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1 Introduction

1.1 Purpose

This is intended to provide the AT Command Set which implemented by Al-Thinker.

1.2 Document Conventions

The following style conventions and terminology are used throughout this document.

The following style conv	entions and terminology are used throughout this document.
Name	Description
AT	Attention Command
TE	Terminal equipment
TA	Terminal adapter
MT	Mobile termination
MT Message	Mobile terminated message
MO Message	Mobile originated message
SMS	Short message services
USSD	Unstructured supplementary services data
CC	Call control
SS	Supplementary services
CRSS	Call related SS
ID	Identification
NW	Network

All latest version changes are in yellow.

In addition:

The "T" in the status table means the AT command type is the "TEST".

The "R" in the status table means the AT command type is the "READ".

The "S" in the status table means the AT command type is the "SET".

The "E" in the status table means the AT command type is the "EXE".

The "Y" in the status table means the AT command has been finished.

The "N" in the status table means that the work for this AT command has not been started.

The "P" in the status table means a part of all the functions of the AT command has been finished, leaving the remaining undone.

The **Syntax** table format is shown below:

Ai-Thinker Inc

AI-THINKET INC	A0_A7_A0C_A20 侯组 AT 叩ぐ来 VI.U3
Test command	Description
[If this command supports 'test', the	<u></u>
instance should be inputted here.]	Response
Read command	Description
[If this command supports 'read', the	
instance should be inputted here.]	
motarios criodia de inputtoa riereij	Response
	Parameter
Set command	Description
[If this command supports 'Set', the	
instance should be inputted here.]	Response
	Parameter
Fvo sammand	Description
Exe command supports 'oxo' the	Description
[If this command supports 'exe', the	
instance should be inputted here.]	Response
	Parameter
	4. 0
	(V)
Reference	ITU-T Recommandation V.25 ter
	▼

1.3 References

V.25ter 3GPP TS 27.007 3GPP TS 27.005 AT Module Hardware Interface Description

1.4 Character Set

GSM, HEX, PCCP936, UCS2

1.5 AT Command Syntax

The "AT" or "at" prefix must be set at the beginning of each command line. To terminate a command line enter <CR>. Commands are usually followed by a response that includes "<CR><LF><response><CR><LF>". Throughout this document, only the responses are presented, <CR><LF> are omitted intentionally.

Types of AT commands and responses:

AT command type	Syntax	Function
Test command	AT+CXXX=?	The mobile equipment returns the list of parameters and value ranges set with the corresponding Write command or by internal processes.
Read command	AT+CXXX?	This command returns the currently set value of the parameter or parameters.
Set command	AT+CXXX=<>	This command sets user-definable parameter values.
Exec(ution) command	AT+CXXX	The execution command reads non-variable parameters determined by internal processes

The basic syntax of basic and extended command order what defined in ITU-T V.25 ter(5.3, 5.4, etc).

1.5.1 Syntax rules

- 1) Command line must begin with "AT" or "at", otherwise it would be treated as invalid command line except "A/" and "+++". Especially, command line begin with "aT" or "At" are also invalid.
- There is only one "at"/"AT" when it includes several commands which should be at the beginning of a command line.
- 3) Basic command can be followed either by basic command or by extended command in one command line. So does the extended command, but there should be a ";" between the extended command and others.
- 4) The maximum length of the command name is 20 bytes.
- 5) The maximum length of the parameter string is 80 bytes.
- 6) There should be no more than 256 characters in one command line including characters defined by S5 and S3.
- 7) There should be no spacing in "at"/"AT" and command name.
- 8) The command line is ended with the character defined by command S3;
- 9) If error happened during parser it return error and none of the command will be execute in the command line; but if error happened when execute one of a commands in a command line, system will return error and the rest part of the command line will be discard.
- 10) Command line will be break when receiving a new one, the rest part and the new command line will both be discarded.
- 11) The character of command line is not sensitive;
- 12) 'a'-'z', 'A'-'Z', '1'-'9', '&', '%', '\\','!','.','-','.','l','_'are available for command name.
- 13) Terminate character ";" is optional for each commands except for "D". At the same time, "#" can also terminate the "D" command at the data service.
- 14) Dial numbers are listed as below:

123456789*=;#+>ABCD

And also the modifier:

, T P ! W @

- 15) If the basic command's parameter is omitted, parser will set the default value to 0.
- 16) There should be no spacing in numeric parameter.
- 17) Unicode string in the command line should be converted to hex string.
- 18) If the string type parameter of a command include the character ", '\'and ", it need to append transferred meaning character "\" before it.

1.5.2 Demo

1.5.2.1 Basic command I follows O

ATOI

Ai Thinker A6 MODULE

VERSION 1.0

OK

1.5.2.2 Extended command +COPS? follows basic one

ATI+COPS? +COPS: 0,0,"CMCC" OK

1.5.2.3 Demo3

The +CIMI command ends with ';' and +COPS? Command at the end of the command line," is omitted in the last one.

AT+CIMI;+COPS? 460000381603828 +COPS: 0,0,"CMCC" OK

1.5.2.4 The extended command +CIMI is followed by basic one I

AT+CIMI;I 460000381603828 Ai Thinker OK

1.5.2.5 I followed by D, the command behind D is omitted

ATID13240089312;+CIMI Ai Thinker A6 MODULE VERSION 1.0 OK CONNECT

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1.5.2.6 Compounded demo

The total number is 6, they are I, E, +CIMI, E1, I, +COPS?.

ATIE+CIMI;E1I+COPS?

Ai Thinker A6 MODULE

VERSION 1.0

460001255014827

Ai Thinker A6 MODULE

VERSION 1.0+COPS: 0,0,"CMCC"

OK

2 General Commands

The AT Commands described in this chapter allow the external application to access system related information in the A6 AT module.

2.1 AT

2.1.1 Description

Return to online command state from online data state.

2.1.2 Syntax

Exec command AT	Response OK	

2.2 AT+CPOF Switch off mobile station

2.2.1 Description

Switch off mobile station.

2.2.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CPOF=? Description	Response OK +CME ERROR.	

Reference

. . .

Exec command
AT+CPOF
Response
+CPOF

Description +CPOF: MS OFF OK
Device will be switched off (power down mode) +CME ERROR.

Do not send any command after this command.

Reference

. . .

2.2.3 Parameter

2.2.4 Remark

Test this command will lead to the dev board switch off. But as soon as the board switches off, it will automatically power on.

2.2.5 Example

Command	Possible Response
AT+CPOF	+CPOF: MS OFF
	OK
	[Device will be switched off (power down mode)]

2.3 ATS0 automatic answering

2.3.1 Description

This S-parameter controls the automatic answering feature of the DCE. If set to 0, automatic answering is disabled. If set to a non-zero value, the DCE shall cause the DCE to answer when the incoming call ringing has occurred the number of times indicated by the value.

2.3.2 Syntax

Test command	Response Success: 0-255
ATS0=?	OK Fail:
	ERROR
	Description
Read command	Response Success:
ATS0?	<n> OK</n>
	Fail: ERROR
Set command ATS0=[n]	Response Success: OK Fail: +CME ERROR: <err></err>
Reference ITU-V.25ter	

2.3.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

None

2.3.4 Parameter

<n>:

The auto answering times, range from 0~255.

2.3.5 Remark

If set to 0, auto answering is disabled. This command is specially used on data service in GPRS mode.

2.3.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
ATS0=2	OK
ATS0=?	0-255 OK
ATS0?	2 OK

2.4 ATS3 Response formatting character

2.4.1 Description

This S-parameter represents the decimal IA5 value of the character recognized by the DCE from the DTE to terminate an incoming command line. It is also generated by the DCE as part of the header, trailer, and terminator for result codes and information text, along with the S4 parameter.

2.4.2 Syntax

Read command ATS3?	Response <n> OK</n>
Reference V.25ter	

Set command ATS3= <n></n>	Response OK	
Reference V.25ter		

2.4.3 Parameter

<n></n>
Command line termination character
013(default)31

2.4.4 Remark

Using other value than 13 may cause problems when entering commands. If ATS3, ATS4, ATS5 be set to the same value, it may be cause some problem.

2.4.5 Example

2.5 ATS4 Response formatting character

2.5.1 Description

This S-parameter represents the decimal IA5 value of the character generated by the DCE as part of the header, trailer, and terminator for result codes and information text, along with the S3 parameter.

2.5.2 Syntax

Read command ATS4?	Response <n> OK</n>
Reference V.25ter	

Set command ATS4= <n> Description</n>	Response OK	
Reference		

V.25ter

2.5.3 Parameter

<n>

Command line termination character

0...10(default) ...31

2.5.4 Remark

If ATS3, ATS4, ATS5 be set to the same value, it may be cause some problem.

2.5.5 Example

2.6 ATS5 Command line editing character

2.6.1 Description

This S-parameter represents the decimal IA5 value of the character recognized by the DCE as a request to delete from the command line the immediately preceding character.

2.6.2 Syntax

Read command ATS5?	Response <n> OK</n>	
Reference V.25ter		

Set command ATS5= <n> Description</n>	Response OK	
Reference V.25ter		

2.6.3 Parameter

<n>

Command line termination character

0...8(default) ...31

2.6.4 Remark

If ATS3, ATS4, ATS5 be set to the same value, it may be cause some problem.

2.6.5 Example

2.7 +++ Switch from online data or PPP mode to online CMD mode

2.7.1 Description

Return to online command state from online data state.

2.7.2 Syntax

Exec command

+++

Description

...

Response

OK If value is valid.

ERROR If value is not recognized or not supported.

Reference ITU-T V.25

2.7.3 Parameter

2.7.4 Remark

2.7.5 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

The following ona	mpioo onow the typical appir	battori for time committe	aria.		
	Command		Possible Res	sponse	
+++		OK			
TTT		<note ·=""></note>			

2.8 ATO Switch from command mode to data mode/PPP online mode

2.8.1 Description

Causes the DCE to return to online data state and issue a CONNECT or CONNECT text result code.

2.8.2 Syntax

Exec command ATO[<value>] Description</value>	Response If connection is not successfully resumed: NO CARRIER Or DCE returns to data mode from command mode CONNECT <text> Note: <text> output only if ATX parameter setting with value > 0.</text></text>

Reference ITU-T V.25

2.8.3 Parameter

<value>

[0] Switch from command mode to data mode.

2.8.4 Remark

2.8.5 Example

Command		Possible Response
<set data="" mode="" to=""></set>	+++	
	OK	
4700	CONNECT	
ATO0	CONNECT	

2.9 AT&F Set all current parameters to manufacturer defaults

2.9.1 Description

This command instructs the DCE to set all parameters to default values specified by the manufacture, which may take hardware configuration switches and other manufacture-defined criteria into consideration.

2.9.2 Syntax

Set command AT&F[<value>] Description Read command returns the list of current active alarm settings in the MT.</value>	Response OK If value is valid. ERROR If value is not recognized or not supported.
Reference ITU-T V.25 ter(6.1.2)	

2.9.3 Parameter

<value>

[0] Set all TA parameters to manufacturer defaults. (other) Reserved for manufacture proprietary use.

2.9.4 Remark

- List of parameters reset to manufacturer default can be found in Section.
- In addition to the default profile, you can store an individual one with AT&W. To alternate between the two profiles enter either ATZ (loads user profile) or AT&F (restores factory profile).
- Configuration table see *Appendix B*

2.9.5 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
AT&F	ОК
<note: 26<sup="" alarm="" dec="" for="" set="">th, 2007 at 10:20:34 am, the alarm name is alarm1></note:>	<note :="" alarm="" is="" stored="" the=""></note>

2.10 ATV Set result code format mode

2.10.1 Description

The setting of this parameter determines the contents of the header and trailer transmitted with result codes and information responses. It also determines whether result codes are transmitted in a numeric form or an alphabetic (or "verbose") form. The text portion of information responses is not affected by this setting.

2.10.2 Syntax

Execute command ATV[<value>]</value>	Response 0 If value is 0 (because numeric response text is being used). OK If value is 1. 4 For unsupported values (if previous value was V0). ERROR For unsupported values (if previous value was V1).
Reference	

ITU-T V.25 ter(6.2.7)

2.10.3 Parameter

<value></value>		
0	Information response: <text><cr><lf> Short result code format: <numeric code=""><cr></cr></numeric></lf></cr></text>	
1	Information response: <cr><lf><text><cr><lf> Long result code format: <cr><lf><verbose code=""><cr><lf></lf></cr></verbose></lf></cr></lf></cr></text></lf></cr>	

2.10.4 Remark

Following table shows the effect of the setting of this parameter on the format of information text and result codes. All references to cr mean "the character with the ordinal value specified in parameter S3"; all references to if likewise mean "the character with the ordinal value specified in parameter S4"

V0	V1
<text><cr><lf></lf></cr></text>	<cr><lf><cr><lf><text><cr><lf></lf></cr></text></lf></cr></lf></cr>
<numeric code=""><cr></cr></numeric>	<cr><lf><verbose code=""><cr><lf></lf></cr></verbose></lf></cr>

2.10.5 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command

Command	Possible Response
	<cr><lf><text><cr><lf></lf></cr></text></lf></cr>
ATV1	<note: information="" response=""></note:>
<note: code="" default="" format="" result="" seeting="" set="" the="" to=""></note:>	<cr><lf><verbose code=""><cr><lf></lf></cr></verbose></lf></cr>
	<note: code="" format="" long="" result=""></note:>

2.11 ATE Enable command echo

2.11.1 Description

This setting determines whether or not the TA echoes characters received from TE during command state.

2.11.2 Syntax

Exec command ATE[<value>] Description</value>	Response OK
Reference ITU-T V.25	

2.11.3 Parameter

<value></value>	
0	Echo mode off
1	Echo mode on

2.11.4 Remark

• In case of using the command without parameter, <value> is set to 0.

2.11.5 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

	i	 	
	Command		Possible Response
ATE		OK	

2.12 AT&W Stores current configuration to user defined profile

2.12.1 Description

This command stores the currently set parameters to a user defined profile in the non-volatile memory.

2.12.2 Syntax

Exec command AT&W[<value>] Description</value>	Response OK
ERROR/+CME ERROR <err></err>	
Reference	
ITU-T V.25	

2.12.3 Parameter

<value></value>	
0	Profile number

2.12.4 Remark

- The user defined profile will be restored automatically after power-up. Use ATZ to restore user profile and AT&F to restore factory settings. Until the first use of AT&W, ATZ works as AT&F.
- A list of parameters stored to the user profile can be found in Section chapter 29, appendix B, AT Command Settings storable with AT&W.

2.12.5 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
AT&W	OK

2.13 ATQ Set result code presentation mode

2.13.1 Description

This parameter setting determines whether or not the DCE transmits result codes to the DTE.

2.13.2 Syntax

Exec command ATQ[<value>] Description ATQ0: DCE transmits result codes. ATQ1: Result codes are suppressed and not transmitted.</value>	Response OK none ERROR/+CME ERROR <err></err>
Reference ITU-T V.25	

2.13.3 Parameter

<value></value>	
0	DCE transmits result code
1	Result codes are suppressed and not transmitted

2.13.4 Remark

2.13.5 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
ATQ0	
<note:></note:>	OV
DCE transmits result code.	OK
ATQ1	
<note:></note:>	
	(None)
Result codes are suppressed and not	
transmitted ATQ	
AIQ	
<note:></note:>	OK
Current <value changed="" not=""></value>	

2.14 ATX Set connect result code format and call monitoring

2.14.1 Description

This parameter setting determines whether or not the DCE detects the presence of dial tone and busy signal and whether or not DCE transmits particular result codes.

2.14.2 Syntax

Exec command ATX[value] Description	Response <value> = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4; OK <value> > 4 ERROR/+CME ERROR <err></err></value></value>
Reference ITU-T V.25	

2.14.3 Parameter

<value></value>	
0	CONNECT result code only returned; dial tone and busy detection are both disable.
1	CONNECT <text> result code only returned; dial tone and busy detection are both disable.</text>
2	CONNECT <text> result code returned; dial tone detection is enabled, busy detection is disabled.</text>
3	CONNECT <text> result code returned, dial tone detection is disabled, busy detection is enabled.</text>
4	CONNECT <text> result code returned; dial tone and busy detection are both enabled.</text>

2.14.4 Remark

2.14.5 Example

2.15 ATZ Set all current parameters to user defined profile

2.15.1 Description

This command instructs the DCE to set all parameters to their factory defaults as specified by the manufactured.

2.15.2 Syntax

Exec command
ATZ[<value>]
Description
DCE sets all current parameters to the user profile
stored with AT&W. If a connection is in progress, it

Response OK

ERROR/+CME ERROR <err>

Reference ITU-T V.25

2.15.3 Parameter

will be terminated.

<value>
0 The default configure of the manufacturer.
(other) Not be used.

2.15.4 Remark

- First the profile will be set to factory default (see AT&F). If there is a valid user profile (stored with AT&W), this profile will be loaded afterwards.
- Any additional commands on the same command line may be ignored. A delay of 300 ms is required before next command is sent; otherwise "OK" response may be corrupted.

2.15.5 Example

2.16 AT+CFUN Set phone functionality

2.16.1 Description

Set command currently can only be used to switch off and on the CSW platform.

2.16.2 Syntax

Test command
AT+CFUN=?
Description
Test command.

Response
+CFUN: (list of supported <fun>s),(list of supported <rst>s)
ERROR/+CME ERROR <err>
Reference
See also 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0 (8.2): set phone functionality

Read command
AT+CFUN?
Description
Read command.

Reference
See also 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0 (8.2): set phone functionality

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Set command

AT+CFUN=<fun>[,<rst>]

Description
Set command selects the level of functionality <fun> in the MT.

Reference
See also 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0 (8.2): set phone functionality

2.16.3 Parameter

<fun></fun>	Description	
0	Minimum functionality	
1	Full functionality	
2	Disable phone transmit RF circuits only	
3	Disable phone receive RF circuits only	
4	Disable phone both transmit and receive RF circuits	
5	Switch on CSW platform	
6	Switch off CSW platform	

<rst></rst>	Description
0	Do not reset the MT before setting it to <fun> power level. NOTE: this shall be always default when <rst> is not given.</rst></fun>
1	Reset the MT before setting it to <fun> power level.</fun>

2.16.4 Remark

Current, only Parameter 0 and 1 is support.

When <fun> equals to 0 and 1, the second parameter <rst> is ignored.

For CSW only do the de-registering when switch off, when parameter is set by 0 or 1, CSW will operate the network job independent.

If AT modem can't register the network when parameter is set to 5, please check pin1 status.

2.16.5 Example

Command		Possible Response
AT+CFUN=0	OK	
AT+CFUN?	+CFUN:0	
	OK	

2.17 AT+CMEE report mobile equipment error

2.17.1 Description

This command controls the presentation of the result code +CME ERROR: <err> that indicates errors relating to ME functionality.

2.17.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CMEE=? Description Test command.	Response +CMEE: (list of supported <n>s)</n>
Reference See also 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0 (9.1): Mobile Terr	mination event reporting.

Read command AT+CMEE? Description Read command.	Response +CMEE: <n></n>

Reference

See also 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0 (9.1): Mobile Termination event reporting.

Set command AT+CMEE= <n> Description Set command.</n>	Response ERROR or OK
Reference See also 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0 (9.1): Mobile Termination event reporting.	

2.17.3 Parameter

<n></n>	Description
0	Disable +CME ERROR: <err> code and use ERROR instead</err>
1	Enable +CME ERROR: <err> code and use numeric <err> values (refer next sub clause)</err></err>
2	Enable +CME ERROR: <err> result code and use verbose <err> values refer next sub clause)</err></err>

2.17.4 Remark

When enable the result code, MT related errors cause +CME ERROR: <err> final result code instead of the regular ERROR final result code. ERROR is returned normally when error is related to syntax, invalid parameters, or TA functionality.

2.17.5 Example

Command	Possible Response
AT+CMEE=1	OK
AT+CMEE=5	+CME ERROR:53
at+cmee=?	+CMEE: (0-2)
	OK
at+cmee?	+CMEE: 1
	OK

2.18 AT+CSCS Select TE character set

2.18.1 Description

Write command informs DCE which character set <chset> is used by the TE. DCE is then able to convert character strings correctly between TE and ME character sets.

2.18.2 Syntax

Exec command AT+CSCS=? Description	Response If success: +CSCS: (list of supported < chset >s) OK if failed:
Description Test command to list the supported <chset>s.</chset>	if failed: ERROR
Reference See also 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0 (5.5): Mobile Terr	nination event reporting.

Exec command AT+CSCS? Description Read command shows current setting and test command displays conversion schemes implemented in the DCE.	Response If success: +CSCS: (list of supported < chset>s) OK If failed: ERROR
Reference See also 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0 (5.5): Mobile Termination event reporting.	

Exec command

AT+CSCS=[<chset>]

Description
Set command informs DCE which character set <chset> is used by the TE.

Reference
See also 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0 (5.5): Mobile Termination event reporting.

2.18.3 Parameter

<chset></chset>	NOTE
"GSM"	GSM 7 bit default alphabet (3GPP TS 23.038); this setting causes easily software flow control (XON/XOFF) problems.
"UCS2"	16-bit universal multiple-octet coded character set (ISO/IEC10646 [32]); UCS2 character strings are converted to hexadecimal numbers from 0000 to FFFF; e.g. "004100620063" equals three 16-bit characters with decimal values 65, 98 and 99.
"HEX"	Hexadecimal mode. No character set used ; the user read or write directly hexadecimal values.
"PCCP936"	PC Set.

2.18.4 Remark

This command is used to read and write phonebook entries. SMS doesn't effected by this command.

2.18.5 Example

Command	Possible Response
AT+CSCS="UCS2"	OK
AT+CSCS?	+CSCS: "UCS2"
	OK
AT+CSCS=?	+CSCS: ("GSM","HEX","PCCP936","UCS2")
	OK ,

2.19 AT+CMUX Multiplexing mode

2.19.1 Description This command is used to enable the multiplexing protocol control channel.

2.19.2 Syntax

Exec command AT+CMUX=? Description Test command to returns the supported parameters as compound values	Response If success: +CMUX: (list of supported <transparency>s) OK if failed: ERROR</transparency>
Reference See also 3GPP TS 27.010 [45]	

Exec command AT+CMUX? Description Read command returns the current settings.	Response If success: +CMUX: <transparency> OK If failed: ERROR</transparency>
Reference See also 3GPP TS 27.010 [45]	

Exec command
AT+CMUX=<transparency>
Description
Set command enable the multiplexing protocol control channel.
Response
If success:
OK
If failed:
ERROR
Reference

2.19.3 Parameter

See also 3GPP TS 27.010 [45]

<transparency>:</transparency>		
0	Basic option	

2.19.4 Remark

At present we only support basic mode, if you want use this command, please contact Ai Thinker software engineer

2.19.5 Example

Command	Possible Response
AT+CMUX=0	ОК
AT+CMUX=?	+CMUX: (0) OK
AT+CMUX?	+CMUX: 0 OK

2.20 AT+ICF DTE DCE character framing

2.20.1 Description

This extended-format compound parameter is used to determine the local serial port start-stop (asynchronous) character framing that the DCE shall use while accepting DTE commands and while transmitting information text and result code, if this is not automatically determined

2.20.2 Syntax

Read command AT+ICF? Description The DCE shall transmit a string of information text to the DTE	Response(s) Success: +ICF: <format>,<parity> OK Fail: ERROR</parity></format>
Test command AT+ICF=? Description The DCE shall transmit a string of information text to the DTE	Response(s) Success:
set command AT+ICF=[<format>[, <parity>]]</parity></format>	Response(s) Success: OK Fail: ERROR
Reference	

ITU-T V.25 ter(6.2.11)

2.20.3 Parameter

<format>

determines the number of bits in the data bits, the presence of a parity bit, and the number of stop bits in the start-stop frame.

- 0: auto detect
- 1: 8 Data 2 Stop
- 2: 8 Data 1 Parity 1 Stop
- 3: 8 Data 1 Stop
- 4: 7 Data 2 Stop
- 5: 7 Data 1 Parity 1 Stop
- 6: 7 Data 1 Stop

<parity>

determines how the parity bit is generated and checked, if present(when format is 2 or 5).

- 0: Odd
- 1: Even
- 2: Mark
- 3: Space

2.20.4 Remark

Implementation of this parameter is optional. If the format specified is not supported by the DCE, an **ERROR** result code shall be returned

2.20.5 Example

Command	Possible Response
AT+ICF=3,3	ОК
<note :=""></note>	<note:></note:>
AT+ICF?	+ICF:3,3 OK
AT+ICF=?	+ICF:(0-6),(0-3) OK

2.21 AT+IPR Set fixed local rate

2.21.1 Description

This numeric extended-format parameter specifies the data rate at which the DCE will accept commands, in addition to 1200 bit/s or 9600 bit/s

2.21.2 Syntax

Test command AT+IPR=?	
Description This numeric outended format parameter appoints the	data rate at which the DCF will accept commands
This numeric extended-format parameter specifies the data rate at which the DCE will accept commands. Response	
Success: +IPR:(list of supported auto detectable <rate> values)[,(list of fixed-only <rate> values)] Fail:</rate></rate>	
Read command AT+IPR? Description The DCE shall transmit a string of information text to the DTE	Response Success: +IPR: <rate> Fail: ERROR</rate>

Set command
AT+IPR=<rate>

Response
Success:
OK
Fail:
ERROR.

2.21.3 Parameter

<rate>

The <rate> value specified shall be the rate in bits per second at which the DTE-DCE interface should operate, e.g. "19 200" or "115 200". The rates supported by a particular DCE are manufacturer-specific; however, the IPR parameter should permit the setting of any rate supported by the DCE during online operation. Rates which include a non-integral number of bits per second should be truncated to the next lower integer (e.g. 134.5 bit/s should be specified as 134; 45.45 bit/s should be specified as 45). If unspecified or set to 0, automatic detection is selected for the range determined by the DCE manufacturer

2.21.4 Remark

Make sure the MT and the module has the same bit rate, otherwise it can't work

2.21.5 Example

Command	Possible Response
AT+IPR=115200	OK
<note:> AT+IPR? <note:> at+ipr=?</note:></note:>	<note:> +IPR:115200 <note:> (2400,4800,9600,14400,19200,28800,33600,38400,57600,115200,230400,460800,921600,1843200) OK</note:></note:>

2.22 AT+GSN request TA serial number identification

2.22.1 Description

This commandrequest TA serial number identification

2.22.2 Syntax

Test command AT+GSN=? Description	Response OK
Set command AT+GSN Description The set command return the TA serial number indentification.	Response <sn> OK</sn>
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007(V3.12.0)	

2.22.3 Parameter

<sn>: the total number of characters, including line terminators, in the information text shall not exceed 2048 characters.

2.22.4 Remark

2.22.5 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
AT+GSN	012345678901234 OK

2.23 AT+GMM Request TA model identification

2.23.1 Description

This command request TA model identification (may equal to +CGMM)

2.23.2 Syntax

Test command AT+GMM=? Description	Response OK
Read command None.	Response
Set command AT+GMM Description The set command returns product firmware version identification text.	Response <model> OK</model>

Reference

3GPP TS 27.007(V3.12.0)

2.23.3 Parameter

<model>: the total number of characters, including line terminators, in the information text shall not exceed 2048 characters.

2.23.4 Remark

2.23.5 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command

Command	Possible Response
AT+GMM	GSM Ultimate Data Device OK

2.24 AT+CGMM Request model identification

2.24.1 Description

This command causes the TA to return one or more lines of information text <model>, determined by the MT manufacturer, which is intended to permit the user of the TA to identify the specific model of the MT to which it is connected to. Typically, the text will consist of a single line containing the name of the product, but manufacturers may choose to provide more information if desired. Refer to subclause 9.2 for possible <err> values.

2.24.2 Syntax

Test command
+CGMM=? Response
Description OK

Set command
+CGMM Response
Description <model>

The set command causes the TA to return one or +CME ERROR: <err>

more lines of information text <model>.

Reference

3GPP TS 27.007(V3.12.0)

2.24.3 Parameter

<model>: the total number of characters, including line terminators, in the information text shall not exceed 2048 characters.

2.24.4 Remark

2.24.5 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

The following examples show the typical application for this command:		
	Command	Possible Response
	AT+CGMM	GSM Ultimate Data Device OK

2.25 AT+GMR Request revision identification

2.25.1 Description

This command request TA revision identification (may equal to +CGMR)

2.25.2 Syntax

Test command
+GMR=? Response
Description OK

Set command Response +GMR crevision>

The set command causes the TA to return one or +CME ERROR: <err>

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more lines of information text <revision>.

Reference

3GPP TS 27.007(V3.12.0)

2.25.3 Parameter

<revision>: the total number of characters, including line terminators, in the information text shall not exceed 2048 characters.

2.25.4 Remark

2.25.5 **Example**

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command		Possible Response
AT+GMR	3.00 OK	

2.26 AT+ CGMR Request revision identification

2.26.1 Description

This command causes the TA to return one or more lines of information text <revision>, determined by the MT manufacturer, which is intended to permit the user of the TA to identify the version, revision level or date, or other pertinent information of the MT to which it is connected to. Typically, the text will consist of a single line containing the version of the product, but manufacturers may choose to provide more information if desired. Refer subclause 9.2 for possible <err> values.

2.26.2 Syntax

Test command +CGMR=? Description	Response OK
Set command +CGMR Description The set command causes the TA to return one or more lines of information text <revision>.</revision>	Response <pre></pre> <pre></pre> <pre></pre> <pre>+CME ERROR: <err></err></pre>

Reference

3GPP TS 27.007(V3.12.0)

2.26.3 Parameter

<revision>: the total number of characters, including line terminators, in the information text shall not exceed 2048 characters.

2.26.4 Remark

2.26.5 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

The femality examples and the typical approximation and community		
Command	Possible Response	
AT+CGMR	3.00	
	OK	

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2.27 AT+GMI Request TA manufacturer identification

2.27.1 **Description**

Request TA manufacturer identification (may equal to +CGMI).

2.27.2 **Syntax**

Test command Response +GMI=? OK Description

Set command

+GMI Description

The set command causes the TA to return one or

more lines of information text <manufacturer>.

Response

<manufacturer>

+CME ERROR: <err>

Reference

3GPP TS 27.007(V3.12.0)

2.27.3 **Parameter**

<manufacturer>: the total number of characters, including line terminators, in the information text shall not exceed 2048 characters.

2.27.4 Remark

2.27.5 **Example**

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command		Possible Response	
AT+GMI	Manufacturer ABC OK		

AT+CGMI Request manufacturer identification

2.28.1 **Description**

This command causes the TA to return one or more lines of information text <manufacturer>, determined by the MT manufacturer, which is intended to permit the user of the TA to identify the manufacturer of the MT to which it is connected to. Typically, the text will consist of a single line containing the name of the manufacturer, but manufacturers may choose to provide more information if desired. Refer subclause 9.2 for possible <err> values.

2.28.2 **Syntax**

Test command	Response
+CGMI=?	OK

Description

Set command

+CGMI Description

The set command causes the TA to return one or more lines of information text <manufacturer>.

Response

<manufacturer>

+CME ERROR: <err>

Reference

3GPP TS 27.007(V3.12.0)

2.28.3 **Parameter**

<manufacturer>: the total number of characters, including line terminators, in the information text shall not exceed 2048 characters.

2.28.4 Remark

2.28.5 **Example**

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command Possible Response AT+CGMI Manufacturer ABC OK

2.29 ATI Request manufacturer specific information about the TA

2.29.1 **Description**

Request manufacturer specific information about the TA(software cannot use this command to determine the capabilities of a TA)

OK

2.29.2 **Syntax**

Set command Response ATI[<value>]

<module name> Description <module version> The set command request manufacturer specific

information about the TA.

Reference

3GPP TS 27.007(V3.12.0)

Parameter 2.29.3

<value> may optionally be used to select from among multiple types of identifying information, specified by the manufacturer...

return manufacturer identification, model identification and revision identification of software.

(1-255) Reserved for manufacturer proprietary use

2.29.4 Remark

2.29.5 **Example**

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command Possible Response Page 31 of 193 ATI Ai Thinker AT 3.0.0 OK

2.30 AT+CIMI Request international mobile subscriber identity

2.30.1 Description

This command causes the TA to return <IMSI>, which is intended to permit the TE to identify the individual active application in the UICC (GSM or USIM) or SIM card which is attached to MT. Refer subclause 9.2 for possible <err> values.

2.30.2 Syntax

Test command
+CIMI=? Response
Description OK

Set command Response +CIMI CIMSI>

The set command causes the TA to return <IMSI>. +CME ERROR: <err>

Reference

3GPP TS 27.007(V3.12.0)

2.30.3 Parameter

International Mobile Subscriber Identity (string without double quotes)

2.30.4 Remark

2.30.5 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

-	опот што туртом мрртомпот п		
Command		Possible Response	
AT+CIMI	460001033113523		
	OK		
	-		

2.31 AT+EGMR Read and write IMEI

2.31.1 Description

This command read IMEI from factory partition, also can write IMEI to factory patition.

2.31.2 Syntax

Test command +EGMR=? Description	Response +EGMR: (0,1),(7) OK
Set command +EGMR= <mode>,<format>,<data> Description</data></format></mode>	Response <imei> +CME ERROR: <err></err></imei>

The set command causes the TA to return <IMEI>.

2.31.3 Parameter

<IMEI>:

<mode> 1 write mode,2 read mode

<format> 7 only can set this value,to match ap.

<data> IMEI number.

2.31.4 Remark

2.31.5 **Example**

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command Possible Response
AT+EGMR=1,7,"111111111111" +EGMR
OK

AT+EGMR=2,7; +EGMR:1111111111

OK

2.32 AT+CALA Set an alarm time

2.32.1 Description

This command is used to set/list alarms or date/time in the ME.

2.32.2 Syntax

Test command
AT+CALA=?
Description
Test command returns supported array index values, alarm types, and maximum length of the text to be displayed.

Response +CALA: (list of supported <n>s),(list of supported <type>s),<tlength>,<rlength>,(list of supported <type>silent>s) +CME ERROR: <err>

Read command [+CALA: AT+CALA? |

AT+CALA?

<a href="mailto:ctim

Read command returns the list of current active [<CR><LF>+CALA:

alarm settings in the MT.

<p

+CME ERROR: <err>

Set command AT+CALA=

<time>[,<n>[,<type>[,<text>[,<recurr>[,<silent>]]]]]
Response

Set command sets an alarm time in the MT. There

can be an array of different types of alarms, and each alarm may cause different text to be displayed

in the MT display

OK

+CME ERROR: <err> is returned

Reference

3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0 (8.16)

2.32.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

URC1

+CALV: <n>

NOTE: it is always returned, even if the alarm is set up to be silent

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2.32.4 Parameter

<time>

string type value, the format is "yy/mm/dd,hh:mm:ss+zz", where characters indicate year (two last digits), month, day, hour, minutes, seconds and time zone (indicates the difference, expressed in quarters of an hour, between the local time and GMT; range -12...+13). E.g. 6th of May 2005, 22:10:00 GMT+2 hours equals to "05/05/06,22:10:00+08"

Note: if <time> equals current date and time or is set to an earlier date, returns +CME ERROR: 21.

<n>, <n1>, <n2>

Integer type value Indicating the index of the alarm.

Default is 1, in the range of 1~15.

<tvpe>

Integer type value indicating the type of the alarm (e.g. sound, volume, LED); values and default is 0. <text>

String type value indicating the text to be displayed when alarm time is reached; maximum length <tlength> <tlength>

Integer type value indicating the maximum length of <text>

<recurr>

String type value indicating day of week for the alarm in one of the following formats:

"<1..7>[,<1..7>[...]]" – Sets a recurrent alarm for one or more days in the week. The digits 1 to 7 corresponds to the days in the week, Monday (1), ..., Sunday (7).

Example: The string "1,2,3,4,5" may be used to set an alarm for all weekdays.

"0" – Sets a recurrent alarm for all days in the week.

<rlength>

Integer type value indicating the maximum length of <recurr>

<silent>:

Integer type value indicating if the alarm is silent or not. If set to 1 the alarm will be silent and the only result from the alarm is the unsolicited result code +CALV. If set to 0 the alarm will not be silent

2.32.5 Remark

- > If you want set a recycle alarm, just import the time
- If don't input recur, it will consider it not a recyclable alarm
- If don't input index, the alarm index is 1 will be substitute
- > String format of alarm: "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss".
- Maximum number of alarms is 15. Seconds are not taken into account.

2.32.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
AT+CALA="07/10/26,10:20:34",1,0,"alarm1"	OK
<note: 26<sup="" alarm="" dec="" for="" set="">th, 2007 at 10:20:34 am, the alarm name is alarm1> AT+CALA="18:02:10",2,0,"alarm2","2"</note:>	<note :="" alarm="" is="" stored="" the=""> OK</note>
<note:></note:>	<note: alarm="" is="" stored="" the=""> +CALA: "07/10/27,17:35:30",1,0,"alarm1","1,2,3,4,5,6,7" +CALA: "07/10/27,17:40:23",2,0,"alarm2","1,2,3,4,5,6,7"</note:>
AT+CALA?	+CALA: "07/10/27,18:50:30",3,0,"alarm test","2,4,6,"" +CALA: "07/10/27,17:35:30",4,0,"alarm5","1,3,5,6,""
<note:></note:>	+CALA: "07/10/29,18:45:30",5,0,"222","1,3,5,"" OK
AT+CALA=?	< <i>Note</i> : > +CALA: (1-15),(0),(32),(15) OK
<note:></note:>	<note :=""></note>

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<Note:>
<Note: The process for setting alarm clock is
same as mentioned above, after setting an alarm
clock, close the module, check the '+CALA' the Mobile Phone be turned off.>
event.>

< Note:
This function relates to the implementation of the alarm clock when
the Mobile Phone be turned off.>

2.33 AT+VGR Receive gain selection

2.33.1 Description

This refers to the amplification by the TA of audio samples sent from the TA to the computer.

2.33.2 Syntax

Response(s): Test command Success: AT+VGR=? + VGR: (list of supported <n>s) Description OK The command operates on an integer <n>, range Fail: 0...255. **ERROR** Response(s): Success: Read command AT+VGR? + VGR:<n> Description OK Read command returns the list of current setting. Fail: **ERROR** Parameter Description < n>: range 5...8. if value equal to 8, then receiver is Set command mute. AT+VGR= <n> Response(s) Description Success: Set command sets the gain. OK Fail: **ERROR** Reference 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0 (2002-12)

2.33.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

2.33.4 Parameter

<n>

range 5...8. if value equal to 8, then receiver is mute..

2.33.5 Remark

Values larger than 128 indicate a larger gain than nominal. Values less than 128 indicate a smaller gain than nominal. The entire range of 0...255 does not have to be provided. A value of zero implies the use of automatic gain control by the TA

2.33.6 **Example**

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

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Con	nmand	Possible Response
AT+ VGR =8	Response(s) Success: OK Fail: ERROR	
AT+VGR?	+VGR: 7 OK	
<note:> AT+VGR=? <note:></note:></note:>	+VGR: (5-8) OK	

2.34 AT+VGT Transmit gain selection

2.34.1 Description

This refers to the amplification by the TA of audio samples sent from the computer to the TA.

2.34.2 Syntax

Response(s): Test command Success: AT+VGT=? + VGT: (list of supported <n>s) Description OK The command operates on an integer <n>, range Fail: **ERROR** Response(s): Read command Success: AT+VGT? + VGT:<n> Description Read command returns the list of current audio Fail: setting. **ERROR** Response(s) Set command Success: AT+VGT= <n> OK Description Fail: Set command sets gain **ERROR** Reference 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0 (2002-12)

2.34.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

2.34.4 Parameter

<n>

Parameter Description

< n>: range 16. if value equal to 16, then transmit is mute.

2.34.5 Remark

Values larger than 128 indicate a larger gain than nominal. Values less than 128 indicate a smaller gain than nominal. The entire range of 0...255 does not have to be provided. A value of zero implies the uses of automatic gain control by the TA.

2.34.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command Possible Response	
AT+VGT=16	OK
<note:> AT+VGT?</note:>	<note :="" alarm="" is="" stored="" the=""> +VGT: 16 OK</note>
<note:></note:>	<note :=""></note>
AT+VGT=?	+VGT: 16 OK
<note:></note:>	<note :=""></note>

2.35 AT+CLVL Loudspeaker volume level

2.35.1 Description

This command is used to select the volume of the internal loudspeaker of the MT.

2.35.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CLVL=? Description Test command returns supported values as compound value	Response +CLVL: (list of supported <level>s)</level>		
Read command AT+ CLVL? Description Read command returns the list of current setting.	Response +CLVL: <level> +CME ERROR: <err></err></level>		
Set command AT+CLVL= <level> Description Set command sets</level>	Response +CME ERROR: <err></err>		
Reference See also 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0 (8.23): Loudspeaker volume level			

2.35.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

2.35.4 Parameter

<level>

integer type value with manufacturer specific range (smallest value represents the lowest sound level)

2.35.5 Remark

2.35.6 **Example**

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Commar	ıd	Possible Response

Λi.	.Тh	iin	VOL	Inc

2.36 AT+CMUT Mute control

2.36.1 Description

This command is used to enable and disable the uplink voice muting during a voice call.

2.36.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CMUT=? Description .	Response +CMUT: (list of supported <n>s)</n>
Read command AT+CMUT? Description Read command returns.	Response +CMUT: <n> +CME ERROR: <err> Parameter</err></n>
Set command AT+CMUT= <n> Description Set command sets</n>	Response +CME ERROR: <err></err>
Reference See also 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0 (8.24): Mute contr	rol

2.36.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

2.36.4 Parameter

<n> 0 mute off 1 mute on. <type>

2.36.5 Remark

2.36.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

The following oxal	ripide eriew the typice	a application for time	communa.	
	Command		Possible Response	
AT+CMUT=1		OK		

<Note : 1>
AT+CMUT?
AT+CMUT: 1
OK
<Note : >
AT+CMUT=?

<Note : >

<Note : >

2.36.7 Remark

2.36.8 **Example**

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
AT+CMUT=1	OK
<note 1="" :=""> AT+CMUT?</note>	< <i>Note : ></i> +CMUT: 1 OK
<note:> AT+CMUT=?</note:>	<note :=""></note>
<note:></note:>	<note:></note:>

2.37 AT+CCLK Real time clock

2.37.1 Description

Set command sets the real-time clock of the MT.

2.37.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CCLK=? Description Test command returns. Read command Response AT+CCLK? +CCLK: <time> Description +CME ERROR: <err> Read command returns Set command Response AT+CCLK= <time> OK Description +CME ERROR: <err> Set command sets Reference See also 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0 (8.15): Clock

2.37.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

2.37.4 Parameter

<time>

string type value, the format is "yy/mm/dd,hh:mm:ss+zz", where characters indicate year (two last digits), month, day, hour, minutes, seconds and time zone (indicates the difference, expressed in quarters of an hour, between the local time and GMT; range -12...+13). E.g. 6th of May 2005, 22:10:00 GMT+2 hours equals to "05/05/06,22:10:00+08"

Note: if <time> equals current date and time or is set to an earlier date, returns +CME ERROR: 21.

2.37.5 Remark

If MT does not support time zone information then the three last characters of <time> are not returned by +CCLK? The format of <time> is specified by use of the +CSDF command The range of the year is from 2000 to 2070

2.37.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

The femaling enampies enem and typical	·
Command	Possible Response
AT+CCLK="07/10/25,11:33:40+8"	OK
<note :=""></note>	<note :=""></note>
AT+CCLK?	+CCLK: "07/10/25,11:33:44+8"
	OK
<note :=""></note>	<note :=""></note>
AT+CCLK=?	OK
<note :=""></note>	<note :=""></note>

2.38 AT+CALD Delete one alarm

2.38.1 Description

Action command deletes an alarm in the MT

2.38.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CALD=? Description Test command values.	returns	supported	array	index	Response +CALD: (list of supported <n>s)</n>
Set command AT+CALD= <n> Description Set command sets</n>					Response +CME ERROR: <err></err>
Reference See also 3GPP TS	3 27.007	V3.12.0 (8.3	37): del	ete Aları	m

2.38.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

2.38.4 Parameter

<n>

Integer type value Indicating the index of the alarm.

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default is manufacturer specific

2.38.5 Remark

2.38.6 **Example**

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

	Command		Possible Response
AT+CALD=1		OK	
<note :=""> AT+CALD=?</note>		< <i>Note :</i> > +CALD: 2 OK	
<note :=""></note>		<note :=""></note>	

2.39 AT+CBC Battery charging / discharging and charge control

Description 2.39.1

This command is used to set/list alarms or date/time in the ME. 1 (V)

2.39.2 Syntax

Response +CBC: (list of supported <bcs>s),(list of supported <bcs>Defined values <bcs>on No charging adapter is connected 1 Charging adapter is connected 2 Charging adapter is connected, charging in progress 3 Charging adapter is connected, charging has finished 4 Charging error, charging is interrupted 5 False charging temperature, charging is interrupted while temperature is beyond allowed range <bcb></bcb> Battery capacity 0, 10,20, 30,40, 50,60, 70,80, 90,100 percent of remaining capacity (11 steps) 0 indicates that either the battery is exhausted or the capacity value is not available</bcs></bcs></bcs></bcs></bcs></bcs></bcs></bcs>		
capacity value to not available.	AT+CBC=? Description	+CBC: (list of supported <bcs>s),(list of supported <bcl>s) Defined values <bcs> 0 No charging adapter is connected 1 Charging adapter is connected 2 Charging adapter is connected, charging in progress 3 Charging adapter is connected, charging has finished 4 Charging error, charging is interrupted 5 False charging temperature, charging is interrupted while temperature is beyond allowed range <bcl>bcl> Battery capacity 0, 10,20, 30,40, 50,60, 70,80, 90,100 percent of remaining capacity (11 steps)</bcl></bcs></bcl></bcs>

Read command

Read command returns.

AT+CBC?

Description

Set command

Set command sets

AT+CBC Description Response

+CBC: <bcs>,<bcl>

<bcs>

Connection status of battery pack

<bcl>

Battery charge level

While charging is in progress (charging adapter

connected)

The battery capacity is not available. Consequently, parameter

bcl>=0.To query the battery capacity

disconnect the charger.

Battery charging / discharging and charge control

Responses returned

by the AT+CBC command vary with the operating

mode of the ME:

Normal mode:

ME is switched on by Ignition pin and running the

SLEEP, IDLE,

TALK or DATA mode. Charger is not connected.

AT+CBC can be

used to query the battery capacity.

Normal mode + charging:

Allows charging while ME is switched on by Ignition pin and running the SLEEP, IDLE, TALK or DATA mode. AT+CBC returns chargerstatus. Battery

capacityis not available.

Charge-only mode:

Allows charging while ME is detached from GSM network. Whenstarted, the mode is indicated by the

URC "+SYSTART CHARGEONLY

MODE". AT+SBC returns charger status.

Percentage of battery capacity is not available.

Reference

2.39.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

2.39.4 Parameter

2.39.5 Remark

2.39.6 **Example**

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command Possible Response

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A6 A7 A6C A20 模组 AT 命令集	. V1	.03
-------------------------	------	-----

Ai-Th	inker	Inc
-------	-------	-----

AT+CBC? +CBC: 0,100 OK

<Note : > <Note : >

AT+CBC=? +CBC: (0-5), (0,10,20,30,40,50,60,70,80,90,100)

2.40 AT+CBCM Supply Information when Battery Capacity changed

2.40.1 Description

This command control information display when battery capacity changed. But this command not support now 2.40.2 Syntax

Response(s)
Success:

Test command Success:
AT+CBCM=? +CBCM: list of support

AT+CBCM=? +CBCM: list of supported <bNumber>s OK

Test command returns Fail: ERROR

Read command Response(s)

Read command Success:

Description OK
Read command returns Fail:
ERROR

Response(s)
Set command
Success:
AT+CBCM=<bNumber>
OK
Description
Fail:

Description Fail:
Set command sets ERROR

Reference none

2.40.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

2.40.4 Parameter

<bNumber>

- 0 means the battery status event will not be reported initiatively
- 1 means the battery status event will be reported initiatively

2.40.5 Remark

2.40.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Possible Response	
ОК	
<note:></note:>	
+CBC:0	
OK	
<note :=""></note>	
OK	
<note :=""></note>	
	OK <note:> +CBC:0 OK <note:> +CBC: (0-1)</note:></note:>

2.41 AT+CMER Mobile Termination event reporting

2.41.1 Description

This command set or query the sending mode of unsolicited result codes from TA to TE.

2.41.2 Syntax

Test command +CMER=? Description Test command returns the modes supported as compound values.	Response +CMER: (list of supported <mode>s),(list of supported <keyp>s),(list of supported <disp>s),(list of supported <ind>s),(list of supported <bfr>s)</bfr></ind></disp></keyp></mode>
Read command +CMER? Description Read command returns the mode of MT indicators. If MT is not currently reachable, +CME ERROR: <err> is returned. Refer subclause 9.2 for <err> values.</err></err>	Response +CMER: <mode>,<keyp>,<disp>,<ind>,<bfr></bfr></ind></disp></keyp></mode>
Set command +CMER=[<mode>[,<keyp>[,<disp>[,<ind>[,<bfr>]]]]] Description Set command enables or disables sending of unsolicited result codes from TA to TE in the case of key pressings, display changes, and indicator state changes.</bfr></ind></disp></keyp></mode>	Response Success: OK Failing: +CME ERROR: <err></err>
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0	

2.41.3 Parameter

<mode>:

- 0 buffer unsolicited result codes in the TA; if TA result code buffer is full, codes can be buffered in some other place or the oldest ones can be discarded
- 1 discard unsolicited result codes when TA-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode); otherwise forward them directly to the TE
- 2 buffer unsolicited result codes in the TA when TA-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode) and flush them to the TE after reservation; otherwise forward them directly to the TE
- 3 forward unsolicited result codes directly to the TE; TA-TE link specific inband technique used to embed result codes and data when TA is in on-line data mode <keyp>::
- 0 no keypad event reporting
- NOTE 1: When this mode is enabled, corresponding result codes of all keys currently pressed should be flushed to the TA regardless of

 setting.
- 2 keypad event reporting using result code +CKEV: <key>,<press>. All key pressings shall be directed from TA to TE.
- NOTE 2: When this mode is enabled, corresponding result codes of all keys currently pressed should be flushed to the TA regardless of <bfr> setting. <disp>:
- 0 no display event reporting
- display event reporting using result code +CDEV: <elem>,<text>. <elem> indicates the element order number (as specified for +CDIS) and <text> is the new value of text element. Only those display events, which are not caused by +CDIS shall be indicated by the TA to the TE. Character set used in <text> is as specified by command Select TE Character Set +CSCS
- display event reporting using result code +CDEV: <elem>,<text>. All display events shall be directed from TA to TE. Character set used in <text> is as specified by command Select TE Character Set +CSCS <ind>:
- 0 no indicator event reporting
- 1 indicator event reporting using result code +CIEV: <ind>,<value>. <ind> indicates the indicator order number (as specified for +CIND) and <value> is the new value of indicator. Only those indicator events, which are not caused by +CIND shall be indicated by the TA to the TE 2 indicator event reporting using result code +CIEV: <ind>,<value>. All indicator events shall be directed from TA to TE

<bfr>:

- 0 TA buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is cleared when <mode> 1...3 is entered
- 1 TA buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is flushed to the TE when <mode>
- 1...3 is entered (OK response shall be given before flushing the codes)

2.41.4 Remark

2.41.5 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
AT+CMER=3,0,0,2	OK +CIEV:battchg,5
	+CIEV:signal,99
AT+CMER =?	+CMER:(3),(0),(0),(0,2)
AT OMERO	OK
AT+CMER?	+CMER:3,0,0,2
	OK

2.42 AT+CEER Extended error report

2.42.1 Description

This command causes the TA to return one or more lines of information text <report>, determined by the MT manufacturer, which should offer the user of the TA an extended report of the reason for

- the failure in the last unsuccessful call setup (originating or answering) or in-call modification;
- the last call release;
- the last unsuccessful GPRS attach or unsuccessful PDP context activation;
- the last GPRS detach or PDP context deactivation.

Typically, the text will consist of a single line containing the cause information given by GSM/UMTS network in textual format.

2.42.2 Syntax

Test command +CEER=? Description The test command shell return "OK".	Response OK
Set command +CEER Description The set command causes the TA to return one or more lines of information text <report>.</report>	Response +CEER: <report></report>
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0	

2.42.3 Parameter

<report>: the total number of characters, including line terminators, in the information text shall not exceed 2041 characters.

Text shall not contain the sequence 0<CR> or OK<CR>

2.42.4 Remark

2.42.5 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
AT+CEER = ? ATD13501275915;	OK OK BUSY
AT+CEER	+CEER: CALL RELEASED, NETWORK SENT UDUB TO ME OK

2.43 AT+CPAS Phone activity status

2.43.1 Description

This command returns the activity status <pas> of the MT. It can be used to interrogate the MT before requesting action from the phone. Refer subclause 9.2 for possible <err> values.

2.43.2 **Syntax**

Test command

Response +CPAS=?

+CPAS: (list of supported <pas>s) Description

Test command returns values supported as a +CME ERROR: <err>

compound value.

Set command +CPAS

Description The set command returns the activity status <pas>

of the MT. It can be used to interrogate the MT before requesting action from the phone. Refer

subclause 9.2 for possible <err> values.

Response

+CPAS: <pas>

+CME ERROR: <err>

Reference

3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0

2.43.3 **Parameter**

- ready (MT allows commands from TA/TE)
- unavailable (MT does not allow commands from TA/TE)
- 2 unknown (MT is not guaranteed to respond to instructions)
- ringing (MT is ready for commands from TA/TE, but the ringer is active)
- call in progress (MT is ready for commands from TA/TE, but a call is in progress)
- asleep (MT is unable to process commands from TA/TE because it is in a low functionality state)

also all other values below 128 are reserved by the present document.

2.43.4 Remark

2.43.5 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Possible Response At+cpas=? +cpas:0,1,3,4 Ok At+cpas +cpas:0 ok

2.44 AT+CCID Query SIM CCID

本条指令用于查询 SIM 的 CCID,也可以用于查询 SIM 是否存或者插好。

2.45 AT+RST Soft Reset

AT+RST=1, Reboot the module.

3 SIM/PBK Commands

The AT Commands described in this chapter are related to the A6 AT Module hardware interface. More information regarding this interface is available with the "A6 AT Module Hardware Interface Description"[4].

3.1 AT+CPIN PIN Authentication

3.1.1 Description

Set command sends to the MT a password which is necessary before it can be operated (SIM PIN, SIM PUK, PH-SIM PIN, etc.).

3.1.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CPIN =? Description	Response OK
Read command AT+CPIN? Description Read command returns an alphanumeric string indicating whether some password is required or not	Response +CPIN: <code> OK ERROR +CME ERROR: <err></err></code>
Set command AT+CPIN= <pin>[,<newpin>] Description Set command sends to the MT a password which is necessary before it can be operated (SIM PIN, SIM PUK, PH-SIM PIN, etc.). If the PIN is to be entered twice, the TA shall automatically repeat the PIN. If no PIN request is pending, no action is taken towards MT and an error message, +CME ERROR, is returned to TE. Refer subclause 9.2 for possible <err> values. If the PIN required is SIM PUK, the second pin is required. This second pin, <newpin>, is used to replace the old pin in the active application in the UICC (GSM or USIM) or SIM card.</newpin></err></newpin></pin>	Response OK ERROR +CME ERROR: <err></err>
Reference	
3GPP TS 27.007 V3.2.0 (2002-06)	

3.1.3 Parameter

<pin>, <newpin>:

string type values

<code>

values reserved by the present document:

READY MT is not pending for any password

SIM PIN MT is waiting UICC/SIM PIN to be given

SIM PUK MT is waiting UICC/SIM PUK to be given

SIM PIN2 MT is waiting active application in the UICC (GSM or USIM) or SIM card PIN2 to be given

(this <code> is recommended to be returned only when the last executed command resulted in PIN2 authentication failure (i.e. +CME ERROR: 17); if PIN2 is not entered right

after the failure, it is recommended that MT does not block its operation)

SIM PUK2 MT is waiting active application in the UICC (GSM or USIM) or SIM card PUK2 to be given

(this <code> is recommended to be returned only when the last executed command resulted in PUK2 authentication failure (i.e. +CME ERROR: 18); if PUK2 and new PIN2 are not entered right after the failure, it is recommended that MT does not block its

operation)

3.1.4 Remark

Commands which interact with MT that are accepted when MT is pending SIM PIN, SIM PUK, or PH-SIM are: +CGMI, +CGMM, +CGMR, D112; (emergency call), +CPAS, +CFUN, +CPIN, +CDIS (read and test command only), and +CIND (read and test command only).

Notes: After input three times wrong PIN, SIM card will be locked!

3.1.5 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

 Command
 Possible Response

 AT+CPIN="1234"
 Ok

 Ok
 AT+CPIN="5678"

 +CME ERROR: 3
 Don't need password

 +CME ERROR: 16
 +CPIN: SIM PIN: need input CHV1 code

 AT+CPIN="123456578","1234"
 +CPIN: SIM PUK:need input PUK1 code

 OK
 OK

3.2 AT^CPINC total times of access the sim card

3.2.1 Description

AT+CPIN? +CPIN: READY

Remaining times of access the sim card

3.2.2 Syntax

Test command AT^CPINC=? Description	Response ^CPINC: PIN1&PIN2: (1-3), PUK1&PUK2: (1-10) OK
-------------------------------------	---

.. ERROR :

+CME ERROR: <err>

Exe command Response

AT^CPINC: <rest time>

Description OK
Return the rest time corresponding to the current ERROR:

status of sim card. +CME ERROR: <err>

Reference

3.2.3 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command Possible Response

AT^CPINC
^CPINC:3,10,3,10
OK

3.3 AT+CPIN2 PIN2 Authentication(For SIM)

3.3.1 Description

+CPIN2 controls network authentication of the MT.

3.3.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CPIN2=? Description	Response Success: OK Fail: ERROR
Read command AT+CPIN2? Description	Response Success: +CPIN2: <code> OK Fail: ERROR</code>
Set command AT+CPIN2= <pin>[, <new pin="">] Description <pin>: Password (string type), usually SIM PIN2 or, if requested, SIM PUK2</pin></new></pin>	Response Success: OK Fail: ERROR
Reference MC55 AT Command Set	

3.3.3 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command		Possible Response	
AT+CPIN2=?	OK		
AT+CPIN2? +CPIN2: READY	OK		
AT+CPIN2="2345"	OK		

3.4 AT+CLCK Facility lock

3.4.1 Description

This command be used to lock or unlock some functions of the list that be supported by this ME.

3.4.2 Syntax

Test command
AT+CLCK=?

Description

Test command returns facility values supported as a compound value

Response
+CLCK: (list of supported <fac>s)
+CME ERROR: <err>

set command

AT+CLCK=<fac>,<mode>[,<passwd>[,<class>]]

Description

Execute command is used to lock, unlock or interrogate a MT or a network facility <fac>. Password is normally needed to do such actions. When querying the status of a network service (<mode>=2) the response line for 'not active' case (<status>=0) should be returned only if service is not active for any <class>. Refer subclause 9.2 for possible <err> values. This command should be abortable when network facilities are set or interrogated.

Call barring facilities are based on GSM/UMTS supplementary services (refer 3GPP TS 22.088 [6]). The interaction of these with other commands based on other GSM/UMTS supplementary services is described in the GSM/UMTS standard.

Response

Mode == 2

+CLCK:<status>[,<class1>[<CR><LF>+CLCK:<status>,<class2>[...]]

+CME ERROR: <err>

Reference

3GPP TS 27.007 V3.2.0 (2002-06)

3.4.3 Parameter

<fac>

Type: string type

Meaning: values reserved by the present document:

"CS" CNTRL (lock Control surface (e.g. phone keyboard))

"AO" BAOC (Barr All Outgoing Calls) (refer 3GPP TS 22.088 [6] clause 1)

"OI" BOIC (Barr Outgoing International Calls) (refer 3GPP TS 22.088 [6] clause 1)

"OX" BOIC-exHC (Barr Outgoing International Calls except to Home Country) (refer 3GPP TS

22.088 [6] clause 1)

"FD" SIM card or active application in the UICC (GSM or USIM) fixed dialling memory feature (if PIN2 authentication has not been done during the current session, PIN2 is required as <passwd>)

<mode>:

Type: integer type

Meaning:

- 0 unlock
- 1 lock
- 2 query status

<status>:

Type: integer type

Meaning:

- 0 not active
- 1 active

<passwd>:

Type: string type;

Meaning: shall be the same as password specified for the facility from the MT user interface or with command Change Password +CPWD

<classx> →for ss

Type: integer type

Meaning: is a sum of integers each representing a class of information (default 7):

- 1 voice (telephony)
- 2 data (refers to all bearer services; with <mode>=2 this may refer only to some bearer service if TA does not support values 16, 32, 64 and 128)
- 4 fax (facsimile services)
- 8 short message service
- 16 data circuit sync
- 32 data circuit async
- 64 dedicated packet access
- 128 dedicated PAD access

3.4.4 Remark

3.4.5 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

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Al-Thinker inc	A0_A7_A0C_A20 候组 A1 叩ぐ朱 V1.03
Command	Possible Response
<.SC: lock SIM cards> AT+CLCK="SC",1,"1234" OK Require lock status AT+CLCK="SC",2 +CLCK: 1 OK <restart system=""> AT+CPIN? +CPIN: SIM PIN OK AT+CPIN="1234" OK AT+CLCK="SC",0,"1234" OK <restart system=""> AT+CPIN? +CPIN: READY OK</restart></restart>	Notes: 1) After input three times wrong PIN, SIM card will be locked; 2) Here suppose correct SIM pin = 1234
<.FD: SIM fixed dialing memory, NO support for the moment > <call barring=""> AT+CLCK="OI",1,"0000", 255 OK ATD13560243602; NO CARRIER <can,t call=""> AT+CLCK="OI",2,"0000" +CLCK: 1,1 +CLCK: 1,2 +CLCK: 1,4 OK AT+CLCK="AC",0,"0000",3 OK <factory for="" locks,="" moment="" no="" set="" sim="" support="" the=""></factory></can,t></call>	Here suppose Bar code=0000。

3.5 AT+CPWD Change password

3.5.1 Description

This command is used to change password [pin/pin2]

3.5.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CPWD=?

Test command returns a list of pairs which present the available facilities and the maximum length of their password.

Response

+CPWD: list of supported (<fac>,<pwdlength>)

+CME ERROR: <err>

set command

AT+CPWD=<fac>,<oldpwd>,<newpwd>

Description

Action command sets a new password for the facility lock function defined by command Facility Lock

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+CLCK.

Response
+CME ERROR: <err>

Reference

3GPP TS 27.007 V3.2.0 (2002-06)

3.5.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

3.5.4 Parameter

<fac>

Type: string type Meaning: "P2" SIM PIN2

refer Facility Lock +CLCK for other values

<oldpwd>, <newpwd>:

Type: string type;

Meaning: <oldpwd> shall be the same as password specified for the facility from the MT user interface or with command Change Password +CPWD and <newpwd> is the new password; maximum length of password can be determined with <pwdlength>

<pwdlength>:
Type: integer type

Meaning: maximum length of the password for the facility

3.5.5 Remark

3.5.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command **Possible Response** <.SC: to change SIM PIN> AT+CPWD="SC", "3333", "1234" +CME ERROR: 16 AT+CPINC +CPINC: 2 OK AT+CPWD="SC","1234","0000" OK <.P2: to change SIM PIN2> AT+CPWD="P2","1111","1234" +CME ERROR: 16 AT+CPINC +CPINC: 2 OK AT+CPWD="P2", "0000", "1234" OK

3.6 AT+CRSM Restricted SIM Access

3.6.1 Description

This command support limited access to SIM database.

3.6.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CRSM=? Response Description +OK

This command support limited access to SIM +CME ERROR: <err>

database.

Set command

Response AT++CRSM=<command>[,<fileid> Success:

[,<P1>,<P2>,<P3>[,<data>]]] +CRSM: <sw1>,<sw2>[,<response>] Description

Set command transmits to the MT the SIM

+CME ERROR: <err> <command> and its required parameters.

Reference

3GPP TS 27.007

3.6.3 Parameter

<command>(command passed on by the MT to the SIM; refer GSM 11.11[28]);

- **READ BINARY**
- 178 READ RECORD
- 192 **GET RESPONSE**
- 214 UPDATE BINARY
- 220 UPDATE RECORD
- 242 STATUS

All other values are reserved

NOTE 1: NOTE 1: The MT internally executes all commands necessary for selecting the desired file, before performing the actual command.

<fileid>: integer type; this is the identifier of a elementary datafile on SIM. Mandatory for every command except STATUS

NOTE 2: The range of valid file identifiers depends on the actual SIM and is defined in GSM 11.11 [28]. Optional files may not be present at all.

<P1>, <P2>, <P3>: integer type; parameters passed on by the MT to the SIM. These parameters are mandatory for every command, except GET RESPONSE and STATUS. The values are described in GSM 11.11 [28]

<data>: information which shall be written to the SIM (hexadecimal character format; refer +CSCS)

<sw1>, <sw2>: integer type; information from the SIM about the execution of the actual command. These parameters are delivered to the TE in both cases, on successful or failed execution of the command

<response>: response of a successful completion of the command previously issued (hexadecimal character format; refer +CSCS). STATUS and GET RESPONSE return data, which gives information about the current elementary datafield. This information includes the type of file and its size (refer GSM 11.11 [28]). After READ

BINARY or READ RECORD command the requested data will be returned. <response> is not returned after a successful UPDATE BINARY or UPDATE RECORD command

3.6.4 Remark

3.6.5 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

The following examples onew the typical application for this community.	
Command	Possible Response
AT+CRSM=192,28433,0,0,15	+CRSM:144,0,621E82054221001C0283026F40A503 OK

3.1 AT+CNUM Subscriber number

3.1.1 Description

The MS ISDN related to the subscriber.

3.1.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CNUM=? Description Just return OK	Response OK
	Deserve
Exe command +CNUM Description	Response Success: +CNUM: [<alpha1>],<number1>,<type1>[<c r=""><lf>] +CNUM: [<alpha2>],<number2>,<type2> OK Fail: ERROR</type2></number2></alpha2></lf></c></type1></number1></alpha1>
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0	

3.1.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

None

3.1.4 Parameter

< alphax >

optional alphanumeric string associated with <number x>; used character set should be the one selected with command Select TE Character Set +CSCS

<numberx>

string type phone number of format specified by <typex>

< tvpex >

type of address octet in integer format (refer GSM 04.08 [8] subclause 10.5.4.7)

< text >

Meaning: field of maximum length <tlength>; character set as specified by command +CSCS. The display of text depending to the storage format in the sim card. If we store the pbk entry with ucs2 format, we show Chinese string here, otherwise, we show NON-Chinese string. We don't care about

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charsets, it is decided by command +CSCS setting when we store them.

3.1.5 Remark

3.1.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
Command	•
AT+CNUM	+CNUM: "john","111",129 (non-Chinese string) (with non-ucs2 of AT+CSCS setting as pbk storing)
	+CNUM: "XXXXX","34",129 (Chinese string) (with ucs2 of AT+CSCS setting as pbk storing)
	OK

3.2 AT+CPBR Read current Phonebook

3.2.1 Description

Read phonebook entries in location number range <index1>...<index2> form the current phonebook memory storage selected. If the <index2> is omitted, only the entry with index of <index1> is returned if exists.

3.2.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CPBR=? Description Return the parameter ranges.	Response Success: +CPBR: (support <index>s),[<nlength>],[<tlength>] OK Fail: ERROR</tlength></nlength></index>
Set command +CPBR= <index1>[,<index2>] Description</index2></index1>	Response Success: [+CPBR: <index1>,<number>,<type>,<text>[[]</text></type></number></index1>
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0	

3.2.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

None

3.2.4 Parameter

<index1>, <index2> Integer type values in the range of location numbers of phonebook memory <number> Type: string type Meaning: phone number of format <type> < type >

Type: integer type

Meaning: type of address octet in integer format (refer GSM 04.08 [8] sub clause 10.5.4.7); default 145 when dialing string includes international access code character "+", otherwise 129

< text >

Type: string type

Meaning: character set as specified by command +CSCS. The display of text depending to the storage format in the sim card. If we store the pbk entry with ucs2 format, we show Chinese string here, otherwise, we show NON-Chinese string. We don't care about charsets, it is decided by command +CSCS setting when we store them.

< nlength >

Type: integer type

Meaning: value indicating the maximum length of field <number>

< <tlength> >

Meaning: field of maximum length <tlength>

3.2.5 Remark

- If <index2> is smaller than <index1>, error should be returned.
- When DTE character set is "GSM" (set by +CSCS command), the target phonebook entry will be output in an (big-endian) UCS2 hex string form if it is not a pure ASCII (single byte encoding) string. If the DTE character set is "UCS2" it will always be output in UCS2 hex string form.

3.2.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
AT+CPBR=1	+CPBR: 1,"111",129,"linda"
(with non-ucs2 of AT+CSCS setting as pbk storing)	OK
AT+CPBR=2 (with ucs2 of AT+CSCS setting as pbk	+CPBR: 2,"+ 999999",145,"XXXXX" (Chinese string)
storing)	OK

3.3 AT+CPBS Select phonebook memory storage

3.3.1 Description

Select a certain memory storage.

3.3.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CPBS=? Description Return the parameter ranges.	Response Success: +CPBS: (list of supported <storage>s) OK Fail: ERROR</storage>
Read command AT+CPBS? Description Read current storage.	Response Success: +CPBS: <storage>[,<used>,<total>] OK Fail: ERROR</total></used></storage>

Set command
AT+CPBS=<storage>
Description
..select certain storage

Response
Success:
OK
Fail:
ERROR

3.3.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

none.

3.3.4 Parameter

3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0

<storage>

"SM" SIM/UICC phonebook

"ON" active application in the UICC (GSM or USIM) or SIM card (or MT) own numbers (MSISDNs) list (reading of this storage may be available through +CNUM also)

"DC" MT dialled calls list (+CPBW may not be applicable for this storage)

"EN" active application in the UICC (GSM or USIM) or SIM card (or MT) emergency number (+CPBW is not be applicable for this storage)

"FD" active application in the UICC (GSM or USIM) or SIM card fixdialling-phonebook

"LD" active application in the UICC (GSM or USIM) or SIM card last-dialling-phonebook

"MC" MT missed (unanswered received) calls list (+CPBW may not be applicable for this storage)

"ME" MT phonebook

"MT" combined MT and SIM/UICC phonebook

"RC" MT received calls list (+CPBW may not be applicable for this storage)

"TA" TA phonebook

<password>:

string type value representing the PIN2-code required when selecting PIN2-code locked <storage>s above, e.g. "FD".

<used>:

integer type value indicating the number of used locations in selected memory

<total>

integer type value indicating the total number of locations in selected memory

3.3.5 Remark

- If we want to write to "FD" pbk, the pin2-code are required, otherwise operation is forbidden.
- Once we input pin2-code with "AT+CPIN2" or "AT+CLCK" or others operation related with inputing pin2-code, the pin2-code will keep active and will be lost when system restart.

3.3.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
AT+CPBS=?	+CPBS: ("SM","ON","FD","LD") OK
AT+CPBS?	+CPBS: "ON",2,2
	OK
AT+CPBS="SM"	OK
AT+CPBS?	+CPBS: "SM",1,250

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OK

3.4 AT+CPBF find phonebook entries

3.4.1 Description

The command returns phonebook entries with alphanumeric fields starting with a given string. The AT+CPBF="" command can be used to display all phonebook entries sorted in alphabetical order.

This command is not allowed for "LD", "RC", "MC", "SN" phonebooks and for the "EN" phonebook, which does not contain alphanumeric fields.

It is possible to use this command with UCS2 strings. If a wrong UCS2 format is entered, the string is considered as an ASCII string..

3.4.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CPBF=? Description Return the parameter maximum.	Response Success: +CPBF: [<nlength>],[<tlength>] OK Fail: +CME ERROR: <err></err></tlength></nlength>
	_
Set command AT+CPBF= <findtext> Description</findtext>	Response Success: [+CPBF: <index1>,<number>,<type>,<text>[[]</text></type></number></index1>
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0	

3.4.3 Parameter

<index1>, <index2>

Integer type values in the range of location numbers of phonebook memory

<number>

Type: string type

Meaning: phone number of format <type>

< type >

Type: integer type

Meaning: type of address octet in integer format (refer GSM 04.08 [8] sub clause 10.5.4.7); default 145 when dialing string includes international access code character "+", otherwise 129

<findtext>, <text>

Type: string type

Meaning: character set as specified by command +CSCS. If we want to find Chinese string in the all pbk entry, we must set charset value with command +CSCS of "ucs2", otherwise we find non-Chinese string with command +CSCS of "non-ucs2". And now the ucs2 supported in our environment is big-ending Unicode, we must input big-ending Unicode string in the field if setting value of cscs is equal to "ucs2".

< nlength >

Type: integer type

Meaning: value indicating the maximum length of field <number>

<tlength>

Type: integer type

Meaning: value indicating the maximum length of field <text>

3.4.4 Remark

- 1. If we want to write to "FD" pbk, the pin2-code are required, otherwise operation is forbidden.
- 2. Once we input pin2-code with "AT+CPIN2" or "AT+CLCK" or others operation related with inputing pin2-code, the pin2-code will keep active and will be lost when system restart.

3.4.5 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
AT+CPBF=?	+CPBF: 20,14
(query storage information of cpbf)	ОК
AT+CSCS="non-ucs2 value"	ОК
AT+CPBF="John"	+CPBF:3,"123434543",129," John"
	OK
(note1:with non-ucs2 of AT+CSCS setting when we find non-Chinese storing) (note2: "non-ucs2 value" = "GSM",or "HEX",or "PCCP936")	
AT+CSCS="UCS2"	OK
AT+CPBF="XXXXX"	+CPBF:5,"+861382253",145,"XXXXX"(Chinese string)
	OK
(note1: with ucs2 of AT+CSCS setting when we find Chinese storing) (note2: "XXXXX" = uncode big-ending string to input)	(if we found, "XXXXX" = local language, here is Chinese string)

3.5 AT+CPBW write phonebook entries

3.5.1 Description

Writes phonebook entry in location number <index> in the current phonebook memory storage selected. if there is no index parameter in the command line, the record will be written to the free location.

If the current phonebook storage is "ON", modification is allowed, but deleting entry is forbidden. We can add entries to the "ON" phonebook when it have free location, otherwise add entry to "ON" is forbidden.

If the current phonebook storage is "LD", deleting is allowed, but adding or modification entry is forbidden.

If the current phonebook storage is "FD", which is locked by pin2, executing the command may be returned ERROR or relevant CME error. To continue the operation, please enter the relevant pin specified by "+cpin?". Input pin2, deleting or adding or modification entry is allowed.

If the current phonebook storage is "SM", deleting or adding or modification entry is allowed.

3.5.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CPBW=? Description Return the parameter maximum.	Response Success: +CPBW: (list of supported <index>s),[<nlength>], (list of supported <type>s),[<tlength>] Fail:</tlength></type></nlength></index>

Set command
AT+CPBW=[<index>],<number> [,<type> [,<text>]]
Description

Response
Success:
OK
Fail:
ERROR

Reference
3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0

3.5.3 Parameter

<index>

Type: integer type

Meaning: values in the range of location numbers of phonebook memory

<number>

Type: string type

Meaning: phone number of format <type>

Note: valid phone numbe chars are as follows: 0-9,*,#,+(+only can be the first position)

< tvpe >

Type: integer type

Meaning: type of address octet in integer format (refer GSM 04.08 [8] subclause 10.5.4.7); default 145

when dialling string includes international access code character "+", otherwise 129

<text>

Type: string type

Meaning: character set as specified by command +CSCS. If we want to find Chinese string in the all pbk entry, we must set charset value with command +CSCS of "ucs2", otherwise we find non-Chinese string with command +CSCS of "non-ucs2". And now the ucs2 supported in our environment is big-ending Unicode, we must input big-ending Unicode string in the field if setting value of cscs is equal to "ucs2".

< nlength >

Type: integer type

Meaning: value indicating the maximum length of field <number>

<tlength>

Type: integer type

Meaning: value indicating the maximum length of field <text>,counting in single byte char.

Note: if phonebook characterset is "HEX", the supported UCS2 char count is smaller than that specified by

<tlength> by 1.This is because UCS2 char storing flag occupies 1 byte.

3.5.4 Remark

- 1. AT+CPBW=[<index>],<number>[,<type>[,<text>]], the number setting NULL is forbidden.
- 1. Executed AT+CLCK and "FD" is locked, then operation of "SM" phonebooks are forbidden, but operation of other phonebooks is allowed.

3.5.5 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
AT+CPBW=? (query storage information of cpbw)	+CPBW: (1-250),20,(129,145,161),14 OK
AT+CSCS="non-ucs2 value"	ОК

OK

AT+CPBW=1, "123",129, "Linda"

(note1:with non-ucs2 of AT+CSCS setting when we write non-Chinese storing) (note2: "non-ucs2 value" = "GSM",or "HEX",or "PCCP936")

AT+CSCS=" UCS2"

OK

AT+CPBW=1,"+123",145, "XXXXX"

OK

(note1: with ucs2 of AT+CSCS setting when

we write Chinese storing)

(note2: "XXXXX" = uncode big-ending string

to input)

AT+CPBW=1

(not care about AT+CSCS setting when delete some one pbk entry whether it is Chinese string or not)

OK

4 Call Control Commands

The AT Commands described in this chapter are related to Mobile Originated (MOC, i.e. outgoing) Calls and Mobile Terminated (MTC, i.e. incoming) Calls.

4.1 ATA Answer a call

4.1.1 Description

This command is used to answer an incoming call.

4.1.2 Syntax

Exe command ATA	Response Success: CONNECT Fail: ERROR NO CARRIER
Reference: ITU-T Recommandation V.25 ter	

4.1.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

```
URC1
RING:
URC2
CIEV: SOUNDER 1
CIEV: CALL 1
```

4.1.4 Parameter

NONE

..

4.1.5 Remark

This command should be used only when there is one call. When there are several calls, please use the AT+CHLD to answer a new call

4.1.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
RING <incoming call=""></incoming>	CONNECT

4.2 ATD Make a call

4.2.1 Description

This command is used to make an outgoing call. The length of dial number is less than 20.

4.2.2 Syntax

```
Response
Success:
When the call is in progress:
OK and
ATD<number>;

NO ANSWER or
NO CARRIER or //connection be released
NO DAILTONE or
BUSY
Fail:
```

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	ERROF	
Reference	V.25 ter	

4.2.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

URC1
CONNECT:
URC2
CIEV: SOUNDER 1
CIEV: CALL 1

4.2.4 Parameter

<Number>:

Dialing digits, include 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,0,*,#,+,A,B,C,....

4.2.5 Remark

4.2.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command:

Command	Possible Response
ATD10086;	ОК
AT+CLCC	CONNECT +CLCC: 1,0,0,0,0,"10086",129
	OK OK
ATD112;	NO CARRIER
	<only "cancel"="" "no="" an="" be="" button.="" call="" can="" card.="" carrier"="" do="" emergency="" made="" press="" returned="" sim="" test="" the="" we="" when="" will="" without="" you=""></only>

4.3 AT+DLST Redial last MO call

4.3.1 Description

Redial last outgoing call.

4.3.2 Syntax

Exe command AT+DLST	Response Success: When the call is in progress: OK and NO ANSWER or NO CARRIER or //connection be released NO DAILTONE or BUSY Fail: ERROR
Reference MRD document	

4.3.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

URC1	
CONNECT	
CONNECT	

4.3.4 Parameter

NO	NE
----	----

4.3.5 Remark

The usage of the command is the same as the ATD. The other command following this command in the same line is omitted.

4.3.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
ATD10086;	ОК
ATH	CONNECT
	OK
AT+DLST	OK CONNECT

4.4 ATH Disconnect existing call

4.4.1 Description

Hang up all existing connected calls, including active, waiting and hold calls

4.4.2 Syntax

Exe command ATH	Response Success: OK Fail: ERROR
Reference ITU-T V.25 ter(6.2.7): Result code suppression	

4.4.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

URC1	
CIEV: SOUNDER 0	None
CIEV: CALL O	

4.4.4 Parameter

NONE			
•			

4.4.5 Remark

When the link is established or ringing, the command will get OK. But for the establishing, the command will get error.

4.4.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command:

The following examp	nes snow the typical application	for this command.
C	ommand	Possible Response
ATD10086;		OK CONNECT
ATH		OK

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4.5 AT+CHUP Hang up all existing connected calls

4.5.1 Description

Hang up all existing connected calls, including active, waiting and hold calls

4.5.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CHUP=?	Response OK
Set command AT+CHUP	Response Success: OK Fail: ERROR
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0	

4.5.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

URC1 CIEV: SOUNDER 0 CIEV: CALL 0

4.5.4 Parameter

NONE

4.5.5 Remark

This command implements the same behavior as ATH.

4.5.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
<there active<br="" are="" calls,="" connecting="" is="" one="" two="">and the other is held></there>	
AT+CHUP <both call="" hang="" of="" the="" up="" was=""></both>	ОК

4.6 AT+CHLD Call hold and multiparty

4.6.1 Description

This command deal with call held, retrieve, multiparty and hang up functions and so on.

4.6.2 Syntax

	Response OK
AT+CHLD= <n></n>	Response Success: OK Fail: ERROR

Reference 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0

4.6.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

URC1 CSSU: <code2>,

4.6.4 Parameter

<n>:

- 0: Releases all held calls or sets User Determined User Busy (UDUB) for a waiting call.
- 1: Releases all active calls (if any exist) and accepts the other (held or waiting) call [waiting call is the first].
- 1X: Releases a specific call X it can be in active, hold or waiting state.
- 2: Places all active calls (if any exist) on hold and accepts the other (held or waiting) call.
- 2X: Places all active calls on hold except call X with which communication shall be supported.
- 3: Adds a held call to the conversation.

<code2>:

- 2: call has been put on hold (during a voice call).
- 3: call has been retrieved (during a voice call).
- 4: multiparty call entered (during a voice call).

4.6.5 Remark

The multiparty call has the MAX connection is 5, at the same time, the phone can also has a waiting call.

4.6.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
ATD10086;	
DINO	OK
RING +CCWA: "13501275915",161,1,,255	
AT+CHLD=0	01/
	OK
	OK
AT+CHLD=2	
AT+CLCC	+CLCC: 1,0,1,0,0,"10086",129
	+CLCC: 2,1,0,0,0,"13501275915",161
when there is a hald call and an action	OK
<when a="" active="" an="" and="" call="" hold="" is="" there=""></when>	
AT+CHLD=3	OV
	OK
	+CLCC: 1,0,0,0,1,"10086",129
at+clcc	+CLCC: 2,1,0,0,1,"13501275915",161
at. 0.00	OK
	-11
AT+CHLD=21	OK

Ai-Thinker Inc	A6_A7_A6C_A20 模组 AT 命令集 V1.03
at+clcc	+CLCC: 1,0,0,0,0,"10086",129
	+CLCC: 2,1,1,0,1,"13501275915",161
	OK
AT+CHLD=1	
	OK
at+clcc	
	+CLCC: 2,1,0,0,1,"13501275915",161
AT 0111 D 40 1	OK
AT+CHLD=12 <hang 2="" connect="" up=""></hang>	
-1	OK
at+clcc	

OK

4.7 AT+CLCC List current calls of ME

4.7.1 Description

List all calls of ME.

4.7.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CLCC=?	Response OK
Set command AT+CLCC	Response Success: [+CLCC: <id1>, <dir>, <stat>, <mode>, <mpty>[, <number>,<type>] [<cr><lf>+CLCC: <id2>, <dir>, <stat>, <mode>, <mpty>[, <number>,<type>]] OK Fail: +CME ERROR: <err></err></type></number></mpty></mode></stat></dir></id2></lf></cr></type></number></mpty></mode></stat></dir></id1>
Reference: 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0	

4.7.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

None

4.7.4 Parameter

< id*x*>:

integer type; call identification number as described in 3GPP TS 22.030 [19] sub clause 4.5.5.1; this number can be used in +CHLD command operations

<dir>:

- 0 mobile originated (MO) call
- 1 mobile terminated (MT) call

<stat>: (state of the call)

- 0 active
- 1 held
- 2 dialing (MO call)
- 3 alerting (MO call)
- 4 incoming (MT call)

5 waiting (MT call)

7 release (network release this call)

<mode> (bearer/teleservice)

- 0 voice
- 1 data
- 2 fax
- 3 voice followed by data, voice mode
- 4 alternating voice/data, voice mode
- 5 alternating voice/fax, voice mode
- 6 voice followed by data, data mode
- 7 alternating voice/data, data mode
- 8 alternating voice/fax, fax mode
- 9 unknown

<mpty>

Ocall is not one of multiparty (conference) call parties 1call is one of multiparty (conference) call parties

<number>.

string type phone number in format specified by <type>

<type>:

type of address octet in integer format (refer GSM 04.08 [8] sub clause 10.5.4.7)

4.7.5 Remark

4.7.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
ATD10086;	OK
RING +CCWA: "13501275915",161,1,,255	ОК
AT+CHLD=2	+CLCC: 1,0,1,0,0,"10086",129 +CLCC: 2,1,0,0,0,"13501275915",161
AT+CLCC	OK

4.8 AT+VTD Tone duration

4.8.1 Description

Set tone duration.

4.8.2 Syntax

Test command AT+VTD=?	Response Success: +VTD: (1-10) OK Fail: ERROR	

Ai-Thinker Inc

Response Success: Read command +VTD:<n> AT+VTD? OK **ERROR** Response Set command Success: AT+VTD=<n> OK Fail: +CME ERROR: <err> Reference 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0

4.8.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

None

4.8.4 Parameter

<n>:

Duration of the tone in 1/10 second

4.8.5 Remark

4.8.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

The following examples show the typical application for this confinance.		
Command	Possible Response	
AT+VTD=10	OK	
AT+VTD?	+VTD:10 OK	
AT+VTD=?	+VTD: (1-10)	
OK		

4.9 AT+VTS DTMF and Tone generation

4.9.1 Description

Sent the DTMF and generate the tone.

4.9.2 Syntax

LINON	OK Fail: ERROR
Set command AT+VTS=< DTMF>, <duration> Response Success: OK Fail: +CME ERROR: <err></err></duration>	Success: OK Fail:

Reference

3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0

4.9.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

None

4.9.4 Parameter

<DTMF>:

A single ASCII character in the set 0-9, #,*,A-D. This is interpreted as a single ACSII character whose duration is set by the +VTD command.

<duration>:

time in 1/10 second

4.9.5 Remark

4.9.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
ATD10086;	OK
AT+VTS=1	CONNECT
AT+VTS=2, 10	ОК
	OK
AT+VTS=?	+VTS: (0-9,*,#,A,B,C,D),(1-10) OK

4.10 AT+VTSEX play special DTMF and Tone

4.10.1 Description

Play special DTMF and tone.

4.10.2 Syntax

Set command AT+VTS=< Type>	Response Success: OK Fail: +CME ERROR: <err></err>

4.10.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

None

4.10.4 Parameter

_	רח	ГΜ	I⊏.	
<	$\boldsymbol{\smile}$	ΙIV	IIT.	╭.

Type only can be 1, it can play special tone two times

4.10.5 Remark

4.10.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
ATD112;	CONNECT
AT+VTSEX=1	ОК

5 Network Service Commands

The AT Commands described in this chapter are related to various network services. More commands related to this area can be found in Chapter 10, Supplementary Service Commands.

5.1 AT+COPN Read operator names

5.1.1 Description

List the operators name form MT

5.1.2 Syntax

Test command AT+COPN=? Description	Response Success: OK Fail: ERROR
Exec command AT+COPN Description	Response +COPN: <numeric1>,<alpha1> [<cr><lf>+COPN: <numeric2>,<alpha2> []] +CME ERROR: <err></err></alpha2></numeric2></lf></cr></alpha1></numeric1>
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0	

5.1.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

URC1 +CALA: <text></text>
URC2 +SYSSTART ALARM MODE+CALA: <text></text>

5.1.4 Parameter

< numericn >
string type; operator in numeric format (see +COPS)
< alphan >
string type; operator in long alphanumeric format (see +COPS)

5.1.5 Remark

Execute command returns the list of operator names from the MT. Each operator code <numeric *n>* that has an alphanumeric equivalent <alpha*n>* in the MT memory shall be returned.

5.1.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.	
Command Possible Response	
AT+COPN	+COPN: 46000, "CMCC" +COPN: 46001, "China Unicom"
<note :=""></note>	 OK < <i>Note :</i> >

5.2 AT+COPS Operator selects

5.2.1 Description

This command be used to select the vender.

5.2.2 Syntax

Test command AT+COPS=? Description	Response +COPS: [list of supported (<stat>,long alphanumeric <oper>,short alphanumeric <oper>,numeric <oper>)s] [,,(list of supported <mode>s),(list of supported <format>s)] +CME ERROR: <err></err></format></mode></oper></oper></oper></stat>
Read command AT+COPS? Description	Response +COPS: <mode>[,<format>,<oper>] +CME ERROR: <err></err></oper></format></mode>
Set command AT+COPS=mode[, <format> [,<oper>]] Description</oper></format>	Response +CME ERROR: <err></err>
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0	

5.2.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

URC1

+CALA: <text>

JRC2

+SYSSTART ALARM MODE+CALA: <text>

5.2.4 Parameter

<mode>:

- 0 automatic (<oper> field is ignored)
- 1 manual (<oper> field shall be present)
- 2 deregister from network
- 3 set only <format> (for read command +COPS?), do not attempt registration/deregistration (<oper> field is ignored); this value is not applicable in read command response
- manual/automatic (<oper> field shall be present); if manual selection fails, automatic mode (<mode>=0) is entered

<format>:

- 0 long format alphanumeric <oper>
- 1 short format alphanumeric < oper>
- 2 numeric <oper>

<oper>: string type; <format> indicates if the format is alphanumeric or numeric; long alphanumeric format can be upto 16 characters long and short format up to 8 characters (refer GSM MoU SE.13 [9]); numeric format is the GSM Location Area Identification number (refer GSM 04.08 [8] subclause 10.5.1.3) which consists of a three BCD digit country code coded as in ITU-T E.212 Annex A [10], plus a two BCD digit network code, which is administration specific; returned <oper> shall not be in BCD format, but in IRA characters converted from BCD; hence the number has structure: (country code digit 3)(country code digit 2)(country code digit 1) (network code digit 1)

<stat>:

- 0 unknown
- 1 available
- 2 current
- 3 forbidden

5.2.5 Remark

Set command forces an attempt to select and register the GSM/UMTS network oper>. Mode is used to decide the register should
be automatic or manual. If the selected mode is manual or manual first, the network should return with a list from which user can select
one to register on.

Read command returns the current mode and the currently selected operator. If no operator is selected, <format> and <oper> are omitted.

Test command returns a list of quadruplets, each representing an operator present in the network. Quadruplet consists of an integer indicating the availability of the operator <stat>, long and short alphanumeric format of the name of the operator, and numeric format representation of the operator. Any of the formats may be unavailable and should then be an empty field. The list of operators shall be in order: home network, networks referenced in SIM/UICC, and other networks.

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5.2.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
AT+COPS=?	+COPS: (1,"D2",,"26202"),(2,"E-Plus",,"26203"),,(0-4),(0,2) OK < <i>Note</i> :>
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0 OK < <i>Note :></i> Register network failed
AT+COPS=3,0 <set format="" oper=""></set>	OK
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0," CMCC " OK
AT+COPS=3,2	OK
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0, 0, 46000 OK <note :=""> Register network succeed</note>
AT+COPS=0	OK
AT+COPS=1,2,"46000"	OK
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0, 0, "CMCC" OK <note :=""> Automatic and manual</note>

5.3 AT+CREG Network registration

5.3.1 Description

This command be used to query the register status.

5.3.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CREG=? Description	Response +CREG: (list of supported <n>s)</n>
Read command AT+CREG? Description Read command return current register status.	Response +CREG: <n>,<stat>[,<lac>,<ci>] +CME ERROR: <err></err></ci></lac></stat></n>
Set command AT+CREG= <n> Description Set CMD used to control the unsolicited result code +CREG</n>	Response OK
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0	

5.3.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

URC1 +CALA: <text></text>	
URC2	
+SYSSTART ALARM MODE+CALA: <text></text>	

5.3.4 Parameter

40.1	
<11>	
<ii <="" th=""><th></th></ii>	

- 0 disable network registration unsolicited result code
- 1 enable network registration unsolicited result code +CREG: <stat>
- 2 enable network registration and location information unsolicited result code +CREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>]

<stat>:

- 0 not registered, MT is not currently searching a new operator to register to
- 1 registered, home network
- 2 not registered, but MT is currently searching a new operator to register to
- 3 registration denied
- 4 unknown
- 5 registered, roaming

<lac>:

string type; two byte location area code in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00C3" equals 195 in decimal)

<ci>:

string type; two byte cell ID in hexadecimal format

5.3.5 Remark

5.3.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
AT+CREG=1	OK <参考 URC: +CREG>
	<note :=""> 1: Enable URC +CREG:<stat> to report status change of network registration</stat></note>
AT+CREG?	+CREG:0,1 OK <参考 URC: +CREG>
	<note :=""> Query the register status of the local and network</note>

5.4 AT+CSQ Signal quality

5.4.1 Description

This command be used to query the quality of the signal.

5.4.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CSQ=? Description	Response +CSQ: (list of supported <rssi>s),(list of supported <ber>s)</ber></rssi>
Exec command AT+CSQ Description Execution command returns received signal strength indication <rssi> and channel bit error rate <ber> from the MT.</ber></rssi>	Response +CSQ: <rssi>,<ber> +CME ERROR: <err></err></ber></rssi>
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0	

5.4.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

URC1
+CALA: <text></text>

URC2

+SYSSTART ALARM MODE+CALA: <text>

5.4.4 Parameter

<rssi>:

0 -113 dBm or less

1 -111 dBm

2...30 -109... -53 dBm

31 -51 dBm or greater

99 not known or not detectable

der> (in percent):

0...7 as RXQUAL values in the table in GSM 05.08 [20] sub clause 8.2.4

99 not known or not detectable

5.4.5 Remark

5.4.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

	Command	71 11	Possible Response
AT+CSQ			+CSQ: 13, 99 OK <note :=""></note>
AT+CSQ=?			+CSQ: (0-31,99),(0-7,99)

5.5 AT+CPOL Preferred operator list

5.5.1 Description

This command is used to edit the user preferred list of networks in the active application on the UICC (GSM or USIM) or preferred list of networks in the SIM card. Execute command writes an entry in the SIM list of preferred operators (EF_{PLMNsel}), when the SIM card is present or when the UICC is present with an active GSM application. When UICC is present with an active USIM application, execute commands writes an entry in the User controlled PLMN selector with Access Technology list (EF_{PLMNwAcT}), only the PLMN field could be entered, the Access Technologies for each PLMN in this list is not accessible with this command (Note: new command for accessing the Access Technologies for each PLMN in this list is FFS). If <index> is given but <oper> is left out, entry is deleted. If <oper> is given but <index> is left out, <oper> is put in the next free location. If only <format> is given, the format of the <oper> in the read command is changed. Refer subclause 9.2 for possible <err> values.

Note: when adding preferred operater, <format> can only be 2.

Read command returns all used entries from the active application in the UICC (GSM or USIM) user preferred list of networks or SIM card list of preferred operators.

Note: if <format> is 0, but there is no relevant long format alphanumeric <oper>, the numeric <oper> will be returned.

Test command returns the whole index range supported by the active application in the UICC (GSM or USIM) user preferred list of networks or SIM card.

5.5.2 Syntax

Test command	Response
AT+CPOL=?	+CPOL: (list of supported <index>s),(list of supported</index>
Description	<format>s)+CME ERROR: <err></err></format>

Response +CPOL: <index1>,<format>,<oper1> Read command AT+CPOL? [<CR><LF>+CPOL: <index2>,<format>,<oper2> Description +CME ERROR: <err> Response Set command Success: AT+CPOL=[<index>][, <format>[,<oper>]] OK Description Fail: **ERROR** Reference: 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0

5.5.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

URC1 +CALA: <text> URC2 +SYSSTART ALARM MODE+CALA: <text>

5.5.4 Parameter

<indexn>:

integer type; the order number of operator in the active application in the UICC (GSM or USIM) user preferred list of networks or SIM card preferred operator list

<format>:

- 0 long format alphanumeric <oper>
- 1 short format alphanumeric <oper>
- 2 numeric <oper>

<opern>:

string type; <format> indicates if the format is alphanumeric or numeric (see +COPS)

5.5.5 Remark

5.5.6 Example

Command	Possible Response
AT+CPOL=?	+CPOL: (1-8),(0,2) OK
AT+CPOL?	+CPOL: 1,2,"46000" OK
AT+CPOL=2,2,"46001"	OK < Note:>Add a preferred operator
AT+CPOL?	+CPOL: 1,2,"46000" +CPOL: 2,2,"46001" OK
AT+CPOL=,0	OK <note:>Set the display format as long format alphanumeric <oper></oper></note:>
AT+CPOL?	+CPOL: 1,0,"China Mobile" +CPOL: 2,0,"China Unicom" OK
AT+CPOL=1 AT+CPOL?	OK <note:>Delete the preferred operator with index of 1 +CPOL: 2,0,"China Unicom"</note:>
<note :=""></note>	OK

6 STK/SS Commands

The AT Commands described in this chapter are related to various network services. More commands related to this area can be found in Chapter.

6.1 AT+CACM Accumulated call meter (ACM) reset or query

6.1.1 Description

The read command returns the current ACM value.

The write command resets the Advice of Charge related to the accumulated call meter (ACM) value in SIM file EF(ACM). ACM contains the total number of home units for both the current and preceding calls

6.1.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CACM=? DescriptionOnly return ok	Response OK
Read command AT+CACM? Description	Response Success: +CACM: <acm> OK Fail: +CME ERROR: <err></err></acm>
Set command AT+CACM = < password > Descriptionreset ACM to zero.	Response Success: OK Fail: +CME ERROR: <err></err>
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0	

6.1.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

none.

6.1.4 Parameter

<passwd>

.. SIM PIN2

Note: the string length supported in our environment is no more than 4.

<acm>

.. string type; accumulated call meter value similarly coded as <ccm> under +CAOC

6.1.5 Remark

Set CMD reset ACM with parameter SIM PIN2, read CMD get current ACM, Test CMD not defined yet.

Three bytes of the current call meter value in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00001E" indicates decimal value 30); value is in home units

Command AT+CCWE control the unsolicited result code: +CCWV to be sent shortly before the ACM maximum value reached.

6.1.6 Example

Command	Possible Response
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AT+CACM?

+CACM: "000000"

OK

< TA returns the current ACM value: 000000-FFFFFF (Total call fare)>

AT+CACM="1234"

OK

< TA resets the Advice of Charge related to the ACM value in SIM file EF(ACM). 1234 is SIM PIN2>

6.2 AT+CAMM Accumulated call meter maximum (ACMmax) set or query

6.2.1 Description

The write command sets the Advice of Charge related to the accumulated call meter maximum value in SIM file EF (ACMmax). ACMmax contains the maximum number of home units allowed to be consumed by the subscriber.

The read command returns the current ACMmax value

6.2.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CAMM=? Response Description OK ..Only return ok Response Success: Read command +CAMM: <acmmax> AT+CAMM? Description Get the ACMmax value Fail: +CME ERROR: <err> Response Set command Success: AT+CAMM =<acmmax>[,<passwd>] OK Description Fail: .reset the ACM MAX value **ERROR** Reference 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0

6.2.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

none..

6.2.4 Parameter

<passwd>
 SIM PIN2
< acmmax >
 string type; accumulated call meter maximum value similarly coded as <ccm> under +CAOC; value zero
disables ACMmax feature

6.2.5 Remark

Set CMD set the maximum of ACM with SIM PIN2, read command get the AMM, test CMD not defined yet.

Three bytes of the current call meter value in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00001E" indicates decimal value

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30); value is in home units

Shortly before ACM reaches AMM, the unsolicited result code +CCWV will be sent if AT+CCWE enables this operation.

For some SIM card, if the PIN1 is verified, the SIM PIN2 is not used as password and ignored.

6.2.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
AT+CAMM?	+CAMM: 1e OK < TA returns the current ACMmax value: 0-ffffff)>
AT+CAMM= "00001E", "2345"	OK < TA sets the Advice of Charge related to the ACM maximum value in SIM file EF (ACMmax). 2345 is SIM PIN2>

6.3 AT+CAOC Advice of charge information

6.3.1 Description

Execute command returns the current call meter value. (Currently not support)

The write command sets the Advice of Charge supplementary service function mode.

6.3.2 Syntax

Test command

AT+CAOC=? [+CAOC: (list of supported <mode>s] Description ..Return parameter range Response Success: Read command +CAOC: <mode> AT+CAOC? OK Description Get current mode Fail: +CME ERROR: <err> Response Set command Success: AT+CAOC[=<mode>] +CAOC: <ccm>] Description Operation mode

Response

+CME ERROR: <err>

Reference: 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0

6.3.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

none..

6.3.4 Parameter

< mode >

0 query CCM value

1 deactivate the unsolicited reporting of CCM value

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2 activate the unsolicited reporting of CCM value

< ccm >

string type; three bytes of the current call meter value in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00001E" indicates decimal value 30); value is in home units and bytes are similarly coded as ACMmax value in the SIM card or in the active application in the UICC (GSM or USIM)

6.3.5 Remark

Set CMD set the maximum of ACM with SIM PIN2, read command get the AMM, test CMD not defined yet.

Three bytes of the current call meter value in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00001E" indicates decimal value 30); value is in home units

Shortly before ACM reaches AMM, the unsolicited result code +CCWV will be sent if AT+CCWE enables this operation.

6.3.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

	Command	Possible Response
AT+CAOC? +CAOC: 0 OK		+CAOC: 0 OK < TA returns the current call meter value: 000000-FFFFFF (Last call fare) >

6.4 AT+CPUC Price per unit and currency table

6.4.1 Description

Read command returns the current parameters of PUC.

Write command sets the parameters of Advice of Charge related price per unit and currency table. SIM PIN2 is usually required to set the parameters.

PUCT information can be used to convert the home units (as used in +CAOC, +CACM and +CAMM) into currency units

6.4.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CPUC=? DescriptionOnly return ok	Response OK
Read command AT+CPUC? Description Get the currency and ppu	Response Success: +CPUC: <currency>,<ppu> OK Fail:</ppu></currency>
	ERROR
Set command AT+CPUC= <currency>,<ppu>,<password> Description Set currency and ppu</password></ppu></currency>	Response Success: OK Fail: ERROR

Reference: 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0

6.4.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

none..

6.4.4 Parameter

< currency >

string type; three-character currency code (e.g. "GBP", "DEM")

Note: if the string length of <currency> is less than 3, null character(0x20) will be a complement defaultly. Null string is also be allowed.

<ppu>

string type; price per unit; dot is used as a decimal separator (e.g. "2.66").

Note: the supported string length is no more than 5, and the valid number is less than 4096

< passwd >

string type; SIM PIN2

Note: the string length supported in our environment is no more than 4.

6.4.5 Remark

For some SIM card, if the PIN1 is verified, the SIM PIN2 is not used as password and ignored.

6.4.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
AT+CPUC="EUR","0.10","8888"	ОК
AT+CPUC?	+CPUC: "EUR","0.10" OK

6.5 AT+CCFC call forwarding number and condition

6.5.1 Description

This command Controls the call forwarding supplementary services. Registration, erasure, activation, deactivation and status query are supported.

6.5.2 Syntax

Test command
AT+CCFC=?
Description
List the supported reasons

Response
Success:
+CCFC: (list of supported<reason>s)
OK
Fail:
ERROR

Response Success: If <mode> is not equal 2 and command successful: If <mode>= 2, <reason> is not equal 2 and command successful: +CCFC: <status>. <class>[, <number>, <type>] AT+CCFC=<reason>,<mode>,[<number>,[<type>, OK [<class>,[<subaddr>, [<satype>,[<time>]]]]]] If <mode>= 2, <reason>= 2 and command Description successful: Set call forwarding control +CCFC: <status>, <class>[, <number>, <type>, <time>] OK Fail: If error is related to ME functionality +CME ERROR

Reference: 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0

6.5.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

URC 1 CSSU: <code2> CSSI: <code1>

6.5.4 Parameter

< reason >

- 0 unconditional
- 1 mobile busy
- 2 no reply
- 3 not reachable
- 4 all call forwarding. Note: After setting, if quering the result, need set "reason" to 0.
- 5 all conditional call forwarding.

This operation can finish the call forwarding for the reason that from 1 to 3 by one time, not need by three times. That means all the call forwarding can be done by one time except unconditional.

< mode >

- ✓ When set mode=2, the range of "reason" is $0\sim3$.
- For mode=2, reason=0, only the query of "class =1" is support. The other will get error due to not support of the network.
- 0 disable
- 1 enable
- 2 query status
- 3 registration
- 4 erasure

< number >

string type phone number of forwarding address in format specified by <type>. The string length of <number> is 0-20.

< type >

type of address octet in integer format (refer GSM 04.08 [8] subclause 10.5.4.7); default 145 when dialling string includes international access code character "+", otherwise 129

< satype >

type of subaddress octet in integer format (refer GSM 04.08 [8] subclause 10.5.4.8); default 128, others

should be defined by factory

< classx >

is a sum of integers each representing a class of information (default 1):

- 1 voice (telephony)
- 2 data (refers to all bearer services; with <mode>=2 this may refer only to some bearer service if TA does not support values 16, 32, 64 and 128)
- 4 fax (facsimile services)
- 8 short message service
- 16 data circuit sync
- 32 data circuit async
- 64 dedicated packet access
- 128 dedicated PAD access

< time >

5...30 when "no reply" is enabled or queried, this gives the time in seconds to wait before call is forwarded, default value 20

- < status >
- 0 not active
- 1 active
- <subaddr>

string type subaddress of format specified by <satype>

<satype>

type of subaddress octet in integer format (refer GSM 04.08 [8] subclause 10.5.4.8); default 128

6.5.5 Remark

When setting the international call, the fourth parameter "type" must be filled. The "type" will be checked if presented.

When the "mode" is set to "1", the third parameter "number" will be omitted and don't be checked. Except that non-number is input as "number".

When the parameters are NULL, some will use the default parameters, some is omitted. The parameter "classx" is 1. the "subaddr" and "satype" is not used in current version. The "type" is determined by the "number".

6.5.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

The felle wing examples enew the typical applie	dion for the community
Command	Possible Response
AT+CCFC=0,3,"13698754858",145	
	OK
AT+CCFC=0,2	
	+CCFC:1,1,"+13698754858",145
	OK

6.6 AT+CCWA Set call waiting control

6.6.1 Description

This command allows control of the Call Waiting supplementary service according to 3GPP TS 22.083 [5]. Activation, deactivation and status query are supported. The interaction of this command with other commands based on other GSM/UMTS supplementary services is described in the GSM/UMTS standards..

6.6.2 Syntax

```
Test command
                                                   Response
AT+CCWA=?
                                                          +CCWA: (list of supported<n>s)
Description
                                                          OK
 List the supported <n>s
                                                   Response
                                                        Success:
Read command
                                                           +CCWA: <n>
AT+CCWA?
Description
                                                            OK
Get current control value n
                                                        Fail:
                                                        ERROR
                                                   Response
                                                   Success:
                                                        If <mode> is not equal 2 and command
                                                   successful:
                                                            OK
Set command
                                                        If <mode>= 2 and command successful:
AT+CCWA=<n>[,<mode>[,<class>]]
                                                            +CCWA: <status>, <class>
Description
                                                            [+CCWA: <status>, <class>]
Set call waiting control
                                                            [+CCWA: ...]<CR><LF> <CR><LF>
                                                            OK
                                                   Fail:
                                                        If error is related to ME functionality
                                                            +CME ERROR
Reference: 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0
```

6.6.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

```
URC 1
CCWA; < number >,<type>,<class>,[<alpha>][,<CLI validity>]
```

0 not active 1 active < number > string type phone number of calling address in format specified by <type> < type > type of address octet in integer format (refer GSM 04.08 [8] subclause 10.5.4.7) < alpha > optional string type alphanumeric representation of <number> corresponding to the entry found in phonebook; used character set should be the one selected with command Select TE Character Set +CSCS < CLI validity >

- CLI valid
- CLI has been withheld by the originator.
- CLI is not available due to interworking problems or limitations of originating network.

6.6.5 Remark

6.6.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
AT+CCWA=1,1,1	
	OK
ATD1861;	OV
	OK +CCWA: "02085563410", 129, 1, "", 0
AT+CCWA=0,1 ,1	
	OK
ATD1861;	01/
AT+CCWA=1,2	OK
A1+00VVA=1,2	+CCWA: 0,1
	+CCWA: 0,2
	+CCWA: 0,4
	OK
AT+CCWA=0,0,1	OK
AT+CCWA=1,1,1	UN
A1100WA-1,1,1	OK

6.7 AT+ CLIP calling line identification presentation

6.7.1 Description

This command refers to the GSM supplementary service CLIP (Calling Line Identification Presentation) that enables a called subscriber to get the calling line identity (CLI) of the calling party when receiving a mobile terminated call

6.7.2 Syntax

List the supported <n>s</n>

Response Success:

Read command Success: AT+CLIP? +CLIP: <n><m>

Description OK
Get current control value n Fail:
ERROR

Set command
AT+CLIP=<n>
Description
Set CLIP

Response
Success:
OK
Fail:
ERROR

Reference: 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0

6.7.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

URC 1

+CLIP: <number>,<type>[,<subaddr>,<satype>[,[<alpha>][,<CLI validity>]]]

6.7.4 Parameter

< n >

(sets/shows the result code presentation status in the MT/TA)

- 0 disable
- 1 enable

< m >

(parameter shows the subscriber CLIP service status in the network):

- 0 CLIP not provisioned
- 1 CLIP provisioned
- 2 unknown (e.g. no network, etc.)
- < number >

string type phone number of calling address in format specified by <type>

< type >

type of address octet in integer format (refer GSM 04.08 [8] subclause 10.5.4.7)

< alpha >

optional string type alphanumeric representation of <number> corresponding to the entry found in phonebook; used character set should be the one selected with command Select TE Character Set +CSCS

- < CLI validity >
- 0 CLI valid
- 1 CLI has been withheld by the originator.
- 2 CLI is not available due to interworking problems or limitations of originating network.
- < subaddr >

string type subaddress of format specified by <satype>

< satype>

type of subaddress octet in integer format (refer GSM 04.08 [8] subclause 10.5.4.8)

6.7.5 Remark

Parameter n may control the unsolicited result code +CLIP should be presented to TE or not 6.7.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command Possible Response

AT+CLIP=1 OK RING

+CLIP: "02085563192",129,,,,0 <URC presentation>

6.8 AT+ CLIR Calling line identification restriction

6.8.1 Description

The AT+CLIR command refers to the GSM supplementary service CLIR (Calling Line Identification Restriction).

6.8.2 Syntax

Test command Response

AT+CLIR=?

Description

AT+CLIR: (list of supported<n>s))

List the supported <n>s

Response

Read command Success: +CLIR: <n>,<m>

Description OK
Get current control value n Fail:
ERROR

Set command
AT+CLIR=<n>
Description
Set CLIR

Response
Success:
OK
Fail:

ERROR

Reference: 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0

6.8.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

None

6.8.4 Parameter

< n >

(parameter sets the adjustment for outgoing calls)

- presentation indicator is used according to the subscription of the CLIR service
- 1 CLIR invocation
- 2 CLIR suppression

< m >

(parameter shows the subscriber CLIR service status in the network)

- 0 CLIR not provisioned
- 1 CLIR provisioned in permanent mode
- 2 unknown (e.g. no network, etc.)
- 3 CLIR temporary mode presentation restricted
- 4 CLIR temporary mode presentation allowed

6.8.5 Remark

6.8.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
AT+CLIR=2	ОК
AT+CLIR=?	+CLIR:(0-2) OK
AT+CLIR?	+CLIR:2,0 OK

6.9 AT+ COLP Connected line identification presentation

6.9.1 Description

This command refers to the GSM/UMTS supplementary service COLP (Connected Line Identification Presentation) that enables a calling subscriber to get the connected line identity (COL) of the called party after setting up a mobile originated call. The command enables or disables the presentation of the COL at the TE. It has no effect on the execution of the supplementary service COLR in the network

6.9.2 Syntax

```
Test command
                                                    Response
AT+COLP=?
                                                           +COLP: (list of supported<n>s))
Description
                                                           OK
List the supported <n>s
                                                    Response
                                                         Success:
Read command
                                                             +COLP: <n>,<m>
AT+COLP?
                                                             OK
Description
                                                         Fail:
Get current control value n
                                                         ERROR
                                                    Response
Set command
                                                         Success:
AT+COLP=<n>
                                                             OK
Description
                                                         Fail:
Set COLP
                                                             ERROR
Reference: 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0
```

6.9.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

None

6.9.4 Parameter

< n >

(parameter sets/shows the result code presentation status in the MT/TA):

- o presentation indicator is used according to the subscription of the CLIR service
- 1 CLIR invocation

< m >

(parameter shows the subscriber COLP service status in the network):

0 COLP not provisioned

- 1 COLP provisioned
- 2 unknown (e.g. no network, etc.)

6.9.5 Remark

6.9.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

The following ex	Command	Possible Response
AT+COLP=1	Communa	i obsibile response
7(110021 = 1		OK
AT+COLP=?		
		+COLP:(0,1)
		OK

6.10 AT+ CSSN Supplementary service notifications

6.10.1 Description

The write command enables or disables the presentation of URCs for supplementary services.

6.10.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CSSN=? Description List the supported values	Response +CSSN: (list of supported <n>s),(list of supported<m>s) OK</m></n>
Read command AT+CSSN? Description Get current control values	Response Success: +CSSN: <n>,<m> OK Fail: ERROR</m></n>
Set command AT+CSSN= <n>[,<m>] Description Set control value Reference: 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0</m></n>	Response Success: OK Fail: ERROR

6.10.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

URC1 +CSSI: <code1> URC 2 +CSSU: <code2>

6.10.4 Parameter

< n >

(parameter sets/shows the +CSSI result code presentation status to the TE):

- 0 disable
- 1 enable

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< m >

(parameter sets/shows the +CSSU result code presentation status to the TE):

- 0 disable
- 1 enable

< code1>

(it is manufacturer specific, which of these codes are supported):

- 0 unconditional call forwarding is active
- 1 some of the conditional call forwardings are active
- 2 call has been forwarded
- 3 call is waiting

< code2>

(it is manufacturer specific, which of these codes are supported):

- 0 this is a forwarded call (MT call setup)
- 1 this is a CUG call (also <index> present) (MT call setup)
- 2 call has been put on hold (during a voice call)
- 3 call has been retrieved (during a voice call)
- 4 multiparty call entered (during a voice call)
- 5 call on hold has been released (this is not a SS notification) (during a voice call)

6.10.5 Remark

When <n>=1 and a supplementary service notification is received after a mobile originated call setup, intermediate result code +CSSI: <code1>[,<index>] is sent to TE before any other MO call setup result codes presented in the present document or in V.25ter [14]. When several different <code1>s are received from the network, each of them shall have its own +CSSI result code.

When <m>=1 and a supplementary service notification is received during a mobile terminated call setup or during a call, or when a forward check supplementary service notification is received, unsolicited result code +CSSU: <code2>[,<index>[,<number>,<type>[,<subaddr>,<satype>]]] is sent to TE. In case of MT call setup, result code is sent after every +CLIP result code (refer command "Calling line identification presentation +CLIP") and when several different <code2>s are received from the network, each of them shall have its own +CSSU result code.

Refer 27007 release99.

The gray item of <code1> doesn't been supported by CMCC and UMCC.S

6.10.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

	Command		Possible Response
AT+CSSN=1,1			
		OK	

6.11 AT+ CUSD Unstructured supplementary service data

6.11.1 Description

This command allows control of the Unstructured Supplementary Service Data (USSD) according to GSM 02.90. Both network and mobile initiated operations are supported.

6.11.2 Syntax

Test command
AT+CUSD=2
Response

AT+CUSD=? +CUSD: (list of supported <n>s)

List the supported values OK

Response

Read command Success:

AT+CUSD? +CUSD:<n>
Description OK

Get current control values
Fail:
ERROR

Response Set command Suc

AT+ CUSD=<n>[,<str>[,<dcs>]] OK

Description
Set control value and data
Fail:

ERROR

Reference: 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0

6.11.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

URC1

+CUSD: <m>[,<str>,<dcs>]

6.11.4 Parameter

< n >

- 0 disable the result code presentation to the TE
- 1 enable the result code presentation to the TE
- 2 cancel session (not applicable to read command response)

< m >

- 0 no further user action required (network initiated USSD-Notify, or no further information needed after mobile initiated operation)
- 1 further user action required (network initiated USSD-Request, or further information needed after mobile initiated operation)
- 2 USSD terminated by network
- 3 other local client has responded
- 4 operation not supported
- 5 network time out

< str >

string type USSD-string (when <str> parameter is not given, network is not interrogated):

- if <dcs> indicates that 3GPP TS 23.038 [25] 7 bit default alphabet is used:
 - if TE character set other than "HEX" (refer command Select TE Character Set +CSCS):
 MT/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set according to rules of 3GPP TS 27.005 [24] Annex A
 - if TE character set is "HEX": MT/TA converts each 7-bit character of GSM alphabet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. character Π (GSM 23) is presented as 17 (IRA

49 and 55))

- if <dcs> indicates that 8-bit data coding scheme is used: MT/TA converts each 8-bit octet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65))

< DCS>

3GPP TS 23.038 [25] Cell Broadcast Data Coding Scheme in integer format (default 0)

6.11.5 Remark

This command allows control of the Unstuctured Supplementary Service Data (USSD) according to 3GPP TS 22.090 [23]. Both network and mobile initiated operations are supported. Parameter <n> is used to disable/enable the presentation of an unsolicited result code (USSD response from the network, or network initiated operation) +CUSD: <m>[,<str>,,<dcs>] to the TE. In addition, value <n>=2 is used to cancel an ongoing USSD session.

When <str> is given, a mobile initiated USSD-string or a response USSD-string to a network initiated operation is sent to the network. The response USSD-string from the network is returned in a subsequent unsolicited +CUSD result code.

If the <dcs> parameter is input, the data will be transmitted as USSD vertion2, otherwise, it will be transmitted as USSD version 1.

6.11.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

		71 11	
	Command		Possible Response
AT+CUSD=1			OK
AT+CUSD?			+CUSD: 1
			OK

6.12 AT^STA SAT Interface Activation

6.12.1 Description

This command is used to ask the current running status of the RSAT and the character set used by the RSAT, and it can be used to set SAT and the AT interface to activation.

6.12.2 Syntax

Test command AT^STA=?	Response Success: ^STA: (list of supported <alphabet>s) OK Fail: ERROR</alphabet>
Read command AT^STA?	Response Success: ^STA: <alphabet>, <allowedinstance>, <satprofile> OK Fail: ERROR</satprofile></allowedinstance></alphabet>
Exe command AT^STA= <alphabet></alphabet>	Response Success: OK Fail:

ERROR

Reference: 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0

6.12.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

URC1 .. URC2

6.12.4 Parameter

<Alphabet>:

0 GSM character set

1 UCS2 character set

<allowedInstance>:

0 SAT This module has been started.

1 SAT This module can be started.

<SatProfile>: SAT configuration data

6.12.5 Remark

6.12.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command Possible Response

AT^STA?

^STA: 1,1,"7FFFFFFF7F0100DF1F"

OK

6.13 AT^STN STK Notification

6.13.1 Description

Proactive Command notification

6.13.2 Syntax

6.13.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

URC1 ^STN: <cmdType>..

6.13.4 Parameter

6.13.5 Remark

Every time the SIM Application issues a Proactive Command, via the ME, the TA will receive a notification. This indicates the type of Proactive Command issued.

AT^STGI must then be used by the TA to request the parameters of the Proactive Command from the ME. Upon receiving the^STGI response from the ME, the TA must send AT^STR to confirm the execution of the Proactive Command and provide any required user response, e.g. a selected menu item.

6.13.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

3 - 1 - 31	
Command	Possible Response
<reference: ^stn<="" td="" urc:=""><td>URC</td></reference:>	URC

6.14 AT^STGI Remote-SAT Get Information

6.14.1 Description

AT^STGI: This command is used after receiving URC ^STN notification. That can get the parameters of the proactive command, current command type or some information of the current proactive command.

6.14.2 Syntax

Test command AT^STGI=?	Response Success: ^STGI: (list of supported <cmdtype>s) OK Fail: ERROR</cmdtype>
Read command AT^STGI?	Response Success: ^STGI: <cmdtype> OK Fail: ERROR</cmdtype>
Set command AT^STGI= <cmdtype></cmdtype>	Response Success: OK Fail: ERROR
Reference: 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0	

6.14.3 Response definition

The event format:

Command type =37 or 36:

The first line: ^STGI: command type, 0, The number of the item," Alpha identifier", "nComQualifier" Other lines: ^STGI: command type, Item type, "contents of menu, "nComQualifier"

Command type=16:

^STGI: command type, "text string", type of address, address, subadress, text in calling", scheme of the text, time unit when autodial, interval of "nComQualifier"

Command type=33:

^STGI: command type, "text", scheme of text, "nComQualifier"

Command type=19:

^STGI: command type, "text for display", Type of address, "address of SMS, "contents of SMS"

Command type=35:

^STGI: command type, "text", "Default text", scheme of text, max length of text, min length of text, "nComQualifier"

Command type=38:

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^STGI: command type, "nComQualifier"

6.14.4 Parameter

<Alphabet>:

- 0 GSM character set
- 1 UCS2 character set

<allowedInstance>:

- O SAT This module has started up. you can execute the read or test command.
- 1 SAT This module can be started.
- <SatProfile>: SAT configuration data.

6.14.5 Remark

< cmdType >: Proactive command

6.14.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command

Command	Possible Response
AT^STGI=37 < acknowledge > AT^STR=37,0	^STGI: 37,128,5,"51687403901A670D52A1",0,1,1,0 ^STGI: 37,1,"516C51714FE1606F670D52A1",0,0 ^STGI: 37,2,"8BC15238",0,0
<pre><select submenu=""> AT^STR=211,0,1 <get urc=""> ^STN: 36 <get content="" submenu=""> AT^STGI=36 <acknowledge> AT^STR=36,0,1 <get urc=""> ^STN: 35 <get content="" menu=""> AT^STGI=35</get></get></acknowledge></get></get></select></pre>	^STGI: 37,3,"624B673A94F6884C",0,0 ^STGI: 37,4,"5BA26237670D52A1",0,0 ^STGI: 37,5,"82F16C498BCD5178",0,0 OK OK ^STGI: 36,0,3,"",0,0,0,0,0 ^STGI: 36,1,"59296C14988462A5",0,0 ^STGI: 36,2,"4EA4901A4FE1606F",0,0 ^STGI: 36,3,"65B095FB",0,0 OK OK OK
	OK

6.15 AT^STR Remote-SAT Response

6.15.1 Description

AT^STR: TA can use this command AT^STR to answer the AT^STGI command to tell the SIM that the result executed of the proactive command.

6.15.2 Syntax

Test command AT^STR=?	Response Success: ^STR: (list of supported <cmdtype>s) OK</cmdtype>
	Fail:

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ERROR Response Success: Read command ^STR: <cmdType> AT^STR? OK Fail: **ERROR** Response Exe command Success: AT^STR=<cmdType>, <status>[, <inputNumber>][, OK <inputString>] Fail: **ERROR** Reference: 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0

6.15.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

URC1 +CALA: <text> ... URC2 +SYSSTART ALARM MODE+CALA: <text> ..

6.15.4 Parameter

< cmdType >: Proactive command

<status>: The status response to the proactive command.

- 00 Command performed successfully
- 16 Proactive SIM session terminated by user
- 17 Backward move in the proactive SIM session requested by the user
- 18 No response from user
- 19 Help information required by the user
- 20 USSD/SS Transact terminated by user
- 32 ME currently unable to process command
- 132 ME currently unable to process command -screen is busy
- 34 User did not accept the proactive command
- 35 User cleared down call before connection or network release

<inputNumber>: Response number.
<inputString>: Response string.

6.15.5 Remark

6.15.6 Example

Command	Possible Response
<under main="" menu=""> AT^STR=211,0,X</under>	STK select submenu

6.16 AT^STF Set format of responses

6.16.1 Description

This command is used to set format of a response of SAT command.

6.16.2 Syntax

AT^STF=<mode>

Response Success:

Read command AT^STF: [Current mode]

OK Fail: ERROR Response Success:

Set command Set STF to [Mode]

AT^STF=<mode>
OK

Fail:
ERROR
Response
Success:
^STF: (0,1)
OK

Test command AT^STF=?

AT^STF=?

OK
Fail:

ERROR

6.16.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

None

6.16.4 Parameter

<mode>:

0: PDU mode

1: Text mode

6.16.5 Remark

6.16.6 Example

	Command	Possible Response
AT^STF?		^STF: PDU Mode OK
AT^STF=1		Set STF to TEXT Mode OK









7 SMS Commands

This chapter describes AT Commands that a TE (Terminal Equipment, e.g. an application running on a controlling PC) may use to control the MC55 acting as GPRS Mobile Termination (MT).

7.1 AT+CSDH Show Text Mode Parameters (For SMS)

7.1.1 Description

Set command controls whether detailed header information is shown in text mode result codes.

7.1.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CSDH=? Description	Response Success: +CSDH: (list of supported < show >s) OK Fail: ERROR
Read command AT+CSDH? Description	Response Success: +CSDH: <show> OK Fail: ERROR</show>
Set command AT+CSDH= <show> Description Reference: 3GPP TS 27.005 V3.2.0 (2002-06)</show>	Response Success: OK Fail: ERROR

7.1.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

```
URC1
+CALA: <a href="mailto:setext"><a href="mailto:se
```

7.1.4 Parameter

```
<show> Range: 0-1
0/2 do not show the values in result codes
1 show the values in result codes
...
```

7.1.5 Remark

7.1.6 Example

The fellenning examples of the title typical application for the community		
Command	Possible Response	
AT+CSDH=0 <not at="" cmti="" header="" in="" indicate="" list="" message="" new="" or="" read="" recieved.="" show="" storage,="" that="" the="" to="" when=""></not>	ОК	

AT+CSDH=1 OK

show the message header when list message at the storage, read message in the storage, or indicate to CMTI that new message recieved.>

7.2 AT+CSMP Set Text Mode Parameters

7.2.1 Description

Set command is used to select values for additional parameters needed when SM is sent to the network or placed in a storage when text format message mode is selected.

7.2.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CSMP=? Description	Response Success: OK Fail: ERROR
Read command AT+CSMP? Description	Response Success: +CSMP: <fo>,<pid>,<dcs> OK Fail: ERROR</dcs></pid></fo>
Set command AT+CSMP= <fo>[,<vp>[,pid>[,<dcs>]]] Description Reference: 3GPP TS 27.005 V3.2.0 (2002-06)</dcs></vp></fo>	Response Success: OK Fail: ERROR

7.2.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

URC1 +CALA: <text> ... URC2 +SYSSTART ALARM MODE+CALA: <text> ...

7.2.4 Parameter

<fo>

depending on the command or result code: first octet of 3G TS 23.040 [3] SMS-DELIVER[mt], SMS-SUBMIT[mo] (default 17), SMS-STATUS-REPORT, or SMS-COMMAND (default 2) in integer format.

<vp>

depending on SMS-SUBMIT <fo> setting: 3G TS 23.040 [3] TP-Validity-Period either in integer format (default 167), in time-string format (refer <dt>), or if EVPF is supported, in enhanced format (hexadecimal coded string with double quotes)

<pid>

3G TS 23.040 [3] TP-Protocol-Identifier in integer format (default 0)—protocol identity [Different data storage protocol according to which services protocol used]

<dcs>

depending on the command or result code: 3G TS 23.038 [2] SMS Data Coding Scheme (default0), or Cell Broadcast Data Coding Scheme in integer format [supported there types of csw allowed, 0, 4, 8]

7.2.5 Remark

Parameter <fo> <vp> <pid> and <dcs>, we recommend to set default value of them, but can use other values if need according to spec definite.

if setting "fo" value for MO message, we must make sure the "mti" segment of "fo" (as 03.40 description) is "01",

meanings that bit1 is "0" and bit0 is "1", otherwise exception would happened.

3. if setting "dcs" value for MO message, we must make sure that the dcs is equal to 0, or 4, or 8, other values is not allowed now.

7.2.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
AT+CSMP=17,167,0,0 <in message="" message<br="" mode,="" or="" others="" send="" text="" to="" write="">to storage with 7bit encode></in>	OK
AT+CSMP=17,167,0,4 <in message="" message<br="" mode,="" or="" others="" send="" text="" to="" write="">to storage with 8bit encode></in>	OK
AT+CSMP=17,167,0,8 <in message="" message<br="" mode,="" or="" others="" send="" text="" to="" write="">to storage with 16bit encode, sometimes the Chinese string></in>	OK

7.3 AT+CMSS Send Message from Storage(For SMS)

7.3.1 Description

Execution command sends message with location value <index> from preferred message storage <mem2> to the network (SMS-SUBMIT or SMS-COMMAND).

7.3.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CMSS=? Description	Response Success: OK Fail: ERROR
Read command Description	Response
Set command AT+CMSS= <index>[,<da>[,<toda>]] Description</toda></da></index>	Response Success: +CMSS: <mr> OK Fail: ERROR</mr>
Reference: 3GPP TS 27.005 V3.2.0 (2002-06)	

7.3.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

7.3.4 Parameter

<index>

integer type; value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory

7.3.5 Remark

- 1. <toda>have there values: 161, 145, 129
- 2. At PDU mode , wen can't send MT message.

7.3.6 Example

	cation for this command.
Command	Possible Response
AT+CMGF=0	ОК
AT+CMGR=1	+CMGR: 3,,21 0891683110102105F031010B813120117013F50000A707F4F29C9E769F0
AT+CMSS=1	+CMSS: 3
	OK
AT+CMGF=0	ОК
AT+CMGR=1	+CMGR: 3,,21 0891683110102105F031010B813120117013F50000A707F4F29C9E769F0
AT+CMSS=1, "13466507607", 129	+CMSS: 6
AT 01405 4	OK
AT+CMGF=1	OK
AT+CSDH=1	ОК
AT+CMGR=1	+CMGR: "STO SENT","13021107315",,129,17,0,0,167,"+8613010112500",145,7 testing
AT+CMSS=1	+CMSS: 7
	OK
AT+CMGF=1	OK
AT+CSDH=1	OK
AT+CMGR=1	+CMGR: "STO SENT","13021107315",,129,17,0,0,167,"+8613010112500",145,7 testing
AT+CMSS=1, "13466507607", 129	+CMSS: 10
	OK

7.4 +CMTI/+CMT Indication New Short Message [For SMS]

7.4.1 Description

When receive new short message ,send +CMTI or +CMT[+CDS are message report]

7.4.2 Syntax

Test command Description	Response
Read command Description	Response
Set command Description	Response +CMTI: <mem>,<index> or +CMT: [<alpha>],<length><cr><lf><pdu> (PDU mode enabled) +CMT: <oa>, [<alpha>],<scts>[,<tooa>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,<sca>,<tosca>,<length>]<cr><lf><data> (Text mode enbaled)</data></lf></cr></length></tosca></sca></dcs></pid></fo></tooa></scts></alpha></oa></pdu></lf></cr></length></alpha></index></mem>
Reference: 3GPP TS 27.005 V3.2.0 (2002-06)	

7.4.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

7.4.4 Parameter

<mem> string type; memory for storage new messages

<index> integer type; value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory

<length> integer type value indicating in the text mode (+CMGF=1) the length of the message body <data> (or <cdata>) in characters; or in PDU mode (+CMGF=0), the length of the actual TP data unit in octets (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length)

<fo> depending on the command or result code: first octet of 3G TS 23.040 [3] SMS-DELIVER, SMS-SUBMIT (default 17),

SMS-STATUS-REPORT, or SMS-COMMAND (default 2) in integer format

<vp> depending on SMS-SUBMIT

is supported, in enhanced format (hexadecimal coded string with double quotes)

<pi><pid>3G TS 23.040 [3] TP-Protocol-Identifier in integer format (default 0)

<dcs> depending on the command or result code: 3G TS 23.038 [2] SMS Data Coding Scheme (default0), or Cell Broadcast Data Coding Scheme in integer format

<sca> 3G TS 24.011 [6] RP SC address Address-Value field in string format;

<tosca> 3G TS 24.011 [6] RP SC address Type-of-Address octet in integer format

<scts> 3G TS 23.040 [3] TP-Service-Centre-Time-Stamp in time-string format (refer <dt>)

<alpha> string type alphanumeric representation of <da> or <oa> corresponding to the entry found in MT phonebook; implementation of this feature is manufacturer specific; used character set should be the one selected with command Select TE Characte

7.4.5 Remark

7.4.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

	Command	Possible Response
AT+CNMI=0,1,0,0,0		OK
+CMTI: "SM",7		
AT+CMGF=0		OK
AT+CNMI=0,2,0,0,0		

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+CMT: ,27	OK
0891683110102105F0240D91683120117013F500008070206193930007F4F29C9E769F01	
AT+CMGF=1	OK
AT+CSDH=1	OK
AT+CNMI=0,2,0,0,0	OK
+CMT: "+8613021107315",,"2008/07/02,16:40:24+00",145,17,0,0,"+8613010112500",145,8 Testing	
AT+CMGF =1	ОК
AT+CNMI=0,0,0,1,0 (need status report)	OK
AT+CMGS="13445555991"	+CMGS: 12
	ОК
+CDS:	
2,12,"+8613021107315",145,"2008/07/02,16:42:22+00","2008/07/02,16:42:34+00",0	

7.5 AT+CMGD Delete SMS message

7.5.1 Description

Execution command deletes message from preferred message storage <mem1> location <index>. If <delflag> is present and not set to 0 then the ME shall ignore <index> and follow the rules for <delflag> shown below. If deleting fails, final result code +CMS ERROR: <err> is returned. See chapter Message Service Failure Result Code for <err> values.

7.5.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CMGD=? Description	Response Success: +CMGD: (list of supported <index>s),(list of supported <delflag>s) Fail: ERROR</delflag></index>
Read command Description	Response
Set command AT+CMGD= <index>[,<delflag>] Description</delflag></index>	Response Success: OK Fail: +CMS ERROR: <err></err>
Reference: 3GPP TS 27.005 V3.2.0 (2002-06)	

7.5.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

urc1 +CALA: <u><text></text></u>	
··	
URC2	
+SYSSTART ALARM MODE+CALA: <text></text>	

7.5.4 Parameter

Index: indicate which message will be deleted

<delflag>: an integer indicating multiple message deletion request as follows:

0 (or omitted) Delete the message specified in <index>

- Delete all read messages from preferred message storage, leaving unread messages and stored mobile originated messages (whether sent or not) untouched
- 2 Delete all read messages from preferred message storage and sent mobile originated messages, leaving unread messages and unsent mobile originated messages untouched
- 3 Delete all read messages from preferred message storage, sent and unsent mobile originated messages leaving unread messages untouched.
- 4 Delete all messages from preferred message storage including unread messages.

7.5.5 Remark

Test command list of supported <index>s

7.5.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
AT+CMGD=1 < note1:delete the specific index message in the storage> <note2: "ok"="" delete,="" have="" if="" just="" message="" no="" only="" return="" specific="" to="" we=""></note2:>	OK
AT+CMGD=1,4 <note1:delete all="" in="" message="" storage="" the=""> <note2: delete,<br="" have="" if="" message="" no="" specific="" to="" we="">just return "OK" only></note2:></note1:delete>	OK

7.6 AT+CMGF Select SMS message format

7.6.1 Description

Set command specifies the input and output format of the short messages. The input and output format of the short messages can be either PDU mode or Text mode.

7.6.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CMGF=? Description list of supported <mode>s</mode>	Response +CMGF: (list of supported <mode>s) OK</mode>
Read command AT+CMGF? Description Return current setting	Response +CMGF: <mode> OK</mode>
Set command AT+CMGF=< mode > Description	Response Success: OK

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.. Fail:

Reference: 3GPP TS 27.005 V3.2.0 (2002-06)

7.6.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

```
URC1
+CALA: <text>
...
URC2
+SYSSTART ALARM MODE+CALA: <text>
...
```

7.6.4 Parameter

<mode>:</mode>		
0 PDU mod	e (default when implemented)	
1 text mode		

7.6.5 Remark

7.6.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

The following examples show the typica	rapplication for the community.
Command	Possible Response
AT+CMGF=0 < PDU mode>	ОК
AT+CMGF=1 <text mode=""></text>	ОК

7.7 AT+CMGL List SMS messages from preferred store

7.7.1 Description

... Execution command returns messages with status value <stat> from message storage <mem1> to the TE.

7.7.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CMGL=? Description	Response	Fail:	-CMGL:(list of supported <stat>s) DK ERROR</stat>
Read command Description	Response		
Set command AT+CMGL[= <stat>] Description </stat>	Response Success:	TEXT mo SMS-SUE	de(+CMGF=1) BMIT: +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<da>,[<alpha>],<toda>,<length>]<cr><lf><data>[<cr><lf></lf></cr></data></lf></cr></length></toda></alpha></da></stat></index>

```
[...]
SMS-DELIVER:
+CMGL:<index>,<stat>,<oa>,[<alpha>],[<scts>]
[,<tooa>,<length>]<CR><LF><data>[...]]
OK
PDU mode (+CMGF=0)
SMS-SUBMIT or SMS-DELIVER:
+CMGL:<index>,<stat>,[<alpha>],<length><CR><LF><qdu>[<cR><LF>)<qdu>[<cR><LF>][...]
OK
Fail:
ERROR
Reference: 3GPP TS 27.005 V3.2.0 (2002-06)
```

7.7.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

```
URC1
+CALA: <a href="mailto:kext"><a href="m
```

7.7.4 Parameter

<	sta	t>	
	0	memo	DU mode (default 0), or string type in text mode (default "REC UNREAD"); indicates the status of message in ry; defined values: received unread message (i.e. new message)
	1	"REC READ"	received read message
:	2	"STO UNSENT"	stored unsent message (only applicable to SMs)
;	3	"STO SENT"	stored sent message (only applicable to SMs)
	4	"ALL"	all messages (only applicable to +CMGL command)
ļ.,			

7.7.5 Remark

- 1. <alpha> is not supported now.
- 2. if PDU mode, each bit meaning of DCS byte are reference in chapter 11.10,5, CMGW remark.

7.7.6 Example

Command	Possible Response
AT+CMGF=0	
	ОК
AT+CMGL=n	
<note1: 11.7.4="" as="" definition="" description="" meaning="" n="0,1,2,3,4," of="" parameters=""></note1:>	•••••
<note2: "ok"="" have="" if="" just="" list,="" message="" no="" only="" return="" specific="" to="" we=""></note2:>	24
<note3: about="" care="" dcs="" don't="" the="" value="" with<br="">at+csmp setting or charset value with at+cscs setting here, the display is only depending to formats when the message store.></note3:>	OK
AT+CMGF=1	OK

AT+CMGL="string"

< note1:string=" REC UNREAD", " REC READ", "
STO UNSENT", "STO SENT", "ALL", meaning as description of 11.7.4 parameters definition >
<note2: if have no message we specific to list, just return "OK" only>
<note3: don't care about the dcs value with at+csmp setting or charset value with at+cscs setting here, the display is only depending to formats when the message store.>

7.8 AT+CMGR Read SMS Message

7.8.1 Description

... Execution command returns message with location value <index> from preferred message storage <mem1> to the TE.

7.8.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CMGR=? Description		Response ok
Read command Description		Response
Set command AT+CMGR= <index> Description</index>		
Response		
Success:	OK SMS-SUBMIT:	>[, <tooa>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,<sca>,<tosca>,<length>]<cr><lf><data> a>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,[<vp>],<sca>,<tosca>,<length>]<cr><lf><data> CR><lf><pdu></pdu></lf></data></lf></cr></length></tosca></sca></vp></dcs></pid></fo></data></lf></cr></length></tosca></sca></dcs></pid></fo></tooa>
Fail:	ERROR	
Reference: 3GPP	TS 27.005 V3.2.0 (2002-06)	

7.8.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

```
URC1
+CALA: <text>
..
URC2
+SYSSTART ALARM MODE+CALA: <text>
..
```

7.8.4 Parameter

<index>
Indicate which message will be read.

7.8.5 Remark

- 1. <alpha> and <scts> is not supported now.
- 2. Can't read short message report now.
- 3. When DTE character set is "GSM" (set by +CSCS command), the SMS content will be output by an ASCII string form if it is an pure ASCII SMS, otherwize it will be output in an UCS2 hex string form. If the DET character set is "UCS2" it will always be output in UCS2 hex string form.
- 4. if PDU mode, each bit meaning of DCS byte are reference in chapter 11.10,5, CMGW remark.

7.8.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.we don't care about the dcs value with at+csmp setting or charset value with at+cscs setting here, the display is only depending to formats when the message store. Storing of message with 7bit encode, show 7bit charsets. And storing of message with 8bit or 16bit encode, show 8bit or 16bit charsets.

Command	Possible Response
. AT+CMGF=1	ОК
AT+CMGR=1 (the message store in the mem with 7bit encode of dcs)	+CMGR: "STO UNSENT","123" testing
/	ОК
AT+CMGR=2 (the message store in the mem with 8bit encode of dcs)	+CMGR: "STO UNSENT","456" testing
•	ОК
AT+CMGR=3 (the message store in the mem with 16bit encode of dcs)	+CMGR: "STO UNSENT","789" XXXXXX (Chinese string)
<note1: about="" care="" dcs="" don't="" the="" value="" with<br="">at+csmp setting or charset value with at+cscs setting here, the display is only depending to formats when the message store.> <note2: above="" all="" examples,="" have="" if="" no<br="" of="">message we specific to read, just return "OK" only></note2:></note1:>	ОК
2. AT+CMGF=0	OK
AT+CMGR=1 (the message store in the mem with 7bit encode of	
dcs)	+CMGR: 2,,17 069168311010F13100038121F30000A707F4F29C9E769F01
dcs)	**
AT+CMGR=2 (the message store in the mem with 8bit encode of dcs)	069168311010F13100038121F30000A707F4F29C9E769F01
AT+CMGR=2 (the message store in the mem with 8bit encode of dcs)	069168311010F13100038121F30000A707F4F29C9E769F01 OK +CMGR: 2,,17
AT+CMGR=2 (the message store in the mem with 8bit encode of	069168311010F13100038121F30000A707F4F29C9E769F01 OK +CMGR: 2,,17 069168311010F13100038154F60004A70774657374696E67

<note2: all of above examples, if have no message we specific to read, just return "OK" only>

7.9 AT+CMGS Send SMS message

7.9.1 Description

... The write command transmits a short message from TE to network (SMS-SUBMIT). After invoking the write command wait for the prompt ">" and then start to write the message. To send the message simply enter <CTRL-Z>

7.9.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CMGS=? Description	Response OK
Read command Description	Response
Set command TEXT mode (+CMGF=1): AT+CMGS= <da>[,<toda>]<cr> text is entered <ctrl-z esc=""> PDU mode (+CMGF=0): AT+CMGS=<length><cr> pdu is given <ctrl-z esc=""> Description</ctrl-z></cr></length></ctrl-z></cr></toda></da>	Response Success: +CMGS: <mr> OK Fail: ERROR</mr>
Reference:3GPP TS 27.005 V3.2.0 (2002-06)	

7.9.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

URC1 +CALA: <text> .. URC2 +SYSSTART ALARM MODE+CALA: <text> ..

7.9.4 Parameter

- <da> 3G TS 23.040 [3] TP-Destination-Address Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set (refer command +CSCS in3G TS 27.007 [9]); type of address given by <toda>tring type; memory to which writing and sending operations are made <toda> 3G TS 24.011 [6] TP-Destination-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (when first character of <da> is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129)
- <length> integer type value indicating in the text mode (+CMGF=1) the length of the message body <data> > (or <cdata>) in characters; or in PDU mode (+CMGF=0), the length of the actual TP data unit in octets (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length)

PDU is given:

we can send pdu message depending to the dcs value of oct in the pdu header.

the PDU shall be hexadecimal format (similarly as specified for <pdu>) and given in one line; ME/TA converts this coding into the actual octets of PDU.

text is entered

- we should care about the dcs of at+csmp setting, if we set 7bit encode of dcs, we can send 7bit encode message with text mode. If we set 8bit or 16bit encode of dcs, we can send 8bit or 16bit message with text mode.

the entered text should be formatted as follows:

if <dcs> (set with +CSMP) indicates that 3GPP TS 23.038 [2] GSM 7 bit default alphabet is used and <fo> indicates that

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3GPP TS 23.040 [3] TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is not set:

- if TE character set other than "HEX" (refer command Select TE Character Set +CSCS in 3GPP TS 27.007 [9]): ME/TA converts the entered text into the GSM 7 bit default alphabet according to rules of Annex A; backspace can be used to delete last character and carriage returns can be used (previously mentioned four character sequence shall be sent to the TE after every carriage return entered by the user);
- if TE character set is "HEX": the entered text should consist of two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers which ME/TA converts into the GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters. (e.g. 17 (IRA 49 and 55) will be converted to character Π (GSM 7 bit default alphabet 23)).

<mr>

Type: integer type

Meaning: 3GPP TS 23.040 [3] TP-Message-Reference in integer format

7.9.5 Remark

- 1. Not support long short message.
- 2. <toda>have there values: 161, 145, 129
- 3. At PDU mode, wen can't send MT message.

7.9.6 Example

Command	Possible Response		
AT+CMGF=0	OK >0011000B813170862334F20000A70361F118 <ctrl z=""> +CMGS: 1 OK</ctrl>		
AT+CMGS=17 (value of "dcs" is getting from dcs oct in the pdu header)			
AT+CMGF=1	ОК		
AT+CSMP=17,167,0,0 (7bit encode of message to store or send in text mode)	ОК		
AT+CMGS="13560243602"	>abc <ctrl z=""> +CMGS: 5</ctrl>		
AT+CSMP=17,167,0,4 (8bit encode of message to store or send in text mode)	ОК		
AT+CMGS="13560243602",129	>abc <ctrl z=""> +CMGS:3</ctrl>		
AT+CSMP=17,167,0,8 (16bit encode of message to store or send in text mode)	ОК		
AT+CMGS="+13560243602",145	>XXX <ctrl z=""> (Chinese string) +CMGS:4</ctrl>		

7.10 AT+CMGW Write SMS message to memory

7.10.1 Description

... Execution command stores message (either SMS-DELIVER or SMS-SUBMIT) to memory storage <mem2>. Memory location <index> of the stored message is returned.

7.10.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CMGW=? Description Read command	Response ok		
Description	Response		
Set command TEXT mode (+CMGF=1): AT+CMGW [= <oa da="">[,<tooa toda="">[,<stat>]]]<cr> text is entered <ctrl-z esc=""> PDU mode (+CMGF=0): AT+CMGW=<length>[,<stat>]<cr> pdu is given <ctrl-z esc=""> Description 1.The Execution command is executed successful: if PDU mode (+CMGF=0): +CMGW: <index> if text mode (+CMGF=1): +CMGW: <index> 2.the Execution command is executed failing: +CMS ERROR: <err></err></index></index></ctrl-z></cr></stat></length></ctrl-z></cr></stat></tooa></oa>	Response	Success: Fail:	+CMGW: <index> OK ERROR</index>
Reference 3GPP TS 27.005 V3.2.0 (2002-06)			

7.10.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

```
URC1
+CALA: <text>
...
URC2
+SYSSTART ALARM MODE+CALA: <text>
...
```

7.10.4 Parameter

<index></index>	integer type; value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory
<da> 3G</da>	TS 23.040 [3] TP-Destination-Address Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or
	GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected
	TE character set (refer command +CSCS in3G TS 27.007 [9]); type of address given by
	<toda>tring type; memory to which writing and sending operations are made</toda>
<toda></toda>	3G TS 24.011 [6] TP-Destination-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (when
	first character of <da> is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129)</da>
<length></length>	integer type value indicating in the text mode (+CMGF=1) the length of the message body
	<data> > (or <cdata>) in characters; or in PDU mode (+CMGF=0), the length of the actual TP</cdata></data>
	data unit in octets (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length)
<stat></stat>	Integer type in PDU mode (default 2 for +CMGW), or string type in text mode (default .STO
	UNSENT. for +CMGW). Indicates the status of message in memory.

7.10.5 Remark

1.not support long message.

2.<toda> have three values: 161, 145 and 129.

3. if pdu mode, each bit meaning of the dcs byte are following:

Dcs byte: bit7.....bit0

bit7..bit4 - encode group

bit7 - reserved bit6 - reserved

bit5 - 0:text uncompress 1: GSM default compress

bit4 - 0: bit0 and bit1 no use 1: bit0 and bit1 useful

bit0: bit1:

0 0 class1

0 1 class2

1 0 class3 1 1 class4

bit2: bit3:

0 0 GSM default 7 bit encode

0 1 8 bit encode

1 0 16bit(UCS2) encode

1 1 reserved

4. At PDU mode ,if we want to write MT message at storage, we must specify the status of UNREAD or READ. And at PDU mode , wen can't write MT message which have status of UNSENT or SENT.

7.10.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
AT+CMGF=0	ОК
AT+CMGW=17 (value of "dcs" is getting from dcs oct in the pdu header)	>0011000B813170862334F20000A70361F118 <ctrl z=""> +CMGW: 1 OK</ctrl>
AT+CMGF=1	ОК
AT+CSMP=17,167,0,0 (7bit encode of message to store or send in text mode)	ОК
AT+CMGW="13560243602"	>abc <ctrl z=""> +CMGW: 5</ctrl>
	OK
AT+CSMP=17,167,0,4 (8bit encode of message to store or send in text mode)	OK
AT+CMGW="13560243602",129	>abc <ctrl z=""> +CMGW:3</ctrl>
	ОК
AT+CSMP=17,167,0,8 (16bit encode of message to store or send in text mode)	ОК
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AT+CMGW=" 13560243602"	>XXX <ctrl z=""> (Chinese string) +CMGW:4</ctrl>
	OK

7.11 AT+CNMA New SMS message acknowledge to ME/TE, only phase

2+(Currently not support)

7.11.1 Description

... Execution command confirms correct reception of a new message (SMS-DELIVER or SMS-STATUS-REPORT) which is routed directly to the TE (refer command +CNMI tables 2 and 4). This acknowledgement command (causing ME to send RP-ACK to the network) shall be used when +CSMS parameter <service> equals 1. TA shall not send another +CMT or +CDS result code to TE before previous one is acknowledged.

7.11.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CNMA=? Description if PDU mode (+CMGF=0):	Response ok
Read command Description	Response
Set command AT+CNMA Description	Response Success: OK Fail: ERROR 1.The Execution command is executed successful: None 2.the Execution command is executed failing: +CMS ERROR: <err> 3.the Test command is executed successful: if PDU mode (+CMGF=0): +CNMA: (list of supported <n>s) if text mode (+CMGF=1): None</n></err>
Reference:3GPP TS 27.005 V3.2.0 (2002-06)	

7.11.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

URC1 +CALA: <text></text>	
 URC2	
+SYSSTART ALARM MODE+CALA: <text></text>	

7.11.4 Parameter

<n>:</n>	
Type: integer type	
Meaning:	

- 0 command operates similarly as defined for the text mode
- 1 send RP-ACK (or buffered result code received correctly)
- 2 send RP-ERROR (if PDU is not given, ME/TA shall send SMS-DELIVER-REPORT with 3GPP TS 23.040 [3] TP-FCS value set to 'FF' (unspecified error cause))

7.11.5 Remark

1. Have no interface with CSW, this AT command only support test mode , and have no others functions.

7.11.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

The felletting examples of	iow the typical application for this community.
Command	Possible Response
AT+CNMI=1,2,2	OK
<note :=""></note>	<note :=""></note>

7.12 AT+CNMI New SMS message indications

7.12.1 Description

... Set command selects the procedure, how receiving of new messages from the network is indicated to the TE when TE is active.

7.12.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CNMI=? Description	Response Success: +CNMI:(list of supported <mode>s),(list of supported <mt>s), (list of supported supported <ds>s), (list of supported supported <ds>s), (list of supported OK Fail: +CMS ERROR:<</ds></ds></mt></mode>
Read command AT+CNMI? Description	Response +CNMI: <mode>,<mt>,<bm>,<ds>,<bfr>OK</bfr></ds></bm></mt></mode>
Set command AT+CNMI= <mode>[,<mt>[,<bm>[,<ds>[,<bfr>]]]] Description</bfr></ds></bm></mt></mode>	Response Success: OK Fail: ERROR
Reference:3GPP TS 27.005 V3.2.0 (2002-06)	

7.12.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

URC1			
+CALA: <text></text>			

Al-THIIIKEI III

URC2

+SYSSTART ALARM MODE+CALA: <text>

7.12.4 Parameter

<mode> support one value now: 0

- 0 Buffer unsolicited result codes in the TA. If TA result code buffer is full, indications can be buffered in some other place or the oldest indications may be discarded and replaced with the new received indications.
- 1 Discard indication and reject new received message unsolicited result codes when TA-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode). Otherwise forward them directly to the TE.
- 2 Buffer unsolicited result codes in the TA when TA-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode) and flush them to the TE after reservation. Otherwise forward them directly to the TE.
- 3 Forward unsolicited result codes directly to the TE. TA-TE link specific inband technique used to embed result codes and data when TA is in on-line data mode.

<mt> support three values now: 0, 1, 2, and have no CLASS type.

- 0 No SMS-DELIVER indications are routed to the TE. (default value)
- 1 If SMS-DELIVER is stored into ME/TA, indication of the memory location is routed to the TE using unsolicited result code:+CMTI: <mem>,<index>
- 2 SMS-DELIVERs (except class 2 messages and messages in the message waiting indication group (store message)) are routed directly to the TE using unsolicited result code:+CMT: [<alpha>],<length><CR><LF><pdu> (PDU mode enabled) or +CMT: <oa>, [<alpha>],<scts>[,<tooa>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,<sca>,<tosca>, <length>]<CR><LF><data>
- 3 Class 3 SMS-DELIVERs are routed directly to TE using unsolicited result codes defined in <mt>=2. Messages of other data coding schemes result in indication as defined in <mt>=1.

<bm> Broadcast—csw not supported

- 0 No CBM indications are routed to the TE.
- 1 If CBM is stored into ME/TA, indication of the memory location is routed to the TE using unsolicited result code:+CBMI: <mem><index>
- New CBMs are routed directly to the TE using unsolicited result code:+CBM: <length><CR><LF><pdu> (PDU mode enabled)or+CBM: <sn>,<mid>,<dcs>,<page>,<page><CR><LF><data> (text mode enabled) If ME supports data coding groups which define special routing also for messages other than class 3 (e.g. (U)SIM specific messages), ME may choose not to route messages of such data coding schemes into TE (indication of a stored CBM may be given as defined in
 to messages).
- 3 Class 3 CBMs are routed directly to TE using unsolicited result codes defined in

 supported, messages of other classes result in indication as defined in

 tm>=1.

<ds>: message report can't be storaged, the value 2 is not supported now

- 0 No SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are routed to the TE. (default value)
- 1 SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are routed to the TE using unsolicited result code:+CDS: <length><CR><LF><pdu> (PDU mode enabled)or+CDS: <fo>,<mr>,[<ra>],[<tora>],<scts>,<dt>,<st> (text mode enabled)
- 2 If SMS-STATUS-REPORT is stored into ME/TA, indication of the memory location is routed to the TE using unsolicited result code:+CDSI: <mem>,<iindex>

- 0 TA buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is flushed to the TE when <mode> 1...3 is entered (OK response shall be given before flushing the codes).
- 1 TA buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is cleared when <mode> 1...3 is entered.

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7.12.5 Remark

1. if PDU mode, each bit meaning of DCS byte are reference in chapter 11.10,5, CMGW remark.

7.12.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
AT+CNMIi=0,1,0,0,0	OK
+CMTI: "SM",7	
AT+CMGF=0	OK
AT+CNMI=0,2,0,0,0	OK
+CMT: ,27 0891683110102105F0240D91683120117013F500008070206193930007F4F29C9E769F01	
AT+CMGF=1	OK
AT+CSDH=1	ОК
AT+CNMI=0,2,0,0,0	OK
+CMT: "+8613021107315",,"2008/07/02,16:40:24+00",145,17,0,0,"+8613010112500",145,8 testing	
AT+CMGF=1	OK
AT+CNMI=0,0,0,1,0	OK
AT+CMGS="13445555991"	+CMGS: 12
	OK
+CDS: 2,12,"+8613021107315",145,"2008/07/02,16:42:22+00","2008/07/02,16:42:34+00",0	

7.13 AT+CPMS Preferred SMS message storag

7.13.1 Description

... Set command selects memory storages <mem1>, <mem2> and <mem3> to be used for reading, writing, etc.

7.13.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CPMS=? Description	Response Success: +CPMS: (list of supported <mem1>s),(list of supported <mem2>s), (list of supported <mem3>s) OK Fail: ERROR</mem3></mem2></mem1>
Read command AT+CPMS? Description	Response Success: +CPMS: +CPMS: <mem1>,<used1>,<total1>,<mem2>,<used2>,<total2>,<mem3>,</mem3></total2></used2></mem2></total1></used1></mem1>

	OK Fail: ERROR
Set command AT+ CPMS = <mem1>[, <mem2>[,<mem3>]] Description</mem3></mem2></mem1>	Response Success +CPMS: <used1>,<total1>,<used2>,<total2>,<used3>,<total3> OK Fail: ERROR</total3></used3></total2></used2></total1></used1>
Reference:3GPP TS 27.005 V3.2.0 (2002-06)	

7.13.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

```
URC1
+CALA: <text>
...
URC2
+SYSSTART ALARM MODE+CALA: <text>
```

7.13.4 Parameter

```
<mem1> string type; mmory from which messages are read and deleted
<mem2> string type; memory to which writing and sending operations are made
<mem3> string type; memory to which received SMs are preferred to be stored
integer type;number of messages currently in <mem1>
<used2> integer type;number of messages currently in <mem2>
<used3> integer type;number of messages currently in <mem3>
<total1> integer type;number of messages storable in <mem1>
<total2> integer type;number of messages storable in <mem2>
<total3> integer type;number of messages storable in <mem2>
<total3> integer type;number of messages storable in <mem3>
```

7.13.5 Remark

Parameters <mem1>, <mem2> and <mem3> have two kinds fo values: "SM","ME"

7.13.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
	+CPMS: 11,40,0,200,11,40
AT+CPMS="SM","ME","SM" <"SM": SMS message storage in SIM, default>	ОК
AT+CPMS?	+CPMS: 11,40,0,200,11,40
	ОК
AT+CPMS="ME","ME","ME"	+CPMS: 0,200,0,200,0,200
	ОК
AT+CPMS?	+CPMS: 0,200,0,200,0,200
	OK
AT+CPMS="SM","SM","SM"	+CPMS: 11,40,11,40,11,40
	OK

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AT+CPMS? +CPMS: 11,40,11,40,11,40

OK

7.14 AT+CSCA SMS service center address

7.14.1 Description

... Set command updates the SMSC address.

7.14.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CSCA=? Description	Response ok	
Read command AT+CSCA? Description	Response Success: Fail:	+CSCA: <sca>,<tosca> OK ERROR</tosca></sca>
Set command AT+ CSCA = <sca>[,<tosca>] Description</tosca></sca>	Response Success: Fail:	OK ERROR
		LIMON
Reference:3GPP TS 27.005 V3.2.0 (2002-06)		

7.14.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

URC1 +CALA: <text> URC2 +SYSSTART ALARM MODE+CALA: <text>

7.14.4 Parameter

<sca>
GSM 04.11 RP SC address Address-Value field in string format
<tosca>
GSM 04.11 RP SC address Type-of-Address octet in integer format

7.14.5 Remark

7.14.6 Example

Command	Possible Response
AT+CSCA=" +8613800100500"	OK
AT+CSCA?	+CSCA: "+8613800100500",145
	OK

7.15 AT+CSCB Select cell broadcast messages

7.15.1 Description

... Set command selects which types of CBMs are to be received by the ME(Currently not support)

7.15.2 Syntax

Response Success: Test command +CSCB:(list of supported <mode>s) AT+CSCB=? OK Description Fail: **ERROR** Response Read command Success: AT+CSCB? +CSCB:<mode>,<mids>,<dcss> Description OK Fail: **ERROR** Set command Response AT+CSCB=[<mode>[,<mids>[,<dcss>]]] Success: Description OK Fail: **ERROR** Reference:3GPP TS 27.005 V3.2.0 (2002-06)

7.15.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

```
URC1
+CALA: <text>
..
URC2
+SYSSTART ALARM MODE+CALA: <text>
..
```

7.15.4 Parameter

7.15.5 Remark

This command is not available now.

7.15.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this confinance.		
Command	Possible Response	
AT+CSCB=0,"0-999","0-255"	OK	
AT+CSCB=1,"0-999","0-255"	ОК	
<reference +cbm="" urc:=""></reference>	<note :=""></note>	
<note :=""></note>		

7.16 AT+CSAS Save Settings(Currently not support)

7.16.1 Description

... Execution command saves active message service settings to a non-volatile memory. A TA can contain several profiles of settings. Settings specified in commands Service Centre Address +CSCA, Set Message Parameters +CSMP are saved. Certain settings may not be supported by the storage (e.g. (U)SIM SMS parameters) and therefore can not be saved. See chapter Message Service Failure Result Code for <err> values.

7.16.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CSAS=? Description	Response Success: Fail:	OK ERROR
Read command Description	Response	
Set command AT+CSAS Description	Response Success: OK Fail: +CMS ERROR: <err></err>	
Reference:3GPP TS 27.005 V3.2.0 (2002-06)		

7.16.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

URC1
+CALA: <text></text>
URC2
+SYSSTART ALARM MODE+CALA: <text></text>

7.16.4 Parameter

7.16.5 Remark

This command is not available now cause of having no interface by CSW.

7.16.6 Example

Command	Possible Response
AT+CSAS	OK
AT+CRES	OK
AT+CSMP?	<note :=""></note>

7.17 AT+CRES Restore Settings(Currently not support)

7.17.1 Description

... Recover the parameter's settings of AT commands +CSCA and +CSMP

7.17.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CRES=? Description	Response Success: OK Fail: ERROR
Read command Description	Response
Exe command AT+CRES Description	Response OK +CME ERROR: <err> is returned</err>
Reference:3GPP TS 27.007 V3.12.0	

7.17.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

7.17.4 Parameter	

7.17.5 Remark

This command is not available now cause of having no interface by CSW.

7.17.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

The following examples show the typical application for this command:	
Command	Possible Response
If CSMP and CSCA successful AT+CRES	OK
AT+CSMP? <note:></note:>	<note :=""></note>

7.18 +CDS Indicates SMS status report has been received

7.18.1 Description

 \ldots Indicates that SMS status report has been received

7.18.2 Syntax

+CDS: <length><CR><LF><pdu> (PDU mode enabled)

+CDS: <fo>,<mr>,[<ra>],[<tora>],<scts>,<dt>,<st> (text mode enabled)

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Reference 3GPP TS 27.005 V3.2.0 (2002-06)

7.18.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

7.18.4 Parameter

In the case of SMS: 3G TS 24.011 [6] SC address followed by 3G TS 23.040 [3] TPDU in hexadecimal format: ME/TA converts each octet of TP data unit into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65))

<length> integer type value indicating in the text mode (+CMGF=1) the length of the message body <data>> (or <cdata>) in characters; or in PDU mode (+CMGF=0), the length of the actual TP data unit in octets (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length)

<fo> depending on the command or result code: first octet of 3G TS 23.040 [3] SMS-DELIVER, SMS-SUBMIT SMS-STATUS-REPORT, or SMS-COMMAND in integer format

is supported, in enhanced format (hexadecimal coded string with double quotes)

<scts> 3G TS 23.040 [3] TP-Service-Centre-Time-Stamp in time-string format (refer <dt>)

<st> 3G TS 23.040 [3] TP-Status in integer format

<mr> 3G TS 23.040 [3] TP-Message-Reference in integer format

<ra> 3G TS 23.040 [3] TP-Recipient-Address Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set (refer command +CSCS in 3G TS 27.007 [9]); type of address given by <tora>

<dt> 3G TS 23.040 [3] TP-Discharge-Time in time-string format: "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss±zz", where characters indicate year (two last digits), month, day, hour, minutes, seconds and time zone. E.g. 6th of May 1994, 22:10:00 GMT+2 hours equals to "94/05/06,22:10:00+08"

<tora>3G TS 24.011 [6] TP-Recipient-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (default refer <toda>)

7.18.5 Remark

Please refer to +CNMI

7.18.6 Example

Command	Possible Response
AT+CMGF =0	OK
AT+CNMI=0,0,0,1,0	OK
+CDS: 34 91683110102105F006110D91683120117013F5807020812014008070208120740000	
AT+CMGF=1	OK
	OK
AT+CNMI=0,0,0,1,0	
	+CMGS: 12
AT+CMGS="13466507607"	ОК
+CDS: 2,14,"+8613021107315",145,"2008/07/02,17:30:50+00","2008/07/02,17:30:55+00 ",0	

8 Audio Commands

The AT Commands described in this chapter are related to the A6 AT Module's audio interface.

8.1 AT+CAUDIO Open or Close Audio

8.1.1 Description

Open or Close audio, used during a call.

8.1.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CAUDIO=? Description	Response If success: +CAUDIO: (0-1) OK If failed:	
	+CME ERROR	

Set command AT+CAUDIO= <n> Description</n>	Response OK If value is valid. +CME ERROR If value is not recognized or not supported.
Reference	

8.1.3 Parameter

<n></n>	NOTE
0	Close audio (transmitter and receiver)
1	Open audio (transmitter and receiver)

8.1.4 Remark

The command will be forbidden during audio cycle test.

8.1.5 Example

Command		Possible Response	
AT+CAUDIO=0 AT+CAUDIO =?	OK +CAUDIO: (0-1) OK		

8.2 AT+CRSL Ringer Sound Level

8.2.1 Description

This command is used to set/get the sound level of the ringer on incoming calls. The set command changes the default <volume> value of the +CRMP command.

8.2.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CRSL=? Description	Response If success: +CRSL: (0-15) If failed: +CME ERROR	
------------------------------------	--	--

Reference ... not sure

Test command
AT+CRSL?
Description

If success:
+CRSL: <number>NOTE: Current level is number.

If failed:
+CME ERROR

Reference

not sure

Test command
AT+CRSL=<value>
Description
CHACTER SET

Response
If success:
OK
CHACTER SET

If failed:
+CME ERROR

8.2.3 Parameter

<value></value>	NOTE
value	Set volume to value.

8.2.4 Remark

8.2.5 Example

Command	Possible Response
AT+CRSL=0	OK [Set volume to Min.]
AT+CRSL =15	OK [Set volume to Max.]
AT+CRSL?	+CRSL: 15
	OK
	[Get current ringer sound level]
AT+CRSL=?	+CRSL: (0-15)
	OK ,
	[Supported parameters.]

8.3 AT+CDTMF Play DTMF tones but don't send DTMF tones to a remote subscriber

8.3.1 Description

Play DTMF tones but don't send DTMF tones to a remote subscriber

8.3.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CDTMF=? Description	Response +CDTMF: (list of supported <dtmf>s) (list of supported <duration>s) OK</duration></dtmf>

Write command AT+CDTMF= <dtmf>[,<duration>]</duration></dtmf>	Response If success: OK
Description	If failed: +CME ERROR

Reference:

8.3.3 Parameter

<dtmf></dtmf>	NOTE
A single ASCII character in the set 0-9 # * A-D	

NOTE <duration>

Default value is 1. A integer time in 1/10 second.

8.3.4 Remark

8.3.5 Example

Command Possible Response AT+CDTMF=? +CDTMF: (0-9,*,#,A,B,C,D),(1-10)

When input AT+CDTMF=0, you can hear key tone

OK

AT+CDTMF=0

8.4 AT+AUST Test Audio Cycle

8.4.1 Description

This command is used to test audio cycle. At the same time, the command modifies the audio mode.

8.4.2 Syntax

Test command +AUST: (list of supported <number>s) AT+AUST=? Description OK +CME ERROR if failed...

Set command AT+AUST=<value>

Response Description OK

The default audio cycle test mode is Mic mode.

+CME ERROR if failed... When audio cycle test is going on, the execution is

forbidden.

Exe command AT+AUST

The execution will automatically modify the value of <nSPKGain>,<nMICGain> <nSideGain> (see in AT+SAIC) as 6, 15, 11. Surely, the gains can be changed by AT+SAIC.

Note: when audio cycle test is going on, the execution is forbidden.

Response OK

+CME ERROR if failed...

8.4.3 Parameter

<value></value>	NOTE
0	Aux mode
1	Mic mode

2

Loud mode

8.4.4 Remark

8.4.5 Example

Command		Possible Response
AT+AUST=0	OK	
AT+AUST	OK	
AT+AUEND	OK	
AT+AUST=1	OK	
AT+AUST	OK	
AT+AUEND	OK	

8.5 AT+AUEND Stop Audio Cycle Test

8.5.1 Description

This command is used to stop audio cycle test. The default audio mode (Mic mode) is recovered.

8.5.2 Syntax

Exec command AT+AUEND	Response OK	
Description	+CME ERROR if failed	
Reference		
not sure		

8.5.3 Parameter

8.5.4 Remark

8.5.5 Example

Command		Possible Response
AT+AUST=0	OK	
AT+AUST	OK	
AT+AUEND	OK	
AT+AUST=1	OK	
AT+AUST	OK	
AT+AUEND	OK	

8.6 AT+ SNFS

这个命令用于耳机,听筒的切换,默认是听筒。 AT+SNFS=0,切换到耳机 AT+SNFS=1,切换到听筒

9 GPRS Commands

This chapter describes AT Commands that a TE (Terminal Equipment, e.g. an application running on a controlling PC) may use to control the MC55 acting as GPRS Mobile Termination (MT).

9.1 AT+CGATT PS attach or detach

9.1.1 Description

This command is used to attach the MT to, or detach the MT from, the Packet Domain service. After the command has completed, the MT remains in V.25ter command state. If the MT is already in the requested state, the command is ignored and the OK response is returned.

Any active PDP contexts will be automatically deactivated when the attachment state changes to detached **9.1.2 Syntax**

Test command AT+CGATT=? Description	Success: +CGATT: (list of supported <state>s) OK Fail: ERROR</state>
Read command AT+CGATT? Description	Response(s) Success: +CGATT: <state> OK Fail: ERROR</state>
Set command AT+CGATT= <state> Description</state>	Response(s) Success: OK Fail: ERROR
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.13.0 (2003-03)	

9.1.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

9.1.4 Parameter

< state >

indicates the state of PS attachment

0 - detached

1 - attached

Other values are reserved and will result in an ERROR response to the execution command.

9.1.5 Remark

9.1.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

_	Command	Possible Response
AT+CGATT=?		+CGATT: (0-1) OK
AT+CGATT=1		OK
AT+CGATT?		+CGATT: 1 OK

9.2 AT+CGDCONT Define PDP Context

9.2.1 Description

This command be used to defined PDP context

9.2.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CGDCONT=? Description Response(s) Success: +CGDCONT: (range of supported <cid>s), <PDP_type>,(list of supported<d_comp>s), (list of supported <h_comp>s) [<CR><LF> [+CGDCONT: (range of supported <cid>s), <PDP_type>,(list of supported <d_comp>s), (list of supported <h comp>s) [...]] OK Fail: **ERROR** Read command AT+CGDCONT? Description Response(s) Success: +CGDCONT: <cid>, <PDP_type>, <APN>,<PDP_addr>, <d_comp>,<h_comp>[<CR><LF> +CGDCONT: <cid>, <PDP_type>, <APN>,<PDP_addr>, <d_comp>, <h_comp> OK Fail: **ERROR** Set command AT+CGDCONT= <cid>[,<PDP_type> [,<APN> [,<PDP_addr> [,<d_comp> [,<h_comp>]]]]] Description Response(s) Success: OK Fail: **ERROR** Reference 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.13.0 SIEMENS GPRS AT Module

9.2.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

9.2.4 Parameter

< cid >

(PDP Context Identifier) a numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition. The parameter is local to the TE-MT interface and is used in other PDP context-related commands. The range of permitted values (minimum value = 1, maximum value = 7) is returned by the test form of the command.

< PDP_type >

(Packet Data Protocol type) a string parameter which specifies the type of packet data protocol

IP Internet Protocol (IETF STD 5)

IPV6 Internet Protocol, version 6 (IETF RFC 2460)

PPP Point to Point Protocol (IETF STD 51)

< APN >

(Access Point Name) a string parameter which is a logical name that is used to select the GGSN or the external packet data network.

If the value is null or omitted, then the subscription value will be requested.

< PDP address >

a string parameter that identifies the MT in the address space applicable to the PDP.

If the value is null or omitted, then a value may be provided by the TE during the PDP startup procedure or, failing that, a dynamic address will be requested.

The read form of the command will continue to return the null string even if an address has been allocated during the PDP startup procedure. The allocated address may be read using the +CGPADDR command.

< d_comp >

a numeric parameter that controls PDP data compression (applicable for SNDCP only) (refer 3GPP TS 04.65 [59])

- 0 off (default if value is omitted)
- 1 on (manufacturer preferred compression)
- 2 V.42bis
- 3 V.44bis

Other values are reserved.

< h_comp >

a numeric parameter that controls PDP header compression (refer 3GPP TS 04.65 [59])

- 0 off (default if value is omitted)
- 1 on (manufacturer preferred compression)
- 2 RFC1144
- 3 RFC2507
- 4 RFC3095

Other values are reserved.

9.2.5 Remark

9.2.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command Possible Response

AT+CGDCONT=? +CGDCONT: (1..7), (IP,IPV6,PPP),(0..3),(0..4)
OK

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AT+CGDCONT=1, "IP","cmnet"

AT+CGDCONT?

OK

+CGDCONT:1,"IP", " cmnet ", ,0,0
OK

9.3 AT+CGACT PDP context activate or deactivate

9.3.1 Description

This command is used to activate or deactivate the specified PDP context (s). After the command has completed, the MT remains in V.25ter command state. If any PDP context is already in the requested state, the state for that context remains unchanged. If the MT is not PS attached when the activation form of the command is executed, the MT first performs a PS attach and then attempts to activate the specified contexts. If no <cid>s are specified the activation form of the command activates all defined contexts or deactivates all active contexts.

9.3.2 Syntax

Test command Response(s)
AT+ CGACT =? Success:

Description +CGACT: (list of supported <state>s)

The test command is used for requesting information OK on the supported PDP context activation states. Fail:

ERROR

Read command Response(s)
AT+ CGACT? Success:

Description +CGACT: (<cid>>, <state>)

The read command returns the current activation OK states for all the defined PDP contexts.

ERROR

Set command Response(s)
AT+ CGACT=<state> [,<cid>[,<cid>[,...]]] Success:
Description OK
See 22.1.1 Fail:

ERROR

Reference:3GPP TS 27.007 V3.13.0 (2003-03)

9.3.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

9.3.4 Parameter

< state >

State indicates the state of PS attachment

0 -deactivated

1 - activated

Other values are reserved and will result in an ERROR response to the execution command.

< cid >

A numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see the +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands). Range from 1 to 7.

9.3.5 Remark

- 1. Before activating, use command AT+CGATT=1 first to attach to the network.
- 2. Currently, only 3 active PDP contexts are allowed to exist simultaneity. So the number of cid in this

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command is limited to 3. And if you have defined more than 3 cids with command AT+CGDCONT, only the first 3 will be acted on when you use AT+CGACT=1 to activate all cids.

9.3.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
	+CGACT: (0,1)
AT+CGACT=?	OK
<note :=""></note>	
	<note :=""></note>
AT+CGACT=1,1	OK
AT 00 A 0T0	00407 (4.4)
AT+CGACT?	+CGACT: (1,1)
	OK

9.4 AT+CRC Cellular result codes

9.4.1 Description

This command is to control whether or not the extended format of incoming call indication or GPRS network request for PDP context activation or notification for VBS/VGCS calls is used. When enabled, an incoming call is indicated to the TE with unsolicited result code +CRING: <type> instead of the normal RING.

9.4.2 Syntax

Test command AT+ CRC =? Description	Response(s) Success: +CRC: (list of supported <mode>s) OK Fail: ERROR</mode>
Read command AT+ CRC? Description	Response(s) Success: +CRC: <mode> OK Fail: ERROR</mode>
Set command AT+CRC= <mode> Description</mode>	Response(s) Success: OK Fail: ERROR
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007 V3.13.0 (2003-03)	

3GPP TS 27.007 V3.13.0 (2003-03) SIEMENS GPRS ATModem

9.4.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

```
URC1
+CRING: <type>
<type>:
VOICE normal voice (TS 11)
```

9.4.4 Parameter

<mode>

- 0 disables extended format (default)
- 1 enables extended format

9.4.5 Remark

9.4.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response	
AT+CRC=?	+CRC: (0,1)	
	OK	
<note :=""></note>	<note :=""></note>	
AT+CRC=1	OK	
AT LCBC2	+CRC: 1	
AT+CRC?	OK	

9.5 AT+CGQMIN Quality of Service Profile (Minimum acceptable)

9.5.1 Description

This command allows the TE to specify a minimum acceptable profile which is checked by the MT against the negotiated profile returned in the Activate PDP Context Accept message. A special form of the set command, +CGQMIN= <cid> causes the minimum acceptable profile for context number <cid> to become undefined. In this case no check is made against the negotiated profile.

9.5.2 Syntax

```
Test command
    AT+CGQMIN=?
Description
The test command returns values supported as a compound value. If the MT supports several PDP types,
the parameter value ranges for each PDP type are returned on a separate line.
Response(s)
Success:
    +CGQMIN: <PDP type>, (list of supported cedence>s),
    (list of supported <delay>s),
    (list of supported <reliability>s),
    (list of supported <peak>s),
    (list of supported <mean>s)
    [<CR><LF>
    +CGQMIN: <PDP type>,
    (list of supported cedence>s),
    (list of supported <delay>s),
    (list of supported <reliability>s),
    (list of supported <peak>s),
    (list of supported <mean>s)
    [...]]
    OK
Fail:
    ERROR
Read command
    AT+CGQMIN?
```

Description

The read command returns the current settings for each defined context.

Success:

OK

Fail:

ERROR

Set command

AT+CGQMIN=<cid> [, [,<delay> [,<reliability.>

[,<peak> [,<mean>]]]]]

Description

The set command specifies a profile for the context identified by the (local) context identification parameter, <cid>. Since this is the same parameter that is used in the +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands, the +CGQMIN command is effectively an extension to these commands. The QoS profile consists of a number of parameters, each of which may be set to a separate value

Response(s)

Success:

OK

Fail:

ERROR

Reference

3GPP TS 27.007 V3.13.0 (2003-03)

9.5.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

9.5.4 Parameter

< cid >

a numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see the +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands).

< precedence >

Specifies the precedence class

- 0 network subscribed value
- 1 High Priority. Service commitments shall be maintained ahead of precedence classes 2 and 3
- 2 Normal priority. Service commitments shall be maintained ahead of precedence class 3
- 3 Low priority. Service commitments shall be maintained ahead of precedence classes 1 and 2
- < delay >

Specifies the delay class.

- 0 network subscribed value
- 1 < 0.5
- 2 < 5
- 3 < 50
- 4 Unspecified (Best Effort)
- < reliability >

Specify the reliability class.

- 0 network subscribed value
- 1 Non real-time traffic, error-sensitive application that cannot cope with data loss
- 2 Non real-time traffic, error-sensitive application that can cope with infrequent data loss
- 3 Non real-time traffic, error-sensitive application that can cope with data loss, GMM/SM, and SMS
- 4 Real-time traffic, error-sensitive application that can cope with data loss
- 5 Real-time traffic, error non-sensitive application that can cope with data loss

< peak >

Specify the peak throughput class.

Class Peak Throughput(in octets per second)

```
network subscribed value
1
    Up to 1 000 (8 kbit/s)
2
    Up to 2 000 (16 kbit/s).
3
    Up to 4 000 (32 kbit/s)
4
    Up to 8 000 (64 kbit/s)
5
    Up to 16 000 (128 kbit/s)
6
    Up to 32 000 (256 kbit/s)
7
    Up to 64 000 (512 kbit/s)
8
    Up to 128 000 (1 024 kbit/s)
    Up to 256 000 (2 048 kbit/s)
< mean >
Class Peak Throughput(in octets per second)
0 network subscribed value
1 (in octets per hour) 100 (~0.22 bit/s)
2 200 (~0.44 bit/s)
3 500 (~1.11 bit/s)
4 1 000 (~2.2 bit/s)
5 2 000 (~4.4 bit/s)
6 5 000 (~11.1 bit/s)
7 10 000 (~22 bit/s)
8 20 000 (~44 bit/s)
9 50 000 (~111 bit/s)
10 100 000 (~0.22 kbit/s)
11 200 000 (~0.44 kbit/s)
12 500 000 (~1.11 kbit/s)
13 1 000 000 (~2.2 kbit/s)
14 2 000 000 (~4.4 kbit/s)
15 5 000 000 (~11.1 kbit/s)
16 10 000 000 (~22 kbit/s)
17 20 000 000 (~44 kbit/s)
18 50 000 000 (~111 kbit/s)
31 best effort
PDP type >
(Packet Data Protocol type) a string parameter which specifies the type of packet data protocol:
                   IΡ
                            Internet Protocol (IETF STD 5)
                   IPV6
                             Internet Protocol, version 6 (IETF RFC 2460)
                   PPP
                             Point to Point Protocol (IETF STD 51)
```

9.5.5 Remark

9.5.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command

Command	Possible Response
AT+CGQMIN=?	+CGQMIN: (IP,PPP,IPV6), (03), (04), (05) , (09), (018,31)
AT+CGQMIN=1,1,1,1,1,1	OK +CGQMIN: 1,1,1,1,1,1
AT+CGQMIN?	+CGQMIN: 2,0,0,0,0,0 +CGQMIN: 3,0,0,0,0,0 OK

9.6 AT+CGPADDR Show PDP address

9.6.1 Description

The execution command returns a list of PDP addresses for the specified context identifiers.

9.6.2 Syntax

Response(s)
Test command Success:

AT+CGPADDR=? +CGPADDR: (list of defined <cid>s)

Description OK

The test command returns a list of defined <cid>s Fail: ERROR

Set command Response(s)
Success:

AT+CGPADDR= +CGPADDR: <cid>,<PDP_addr>[<CR><LF>

+CGPADDR: <cid>,<PDP_addr>[...]]

OK [,...] Fail:

Description ERROR

Reference:3GPP TS 27.007 V3.13.0 (2003-03)

9.6.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

9.6.4 Parameter

< cid >

a numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see the +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands). If no <cid> is specified, the addresses for all defined contexts are returned.

< PDP_address >

a string that identifies the MT in the address space applicable to the PDP. The address may be static or dynamic. For a static address, it will be the one set by the +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands when the context was defined. For a dynamic address it will be the one assigned during the last PDP context activation that used the context definition referred to by <cid>. <PDP_address> is omitted if none is available

9.6.5 Remark

9.6.6 Example

Command	Possible Response
	+CGPADDR: (1,2,3)
AT+CGPADDR=?	01/
<note :=""></note>	OK
<note:></note:>	<note :=""></note>
AT+CGPADDR=1	+CGPADDR: 1,"10.14.57.241"
	OK

9.7 AT+CGAUTO Automatic response to a network request for PDP context activation

9.7.1 Description

The set command disables or enables an automatic positive response (auto-answer) to the receipt of a Request PDP Context Activation message from the network. It also provides control over the use of the V.25ter basic commands 'S0', 'A and 'H' for handling network requests for PDP context activation. The setting does not affect the issuing of the unsolicited result code RING or +CRING

9.7.2 Syntax

Response(s) Test command Success: AT+ CGAUTO =? +CGAUTO: (list of supported <n>s) Description OK The test command returns the values of <n> Fail: supported by the MT as a compound value **ERROR** Response(s) Read command Success: AT+ CGAUTO? +CGAUTO: <n> Description OK Fail: **ERROR** Set command Response(s) AT+ CGAUTO = Success: <n> OK Description Fail: **ERROR** Reference:3GPP TS 27.007 V3.13.0 (2003-03)

9.7.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

9.7.4 Parameter

< n >

- 0 turn off automatic response for Packet Domain only
- 1 turn on automatic response for Packet Domain only
- 2 modem compatibility mode, Packet Domain only
- 3 modem compatibility mode, Packet Domain and circuit switched calls (default)

For <n> = 0 Packet DomainS network requests are manually accepted or rejected by the +CGANS command

For <n> = 1 Packet Domain network requests are automatically accepted according to the description above. For <n> = 2, automatic acceptance of Packet Domain network requests is controlled by the 'S0' command. Manual control uses the 'A' and 'H' commands, respectively, to accept and reject Packet Domain requests. (+CGANS may also be used.) Incoming circuit switched calls can be neither manually nor automatically answered.

For <n> = 3, automatic acceptance of both Packet Domain network requests and incoming circuit switched calls is controlled by the 'S0' command. Manual control uses the 'A' and 'H' commands, respectively, to accept and reject Packet Domain requests. (+CGANS may also be used.) Circuit switched calls are handled as described elsewhere in this specification.

9.7.5 Remark

When the +CGAUTO=0 command is received, the MT shall not perform a PS detach if it is attached. Subsequently, when the MT announces a network request for PDP context activation by issuing the unsolicited result code RING or +CRING, the TE may manually accept or reject the request by issuing the +CGANS command or may simply ignore the network request.

When the +CGAUTO=1 command is received, the MT shall attempt to perform a PS attach if it is not already attached. Failure will result in ERROR or, if enabled, +CME ERROR being returned to the TE. Subsequently, when the MT announces a network request for PDP context activation by issuing the unsolicited result code RING or +CRING to the TE, this is followed by the intermediate result code CONNECT. The MT then enters V.25ter online data state and follows the same procedure as it would after having received a +CGANS=1 with no <L2P> or <cid> values specified.

9.7.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
AT+CGAUTO=? <note:></note:>	+CGAUTO: (0-3) OK
AT+CGAUTO=0	<note :=""> OK</note>
AT+CGAUTO?	+CGAUTO: 0 OK

9.8 AT+CGQREQ Quality of Service Profile (Requested)

9.8.1 Description

This AT command be used to set the parameters of the QoS when MT send the PDP context message for activation

9.8.2 Syntax

```
Test command
AT+CGQREQ=?
Description
Response(s)
+CGQREQ: <PDP type>, (list of supported cedence>s), (list of supported <delay>s), (list of supported 
<reliability>s), (list of supported <peak>s), (list of supported <mean>s)[<CR><LF>
[+CGQREQ: <PDP_type>, (list of supported cedence>s), (list of supported
                                                                    <delay>s),
                                                                                (list
                                                                                     of
supported <reliability>s), (list of supported <peak>s), (list of supported <mean>s) [...]]
OK
Fail:
ERROR
                      Response(s)
                      Success:
Read command
                      +CGQREQ:
                                  <cid>.
                                         cedence
                                                          <delay>,
                                                                    <reliability>,
AT+CGQREQ?
                      <mean>[<CR><LF>
Description
                      OK
                      Fail:
                      ERROR
```

Ai-Thinker Inc

Reference

3GPP TS 27.007 V3.13.0 SIEMENS GPRS AT Module

9.8.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

9.8.4 Parameter

< cid >

a numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see the +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands)

< precedence >

Specifies the precedence class

0 network subscribed value

- 1 High Priority. Service commitments shall be maintained ahead of precedence classes 2 and 3
- 2 Normal priority. Service commitments shall be maintained ahead of precedence class 3
- 3 Low priority. Service commitments shall be maintained ahead of precedence classes 1 and 2

< delay >

Specifies the delay class

0 network subscribed value

1 < 0.5

2 < 5

3 < 50

4 Unspecified (Best Effort)

< reliability >

Specify the reliability class

0 network subscribed value

- 1 Non real-time traffic, error-sensitive application that cannot cope with data loss
- 2 Non real-time traffic, error-sensitive application that can cope with infrequent data loss
- 3 Non real-time traffic, error-sensitive application that can cope with data loss, GMM/SM, and SMS
- 4 Real-time traffic, error-sensitive application that can cope with data loss
- 5 Real-time traffic, error non-sensitive application that can cope with data loss

< peak >

Specify the peak throughput class

0 network subscribed value

1 Up to 1 000 (8 kbit/s).

2 Up to 2 000 (16 kbit/s)

3 Up to 4 000 (32 kbit/s).

4 Up to 8 000 (64 kbit/s)

5 Up to 16 000 (128 kbit/s)

6 Up to 32 000 (256 kbit/s)

7 Up to 64 000 (512 kbit/s)

8 Up to 128 000 (1 024 kbit/s)

9 Up to 256 000 (2 048 kbit/s)

< mean >

```
Specify the mean throughout class.
0 network subscribed value
1 (in octets per hour) 100 (~0.22 bit/s)
2 200 (~0.44 bit/s)
3 500 (~1.11 bit/s)
4 1 000 (~2.2 bit/s)
5 2 000 (~4.4 bit/s)
6 5 000 (~11.1 bit/s)
7 10 000 (~22 bit/s)
8 20 000 (~44 bit/s)
9 50 000 (~111 bit/s)
10 100 000 (~0.22 kbit/s)
11 200 000 (~0.44 kbit/s)
12 500 000 (~1.11 kbit/s)
13 1 000 000 (~2.2 kbit/s)
14 2 000 000 (~4.4 kbit/s)
15 5 000 000 (~11.1 kbit/s)
16 10 000 000 (~22 kbit/s)
17 20 000 000 (~44 kbit/s)
18 50 000 000 (~111 kbit/s)
31 best effort
< PDP_type >
(Packet Data Protocol type) a string parameter which specifies the type of packet data protocol:
                   IΡ
                            Internet Protocol (IETF STD 5)
                   IPV6
                             Internet Protocol, version 6 (IETF RFC 2460)
                   PPP
                             Point to Point Protocol (IETF STD 51)
```

9.8.5 Remark

All parameters omitted will be set to 0.

9.8.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
AT+CGQREQ=?	+CGQREQ: IP, (03), (04), (05) , (09), (018,31) OK
AT+CGQREQ=1,1,1,1,1,1	OK +CGQREQ: 1,1,1,1,1,1
AT+CGQREQ?	+CGQREQ: 2,0,0,0,0,0 +CGQREQ: 3,0,0,0,0,0
	OK

9.9 AT+CGREG GPRS network registration status

9.9.1 Description

This AT command be used to set and show the register information of MT and the position information of the MT.

9.9.2 Syntax

Test command Success:

AT+CGREG=? +CGREG: (list of supported <n>s)

Description OK
.. Fail:
ERROR

Read command Success:

AT+CGREG? +CGREG: <n>,<stat>[,<lac>,<ci>]

Description OK
.. Fail:
ERROR

Set command Response(s)
AT+CGREG =<n> Success:
Description OK
... Fail:
ERROR

Reference

3GPP TS 27.007 V3.13.0 SIEMENS GPRS AT Module

9.9.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

9.9.4 Parameter

< n >

- 0 disable network registration unsolicited result code
- 1 enable network registration unsolicited result code +CGREG: <stat>
- 2 enable network registration and location information unsolicited result code +CGREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>]

< stat >

0 not registered, MT is not currently searching an operator to register to

The UE is in GMM state GMM-NULL or GMM-DEREGISTERED-INITIATED.

The GPRS service is disabled, the UE is allowed to attach for GPRS if requested by the user.

1 registered, home network

The UE is in GMM state GMM-REGISTERED or GMM-ROUTING-AREA-UPDATING-INITIATED INITIATED on the home PLMN.

2 not registered, but MT is currently trying to attach or searching an operator to register to

The UE is in GMM state GMM-DEREGISTERED or GMM-REGISTERED-INITIATED. The GPRS service is enabled, but an allowable PLMN is currently not available. The UE will start a GPRS attach as soon as an allowable PLMN is available.

3 registration denied

The UE is in GMM state GMM-NULL. The GPRS service is disabled, the UE is not allowed to attach for GPRS if requested by the user.

- 4 unknown
- 5 registered, roaming

The UE is in GMM state GMM-REGISTERED or GMM-ROUTING-AREA-UPDATING-INITIATED on a visited PLMN.

< lac >

string type; two byte location area code in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00C3" equals 195 in decimal)

< ci >

string type; two byte cell ID in hexadecimal format

9.9.5 Remark

9.9.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

The same way and the same and t		
	Command	Possible Response
AT+CGREG=?		+CGREG: (0-2)
ATTOOKEO=:		OK
AT+CGREG=2		OK
AT+CGREG?		+CGREG: 2,1,"10DC","0D2B"
ATTOOKLO:		OK

9.10 ATD*99***1# Request GPRS service

9.10.1 Description

Login the server, the IP of it be provided by DHCP of GGSN.

This command causes the MT to perform whatever actions are necessary to establish communication between the TE and the external PDN.

The V.25ter 'D' (Dial) command causes the MT to enter the V.25ter online data state and, with the TE, to start the specified layer 2 protocols. The MT shall return CONNECT to confirm acceptance of the command prior to entering the V.25ter online data state. No further commands may follow on the AT command line.

9.10.2 Syntax

Exe command
D*<GPRS_SC_IP>[*<cid>[,<cid>[,...]]]#
...
Response(s)
Success:
CONNECT
OK
Fail:
ERROR
Reference

9.10.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

9.10.4 Parameter

< called_address >

It's a string that identifies the called party in the address space applicable to the PDP. For communications software that does not support arbitrary characters in the dial string, a numeric equivalent may be used. Also, the character comma ',' may be used as a substitute for the character period '.'.

< L2P >

It's a string which indicates the layer 2 protocol to be used (see +CGDATA command). For communications software that does not support arbitrary characters in the dial string, the following numeric equivalents shall be used:

"PPP"

< cid >

It's a digit string which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see the +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands).

9.10.5 Remark

9.10.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command
ATD*99***1#
<Note:..>
Possible Response

CONNECT

<Note:. dial GPRS service code and start up connecting.>

9.11 AT+CGSMS Select service for MO SMS messages

9.11.1 Description

The set command is used to specify the service or service preference that the MT will use to send MO SMS messages.

9.11.2 Syntax

Test command Response(s)
AT+ CGSMS =? Success:

Description + CGSMS: (list of supported <service>s)

The test command is used for requesting information OK on the currently available services and service Fail:

preferences ERROR

Response(s)
Read command
Success:
AT+ CGSMS?
+ CGSMS: <service>

Description OK

The read command returns the currently selected Fail:

service or service preference ERROR

Set command Response(s)
AT+ CGSMS=<service> Success:
Description OK
Fail:

ERROR

ERR

Reference:3GPP TS 27.007 V3.13.0 (2003-03)

9.11.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

9.11.4 Parameter

< service >

a numeric parameter which indicates the service or service preference to be used

- 0 Packet Domain
- 1 circuit switched
- 2 Packet Domain preferred (use circuit switched if GPRS not available)
- 3 circuit switched preferred (use Packet Domain if circuit switched not available)

9.11.5 Remark

This command is NOT available now

9.11.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

	The fellening estamples eller and typical application for the community	
	Command	Possible Response
AT+CGS	SMS=?	+CGSMS: (0-3) OK
AT+CGS	SMS=0	OK
AT+CGS	SMS?	+CGSMS: 0 OK

9.12 AT+CGANS PDP Manual response to a NW REQ for PDP context activation

9.12.1 Description

The execution command requests the MT to respond to a network request for Packet Domain PDP context activation which has been signaled to the TE by the RING or +CRING: unsolicited result code. The <response> parameter allows the TE to accept or reject the request.

Commands following the +CGANS command in the AT command line shall not be processed by the MT

9.12.2 Syntax

```
Response(s)
Test command
                                                     Success:
AT+CGANS=?
                                                 +CGANS: (list of supported <response>s), (list of
                                                 supported <L2P>s)
Description
                                                 OK
                                                     Fail:
                                                         ERROR
Read command
Set command
                                                 Response(s)
                                                     Success:
AT+CGANS=[<response>, [<L2P> ,[<cid>]]]
                                                         CONNECT
Description
                                                         .....(data transfer)
                                                         OK
```

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Fail: **ERROR**

Reference

3GPP TS 27.007 V3.13.0 (2003-03)

Unsolicited Result Codes 9.12.3

9.12.4 **Parameter**

< response >

Response is a numeric parameter which specifies how the request should be responded to.

- reject the request (default value)
- accept and request that the PDP context be activated

< L2P >

a string parameter which indicates the layer 2 protocol to be used (see +CGDATA command).

a numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see the +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands).

<>

9.12.5 Remark

This command is not available now.

Example 9.12.6

The following examples show the typical application for this command

Command	Possible Response
AT+CGANS=?	+CGANS: (0-1)
<note :=""></note>	OK <note :=""></note>

AT+CGEREP Packet Domain event reporting

9.13.1 Description

This command is to enables or disables sending of unsolicited result codes, +CGEV: XXX from MT to TE in the case of certain events occurring in the Packet Domain MT or the network

9.13.2 **Syntax**

Description	OK Fail: ERROR
AT+ CGEREP?	Response(s) Success: +CGEREP: <mode>,<bfr></bfr></mode>

.. OK Fail: ERROR

 Set command
 Response(s)

 AT+CGEREP=
 Success:

 [<mode>
 OK

 [,<bfr>]]
 Fail:

 Description
 ERROR

Reference:3GPP TS 27.007 V3.13.0 (2003-03)

9.13.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

URC1

+CGEV: REJECT <PDP_type>, <PDP_addr>

A network request for PDP context activation occurred when the MT was unable to report it to the TE with a +CRING unsolicited result code and was automatically rejected...

URC₂

+CGEV: NW REACT <PDP_type>, <PDP_addr>, [<cid>]

The network has requested a context reactivation. The <cid> that was used to reactivate the context is provided if known to the MT...

LIRC3

+CGEV: NW DEACT <PDP_type>, <PDP_addr>, [<cid>]

The network has forced a context deactivation. The <cid> that was used to activate the context is provided if known to the MT.

LIDCA

+CGEV: ME DEACT <PDP_type>, <PDP_addr>, [<cid>]

The mobile termination has forced a context deactivation. The <cid> that was used to activate the context is provided if known to the MT...

URC5

+CGEV: NW DETACH

The network has forced a PS detach. This implies that all active contexts have been deactivated. These are not reported separately...

LIDCE

+CGEV: ME DETACH

The mobile termination has forced a PS detach. This implies that all active contexts have been deactivated. These are not reported separately...

URC7

+CGEV: NW CLASS <class>

The network has forced a change of UE class. The highest available class is reported (see +CGCLASS)...

URC8

+CGEV: ME CLASS <class>

The mobile termination has forced a change of UE class. The highest available class is reported (see +CGCLASS)...

9.13.4 Parameter

< mode >

- 0 buffer unsolicited result codes in the MT; if MT result code buffer is full, the oldest ones can be discarded. No codes are forwarded to the TE.
- 1 discard unsolicited result codes when MT-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode); otherwise forward them directly to the TE
- 2 buffer unsolicited result codes in the MT when MT-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode) and flush them to the TE when MT-TE link becomes available; otherwise forward them directly to the TE

< bfr >

- 0 MT buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is cleared when <mode> 1 or 2 is entered
- 1 MT buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is flushed to the TE when <mode> 1 or 2 is entered (OK response shall be given before flushing the codes)

9.13.5 Remark

This command is NOT available now

9.13.6 **Example**

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
AT+CGEREP=?	+CGEREP: (0,2),(0)
<note:> AT+CGEREP=2,0</note:>	OK <note :=""> OK</note>
AT+CGEREP?	+CGEREP: 2,0
	OK

9.14 AT+CGDATA Enter data state

9.14.1 Description

The execution command causes the MT to perform whatever actions are necessary to establish communication between the TE and the network using one or more Packet Domain PDP types. This may include performing a PS attach and one or more PDP context activations. If the <L2P> parameter value is unacceptable to the MT, the MT shall return an ERROR or +CME ERROR response. Otherwise, the MT issues the intermediate result code CONNECT and enters V.25ter online data state.

Commands following +CGDATA command in the AT command line shall not be processed by the MT.

The context shall be activated using the matched value for PDP type and a static PDP address if available, together with the other information found in the PDP context definition. If a static PDP address is not available then a dynamic address is requested.

If no <cid> is given or if there is no matching context definition, the MT shall attempt to activate the context with whatever information is available to the MT. The other context parameters shall be set to their default values.

If the activation is successful, data transfer may proceed.

After data transfer is complete, and the layer 2 protocol termination procedure has completed successfully, the V.25ter command state is re-entered and the MT returns the final result code OK.

In the event of an erroneous termination or a failure to start up, the V.25ter command state is re-entered and the MT returns the final result code NO CARRIER or, if enabled, +CME ERROR. Attach, activate and other errors may be reported.

9.14.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CGDATA=? Description The test command is used for requesting information on the supported layer 2 protocols	Response(s) Success: +CGDATA: (list of supported <l2p>s) OK Fail: ERROR</l2p>
Set command AT+CGDATA= <l2p>, <cid> [,<cid> [,]] Description</cid></cid></l2p>	Response(s) Success: CONNECT(data transfer) OK Fail: ERROR
Reference:3GPP TS 27.007 V3.13.0 (2003-03)	

9.14.3 **Unsolicited Result Codes**

9.14.4 **Parameter**

< L2P >

a string parameter that indicates the layer 2 protocol to be used between the TE and MT PPP Point-to-point protocol for a PDP such as IP

< cid >

a numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see the +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands).

9.14.5 Remark

This command may be used in both normal and modem compatibility modes.

This command is NOT available now

9.14.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
	+CGDATA:
AT+CGDATA=? <note:></note:>	ОК
AT+CGDATA=1,1	<note :=""> CONNECT 115200</note>

AT+CGCLASS GPRS mobile station class

9.15.1 Description

The set command is used to set the MT to operate according to the specified mode of operation, see TS 23.060 [47]. If the requested mode of operation is not supported, an ERROR or +CME ERROR response is returned. Extended error responses are enabled by the +CMEE command.

Response(s)

9.15.2 **Syntax**

Test command

AT+CGCLASS =? Description The test command is used for requesting information on the supported MT mode of operation	Success: + CGCLASS: (list of supported <class>s) OK Fail: ERROR</class>
Read command AT+CGCLASS? Description The read command returns the mode of operation set by the TE, independent of the current serving cell capability and independent of the current serving cell Access Technology. If no value has been set by the TE previously, the return value shall be the highest mode of operation that can be supported by the MT.	Response(s) Success: + CGCLASS: <class> OK Fail: ERROR</class>
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 Set command
 Response(s)

 AT+ CGCLASS =
 Success:

 [<class>]
 OK

 Description
 Fail:

 ...
 ERROR

Reference:3GPP TS 27.007 V3.13.0 (2003-03)

9.15.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

9.15.4 Parameter

< class >

a string parameter which indicates the mode of operation

A Class-A mode of operation (A/Gb mode), or CS/PS mode of operation (Iu mode) (highest mode of operation)

B Class-B mode of operation (A/Gb mode), (not applicable in lu mode)

CG Class-C mode of operation in PS only mode (A/Gb mode), or PS mode of operation (lu mode)

CC Class-C mode of operation in CS only mode (A/Gb mode), or CS (lu mode) (lowest mode of operation)

NOTE: <class> A means that the MT would operate simultaneous PS and CS service

<class> B means that the MT would operate PS and CS services but not simultaneously

<class> CG means that the MT would only operate PS services

<class> CC means that the MT would only operate CS services

Other values are reserved and will result in an ERROR response to the set command.

If the MT is attached to the PS domain when the set command is issued with a <class> = CC specified, a PS detach shall be performed by the MT.

9.15.5 Remark

This command is NOT available now

9.15.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
AT+CGCLASS=?	+CGCLASS: ("CG","CC","B") OK
<note:> AT+CGCLASS="B"</note:>	<note :=""> OK</note>
AT+CGCLASS?	+CGCLASS: "B" OK

10 TCP/IP Commands

The AT Commands described in this chapter are related to the A6 AT Module's TCP/IP application toolkit interface.

10.1 AT+CIPSTART Start up TCP or UDP connection

10.1.1 Description

This command is to start up TCP or UDP connection.

10.1.2 Syntax

Test command AT+CIPSTART=?	Response(s) Success: +CIPSTART: (list of supported <mode>),(IP address range),(port range) +CIPSTART: (list of supported <mode>),(domain name),(port range) OK Fail: ERROR</mode></mode>
Set command AT+ CIPSTART = <mode>,<ip address="">,<port> AT+ CIPSTART =<mode>,<domain name="">,<port></port></domain></mode></port></ip></mode>	Response(s) Success: OK Fail: ERROR
Reference	

10.1.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

If connect successfully response CONNECT OK Otherwise STATE:<state> CONNECT FAIL

10.1.4 Parameter

< mode>

A string parameter which indicates the connection type

"TCP" Establish a TCP connection "UDP" Establish a UDP connection

< IP address>

Remote server IP address

< port>

Remote server port

< domain name>

Remote server domain name

<state>

A string parameter which indicates the progress of connecting

0 IP INITIAL

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- 1 IP START
- 2 IP CONFIG
- 3 IP IND
- 4 IP GPRSACT
- 5 IP STATUS
- 6 TCP/UDP CONNECTING
- 7 IP CLOSE
- 8 CONNECT OK

10.1.5 Remark

10.1.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command Possible Response

CONNECT OK

AT+CIPSTART="TCP","124.42.0.80",7

OK

10.2 AT+CIPSEND Send data through TCP or UDP connection

10.2.1 Description

This command is to send data through TCP or UDP connection.

10.2.2 Syntax

Test command AT+ CIPSEND =?	Response(s) Success: OK
Execution command AT+ CIPSEND Description Response ">", then type data for send, tap CTRL+Z to send.	Response(s) Success: OK Fail: ERROR
Reference	

使用例子 如下:

AT+CIPSEND=5,"12345" //同步发送字符串

AT+CIPSEND=5 //出现">"后可以发送 5 个字节的二进制数据 AT+CIPSEND //出现">"后可以发送以CTRL+Z结尾的字符串

10.2.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

If sending successfully:
SEND OK
If sending fail:
SEND FAIL

10.2.4 **Parameter**

< data_length>

A numeric parameter which indicates the length of sending data, it must less than 1024.

10.2.5 Remark

This command is used to send data on the TCP or UDP connection that has been established already. Ctrl — Z is used as a termination symbol. There are at most 1024 bytes that can be sent at a time.

Set the time that send data automatically with the command of AT+CIPATS.

Only send data at the status of established connection, otherwise response ERROR.

10.2.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
at+cipsend > shengnshghshghshghshgsghg	ОК
at+cipsend=?	OK

10.3 AT+CIPCLOSE Close TCP or UDP Connection

10.3.1 **Description**

The command only close connection at the status of TCP/UDP CONNECTING or CONNECT OK, Otherwise response error. After close the connection, the status is IP CLOSE.

10.3.2 Syntax

Test command AT+ CIPCLOSE =?	Response(s) Success: + CIPCLOSE: OK
Exe command AT+ CIPCLOSE Description	Response(s) Success: CLOSE OK Fail: ERROR
Reference	

10.3.3 **Unsolicited Result Codes**

10.3.4 **Parameter**

10.3.5 Remark

10.3.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
AT+CIPSTART="TCP","124.42.0.80",7	OONNECT OK
	CONNECT OK
	ОК
at Lainelana	
at+cipclose	OK

10.4 AT+CIPSHUT Disconnect wireless connection

10.4.1 Description

The command disconnects the wireless connection, except at the status of IP INITIAL. You can close moving scene by AT+CIPSHUT. After closed, the status is IP INITIAL.

10.4.2 Syntax

Test command AT+ CIPSHUT =?	Response(s) Success: + CIPSHUT: OK
Exe command AT+ CIPSHUT Description	Response(s) Success: SHUT OK Fail: ERROR
Reference	

10.4.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

10.4.4 Parameter

10.4.5 Remark

10.4.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
AT+CIPSTART="TCP","124.42.0.80",7	CONNECT OK
	ОК
at+cipshut	OK

10.5 AT+CSTT Start task and Set APN, USER ID, PASSWORD

10.5.1 Description

The command starts task and Set APN, USER ID, PASSWORD.

10.5.2 Syntax

Test command AT+ CSTT =?	Response(s) Success: + CSTT: "APN", "USER", "PWD" OK
Read command AT+ CSTT?	Response(s) Success: + CSTT: <apn>, <user id="">, <password> OK</password></user></apn>
Set command AT+ CSTT= <apn>, <user id="">, <password></password></user></apn>	Response(s) Success: OK Fail: ERROR
Reference	

10.5.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

10.5.4 Parameter

<apn>

A string parameter which indicates the GPRS access point name.

<user id>

A string parameter which indicates the GPRS user name.

<password>

A string parameter which indicates the GPRS password.

10.5.5 Remark

10.5.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

The following examples offer the typical application for this command:		
Command	Possible Response	

10.6 AT+CIICR Bring up wireless connection with GPRS

10.6.1 Description

The command only activate moving scene at the status of IP START, after operate this command, the state changed to IP CONFIG. If module accept the activate operation, the state changed to IP IND; after module accept the operation, if activate successfully, the state changed to IP GPRSACT, response OK, otherwise response ERROR.

10.6.2 Syntax

Test command AT+ CIICR =?	Response(s) Success: OK
Exe command AT+ CIICR Description	Response(s) Success: OK Fail: ERROR
Reference	

10.6.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

10.6.4 Parameter

<state>

Referred to AT+CIPSTART

10.6.5 Remark

10.6.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

The following examples show the typical application for this command.		
Command	Possible Response	

10.7 AT+CIFSR Get local IP address

10.7.1 Description

The command only at the status of activated the moving scene: IP GPRSACT, TCP/UDP CONNECTING, CONNECT OK, IP CLOSE can get local IP Address by AT+CIFSR, otherwise response ERROR.

10.7.2 Syntax

Test command AT+ CIFSR =?	Response(s) Success: + CIFSR: OK
Read command AT+ CIFSR?	Response(s) Success: + CIFSR: OK
Exe command AT+ CIFSR	Response(s) Success: <ip address=""> OK Fail: ERROR</ip>
Reference	

10.7.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

10.7.4 Parameter

<IP address>

A string parameter which indicates the IP address assigned from GPRS or CSD.

10.7.5 Remark

10.7.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

	Command	Possible Response
at+cifsr 10.8.18.69		
OK		

10.8 AT+CIPSTATUS Query current connection status

10.8.1 Description

The command query current connection status.

10.8.2 Syntax

Test command AT+ CIPSTATUS =?	Response(s) Success: + CIPSTATUS: OK
Read command AT+ CIPSTATUS?	Response(s) Success: + CIPSTATUS: OK
Exe command AT+ CIPSTATUS	Response(s) Success: STATE: <state> OK Fail: ERROR</state>
Reference	

10.8.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

10.8.4 Parameter

<state>

Referred to AT+CIPSTART

10.8.5 Remark

10.8.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response
at+cipstatus	+IPSTATUS: IP INITIAL
	ОК
AT+CIPSTART="TCP","124.42.0.80",7	CONNECT OK
	OK
at+cipstatus	+IPSTATUS: CONNECT OK
	OK
at+cipclose	OK
at+cipstatus	
	+IPSTATUS: IP CLOSE

OK

10.9 AT+CIPATS Set auto sending timer

10.9.1 Description

The command set auto sending timer.

10.9.2 Syntax

Test command AT+ CIPATS =?	Response(s) Success: + CIPATS: (list of supported <mode>s) OK</mode>
Read command AT+ CIPATS?	Response(s) Success: + CIPATS: <mode> OK</mode>
Set command AT+ CIPATS = <mode>,<time> Description</time></mode>	Response(s) Success: OK Fail: ERROR
Reference	

10.9.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

10.9.4 Parameter

<mode>

A numerical parameter which indicates whether set timer when sending data.

- 0 not set timer when sending data.
- 1 set timer when sending data.

<time>

A numerical parameter which indicates the seconds after which the data will be sent.

10.9.5 Remark

- If you set mode to 0, no timer is allowed to set.
- Timer value range: 1~65536.

10.9.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

The following examples show the typical applica	ation for this command.
Command	Possible Response

10.10 AT+CIPSCONT save TCP/IP application context

10.10.1 Description

The command saves TCP/IP application context which consist of following AT command parameters. and system is rebooted, the parameters will be loaded automatically.

10.10.2 Syntax

Read command AT+ CIPSCONT?	Response(s) Success: + CIPSCONT: OK
Exe command AT+ CIPSCONT Description	Response(s) Success: OK Fail: ERROR
Reference	

1	n	1	n	3	Unso	lic	ited	Res	ult	Codes

10.10.4 Parameter	C)	

10.10.5 Remark

Currently no parameter is saved.

10.10.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

The following examples show the typical application	for this command.
Command	Possible Response

10.11 AT+CDNSGIP Query the IP address of given domain name

10.11.1 Description

The command query the IP address of given domain name.

10.11.2 Syntax

Test command AT+ CDNSGIP =?	Response(s) Success: + CDNSGIP: DOMAIN NAME LENGTH(0,100) OK
Read command AT+ CDNSGIP?	Response(s) Success: + CDNSGIP: ("DOMAIN NAME") OK
Set command AT+ CDNSGIP= <domain name=""></domain>	Response(s) Success: <ip address=""> OK Fail: ERROR</ip>
Reference	

10.11.3 Unsolicited Result Codes

10.11.4 Parameter

<domain name>

A string parameter which indicates the domain name

<IP address>

A string parameter which indicates the IP address corresponding to the domain name.

10.11.5 Remark

If set command fail, a numeric parameter which indicates the error.

- DNS not Authorization
- invalid parameter
- network error
- no server
- time out
- no configuration
- no memory

10.11.6 Example

The following examples show the typical application for this command.

Command	Possible Response

10.12 AT+CIPMUX 设置多路 socket

AT+CIPMUX=1,开启多路 socket 模式,最多同时开启 4 路,启动该模式以后 AT+CIPSEND,AT+CIPCLOSE AT+CIPSHUT.AT+CIPHCFG.AT+CIPHMODE 指令都增加一个参数是 socket 通道号。

具体使用例子参加附录的例子。

AT+CIPCMUX=0,推出多路模式。

注意多路模式下不支持透明传输。

10.13 AT+CIPHCFG 设置心跳包参数

AT+CIPHCFG=?可以查询该指令的用法。

AT+CIPHCFG=mode,param;

参数说明:

Mode:

- 0. 心跳包间隔时间,单位秒,参数为5-7200
- 1, 心跳发送包,长度不超过 100 个字节
- 2, 回应包,长度不超过100个字节

AT+CIPHCFG?查询配置的参数

AT+CIPHCFG=0.15,配置 15 秒发送一次心跳包 AT+CIPHCFG=1,553435ff,配置心跳包的内容为 16 进制的" 553435ff" AT+CIPHCFG=2,883435ee, 配置回应心跳包的内容为 16 进制的"883435ee"

10.14 AT+CIPHMODE 启动心跳包

AT+CIPHCFG=1. 启动心跳包 AT+CIPHCFG=0; 停止心跳包

10.16 AT+CIPTCFG 设置透明传输参数

AT+CIPTCFG=?可以查询该指令的用法。

AT+CIPTCFG=mode,param;

参数说明:

- Mode: 0, 失败发送次数,参数为 0-5 次;
 - 1, 失败发送延时,参数 0-3000 毫秒;
 - 2, 触发发送的发送包大小,取值为10-100,; 当发送内容达到这个长度,立马启动发送;
 - 3, 触发发送的延时, 1000-8000, 毫秒, 当向串口发送的最后一个字符完成后, 延时这个时间就可 以触发发送:

AT+CIPTCFG? 查询配置的参数

AT+CIPTCFG=0,15,配置 15 秒发送一次心跳包

10.17 AT+CIPTMODE 启动透明传输模式

AT+CIPTCFG=1,启动透明传输

如果需要推出,需要发送三个"+++"字符;

11 扩展指令

11.1 AT+CLDSTART

安信可云启动指令,自动连接到安信可云平台,自动登陆和发送心跳包,不需要用户处理;

11.2 AT+CLDSTOP

停止安信可云平台服务。

11.3 AT+CLDSEND

发送数据给云服务器,用法参见+CIPSEND。

11.4 AT+CLDUNBIND

解绑该设备和用户。

12 微信直连云扩展指令

12.1 AT+WXCLDSTART

启动微信直连云。AT+WXCLDSTART=devicelicense,//devicelicense 是微信授权的设备 license,要向微信官方申请;

12.2 AT+WXCLDSTOP

停止微信直连云,由于微信官方提供的接口还不完善,该功能还不起作用

12.3 AT+WXCLDSEND

发送微信数据;用法参见AT+CIPSEND;

12.4 AT+WXCLDVER

查询支持的微信云 SDK 的版本。

12.5 AT+WXCLDDEV

查询的微信云设备 ID。

12.6 AT+WXCLDVEN

查询微信云厂商 ID

13 GPS指令

13.1 AT+GPS

AT+GPS=1,开 GPS AT+GPS=0,关闭 GPS AT+GPS?,查询 GPS 的状态

13.2AT+AGPS

AT+AGPS=1,开 AGPS,同时会打开 GPS AT+AGPS=0,关闭 AGPS, AT+AGPS?,查询 AGPS 的状态

13.3 AT+GPSRD

打开 GPS 或 AGPS 以后, NEMA 数据默认使用 GPS_TXD 管脚以 9600 波特率输出,通过本指令,可以在 AT 串口输出 NEMA 信息。

AT+GPSRD=N,N是数字表示N秒输出一条NEMA信息从AT串口。

14 Camera扩展指令

14.1 AT+CAMSTART

开启摄像头,

AT+CAMSTART=0,QVGA 格式 AT+CAMSTART=1, VGA 格式 AT+CAMSTART=2, QQVGA 格式

14.2 AT+CAMSTOP

停止摄像头;

14.3 AT+CAMCAP

拍一张照片。

14.4 AT+CAMRD

读取照片内容。 AT+CAMRD=fromaddr,toaddr; AT+CAMRD=0;//从 0 开始读取照片,直到结束 AT+CAMRD=5,10,读取照片的地址从 5 到 10 之间的字节内容

14.5 AT+CAMREC

暂时不支持。

14.6 AT+CAMPOST

通过这条指令可以把照片内容通过标准的 POST 协议上传到 HTTP 服务器; AT+CAMPOST=<"http 服务器地址">,<port>

上传成功会返回:

+CAMPOST:1

失败:

+CAMPOST:0

例子:

AT+CAMPOST="192.168.1.111/A6C/123.jpg",80 //把照片内容上传到服务器的地址

14.7 AT+CAMCFG

配置摄像头。

指令格式如下:

AT+CAMCFG=mode,param

mode:0表示闪光灯模式,参数为0,关闭,1自动,2打开

- 1表示是否具有夜市功能,参数为0,没有夜视,1打开夜视
- 2表示图像质量 ,参数 0,1,2 //7,10,14,20
- 3 表示图像旋转,参数 0,表示不旋转, 1 旋转 90 度, 2 旋转 180 度, 3 旋转 270 度

4 曝光度 参数 -2,-1,0,1,2 5 亮度 , 参数 -2,-1,0,1,2

6 白平衡, 参数 0-auto,1-daylight,2-日光灯(0x08),3-cloudy(0x09),4-钨丝灯(0x0a)

7 对比度 , 参数 1-5:

15 GPIO扩展指令

15.1 AT+IORD

读取 GPIO 指令. AT+IORD=<gpio>.

15.2 AT+IOWR

设置输出 gpio 高或者低。 AT+IOWR=<gpio>,<0-1>

15.3 AT+IODIR

设置 GPIO 是用作输出还是输入,0 是输入,1 是输出。 AT+IODIR=<gpio>,<0-1>

16 HTTP协议扩展指令

16.1 AT+HTTPGET

AT+HTTPGET=<domain name/ip address>,80

16.2 AT+HTTPPOST

AT+HTTPPOST=<domain name/ip address>,80 出现">"后输入 POST 的内容以 CTRL+Z 结尾,用法和 AT+CIPSEND 相同

Appendix A

1 Summary of CME ERRORS

```
Code of <err> Meaning
        PHONE_FAILURE
0
        NO_CONNECT_PHONE
        PHONE_ADAPTER_LINK_RESERVED
2
3
        OPERATION NOT ALLOWED
4
        OPERATION_NOT_SUPPORTED
5
        PHSIM_PIN_REQUIRED
        PHFSIM_PIN_REQUIRED
6
        PHFSIM_PUK_REQUIRED
        SIM_NOT_INSERTED
10
        SIM_PIN_REQUIRED
11
        SIM_PUK_REQUIRED
12
13
        SIM_FAILURE
14
        SIM_BUSY
15
        SIM_WRONG
16
        INCORRECT_PASSWORD
        SIM_PIN2_REQUIRED
17
18
        SIM_PUK2_REQUIRED
20
        MEMORY_FULL
        INVALID_INDEX
21
22
        NOT_FOUND
23
        MEMORY_FAILURE
24
        TEXT_LONG
        INVALID_CHAR_INTEXT
25
26
        DAIL_STR_LONG
27
        INVALID_CHAR_INDIAL
30
        NO_NET_SERVICE
31
        NETWORK_TIMOUT
32
        NOT_ALLOW_EMERGENCY
40
        NET_PER_PIN_REQUIRED
41
        NET_PER_PUK_REQUIRED
42
        NET_SUB_PER_PIN_REQ
43
        NET_SUB_PER_PUK_REQ
44
        SERVICE_PROV_PER_PIN_REQ
        SERVICE_PROV_PER_PUK_REQ
45
46
        CORPORATE_PER_PIN_REQ
        CORPORATE_PER_PUK_REQ
47
48
        PHSIM_PBK_REQUIRED
49
        EXE_NOT_SURPORT
50
        EXE_FAIL
51
        NO MEMORY
        OPTION NOT SURPORT
52
        PARAM_INVALID
53
54
        EXT_REG_NOT_EXIT
55
        EXT_SMS_NOT_EXIT
        EXT_PBK_NOT_EXIT
56
57
        EXT_FFS_NOT_EXIT
103
        GPRS_ILLEGAL_MS_3
        GPRS_ILLEGAL_MS_6
106
        GPRS_SVR_NOT_ALLOWED
107
111
        GPRS_PLMN_NOT_ALLOWED
        GPRS_LOCATION_AREA_NOT_ALLOWED
112
        GPRS_ROAMING_NOT_ALLOWED
113
        GPRS_OPTION_NOT_SUPPORTED GPRS_OPTION_NOT_SUBSCRIBED
132
133
        GPRS_OPTION_TEMP_ORDER_OUT
134
        GPRS PDP AUTHENTICATION FAILURE
149
150
        GPRS_INVALID_MOBILE_CLASS
148
        GPRS_UNSPECIFIED_GPRS_ERROR
264
        SIM_VERIFY_FAIL
265
        SIM_UNBLOCK_FAIL
        SIM_CONDITION_NO_FULLFILLED
266
267
        SIM_UNBLOCK_FAIL_NO_LEFT
268
        SIM_VERIFY_FAIL_NO_LEFT
```

269 SIM INVALID PARAMETER SIM_UNKNOW_COMMAND 270 SIM_WRONG_CLASS 271 SIM_TECHNICAL_PROBLEM 272 273 SIM_CHV_NEED_UNBLOCK SIM_NOEF_SELECTED 274 SIM_FILE_UNMATCH_COMMAND 275 276 SIM_CONTRADICTION_CHV SIM_CONTRADICTION_INVALIDATION 277 SIM_MAXVALUE_REACHED 278 279 SIM_PATTERN_NOT_FOUND 280 SIM_FILEID_NOT_FOUND 281 SIM_STK_BUSY SIM_UNKNOW 282 283 SIM_PROFILE_ERROR

2 Summary of CMS ERRORS

```
Code of <err> Meaning
        UNASSIGNED NUM
1
8
        OPER_DETERM_BARR
10
        CALL_BARRED
21
        SM_TRANS_REJE
27
        DEST_OOS
28
        UNINDENT_SUB
29
        FACILIT_REJE
30
        UNKONWN_SUB
        NW_000
38
       TMEP_FAIL
41
42
        CONGESTION
47
        RES_UNAVAILABLE
50
        REQ_FAC_NOT_SUB
69
        RFQ_FAC_NOT_IMP
        INVALID_SM_TRV
81
95
        INVALID_MSG
96
        INVALID_MAND_INFO
97
        MSG_TYPE_ERROR
98
        MSG_NOT_COMP
99
        INFO_ELEMENT_ERROR
111
        PROT_ERROR
        IW_UNSPEC
127
        TEL_IW_NOT_SUPP
128
129
        SMS TYPEO NOT SUPP
130
        CANNOT_REP_SMS
143
        UNSPEC_TP_ERROR
144
        DCS_NOT_SUPP
145
        MSG_CLASS_NOT_SUPP
        UNSPEC_TD_ERROR
159
        CMD CANNOT ACT
160
161
        CMD_UNSUPP
175
        UNSPEC_TC_ERROR
        TPDU_NOT_SUPP
176
192
        SC_BUSY
        NO_SC_SUB
193
        SC_SYS_FAIL
194
195
        INVALID_SME_ADDR
196
        DEST_SME_BARR
197
        SM_RD_SM
        TP_VPF_NOT_SUPP
TP_VP_NOT_SUPP
198
199
        D0_SIM_SMS_STO_FULL
208
        NO_SMS_STO_IN_SIM
209
210
        ERR_IN_MS
211
        MEM_CAP_EXCCEEDED
        SIM_APP_TK_BUSY
212
        SIM_DATA_DL_ERROR
213
```

D
ΕD

3 Summary of DCE Codes

Index	string
0	"OK"
1	"CONNECT"
2	"RING/CRING"
3	"NO CARRIER"
4	"ERROR"
5	"NO DIALTONE"
6	"BUSY"
7	"NO ANSWER"
8	"NOT SUPPORT"
9	"INVALID COMMAND LINE"

4 Summary of Unsolicited Result Codes (URC)

AT Command	Description	How to activate URC	Example
RING(CC)	Incoming calls		<拨本测试号码> RING +CLIP: "02085563192",129,,,,0

Ai-Thinker Inc	A	6_A7_A6C_A20 模组 AT	叩ぐ来 V1.03
+CALA(HW)	Reminder message set with AT+CALA command. Executed while ME is in normal operation. Do not confuse with Alarm mode.		<参考AT+CALA>
+CIEV(CC/SMS/ Battery/)	Reports changes from indicators listed in the AT+CIND command specification.		<参考AT+CMER>
+CREG(NW)	Registration to ME network changed		<参考AT+CREG>
+CLIP (SS)	Telephone number of caller		<参考AT+CLIP,RING>
+CMTI(SMS)	Indication of a new short message (PDU mode)		AT+CNMI=1,1,2 OK +CMTI: "SM", 6 AT+CMGR=6 +CMGR: 0,, 35 0891683108200005F0240D916 83165203406F20008400172909 552000676848BDD8BF4 OK <参考AT+CNMI>
+CMT(SMS)	Short message is output directly to the TE (in PDU mode)	HUOILO	AT+CNMI=1,2,2 OK +CMT: 35 0891683108200005F0240D916 83165203406F20008400172013 033000676848BDD8BF4 <参考AT+CNMI>
+CSSI (SS) +CSSU	Supplementary service intermediate/unsolicited result code		AT+CSSN=1,1 OK ATD1861; OK <拨本测试号码> +CSSI: 3 +CCWA: "02085563410",129,1,,0 AT+CHLD=2 OK <对方挂机> NO CARRIER +CSSU: 5 <参考AT+CSSN>
+CUSD (SS)	USSD response from the network after a mobile originated or network initiated action.		ATD#222#; OK +CUSD: 2,"UNKNOWN APPLICATION",15 <参考AT+CUSD>
^SBC: (HW) Undervoltage	Under voltage of battery detected. ME will be switched off within a minute.	AT^CBCM=1	^ SBC:UNDERVOLTAGE
^STN(SS)	Remote-SAT Notification		
^CBCI(BATTE RY)	Battery charge level indication	AT^CBCM=1	AT^CBCM=1 OK ^CBCI: 0,100,0,4487
+CCWA	Call waiting indication	AT+CCWA=1	
L	<u> </u>		



Appendix BConfiguration table

Configuration table	
命令名	说明
ATQ	result code present control
ATV	Format of response and result code
ATE	UART echo control
ATS0	Auto answer
ATS3	Specify Carriage return character
ATS4	Specify Linefeed character
ATS5	Command line editing character
AT+CMEE	Format of errcode
AT+CMER	Indicator reporting way
AT+VTD	Duration of the DTMF tone
AT+COPS	Operator format
	Network register mode
AT+CPOL	Preferred operator format
AT+CPBS	Phonebook storage
AT^STA	Alphabet
AT+CCWA	Parameter <n></n>
AT+CUSD	Parameter <n></n>
AT+CLIP	Parameter <n></n>
AT+CLIR	Parameter <n></n>
AT+COLP	Parameter <n></n>
AT+CSSN	Parameter <n></n>
	Parameter <m></m>
AT^MONI	Parameter <n></n>
AT^NONPP	Parameter <n></n>
AT^CBCM	Indicator controller
AT+VGR	Receiver gain
AT+VGT	Transmit gain
AT+CMUT	Mute control in a voice call
AT+CGAUTO	Parameter <n></n>
AT+IPR	Parameter <rate></rate>

Appendix C AT Commands Application Notes

a) How to build AT Command Running Environment

- 1) Run DEV boar and then download AT command . lod file into it;
- 2) Open test tools such as com testing tool or HyperTerminal tool;
- 3) Execute AT commands by test tools;
- 4) Executing result which will be returned shows on testing tool view;

b) AT commands application samples

Notes: There will be omitted <CR> in AT commands line samples, and the <CR><LF> characters are also omitted in commands response as well.

i. MO Call

AT Commands and Response	Description
ATD10086;	MO call
ОК	Call connect success
CONNECT	Call success
ATH	Disconnect existing call
ОК	
AT+CCWA=1,1,1	Set call waiting control
ОК	
ATD10086;	MO call
ОК	Call connect success
AT+CLCC	List current calls of ME
+CLCC: 1,0,0,0,0,"10086",129	Show call number
ОК	
CONNECT	Call success
ATH	Disconnect existing call
ОК	
ATD10086;	MO call
RING +CCWA: "13501275915",161,1,,255	Input a MT call
AT+CHLD=2	Hold one call connect

OK Success

AT+CLCC List current calls

+CLCC: 1,0,1,0,0,"10086",129
+CLCC: 2,1,0,0,0,"13501275915",161

OK OK

AT+CHUP Hang up all existing connected calls

OK Success

ii. Send Message

Execution command sends message from a TE to the network (SMS-SUBMIT). Message reference value is returned to the TE on successful message delivery. If sending fails in a network or an ME error, final result code +CMS ERROR: <err> is returned.

AT Commands and Response	Description
AT+CMGF=1	Text mode
ОК	
AT+CSDH=1	Show the values in result codes
ОК	
AT+CMGS="13021105632"	Send message"Test" to 13021105632
>Test <ctrl-z> +CMSS: 4</ctrl-z>	Send success and return <mr>></mr>
OK	
AT+CMGS="13021107315"	Sand manage"Toot1" to 12021107215
>Test1 <ctrl-z></ctrl-z>	Send message"Test1" to 13021107315
+CMSS: 4	Send success and return <mr>></mr>
OK	
AT+CMGR=1 +CMGR: 1,,61	Read message from record 1
Hello	
OK	Show in message "Hello"

iii. List Unread Message

Execution command returns messages with status value <stat> from message storage <mem1> to the TE. If status of the message is 'received unread', status in the storage changes to 'received read'. If listing fails, final result code +CMS ERROR: <err>> is returned.

As for the status value <stat> which indicates the status of message in memory, defined values:

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0 "REC UNREAD" received unread message 1 "REC READ" received read message 2 "STO UNSENT" stored unsent message 3 "STO SENT" stored sent message 4 "ALL" all messages

AT Commands and Response Description AT+CMGF=1 Text mode OK AT+CSDH=1 Show the values in result codes OK AT+CMGL= " REC UNREAD " Receive unread message +CMGL: 15."REC List unread message UNREAD","10658223",,"2008/4/1,10:53:4+32" OK AT+CMGL="ALL" All message +CMGL: 2,"STO UNSENT","1365125588" +CMGL: 3,"STO UNSENT","1365125588" +CMGL: 4,"STO UNSENT","1365125588" +CMGL: 5,"STO UNSENT","1365125588" testing Show all of message +CMGL: 13,"REC READ", "13800138000", , "2008/3/28, 16:17:18+32" READ","13800138000",,"2008/3/28,16:17:17+32" 15,"REC +CMGL: UNREAD","10658223",,"2008/4/1,10:53:4+32" OK AT+CMGD=1 Delete record 1 message OK Delete success AT+CMGD=0 Delete all message OK

iv. Change PIN & ActivePIN1

Change PIN+CPWD command which is used to change password [pin/pin2...]

AT+CLCK command which is used to lock,unlock or interrogate a MT or a network facility. Password is normally needed to do such actions. When querying the status of a network service the response line for 'not active' case should be returned only if service is not active. This command should be abortable when network

facilities are set or interrogated.

Call barring facilities are based on GSM/UMTS supplementary services (refer 3GPP TS 22.088). The interaction of these with other commands based on other GSM/UMTS supplementary services is described in the GSM/UMTS standard.

AT Commands and Response	Description
AT+CPIN?	Indicating whether some password is required or not
+CPIN:READY	MT is not pending for any password
AT+CLCK="SC",1,"1234"	Active PIN
ОК	
AT+CLCK="SC",2	Query PIN status
+CLCK:1	Active status
ОК	
Restart System	
AT+CPIN?	Query PIN status
+CPIN: SIM PIN	ME request SIM PIN
ОК	
AT+CPIN="1234"	Input SIM PIN
OK	Success
AT+CLCK="SC",0,"1234"	Return to not active status
OK	
Restart System	
AT+CPIN?	Query PIN status
+CPIN:READY	MT is not pending for any password
OK	
AT+CLCK="SC",1,"1234"	Active PIN
OK	
AT+CPWD="SC","1234","2345"	Change PIN "1234" to "2345"
OK	Success
AT+CPWD="SC","2345","1234"	Change PIN "2345" to "1234"
ОК	Success
AT+CPWD="SC","7890","1234"	Change PIN "7890" to "1234"
+CME ERROR: 16	Incorrect PIN number

AT+CPINC Query the remaining times of access the sim

card

+CPINC: 2 Two times

OK

AT+CPWD="SC","1111","1234" Change PIN "1111" to "1234"

+CME ERROR: 16 Incorrect PIN number

AT+CPWD="SC","2222","1234" Change PIN "2222" to "1234"

+CME ERROR: 16 Incorrect PIN number

AT+CPIN? Query PIN status

+CPIN: SIM PUK ME request SIM PUK

OK

AT+CPWD="SC"," 12345678","1234" Input PUK "12345678" and new PIN "1234"

OK Success

AT+CPIN? Query PIN status

+CPIN:READY MT is not pending for any password

OK

AT+CLCK="SC",0,"1234" Return to not active status

OK

v. GPRS operation

AT Commands and Response	Description
AT+CGATT=1	Attach to the GPRS network, can also use parameter 0 to detach.
OK	Response, attach successful
AT+CGDCONT=?	Input test command for help information.
+CGDCONT: (17), (IP,IPV6,PPP),(03),(04) OK	Response, show the helpful information.
AT+CGDCONT=1, "IP", "cmnet"	Before active, use this command to set PDP context.
OK	Response. Set context OK.
AT+CGACT=1,1	Active command is used to active the specified PDP context.
OK	Response, active successful.
ATD*99***1#	This command is to start PPP translation.
CONNECT	Response, when get this, the module has been set to data state. PPP data should be transferred after this response and anything input is treated as data.
+++	This command is to change the status to online data state. Notice that before input this command, you need to wait for a three seconds' break, and it should also be followed by 3 seconds' break, otherwise "+++" will be treated as data.

ATH	Use this command to return COMMAND state
ok	Response

vi. TCP/IP operation

AT Commands and Response	Description
at+cipstatus	Check the status of TCP/IP
+IPSTATUS: IP INITIAL OK	Response, in the state of INITIAL
AT+CIPSTART="TCP","124.42.0.80",7	Start TCP/IP, if the MS hadn't attached to the GPRS network, this command will fulfill all the prepare task and make ready for TCP/IP data transfer.
CONNECT OK	Response
ОК	
at+cipstatus	Check the status of TCP/IP
+IPSTATUS: CONNECT OK OK	Response, in the state of CONNECT
at+cipsend > this is a test <ctl+z></ctl+z>	Send data "this is a test" ended with ctrl+z
OK	Response
at+cifsr	Check IP
10.8.18.69 OK	Response
at+cipclose	Close a TCP/IP translation
OK	Response
at+cipstatus	Check status
+IPSTATUS: IP CLOSE OK	In the state of IP CLOSE
AT+CIPSHUT	Disconnect the wireless connection
OK	
at+cipstatus	Check status
+IPSTATUS: IP INITIAL OK	Return to the initial status

Appendix D 透明传输及心跳包设置例子

^CINIT: 2, 32, 41891

^CINIT: 1, 0, 0

^CINIT: 8, 2048, 1

^CINIT: 16, 0, 1638450

^CINIT: 32, 0, 0

+CREG: 0

+CTZV:16/05/27,06:33:27,+08

+CREG: 5 //到这里,表示网络已经注册,在漫游模式下

ATI //查询固件版本信息

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A6

V20160530H03S05BETA //BEAT 版本, 仅用于测试

OK

AT+CCID //查询 SIM , CCID 用于判断是否插卡

+SCID: SIM Card ID: 898602#4221620070426

OK

AT+CREG? //查询网络注册情况

+CREG: 1,5 //表示网络已经注册, 在漫游模式下

OK

AT+CGATT=1 //附着网络,如果需要上网,这条指令是必选的

+CTZV:16/05/27,06:33:39,+08 //基站下发的时间信息 GMT 时间和时区

OK

AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","CMNET" //设置 PDP 参数

OK

AT+CGACT=1,1

//激活 PDP, 正确激活以后就可以上网了

OK

at+cipstart="TCP","121.41.97.28",60000 //连接服务器,该服务器是我们的测试服务器

CONNECT OK

OK

at+ciphcfg? //查询心跳包的设置

+CIPHCFG:10,00,00 //心跳包的默认设置 10,表示 10 秒发送一次心跳包,00 表示发送的包内容,默认是空的,第二个 00 表示接受的回应包内容,默认也是空的,这 2 个包必须设置,否则启动不了心跳包

OK

at+ciphcfg=1,55FAFBEE //设置发送心跳包内容,长度不能低于3个字节,16进制格式

OK

at+ciphcfg=2,55AFBFEE //设置接受回应包内容,长度不能低于3个字节,16进制格式

OK

at+ciphcfg=0,15 //设置发送心跳包的时间 15 秒钟

OK

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at+ciphmode=1 //启动心跳包,该命令只能在连接服务器成功以后用

OK

AT+CIPTCFG? //查询透传默认参数

+CIPTCFG:3,200,50,2000 //3 表示最大尝试发送失败次数,200 是重发延时,单位毫秒,50 是触发发送的包长度,2000 是触发发送时间,单位毫秒,从输入最后一个字符算起,延至超过2000毫秒,系统也会自动发送数据

OK

AT+CIPTMODE=1 //启动透传模式,该指令也是只能在连接服务器成功以后使用

OK

SEND DATA TO SERVER //发送到服务器的数据 SEND DATA TO A6 //收到的服务器的数据

+++ //退出透传模式,和前一次发送时间超过2秒,输入+++,就可以退出透传模式

OK

at+ciphmode=0 //退出心跳包模式

OK

Appendix E 多路连接操作示例

^CINIT: 2, 32, 41891

^CINIT: 1, 0, 0

^CINIT: 8, 6144, 1

^CINIT: 16, 0, 1638450

^CINIT: 32, 0, 0

+CREG: 0

+CTZV:16/07/06,11:33:25,+08

+CREG: 5

ati //查询版本,厂家,型号信息

Ai Thinker Co.LTD

Α6

V03.03.20160710006H03

OK

at+ccid //查询 ccid,确定是否有 sim 卡

+SCID: SIM Card ID: 898602#4221620070426

OK

at+creg? //查询是否注册上网络

+CREG: 1,5

OK

at+csq //查询信号

+CSQ: 31,99

OK

at+cgatt=1 //附着网络

+CTZV:16/07/06,11:34:17,+08

at+cgdcont=1,"IP","cmnet" //设置 pdp 参数

OK

at+cgact=1,1 //激活该 pdp

OK

//查询 ip 连接情况,共有8路,实际最多支持同时开4路 tcpip 连接 at+cipstatus?

+CIPSTATUS:0,IP GPRSACT

1, IP INITIAL

2,IP INITIAL

3,IP INITIAL

4,IP INITIAL

5,IP INITIAL

6,IP INITIAL

7,IP INITIAL

OK

at+cipstart="TCP","121.41.97.28",60000 //连接服务器

CONNECT OK

OK

at+cipsend=5,qwert //发送5个字节的字符,注意此种方式只支持可见字符

OK

//发送6个字节的数据,此种方式可以发送任意二进制数据 at+cipsend=5

OK

//发送字符,以 CTRL+Z(16 进制的 0x1a)结尾 at+cipsend

> qwert

OK

+CIPRCV:4,test //收到服务器发送过来的 4 个字节,内容是"test",注意也可能是二进制的任意数据

at+cipstatus? //插叙 ip 链路状态

+CIPSTATUS:0,CONNECT OK

1,IP INITIAL

2,IP INITIAL

3,IP INITIAL

4,IP INITIAL

5, IP INITIAL

6,IP INITIAL

7,IP INITIAL

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OK

at+cipclose //关闭该链路

OK

at+cipmux? //查询是否开启多连接

+CIPMUX:0

OK

at+cipmux=1 //开启多链接

OK

at+cipstart="TCP","121.41.97.28",60000 //发起第一个 TCP 连接

+CIPNUM:0 //只有点开启多链接的时候才会有,0为返回的链路号

CONNECT OK

OK

at+cipstart="TCP","121.41.97.28",60001 //发起第二路连接

+CIPNUM:1 //只有点开启多链接的时候才会有,1为返回的链路号

CONNECT OK

OK

at+cipstart="TCP","121.41.97.28",60003 //发起第三路连接

COMMAND NO RESPONSE! //指令超时,由于服务器没有开启这个端口

at+cipstatus?

+CIPSTATUS:0,CONNECT OK

1.CONNECT OK

2,TCP/UDP CONNECTING

3,IP INITIAL

4,IP INITIAL

5,IP INITIAL

6,IP INITIAL

7,IP INITIAL

OK

at+cipclose=3 //关闭链路号为 3 的连接

+CME ERROR:50 //第三路连接没有建立所以返回错误

at+cipclose=2 //关闭链路号为2的连接

nκ

at+cipstart="TCP","121.41.97.28",60002 //发起新的连接

+CIPNUM:2

CONNECT OK

OK

at+cipstart="UDP","121.41.97.28",60006 //发起新的 UDP 连接

+CIPNUM:3

UDP BIND OK

OK

at+cipstatus?

+CIPSTATUS:0,CONNECT OK

//可以看到 0-3 链路号都被占用,建立了 4 路 IP 连接

1,CONNECT OK

2,CONNECT OK

3,BIND OK

4,IP INITIAL

5,IP INITIAL

6, IP INITIAL

7,IP INITIAL

OK

at+cipsend=0,5,qwert

//链路 0 发送 5 个字节的字符,"gwert",本指令只支持可见字符

OK

+CIPRCV:0,4,test

//链路 0, 收到服务器发送过来的 4 个字节, "test", 本指令支持接受任意数据

at+cipclose=2

//关闭链路 2

OK

at+cipstatus?

//查询链路信息

+CIPSTATUS:0,CONNECT OK

1,CONNECT OK

2,IP CLOSE

3,BIND OK

4,IP INITIAL

5,IP INITIAL

6,IP INITIAL

7,IP INITIAL

OK

at+ciphcfg?

//查询心跳包配置

+CIPHCFG:0,10,00,00

1,10,00,00

2,10,00,00

3,10,00,00

4,10,00,00

5,10,00,00

6,10,00,00

7,10,00,00

OK

at+ciphcfg=0,1,112233

//设置链路 0 的心跳发送包为 16 进制的 0x11, 0x22, 0x33

OK

at+ciphcfg?

+CIPHCFG:0,10,112233,00

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OK

6,IP INITIAL 7,IP INITIAL

Appendix F GPS操作示例

^CINIT: 2, 32, 41891

^CINIT: 1, 0, 0

^CINIT: 8, 2048, 1

^CINIT: 16, 0, 1638450

^CINIT: 32, 0, 0

+CREG: 0

+CTZV:16/07/06,10:25:40,+08

+CIEV: service, 1 +CIEV: roam, 1

+CREG: 5

ati //查询版本,厂商,型号信息

Ai Thinker Co.LTD

Α7

V03.03.20160710006H03

OK

at+ccid //查询 sim 卡的 ccid,可以用于判断是否插有 sim 卡

+SCID: SIM Card ID: 898602#4221620070426

OK

at+creg? //查询网络注册情况

+CREG: 1,5 //表示已经注册,在漫游扎状态下

OK

at+csq //查询信号质量

+CSQ: 24,99

OK

at+gps=1 //打开 gps

OK

at+gpsrd=1 //通过 at 串口输出 gps 定位的 nema 信息, 1 秒钟发送一条信息

OK

+GPSRD:\$GPGGA,,,,,0,00,,,M,,M,,0000*66

\$GPRMC,,V,,,,,,,N*53 \$GPVTG,,T,,M,,N,,K,N*2C

+GPSRD:\$GPGGA,,,,,0,00,,,M,,M,,0000*66

\$GPRMC,,V,,,,,,,N*53 \$GPVTG,,T,,M,,N,,K,N*2C

+GPSRD:\$GPGGA,,,,,0,00,,,M,,M,,0000*66

\$GPRMC,,V,,,,,,,N*53 \$GPVTG,,T,,M,,N,,K,N*2C

+GPSRD:\$GPGGA,,,,,0,00,,,M,,M,,0000*66

\$GPRMC,,V,,,,,,,N*53 \$GPVTG,,T,,M,,N,,K,N*2C

```
+GPSRD:$GPGGA,,,,,0,00,,,M,,M,,0000*66
$GPGSA,A,1,,,,,,,*1E
$GPGSV,1,1,01,17,00,000,33*4E
$GPRMC,,V,,,,,,,N*53
$GPVTG,,T,,M,,N,,K,N*2C
+GPSRD:$GPGGA,,,,,0,00,,,M,,M,,0000*66
$GPRMC,,V,,,,,,,N*53
$GPVTG,,T,,M,,N,,K,N*2C
at+gpsrd=0 //at 串口不发送 nema 信息
OK
at+gpsrd=2 //2 秒钟一次通过 at 串口发送 nema 信息
OK
+GPSRD:$GPGGA,,,,,0,00,,,M,,M,,0000*66
$GPRMC,,V,,,,,,,,N*53
$GPVTG,,T,,M,,N,,K,N*2C
+GPSRD:$GPGGA,,,,,0,00,,,M,,M,,0000*66
$GPRMC,,V,,,,,,,N*53
$GPVTG,,T,,M,,N,,K,N*2C
+GPSRD:$GPGGA,,,,,0,00,,,M,,M,,0000*66
$GPRMC,,V,,,,,,,,N*53
$GPVTG,,T,,M,,N,,K,N*2C
            //关闭 at 串口发送 nema 信息
at+gpsrd=0
OK
at+gps=0
           //关闭 gps
OK
at+cgatt=1
           //附着网络
+CTZV:16/07/06,10:33:23,+08
OK
at+cgact=1,1 //激活 pdp
OK
at+agps=1
            //打开 agps, 本条指令由于要联网下载星历数据, 周期会比较长
OK
at+gpsrd=1 //通过 at 串口发送定位信息
OK)
+GPSRD:$GPGGA,,,,,0,00,,,M,,M,,0000*66
$GPRMC,,V,,,,,,,,N*53
$GPVTG,,T,,M,,N,,K,N*2C
+GPSRD:$GPGGA,,,,,0,00,,,M,,M,,0000*66
$GPGSA,A,1,,,,,,,*1E
$GPGSV,1,1,04,06,00,000,32,09,00,000,30,17,00,000,32,19,00,000,31*7D
$GPRMC,,V,,,,,,,N*53
$GPVTG,,T,,M,,N,,K,N*2C
+GPSRD:$GPGGA,103421.000,,,,0,00,,,M,,M,,0000*7D
```

\$GPRMC,103421.000,V,,,,,060716,,,N*4E \$GPVTG,,T,,M,,N,K,N*2C

+GPSRD:\$GPGGA,103422.000,,,,0,00,,,M,,M,,0000*7E \$GPRMC,103422.000,V,,,,,,060716,,,N*4D \$GPVTG,,T,,M,N,K,N*2C

+GPSRD:\$GPGGA,103423.000,,,,0,00,,,M,,M,,0000*7F \$GPRMC,103423.000,V,,,,,060716,,,N*4C \$GPVTG,,T,,M,,N,,K,N*2C

+GPSRD:\$GPGGA,103424.000,,,,0,00,,,M,,M,,0000*78 \$GPRMC,103424.000,V,,,,,060716,,,N*4B \$GPVTG,,T,,M,,N,K,N*2C

+GPSRD:\$GPGGA,103425.000,,,,0,00,,,M,,M,,0000*79 \$GPGSA,A,1,,,,,*1E \$GPGSV,2,1,06,28,00,000,,23,00,000,27,06,00,000,32,09,00,000,30*7F \$GPGSV,2,2,06,17,00,000,32,19,00,000,32*71 \$GPRMC,103425.000,V,,,,,060716,,,N*4A \$GPVTG,T,,M,,N,K,N*2C

+GPSRD:\$GPGGA,103426.000,,,,,0,00,,,M,,M,,0000*7A \$GPRMC,103426.000,V,,,,,060716,,,N*49 \$GPVTG,,T,,M,,N,K,N*2C at+gpsrd=0 //关闭通过 at 串口发送定位信息

OK