}$	Variable names

$$
\begin{array}{rcll}
\tau & = & \alpha & \text{Variable or Constant} \\
 & | & \tau \to \tau & \text{Function Type} \\
 & | & \tau \looparrowright \tau & \text{Method Type} \\
 & | & \tau + \tau & \text{Sum type} \\
 & | & \tau\ \tau & \text{Type Application} \\
 & | & \Lambda(\alpha : \kappa).\tau & \text{Type Abstraction} \\
 & | & \forall(\alpha : \kappa).\tau & \text{Universal Quantification} \\
 & | & \exists(\alpha : \kappa).\tau & \text{Existential Quantification} \\
 & | & \mu(\alpha : \kappa).\tau & \text{Type Recursion} \\
 & | & \underline{c}S & \text{Type Constructor} \\
 & | & \Gamma & \text{Trait Type} \\
 & | & \tau.m & \text{Trait Type Usage}
\end{array}
$$

3 Trait level

$$
\begin{aligned}
m_i &\in \mathcal{I}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
K &= \{m_i : \kappa_i\}_I \\
T &= \{m_i \triangleq \tau_i\}_I \\
S &= \{m_i : \tau_i\}_I \\
W &= \{\Gamma_i\}_I \\
\Gamma &= \langle K, T, S, W \rangle
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\Gamma_\emptyset = \langle \emptyset, \emptyset, \emptyset, \emptyset \rangle
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
{}_- + {}_- &: \quad \Gamma \to \Gamma \to \Gamma \\
\Gamma_\emptyset + \Gamma' &= \quad \Gamma' \\
\Gamma' + \Gamma_\emptyset &= \quad \Gamma' \\
\langle K, T, S, W \rangle + \Gamma &= \quad \langle K, T, S, W \cup \Gamma \rangle
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
{}_-[{}_-]_\kappa &: \quad \Gamma \to \kappa + \bot \\
\langle \{n_i : k_i\}_I, {}_-, {}_-, {}_- \rangle[n]_\kappa &= \quad k_j \qquad\qquad \exists j \in I, n_j = n \\
\langle {}_-, {}_-, {}_-, \Gamma_I \rangle[n]_\kappa &= \quad k \qquad\qquad \exists i \in I, \Gamma_i[n]_\kappa = k
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
{}_-[{}_-]_\tau &: \quad \Gamma \to \tau + \bot \\
\langle {}_-, \{n_i \triangleq t_i\}_I, {}_-, {}_- \rangle[n]_\tau &= \quad t_j \qquad\qquad \exists j \in I, n_j = n \\
\langle {}_-, {}_-, {}_-, \Gamma_I \rangle[n]_\tau &= \quad t \qquad\qquad \exists i \in I, \Gamma_i[n]_\tau = t
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
{}_-[{}_-]_\sigma &: \quad \Gamma \to \tau + \bot \\
\langle {}_-, {}_-, \{n_i : t_i\}_I, {}_- \rangle[n]_\sigma &= \quad t_j \qquad\qquad \exists j \in I, n_j = n \\
\langle {}_-, {}_-, {}_-, \Gamma_I \rangle[n]_\sigma &= \quad t \qquad\qquad \exists i \in I, \Gamma_i[n]_\sigma = t \\
s
\end{aligned}
$$

4 Expression level

$$
\begin{aligned}
\underline{c} &\in \mathcal{C} \qquad\qquad \text{Constructor names} \\
\alpha &\in \mathcal{I} \qquad\qquad \text{Variable names}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\epsilon = {}&\alpha & \text{Variable} \\
\mid {}&\lambda\alpha.\epsilon & \text{Function} \\
\mid {}&\zeta.\epsilon & \text{Method} \\
\mid {}&\epsilon\ \epsilon & \text{Application} \\
\mid {}&\texttt{let } \alpha = \epsilon \texttt{ in } \epsilon & \text{Let binding} \\
\mid {}&\texttt{when}(\alpha).\{\tau_i \rhd \epsilon_i\}_I & \text{Smart cast} \\
\mid {}&\{\tau, \epsilon\} & \text{Pack} \\
\mid {}&\texttt{let } \{\tau, \alpha\} = \epsilon \texttt{ in } \epsilon & \text{Unpack} \\
\mid {}&\Sigma & \text{Trait term} \\
\mid {}&\epsilon.m & \text{Trait term Usage}
\end{aligned}
$$

With the expression trait defined by:

$$
\begin{array}{rcl}
M & = & \{m_i \triangleq \epsilon_i\}_I \\
\Sigma & = & \Gamma \circledast M
\end{array}
$$

5 Illustration

5.1 Algebraic datatype

```
type Nil    = data Nil
type Cons a = data Cons (head:a) (tail:List a)
type List a = Nil | Cons a
```

Type kind

```
  Nil  :  ⋆
 Cons  :  ⋆ → ⋆
 List  :  ⋆ → ⋆
```

Type definition

$$
\begin{array}{rcl}
\texttt{Nil} & \triangleq & \underline{\texttt{Nil}}\{\} \\
\texttt{Cons} & \triangleq & \Lambda(\alpha : \star).\underline{\texttt{Cons}}\{\mathrm{head} : \alpha; \mathrm{tail} : \texttt{List}\ \alpha\} \\
\texttt{List} & \triangleq & \Lambda(\alpha : \star).\mu(\xi : \star).\underline{\texttt{Nil}}\{\} + \underline{\texttt{Cons}}\{\mathrm{head} : \alpha; \mathrm{tail} : \xi\}
\end{array}
$$

Function definition

$$
\begin{array}{rcl}
\texttt{Nil} & : & \texttt{Nil} \\
\texttt{Cons} & : & \forall(\alpha : \star).\alpha \to \texttt{List}\ \alpha \to \texttt{Cons}\ \alpha
\end{array}
$$

5.2 Algebraic datatype ... again

```
type List a =
  data Nil
| data Cons (head:a) (tail:List a)
```

Type kind

```
 List  :  ⋆ → ⋆
```

Type definition

$$
\texttt{List} \quad \triangleq \quad \Lambda(\alpha : \star).\mu(\xi : \star).\underline{\texttt{Nil}}\{\} + \underline{\texttt{Cons}}\{\mathrm{head} : \alpha; \mathrm{tail} : \xi\}
$$

Function definition

$$\texttt{Nil} \quad : \quad \forall(\alpha : \star).\texttt{List } \alpha$$

$$\texttt{Cons} \quad : \quad \forall(\alpha : \star).\alpha \rightarrow \texttt{List } \alpha \rightarrow \texttt{List } \alpha$$

5.3   Function signature

```
sig emptyList : forall a. unit -> List a
sig isEmpty : forall a. self -> bool for List a
```

$$\texttt{emptyList} \quad : \quad \forall(\alpha : \star).\texttt{unit} \rightarrow \texttt{List } \alpha$$
$$\texttt{isEmpty} \quad : \quad \forall(\alpha : \star).\texttt{List } \alpha \hookrightarrow \texttt{bool}$$

5.4   Closed trait

```
trait Access a for List a {
    sig head : self -> Option a
}
```

which is equivalent to the following type definition:

```
type Access a = trait for List a {
    sig head : self -> Option a
}
```

Type kind

$$\texttt{Access} \quad : \quad \star \rightarrow \{\}$$

Type definition

$$\texttt{Access} \quad \triangleq \quad \Lambda(\alpha : \star).\langle \emptyset, \emptyset, \{\texttt{head} : \texttt{List } \alpha \hookrightarrow \texttt{Option } \alpha\}, \emptyset \rangle$$

5.5   Open trait

```
trait Set a {
    sig new : self
    sig contains : self -> a -> bool
}
```

Type kind

```
Set  :  ⋆ → ⋆
```

Type definition

$$\texttt{Set} \quad \triangleq \quad \Lambda(\alpha : \star).\exists(\texttt{self} : \star).\langle \emptyset, \emptyset, \{\texttt{new} : \texttt{self}, \texttt{contains} : \texttt{self} \rightharpoondown \alpha \rightarrow bool\}, \emptyset\rangle$$

5.6 Trait with and abstract type

```
trait Pure a {
    kind t = type -> type
    sig pure : a -> t a
}
```

Type kind

```
Pure  :  ⋆ → {t : ⋆ → ⋆}
```

Type definition

$$\texttt{Pure} \quad \triangleq \quad \Lambda(\alpha : \star).\exists(\texttt{t} : \star \rightarrow \star).\langle \emptyset, \emptyset, \{\texttt{pure} : \alpha \rightarrow \texttt{t}\ \alpha\}, \emptyset\rangle$$

5.7 Trait with requirement

```
trait Applicative (t:type->type) with Functor t {
    sig pure : forall a.a -> t a
}
```

$$\texttt{Applicative} \triangleq \Lambda(\texttt{t} : \star \rightarrow \star).\langle \emptyset, \emptyset, \{\texttt{pure} : \forall(\alpha : \star).\alpha \rightarrow \texttt{t}\ \alpha\}, \{\texttt{Functor t}\}\rangle$$

5.8 Function signature with requirement

```
sig eq : forall a. List a -> List a -> bool with Equatable a
```

$$\texttt{eq} : \langle \{\texttt{eq} : \star\}\}, \{\texttt{eq} \triangleq \forall(\alpha : \star).\texttt{List}\ \alpha \rightarrow \texttt{List}\ \alpha \rightarrow bool\}, \emptyset, \{\texttt{Equatable}\ \alpha\}\rangle.\texttt{eq}$$

6 Type system

6.1 Γ and projections

$$
\begin{array}{rcl}
\mathcal{K}_\downarrow[\_] & : & \Gamma \to K \\
\mathcal{K}_\uparrow[\_] & : & K \to \Gamma \\
\mathcal{T}_\downarrow[\_] & : & \Gamma \to T \\
\mathcal{T}_\uparrow[\_] & : & T \to \Gamma \\
\mathcal{S}_\downarrow[\_] & : & \Gamma \to S \\
\mathcal{S}_\uparrow[\_] & : & S \to \Gamma \\
\mathcal{W}_\downarrow[\_] & : & \Gamma \to W
\end{array}
$$

6.2 Kind inclusion

$$
\frac{}{\star \subseteq_\kappa \star}(\text{refl}_\star) \qquad \frac{}{K \subseteq_\kappa \star}(\top_\star) \qquad \frac{k_3 \subseteq_\kappa k_1 \quad k_2 \subseteq_\kappa k_4}{k_1 \to k_2 \subseteq_\kappa k_3 \to k_4}(\to_\star)
$$

$$
\frac{\forall j \in J, \exists i \in I, n_i = n_j' \quad k_i \subseteq k_j'}{\{n_i : k_i\}_I \subseteq_\kappa \{n_j' : k_j'\}_J}(\text{trait}_\star)
$$

6.3 Type rules

$$\frac{\Gamma[n]_\kappa = k' \quad k \subseteq_\kappa k'}{\Gamma \vdash n :_\kappa k}\text{(Identity)} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 :_\kappa \star \quad \Gamma \vdash t_2 :_\kappa \star}{\Gamma \vdash t_1 \to t_2 :_\kappa \star}(\to\text{-type})$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 :_\kappa \star \quad \Gamma \vdash t_2 :_\kappa \star}{\Gamma \vdash t_1 \looparrowright t_2 :_\kappa \star}(\looparrowright\text{-type}) \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 :_\kappa \star \quad \Gamma \vdash t_2 :_\kappa \star}{\Gamma \vdash t_1 + t_2 :_\kappa \star}(+\text{-type})$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 :_\kappa k' \to k \quad \Gamma \vdash t_2 :_\kappa k'}{\Gamma \vdash t_1\ t_2 :_\kappa k}(\text{apply-type})$$

$$\frac{k_1 \subseteq_\kappa k \quad \Gamma \oplus \mathcal{K}_\uparrow[\{a : k\}] \vdash t :_\kappa k_2}{\Gamma \vdash \Lambda(a : k).t :_\kappa k_1 \to k_2}(\Lambda\text{-type}) \qquad \frac{\Gamma \oplus \mathcal{K}_\uparrow[\{a : k\}] \vdash t :_\kappa k}{\Gamma \vdash \forall(a : k).t :_\kappa k}(\forall\text{-type})$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \oplus \mathcal{K}_\uparrow[\{a : k\}] \vdash t :_\kappa k}{\Gamma \vdash \exists(a : k).t :_\kappa k}(\exists\text{-type}) \qquad \frac{\Gamma \oplus \mathcal{K}_\uparrow[\{a : k\}] \vdash t :_\kappa k}{\Gamma \vdash \mu(a : k).t :_\kappa k}(\mu\text{-type})$$

$$\frac{\Gamma' = \langle K, T, S, W \rangle \quad K \subseteq K' \quad \forall(n, t) \in T, \Gamma' \vdash t :_\kappa K[n]}{\forall(\_, s) \in S, \Gamma' \vdash s :_\kappa \star \quad \forall w \in W, \Gamma_\emptyset \vdash w :_\kappa \{\}}{\Gamma \vdash \Gamma' :_\kappa K'}(\text{trait-type})$$

$$\frac{\forall i \in I, \Gamma \vdash S[m_i] : \star}{\Gamma \vdash \underline{c}S_I :_\kappa \star}(\text{const-type}) \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 :_\kappa K \quad \mathcal{K}_\uparrow[K'] \vdash n : k}{\Gamma \vdash t_1.n :_\kappa k}(\text{use-type})$$

6.4 Type reduction

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 \longrightarrow \Lambda(x : k).t_3 \quad \Gamma \vdash t_2 : k \quad \Gamma \vdash t_3[t_2/x] \longrightarrow t_4}{\Gamma \vdash t_1\ t_2 \longrightarrow t_4}(\text{red-apply})$$

$$\frac{\Gamma[n]_\tau = t' \quad \Gamma \vdash t' \longrightarrow t''}{\Gamma \vdash n \longrightarrow t''}(\text{red-var}) \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash t[\mu(\alpha).t/\alpha] \longrightarrow t'}{\Gamma \vdash \mu(\alpha).t \longrightarrow t'}(\text{red-}\mu)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 \longrightarrow \Gamma' \quad \Gamma' \oplus \Gamma \vdash n \longrightarrow t_2}{\Gamma \vdash t_1.n \longrightarrow t_2}(\text{red-access-var}) \qquad \frac{}{\Gamma \vdash t \longrightarrow t}(\text{id})$$

6.5 Type inclusion

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t :_\kappa \star}{\Gamma \vdash t \subseteq t}\text{(sub-refl)} \qquad \frac{\forall j \in J, \exists i \in I, m_i = m'_j, \Gamma \vdash t_i \subseteq t'_j}{\Gamma \vdash \underline{c}\{m_i : t_i\}_I \subseteq \underline{c}\{m'_i : t'_i\}_J}\text{(sub-const)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 \longrightarrow t_3 \quad \Gamma \vdash t_3 \subseteq t_2}{\Gamma \vdash t_1 \subseteq t_2}\text{(app-l)} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash t_2 \longrightarrow t_3 \quad \Gamma \vdash t_1 \subseteq t_4}{\Gamma \vdash t_1 \subseteq t_2}\text{(app-r)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_3 \subseteq t_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash t_2 \subseteq t_4}{\Gamma \vdash t_1 \to t_2 \subseteq t_3 \to t_4}\text{(sub-}\to\text{)} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash t_3 \leftrightarrow t_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash t_2 \leftrightarrow t_4}{\Gamma \vdash t_1 \leftrightarrow t_2 \subseteq t_3 \leftrightarrow t_4}\text{(sub-}\leftrightarrow\text{)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 \subseteq t_3 \quad \Gamma \vdash t_2 \subseteq t_3}{\Gamma \vdash t_1 + t_2 \subseteq t_3}\text{(sub-+-l)} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 \subseteq t_2}{\Gamma \vdash t_1 \subseteq t_2 + t_3}\text{(sub-+-r1)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 \subseteq t_3}{\Gamma \vdash t_1 \subseteq t_2 + t_3}\text{(sub-+-r2)} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \oplus \mathcal{K}_\uparrow[\{a : \star\}] \vdash t_1 \subseteq t_2}{\Gamma \vdash \mu(a).t_1 \subseteq \mu(a).t_2}\text{(sub-}\mu\text{)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1[\mu(a).t_1/a] \subseteq t_2}{\Gamma \vdash \mu(a).t_1 \subseteq t_2}\text{(sub-}\mu\text{-l)} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 \subseteq t_2[\mu(a).t_2/a]}{\Gamma \vdash t_1 \subseteq \mu(a).t_2}\text{(sub-}\mu\text{-r)}$$

$$\frac{k' \subseteq_\kappa k \quad \Gamma \oplus \mathcal{K}_\uparrow[\{x : k\}] \vdash t_1 \subseteq t_2}{\Gamma \vdash \Lambda(x : k).t_1 \subseteq \Lambda(x : k').t_2}\text{(sub-}\Lambda\text{)}$$

$$\frac{k \subseteq_\kappa k' \quad \Gamma \oplus \mathcal{K}_\uparrow[\{x : k\}] \vdash t_1 \subseteq t_2}{\Gamma \vdash \forall(x : k).t_1 \subseteq \forall(x : k').t_2}\text{(sub-}\forall\text{)}$$

$$\frac{k \subseteq_\kappa k' \quad \Gamma \oplus \mathcal{K}_\uparrow[\{x : k\}] \vdash t_1 \subseteq t_2}{\Gamma \vdash \exists(x : k).t_1 \subseteq \exists(x : k').t_2}\text{(sub-}\exists\text{)}$$

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} \mathcal{K}_\downarrow[\Gamma_1] \subseteq \mathcal{K}_\downarrow[\Gamma_2] \\ \forall(n, t) \in \mathcal{T}_\downarrow[\Gamma_1], \exists(n', t') \in \mathcal{T}_\downarrow[\Gamma_2], n = n', \Gamma \vdash t' \subseteq t \\ \forall(n, t) \in \mathcal{S}_\downarrow[\Gamma_1], \exists(n', t') \in \mathcal{S}_\downarrow[\Gamma_2], n = n', \Gamma \vdash t' \subseteq t \end{array}}{\Gamma \vdash \Gamma_1 \subseteq \Gamma_2}\text{(sub-trait)}$$

6.6 Expression rules

$$\frac{\Gamma[e]_\sigma = t' \quad \Gamma \vdash t \subseteq t'}{\Gamma \vdash e : t}(\text{id}) \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash n : t_1 \to t_2 \quad \Gamma \vdash a : t_3 \quad \Gamma \vdash t_3 \subseteq t_1}{\Gamma \vdash n \ a : t_2}(\text{app})$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash n : t_1 \leftrightarrow t_2 \quad \Gamma \vdash a : t_3 \quad \Gamma \vdash t_3 \subseteq t_1}{\Gamma \vdash a \ n : t_2}(\text{call})$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \oplus \mathcal{S}_\uparrow[\{n : t_1\}] \vdash a : t_2}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda n.a : t_1 \to t_2}(\text{abstr}) \qquad \frac{\Gamma \oplus \mathcal{S}_\uparrow[\{\text{self} : t_1\}] \vdash a : t_2}{\Gamma \vdash \zeta.a : t_1 \leftrightarrow t_2}(\text{meth})$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash r : \underline{c}S \quad \mathcal{S}_\uparrow[S] \oplus \Gamma \vdash n : t}{\Gamma \vdash r.n : t}(\text{access}) \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash r : \Gamma' \quad \Gamma' \oplus \Gamma \vdash n : t}{\Gamma \vdash r.n : t}(\text{use})$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \forall(a : k).t_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash t_2 :_\kappa k}{\Gamma \vdash e : t_1[t_2/a]}(\forall\text{-elim}) \qquad \frac{\mathcal{K}_\uparrow[\{a : k\}] \oplus \Gamma \vdash e : t}{\Gamma \vdash e : \forall(a : k).t}(\forall\text{-intro})$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \exists(a : k).t_1 \quad \mathcal{K}_\uparrow[\{A : k\}] \oplus \mathcal{S}_\uparrow[\{a : t_1\}] \oplus \Gamma \vdash e_2 : t_2 \quad A \notin \text{ftv}(t_2)}{\Gamma \vdash \text{let } \{A, a\} \ = e_1 \ \text{in } e_2 : t_2}(\exists\text{-elim})$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 :_\kappa k \quad \Gamma \vdash e : t_2[t_1/a]}{\Gamma \vdash \{t_1, e\} : \exists(a : k).t_2}(\exists\text{-intro}) \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : t1 \quad \Gamma \oplus \mathcal{T}_\uparrow[\{a : t_1\}] \vdash e_2 : t_2}{\Gamma \vdash \text{let } a = e_1 \ \text{in } e_2 : t_2}(\text{let-in})$$

$$\frac{\forall i \in I, \Gamma \vdash a : t_i \quad \mathcal{S}_\uparrow[\{a : t_i\}] \oplus \Gamma \vdash e_i : t}{\Gamma \vdash \text{when}(a).\{t_i \rhd e_i\}_I : t}(\text{when})$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Gamma_1 \subseteq \Gamma_2 \quad \Gamma_1[m_i]_\sigma = t_i \quad \forall i \in I, \Gamma_1 \oplus \Gamma \vdash e_i : t_i}{\Gamma \vdash \Gamma_1 \circledast \{m_i \triangleq e_i\}_I : \Gamma_2}(\text{trait})$$