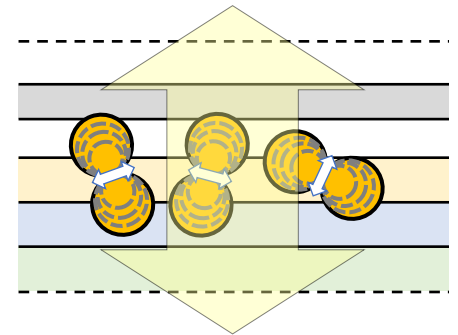


Plane Wave in a Material

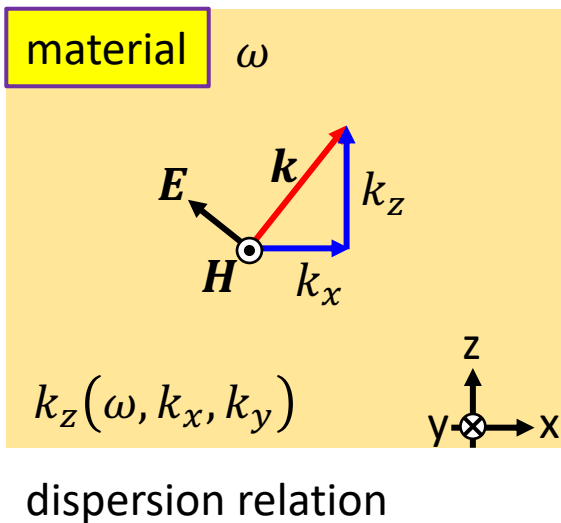
-materialOpticsCmd.pyc

Author: Wei-Kai Lee

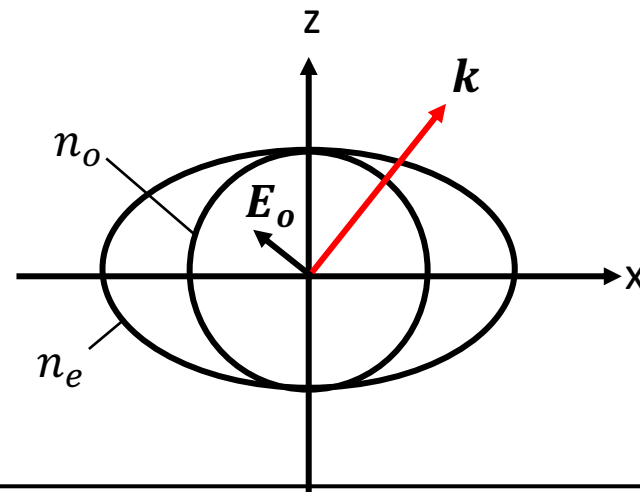


Objective

- This execution file can calculate the plane wave properties in a material with isotropic refractive index or the uniaxial refractive index.
- The refractive index of material should be pre-loaded by material manager system.



Uniaxial refractive index



Theory

Time Dependent/Plane Wave Anisotropic Source Free Maxwell's Equations

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 e^{i(\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{r} - \omega t)} & \begin{array}{l} \nabla \cdot \bar{\bar{\epsilon}}_r \epsilon_0 \mathbf{E} = 0 \\ \nabla \cdot \bar{\bar{\mu}}_r \mu_0 \mathbf{H} = 0 \\ \nabla \times \mathbf{E} = i\omega \bar{\bar{\mu}}_r \mu_0 \mathbf{H} \\ \nabla \times \mathbf{H} = -i\omega \bar{\bar{\epsilon}}_r \epsilon_0 \mathbf{E} \end{array} & \xrightarrow{e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{r}}} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{k} \cdot \bar{\bar{\epsilon}}_r \epsilon_0 \mathbf{E} = 0 \\ \mathbf{k} \cdot \bar{\bar{\mu}}_r \mu_0 \mathbf{H} = 0 \\ \mathbf{k} \times \mathbf{E} = \omega \bar{\bar{\mu}}_r \mu_0 \mathbf{H} \\ \mathbf{k} \times \mathbf{H} = -\omega \bar{\bar{\epsilon}}_r \epsilon_0 \mathbf{E} \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

Wave Equation

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbf{k} \times (\bar{\bar{\mu}}_r)^{-1} \mathbf{k} \times \mathbf{E} + \omega^2 \mu_0 \epsilon_0 \bar{\bar{\epsilon}}_r \mathbf{E} &= \mathbf{0} \\
 k_o^2 &= \omega^2 \mu_0 \epsilon_0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbf{k} \times \mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -k_z & k_y \\ k_z & 0 & -k_x \\ -k_y & k_x & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_x \\ v_y \\ v_z \end{bmatrix} \equiv \bar{\bar{k}} \mathbf{v}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (\bar{\bar{k}}(\bar{\bar{\mu}}_r)^{-1} \bar{\bar{k}} + k_o^2 \bar{\bar{\epsilon}}_r) \mathbf{E} &= \bar{\bar{W}}_E \mathbf{E} = \mathbf{0} \\
 (\bar{\bar{k}}(\bar{\bar{\epsilon}}_r)^{-1} \bar{\bar{k}} + k_o^2 \bar{\bar{\mu}}_r) \mathbf{H} &= \bar{\bar{W}}_H \mathbf{H} = \mathbf{0} \\
 \det(\bar{\bar{W}}_E) &= 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \bar{\bar{W}}_E &= \bar{\bar{k}}(\bar{\bar{\mu}}_r)^{-1} \bar{\bar{k}} + k_o^2 \bar{\bar{\epsilon}}_r \text{-Electric Wave Matrix} \\
 \bar{\bar{W}}_H &= \bar{\bar{k}}(\bar{\bar{\epsilon}}_r)^{-1} \bar{\bar{k}} + k_o^2 \bar{\bar{\mu}}_r \text{-Magnetic Wave Matrix}
 \end{aligned}$$



Theory-Dispersion Relation

$\det(\overline{\overline{W_E}}) = 0 \rightarrow$ a function of k_x, k_y, k_z and $k_o(\omega) \rightarrow$ dispersion relation

k_z is a function of k_x, k_y and $\omega \rightarrow k_z$ can be solved when k_x, k_y and ω are given.

Then insert into $\overline{\overline{W_E}}\mathbf{E} = 0$, the corresponding fields can be known.

Notation, symbols with prime are in the absolute coordinate and symbols without stand for the coordinate in the crystal.

1. $\mathbf{v}' = \overline{\overline{R}}\mathbf{v}$ vector transformation or vector definition

2. $\overline{\overline{T}}' = \overline{\overline{R}}\overline{\overline{T}}\overline{\overline{R}}^T$ tensor transformation

$$\rightarrow \boldsymbol{\alpha}' = \overline{\overline{R}}\boldsymbol{\alpha} = \overline{\overline{R}}(\overline{\overline{T}}\boldsymbol{\beta}) = \overline{\overline{R}}\overline{\overline{T}}(\overline{\overline{R}}^T\overline{\overline{R}})\boldsymbol{\beta} = \overline{\overline{R}}\overline{\overline{T}}\overline{\overline{R}}^T\boldsymbol{\beta}' = \overline{\overline{T}}'\boldsymbol{\beta}'$$

The length of vector is conservative $\langle \mathbf{v}' | \mathbf{v}' \rangle = \langle \mathbf{v} | \mathbf{v} \rangle$, where the bra should be complex conjugate. Note, here define two length, $\|\mathbf{v}\| =$

$$\sqrt{v_x v_x^* + v_y v_y^* + v_z v_z^*}, v = \sqrt{v_x^2 + v_y^2 + v_z^2}$$



Theory-Dispersion Relation

In crystal coordinate

$$\overline{\overline{\mu_r}} = \overline{\overline{I}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \det(\overline{\overline{W_E}}) &= \det(\overline{\overline{k}}\overline{\overline{k}} + k_o^2\overline{\overline{\epsilon_r}}) \\ &= \det\left(\begin{bmatrix} k_o^2\epsilon_{11} - (k_y^2 + k_z^2) & k_x k_y & k_x k_z \\ k_x k_x & k_o^2\epsilon_{22} - (k_x^2 + k_z^2) & k_y k_z \\ k_x k_z & k_y k_z & k_o^2\epsilon_{33} - (k_x^2 + k_y^2) \end{bmatrix}\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\det(\overline{\overline{W_E}}) = \det\left(\begin{bmatrix} k_o^2\epsilon_{11} - (k_y^2 + k_z^2) & k_x k_y & k_x k_z \\ k_x k_y & k_o^2\epsilon_{22} - (k_x^2 + k_z^2) & k_y k_z \\ k_x k_z & k_y k_z & k_o^2\epsilon_{33} - (k_x^2 + k_y^2) \end{bmatrix}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= k_o^6\epsilon_{11}\epsilon_{22}\epsilon_{33} + k^2k_o^2(\epsilon_{11}k_x^2 + \epsilon_{22}k_y^2 + \epsilon_{33}k_z^2) \\ &\quad - k_o^4[k_x^2\epsilon_{11}(\epsilon_{22} + \epsilon_{33}) + k_y^2\epsilon_{22}(\epsilon_{11} + \epsilon_{33}) + k_z^2\epsilon_{33}(\epsilon_{11} + \epsilon_{22})] \end{aligned}$$



Theory-Dispersion Relation

In absolute coordinate

$$\begin{aligned}\det(\overline{W_E}) &= k_o^6 \epsilon_{11} \epsilon_{22} \epsilon_{33} \\ &+ k^2 k_o^2 \left[\epsilon_{11} (R_{11} k'_x + R_{12} k'_y + R_{13} k'_z)^2 + \epsilon_{22} (R_{21} k'_x + R_{22} k'_y + R_{33} k'_z)^2 \right. \\ &+ \left. \epsilon_{33} (R_{31} k'_x + R_{32} k'_y + R_{33} k'_z)^2 \right] \\ &- k_o^4 \left[(R_{11} k'_x + R_{12} k'_y + R_{13} k'_z)^2 \epsilon_{11} (\epsilon_{22} + \epsilon_{33}) \right. \\ &+ (R_{21} k'_x + R_{22} k'_y + R_{33} k'_z)^2 \epsilon_{22} (\epsilon_{11} + \epsilon_{33}) + (R_{31} k'_x + R_{32} k'_y + R_{33} k'_z)^2 \epsilon_{33} (\epsilon_{11} + \epsilon_{22}) \left. \right] \\ &= 0\end{aligned}$$

4 solutions: $k'_{z,1}, k'_{z,2}, k'_{z,3}, k'_{z,4}$

Theory-Dispersion Relation (Isotropic)

$$\epsilon_{11} = \epsilon_{22} = \epsilon_{33}$$

In crystal coordinate

$$\det(\overline{W_E}) = k_o^6 \epsilon_{11}^3 + \epsilon_{11} k^4 k_o^2 - 2 \epsilon_{11}^2 k_o^4 k^2 = k_o^2 \epsilon_{11} (k^2 - k_o^2 \epsilon_{11})^2 = 0 \rightarrow \text{Degenerate}$$

$$k^2 - k_o^2 \epsilon_{11} = 0$$

$$k_z = \pm \sqrt{k_o^2 \epsilon_{11} - k_t^2} \quad k_t^2 = k_x^2 + k_y^2$$

In absolute coordinate

$$k'_z = \pm \sqrt{k_o^2 \epsilon_{11} - k_t'^2}$$



Theory-Dispersion Relation (Isotropic)

$$\overline{\overline{W}}_E \mathbf{E} = \begin{bmatrix} k'_x k'_x & k'_x k'_y & k'_x k'_z \\ k'_x k'_y & k'_y k'_y & k'_y k'_z \\ k'_x k'_z & k'_y k'_z & k'_z k'_z \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{E} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} k'_x & k'_y & k'_z \\ k'_x & k'_y & k'_y \\ k'_x & k'_y & k'_z \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{E} = \mathbf{0}.$$

$$\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{E} = 0 \rightarrow \mathbf{e}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{k'_y}{k'_t} \\ \frac{k'_x}{k'_t} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \mathbf{e}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{k'_x k'_z}{k'_t k} \\ -\frac{k'_y k'_z}{k'_t k} \\ \frac{k'_t}{k} \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \text{compatible to uniaxial case and TE, TM}$$

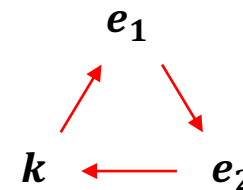
***** $\mathbf{z} \times \mathbf{k} \rightarrow \mathbf{e}_1$

**** Special Case **** (Definition)

$$k'_x = k'_y = 0$$

$$\mathbf{k} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ k'_z = k \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{e}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \mathbf{e}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$



Theory-Dispersion Relation (Uniaxial)

$$\epsilon_{11} = \epsilon_{22}, \epsilon_{33}$$

In crystal coordinate

$$\det(\overline{W}_E) = k_o^2(k^2 - k_o^2\epsilon_{11})(\mathbf{k}^T \overline{\epsilon}_r \mathbf{k} - k_o^2\epsilon_{11}\epsilon_{33}) = 0$$

$$\overline{W}_E = \begin{bmatrix} k_o^2\epsilon_{11} - (k_y^2 + k_z^2) & k_x k_y & k_x k_z \\ k_x k_x & k_o^2\epsilon_{11} - (k_x^2 + k_z^2) & k_y k_z \\ k_x k_z & k_y k_z & k_o^2\epsilon_{33} - (k_x^2 + k_y^2) \end{bmatrix}$$



Theory-Dispersion Relation (Uniaxial)

$$\det(\overline{W}_E) = k_0^2 \underbrace{(k^2 - k_0^2 \epsilon_{11})}_{\text{Type I}} \underbrace{(k^T \overline{\epsilon}_r k - k_0^2 \epsilon_{11} \epsilon_{33})}_{\text{Type II}} = 0$$

Type I (ordinary wave, similar to isotropic refractive index)

$$k^2 - k_0^2 \epsilon_{11} = 0 \quad k'_{z,1,3} = \pm \sqrt{k_0^2 \epsilon_{11} - k_t'^2}$$

$$k'_{z,1} = \sqrt{k_0^2 \epsilon_{11} - k_t'^2}$$

$$\mathbf{e}'_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{k'_y}{k'_t} \\ \frac{k'_x}{k_t} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Special Case

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ k'_x = k'_y = 0$$

$$k'_{z,3} = \sqrt{k_0^2 \epsilon_{11} - k_t'^2}$$

$$\mathbf{e}'_3 = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{k'_y}{k'_t} \\ \frac{k'_x}{k_t} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Special Case

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ k'_x = k'_y = 0$$

Theory-Dispersion Relation (Uniaxial)

Type II (extraordinary wave)

In crystal coordinate

$$\mathbf{k}^T \bar{\bar{\epsilon}}_r \mathbf{k} - k_o^2 \epsilon_{11} \epsilon_{33} = 0$$

$$k_t^2 \epsilon_{11} + k_z^2 \epsilon_{33} - k_o^2 \epsilon_{11} \epsilon_{33} = 0$$

$$k^2 = \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon_{11}}{\epsilon_{33}}\right) k_t^2 + k_o^2 \epsilon_{11}$$

In absolute coordinate

$$A k_z'^2 - 2B k_z' + C = 0$$

$$k'_{z,2,4} = \frac{B \pm \sqrt{B^2 - AC}}{A}$$

$$\mathbf{e}'_{2,4} \parallel \bar{\bar{\mathbf{R}}} \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{k_x k_{z,2,4}}{k_t k} \\ -\frac{k_y k_{z,2,4}}{k_t k} \\ \frac{\epsilon_{11} k_t}{\epsilon_{33} k} \end{bmatrix}$$

Special Case

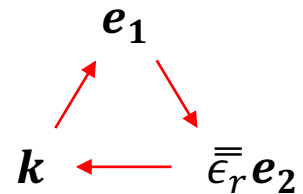
$$\bar{\bar{\mathbf{R}}} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$k_x = k_y = 0$$

$$A = 1 - \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon_{11}}{\epsilon_{33}}\right) (R_{13}^2 + R_{23}^2)$$

$$B = \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon_{11}}{\epsilon_{33}}\right) [R_{13}(R_{11}k'_x + R_{12}k'_y) + R_{23}(R_{21}k'_x + R_{12}k'_y)]$$

$$C = k_t^2 - \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon_{11}}{\epsilon_{33}}\right) [(R_{11}k'_x + R_{12}k'_y)^2 + (R_{21}k'_x + R_{12}k'_y)^2] - k_o^2 \epsilon_{11}$$



How to execute plane wave calculator

In the following example, please execute material manager system with materialMgrCmd-Example-2.txt in the example directory.

```
python materialMgrCmd.py ./Example/materialMgrCmd-Example-2.txt
```

python: windows

Example path

python3: mac, linux

```
[A]: er
```

```
[N]3TPVMB(#2)  
[N]B3PVMPM_isotropic(#1)  
[N]B3PVMPM_uniaxial(#1)  
[N]B3PVMPM(#1)
```

The **most important** in plane wave calculator.

```
[A]: Fluorescence
```

```
[N]cbp_irppy3(#1)
```

```
[A]: Phosphorescence
```

```
/*Empty*/
```

Currently phosphorescence is useless

```
[A]: DOF
```

```
[N]cbp_irppy3(#1)
```

```
[A]: wavelengthunitstr /*Empty*/
```

```
[A]: Attribute/ [N]: Name(# of data)
```

In the plane wave calculator, Fluorescence and DOF would not influence the results so they can be empty.



How to execute plane wave calculator

python: windows
python3: mac, linux

>python materialOpticsCmd.pyc

Execution file

```
>>> Please insert username : user-1
Now reading nk file (...\\sim\\mater
Now reading nk file (...\\sim\\mater
Now reading nk file (...\\sim\\material n k/B3PYMPM_isotropic.mat)
Now reading nk file (...\\sim\\material n k/B3PYMPM_uniaxial.mat)
Now reading nk file (...\\sim\\material n k/B3PYMPM_uniaxial.mat)
Now reading spectrum file (...\\sim\\material PL/cbp_irppy3.spc)
Now reading dipole orientation factor file (...\\sim\\material eta/cbp_irppy3.eta)
Successfully reading materialMgr.mMgr
Now printing the information stored in the material manager...
```

Type user name

```
[A]: er
[N]3TPYMB(#2)
[N]B3PYMPM_isotropic(#1)
[N]B3PYMPM_uniaxial(#1)
[N]B3PYMPM(#1)
```

```
[A]: Fluorescence [N]cbp_irppy3(#1)
```

```
[A]: Phosphorescence /*Empty*/
```

```
[A]: DOF [N]cbp_irppy3(#1)
```

```
[A]: wavelengthunitstr [N]nm(#1)
[N]um(#1)
[N]m(#1)
```

```
[A]: Attribute/ [N]: Name(# of data)
```

```
Start running GOODLAB anisotropic simulator ver1.0 Sat Apr 11 14:53:56 2020
```

```
***** GOODLAB SIMULATOR Info *****
Optical Planar OLED Simulation Tool/Console interface
Anisotropic Version 1.0
Author : Wei-Kai Lee
Publication Date : 2019/03/15
```

```
Copyright(c) 2019 Wei-Kai Lee. All right reserved.
```

```
[1] Calculates the eigen modes related characteristics of the material in material manager.
```

```
***** GOODLAB SIMULATOR Info *****
```

Help

Use “?” or “help” to list all the command in the plane wave calculator.

```
<mOpticsCmd> ?  
User Control Command  
=====
```

1. Setting Command:

changeUser	exit
------------	------

Material Manager Command
=====

1. Setting Command:

printMgr	saveMgr
----------	---------

material Optics Command
=====

1. Set material properties:

setNK	setFluo
setPhos	setDOF
setMaterialName	

2. Generate Material:

generateMaterial	
------------------	--

3. Material:

deleteMaterial	printMaterial
----------------	---------------

4. Results:

SaveFilePath	SaveFileName
findkzEResultsFilePath	findkzEResultsFileName
changeFigshowBool	printSettingInfo

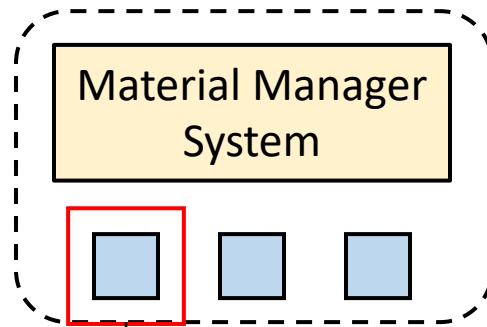
5. Execution:

findkzE	loadfindkzE
---------	-------------

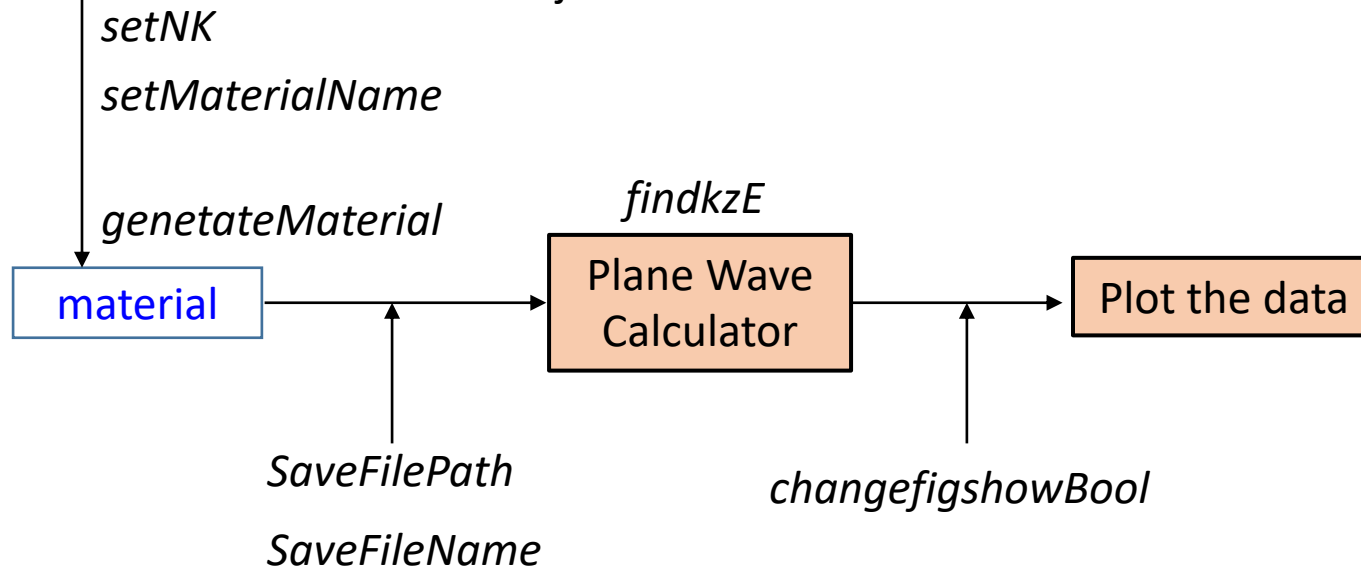
6. Plot:

plotkvsWV	plotkzvsWV
plotEvsWV	
plotkvsf	plotkzvsf
plotEvsf	
plotkvsxky	plotkzvsxky
plotEvsxky	

Calculating Workflow



The user should first generate a material object for simulation by “set material commands”. Since the set command only indicate the material properties and the material object have not been constructed yet, the user should use “generateMaterial” to construct a real material object in the software for simulation.



Setting Information

```
<mOpticsCmd> help printSettingInfo  
Print the information of setting.
```

```
<mOpticsCmd> printSettingInfo
```

```
er :  
Fluorescence :  
Phosphorescence :  
DOF :  
Material Name : No name  
Figure Show Bool : True  
The material object is empty
```

The material properties have not been set yet.
All the material properties are empty.

Whether to show the figure when plot command.

There is no material object generated.

Set

```
>>> SaveFileName B3PYMPM_isotropic save file name
>>> SaveFilePath ../../Example/materialOpticsCmd/B3PYMPM/Isotropic/Test_vs_WV save file path
>>> changefigshowBool F
>>> setNK B3PYMPM_isotropic Set material nk
>>> setFluo cbp_irppy3 Set material PL
>>> setMaterialName B3PYMPM_isotropic Set material name
>>> printSettingInfo
er : B3PYMPM_isotropic
Fluorescence : cbp_irppy3
Phosphorescence :
DOF :
Material Name : B3PYMPM_isotropic
Save File Path : ../../Example/materialOpticsCmd/B3PYMPM/Isotropic/Test_vs_WV
Save File Name : B3PYMPM_isotropic
Figure Show Bool : False
The material object is empty
```

The material object has not been generated.

Generate

```
>>> generateMaterial
```

Generate material object

```
>>> printSettingInfo
```

```
er : B3PYMPM_isotropic
Fluorescence : cbp_irppy3
Phosphorescence :
DOF :
Material Name : B3PYMPM_isotropic
Save File Path : ../Example/materialOpticsCmd/B3PYMPM/Isotropic/Test_vs_WV
Save File Name : B3PYMPM_isotropic
Figure Show Bool : False
Material Name : B3PYMPM_isotropic
```

```
Permittivity Note :
  PATH:..\..\..\sim\material n k/
  FILENAME:B3PYMPM_isotropic
-----
```

Material object information

```
Fluorescence[0] Note :
  PATH:..\..\..\sim\material PL/
  FILENAME:cbp_irppy3
-----
```

```
Phosphorescence[0] Note :
  /*Empty*/
-----
```

```
Dipole Orientation Factor[0] Note :
  /*Empty*/
-----
```

print material

```
>>> printMaterial  
Material Name : B3PYMPM_isotropic  
Permittivity Note :  
  PATH:..\..\..\sim\material n k/  
  FILENAME:B3PYMPM_isotropic  
-----  
Fluorescence[0] Note :  
  PATH:..\..\..\sim\material PL/  
  FILENAME:cbp_irppy3  
-----  
Phosphorescence[0] Note :  
  /*Empty*/  
-----  
Dipole Orientation Factor[0] Note :  
  /*Empty*/  
-----
```

Calculation (Isotropic)

```
>>> help findkzE  
  
Calculate the kz of corresponding wavelength, kx/ko, ky/ko. Can be run after setNK and generateMaterial.  
[Usage] findkzE [wvl] [kx/ko] [ky/ko] - single value, start:spacing:end, (v1,v2,v3,v4)  
  
>>> findkzE 400:1:780 0:1:2 0:1:2
```

wavelength

kx/ko

ky /ko

Parameter scans

```
Save File Path : ../../Example/materialOpticsCmd/B3PYMPM/Isotropic/Test_vs_WV  
Save File Name : B3PYMPM_isotropic
```

materialOpticsCmd > B3PYMPM > Isotropic > Test_vs_WV

名稱

修改日期

B3PYMPM_isotropic

2020/4/11 下

Data in the file (Isotropic)

Input

wavelength

k_x/k_0

k_y/k_0

Wave number
in vacuum

Wave number in material

wv	k_x/k_0	k_y/k_0	k_0	Re (k/k_0)	Im (k/k_0)
400.00000	0.00000	0.00000	1.57080e-02	1.95760e+00	0.00000e+00
400.00000	1.00000	0.00000	1.57080e-02	1.95760e+00	0.00000e+00
400.00000	2.00000	0.00000	1.57080e-02	1.95760e+00	0.00000e+00
400.00000	0.00000	1.00000	1.57080e-02	1.95760e+00	0.00000e+00
400.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.57080e-02	1.95760e+00	0.00000e+00
400.00000	2.00000	1.00000	1.57080e-02	1.95760e+00	0.00000e+00
400.00000	0.00000	2.00000	1.57080e-02	1.95760e+00	0.00000e+00
400.00000	1.00000	2.00000	1.57080e-02	1.95760e+00	0.00000e+00
400.00000	2.00000	2.00000	1.57080e-02	1.95760e+00	0.00000e+00
401.00000	0.00000	0.00000	1.56688e-02	1.95663e+00	0.00000e+00

0:1:2 0:1:2

Parameter scans

Dispersion relation

Data in the file (Isotropic)

$$k'_{z,1} = \sqrt{k_o^2 \epsilon_{11} - k'_t{}^2}$$

$$k'_{z,3} = -\sqrt{k_o^2 \epsilon_{11} - k'_t{}^2}$$

Re (kz1/ko)	Im (kz1/ko)	Re (kz3/ko)	Im (kz3/ko)
1.95760e+00	0.00000e+00	-1.95760e+00	0.00000e+00
1.68291e+00	0.00000e+00	-1.68291e+00	0.00000e+00
0.00000e+00	4.09637e-01	-0.00000e+00	-4.09637e-01
1.68291e+00	0.00000e+00	-1.68291e+00	0.00000e+00
1.35359e+00	0.00000e+00	-1.35359e+00	0.00000e+00
0.00000e+00	1.08065e+00	-0.00000e+00	-1.08065e+00
0.00000e+00	4.09637e-01	-0.00000e+00	-4.09637e-01
0.00000e+00	1.08065e+00	-0.00000e+00	-1.08065e+00
0.00000e+00	2.04152e+00	-0.00000e+00	-2.04152e+00
1.95663e+00	0.00000e+00	-1.95663e+00	0.00000e+00
1.68179e+00	0.00000e+00	-1.68179e+00	0.00000e+00

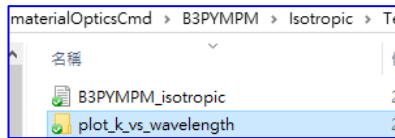
Data in the file (Isotropic)

Abs (Elx)	Angle (Elx)	Abs (Ely)	Angle (Ely)	Abs (Elz)	Angle (Elz)
1.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00
0.00000e+00	1.80000e+02	1.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00
0.00000e+00	1.80000e+02	1.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00
1.00000e+00	1.80000e+02	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00
7.07107e-01	1.80000e+02	7.07107e-01	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00
4.47214e-01	1.80000e+02	8.94427e-01	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00
1.00000e+00	1.80000e+02	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00
8.94427e-01	1.80000e+02	4.47214e-01	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00
7.07107e-01	1.80000e+02	7.07107e-01	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00
1.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00	0.00000e+00

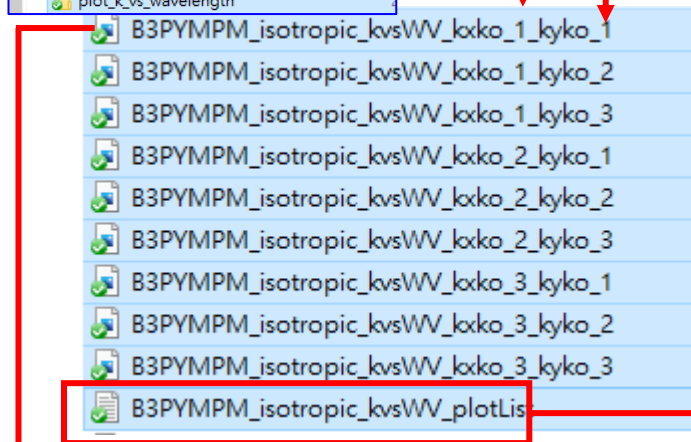
$$\mathbf{e}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{k'_y}{k'_t} \\ \frac{k'_x}{k'_t} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Plot the data (Isotropic)

```
>>> plotkvsWV
```



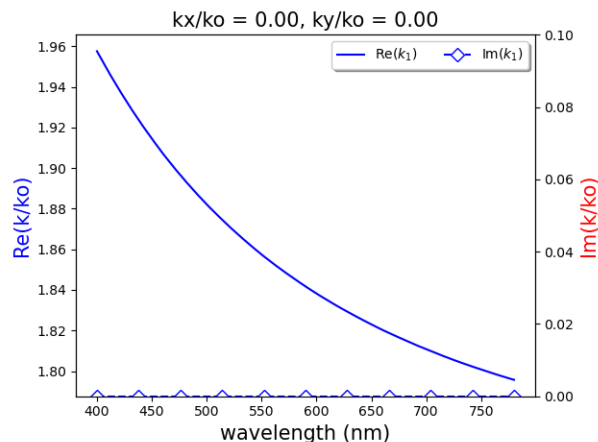
File Index



B3PYMPM_isotropic_kvsWV_plotList - 記事本

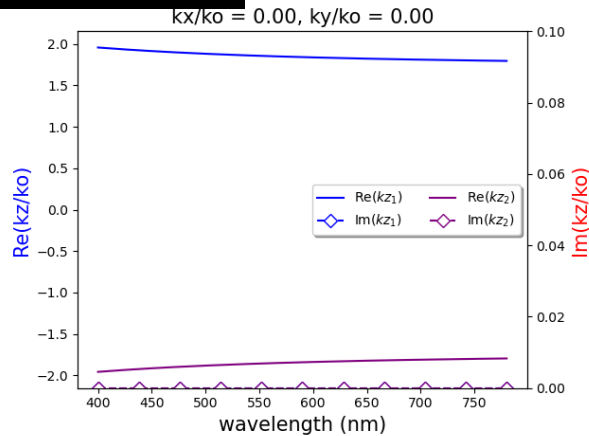
檔案(F) 編輯(E) 格式(O) 檢視(V) 說明

#kx/ko	#ky/ko	kx/ko	ky/ko
1	1	0.000000	0.000000
1	2	0.000000	1.000000
1	3	0.000000	2.000000
2	1	1.000000	0.000000
2	2	1.000000	1.000000
2	3	1.000000	2.000000
3	1	2.000000	0.000000
3	2	2.000000	1.000000
3	3	2.000000	2.000000

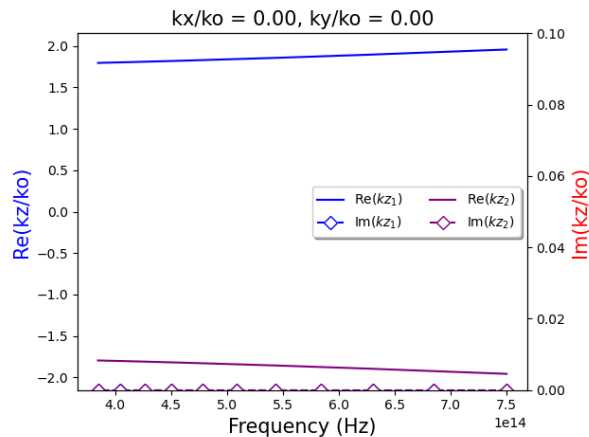


Plot the data (Isotropic)

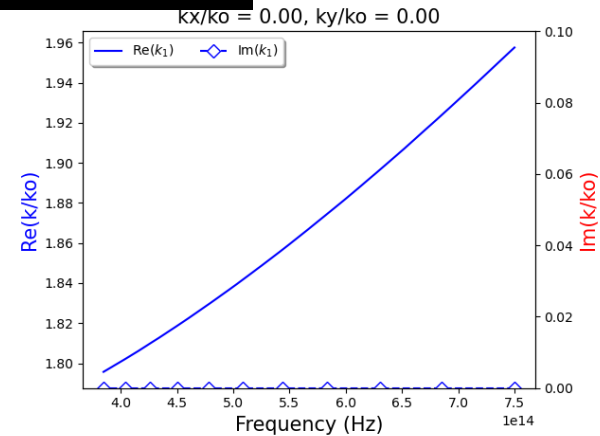
```
>>> plotkzvsWV
```



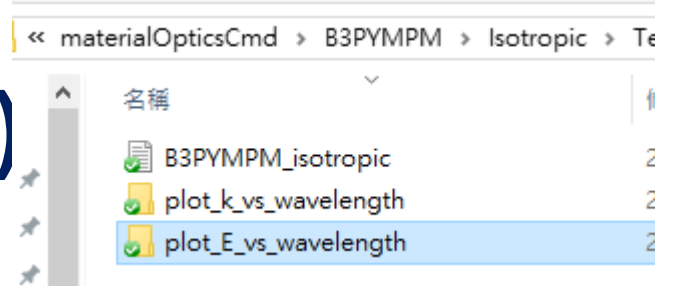
```
>>> plotkzvsf
```



```
>>> plotkvsf
```

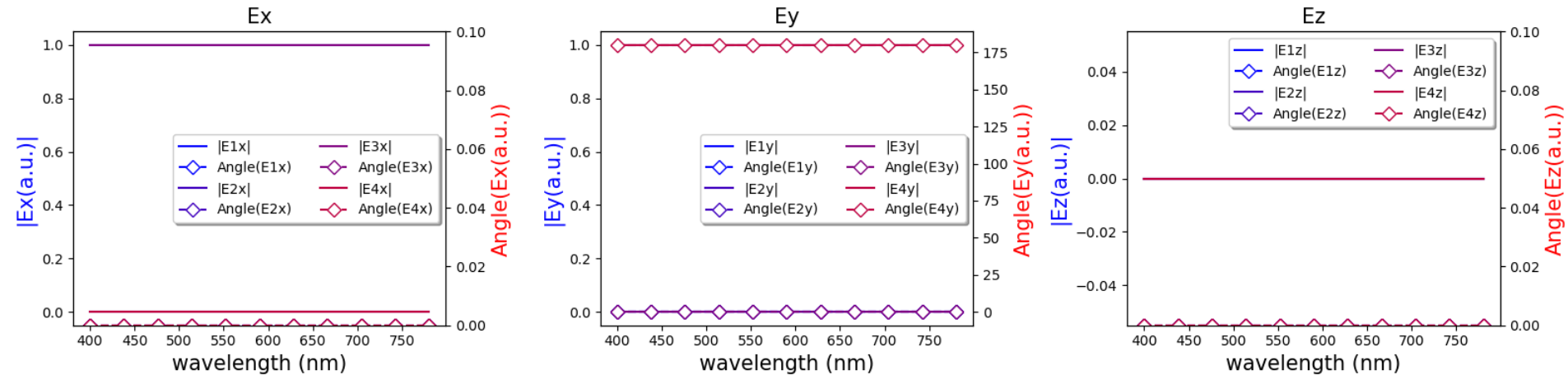


Plot the data (Isotropic)



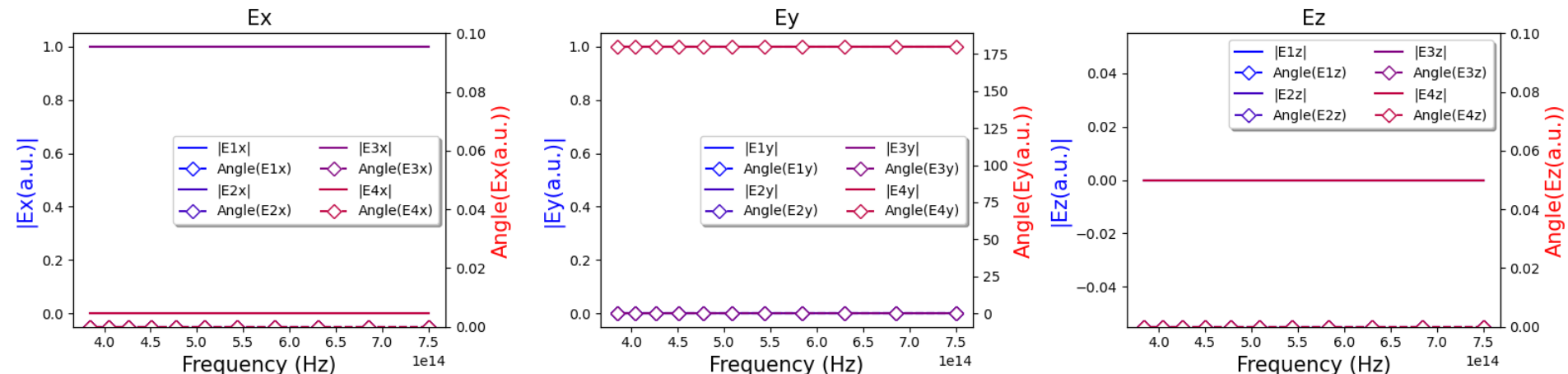
```
>>> plotEvsWV
```

B3PYMPM_isotropic_Evsf_kxko_1_kyko_1



```
>>> plotEvsf
```

B3PYMPM_isotropic_EvsWV_kxko_1_kyko_1



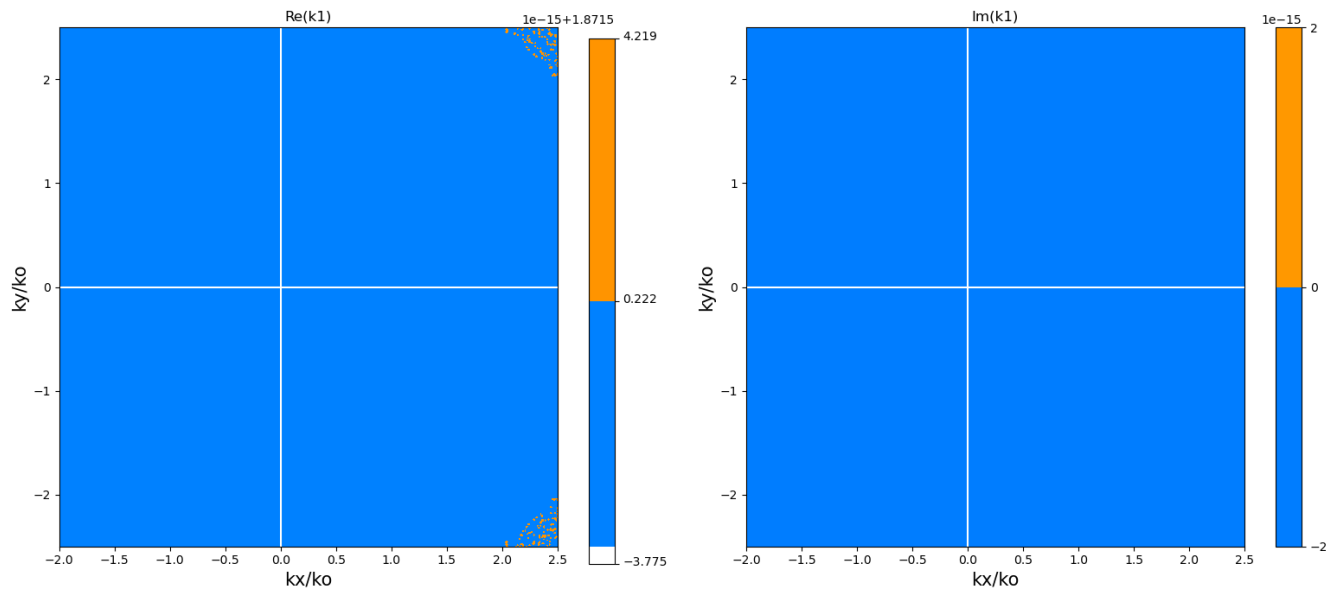
Calculation (Isotropic)

```
>>> SaveFileName B3PYMPM_isotropic save file name
>>> SaveFilePath ../../Example/materialOpticsCmd/B3PYMPM/Isotropic/Test_vs_kxky save file path
>>> printSettingInfo
er : B3PYMPM_isotropic
Fluorescence : cbp_irppy3
Phosphorescence :
DOF :
Material Name : B3PYMPM_isotropic
Save File Path : ../../Example/materialOpticsCmd/B3PYMPM/Isotropic/Test_vs_kxky
Save File Name : B3PYMPM_isotropic
Figure Show Bool : False
Material Name : B3PYMPM_isotropic
Permittivity Note :
  PATH:../../sim/material n k/
  FILENAME:B3PYMPM_isotropic
-----
Fluorescence[0] Note :
  PATH:../../sim/material PL/
  FILENAME:cbp_irppy3
-----
Phosphorescence[0] Note :
/*Empty*/
-----
Dipole Orientation Factor[0] Note :
/*Empty*/
-----
kx/ko ky /ko
>>> findkzE 520 -2.0:0.01:2.5 -2.5:0.01:2.5 single wavelength
>>> plotkvs_kxky
>>> plotkzvskxky Contour Plot
>>> plotEvskxky
```

Plot the data (Isotropic)

```
>>> plotkvsxky
```

Example > materialOpticsCmd > B3PYMPM > Isotropic		
名稱	修改日期	
Test_vs_kxky	2020/4/11 下午	
Test_vs_WV	2020/4/11 下午	



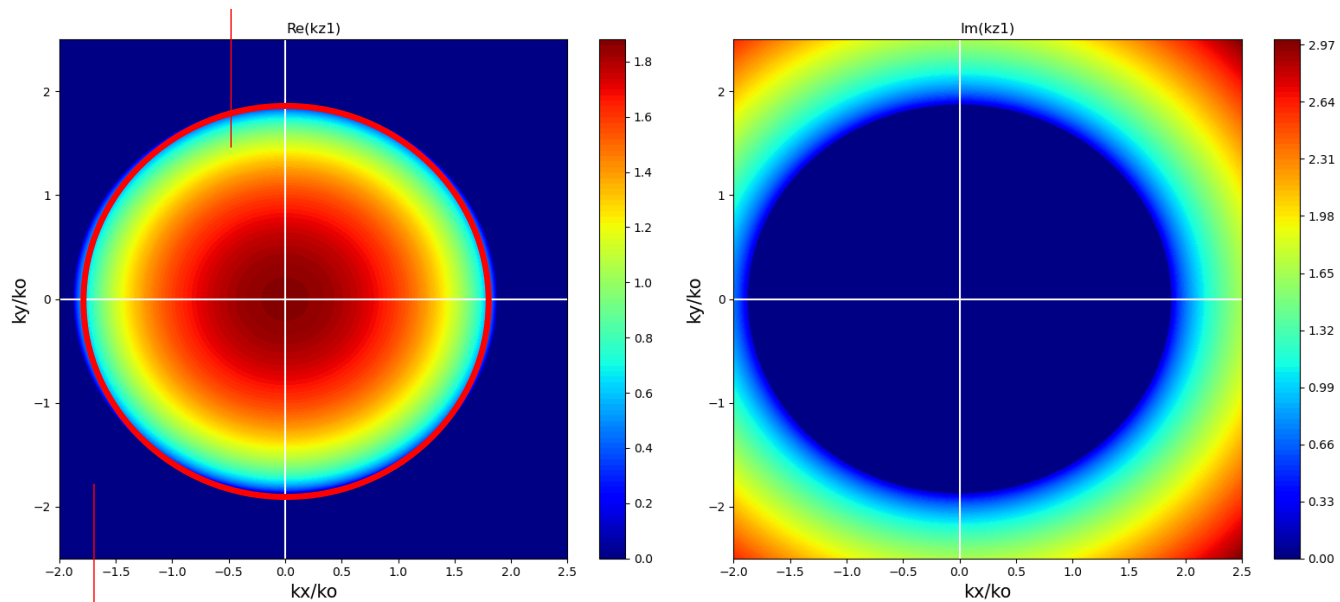
Independent on kx and ky

Plot the data (Isotropic)

```
>>> plotkzvskxy
```

$$k'_{z,1} = \sqrt{k_0^2 \epsilon_{11} - k_t'^2}$$

Propagation wave

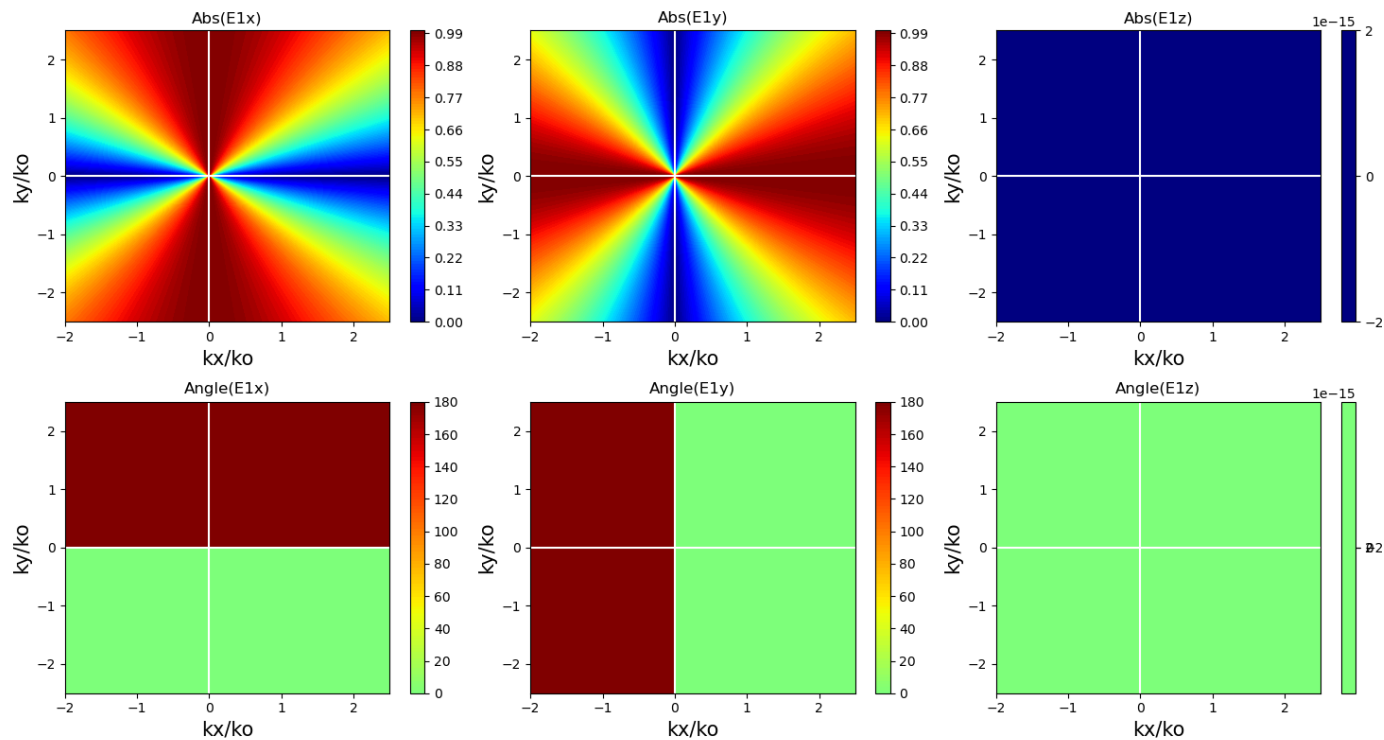


Evanescent wave

Plot the data (Isotropic)

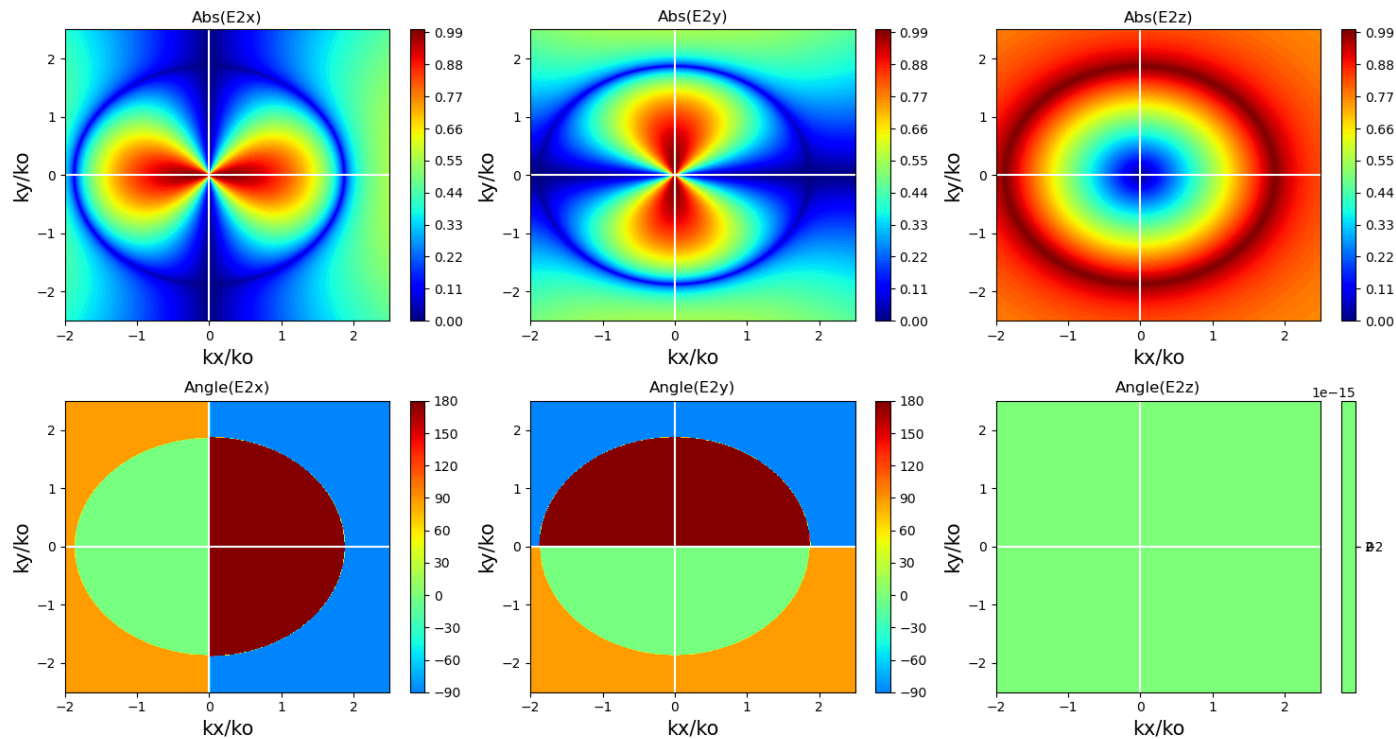
$$\mathbf{e}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{k'_y}{k'_t} \\ \frac{k'_x}{k'_t} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

```
>>> plotEvskxky
```



Plot the data (Isotropic)

$$\mathbf{e}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{k'_x k'_z}{k'_t k} \\ -\frac{k'_y k'_z}{k'_t k} \\ \frac{k'_t}{k} \end{bmatrix}$$



Delete material

```
>>> deleteMaterial
>>> printSettingInfo

er :
Fluorescence :
Phosphorescence :
DOF :
Material Name : No name
Save File Path : ../../Example/materialOpticsCmd/B3PYMPM/Isotropic/Test_vs_kxky
Save File Name : B3PYMPM_isotropic
Figure Show Bool : False
The material object is empty

>>> printMaterial

Please set the material first.
```


Calculation (Uniaxial)

```
>>> SaveFileName B3PYMPM
>>> SaveFilePath ../../Example/materialOpticsCmd/B3PYMPM/Uniaxial/Test_vs_WV
>>> setNK B3PYMPM
>>> setMaterialName B3PYMPM
>>> generateMaterial
>>> printSettingInfo

er : B3PYMPM
Fluorescence :
Phosphorescence :
DOF :
Material Name : B3PYMPM
Save File Path : ../../Example/materialOpticsCmd/B3PYMPM/Uniaxial/Test_vs_WV
Save File Name : B3PYMPM
Figure Show Bool : False
Material Name : B3PYMPM
Permittivity Note :
  PATH:../../sim/material n k/
  FILENAME:B3PYMPM_uniaxial
-----
Fluorescence[0] Note :
  /*Empty*/
-----
Phosphorescence[0] Note :
  /*Empty*/
-----
Dipole Orientation Factor[0] Note :
  /*Empty*/
-----
```

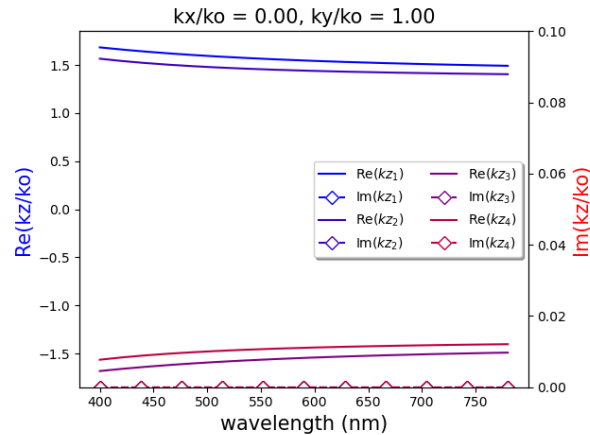
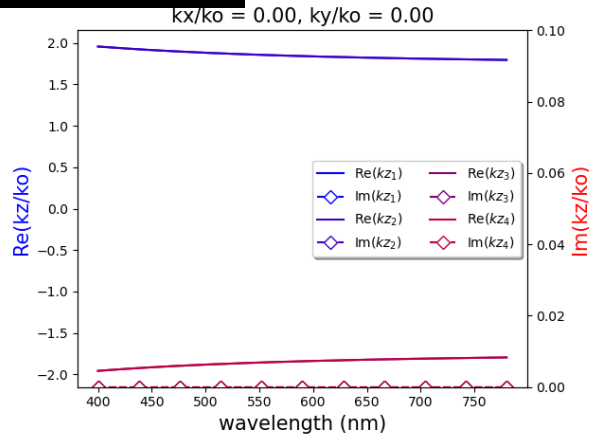
Calculation (Uniaxial)

```
>>> findkzE 400:1:780 0:1:2 0:1:2  
>>> plotkvsWV  
>>> plotkzvsWV  
>>> plotEvsWV  
>>> plotkvsf  
>>> plotkzvsf  
>>> plotEvsf
```

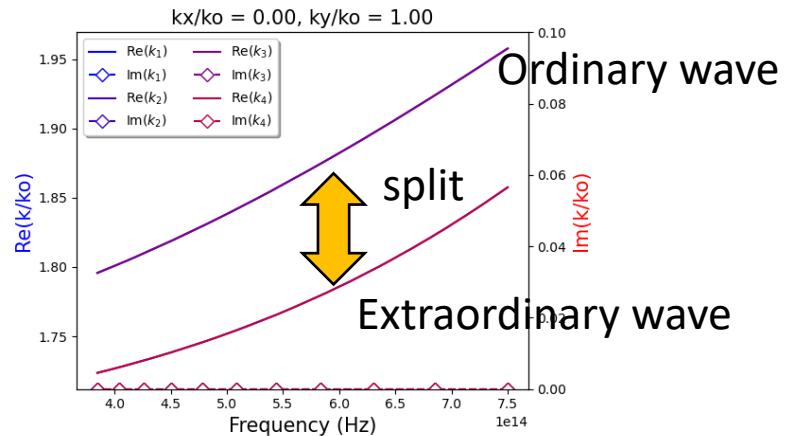
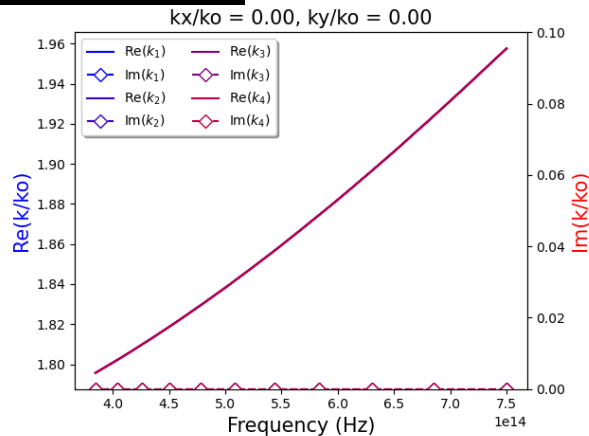


Plot the data (Uniaxial)

```
>>> plotkzvsWV
```

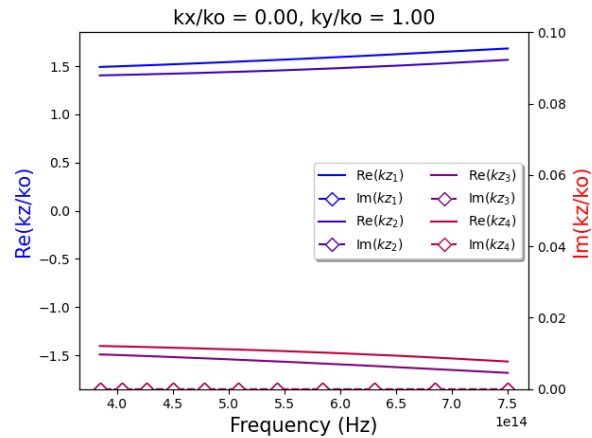
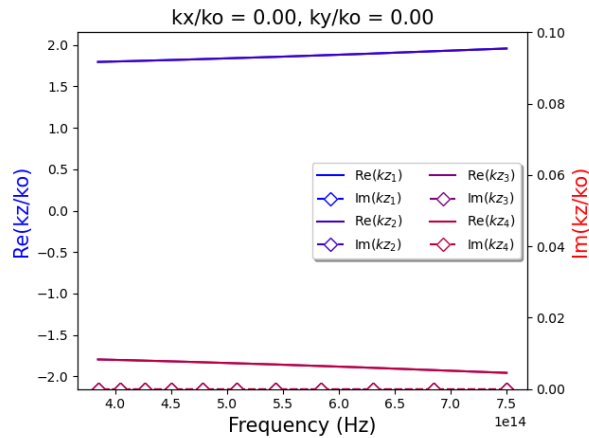


```
>>> plotkvsf
```



Plot the data (Uniaxial)

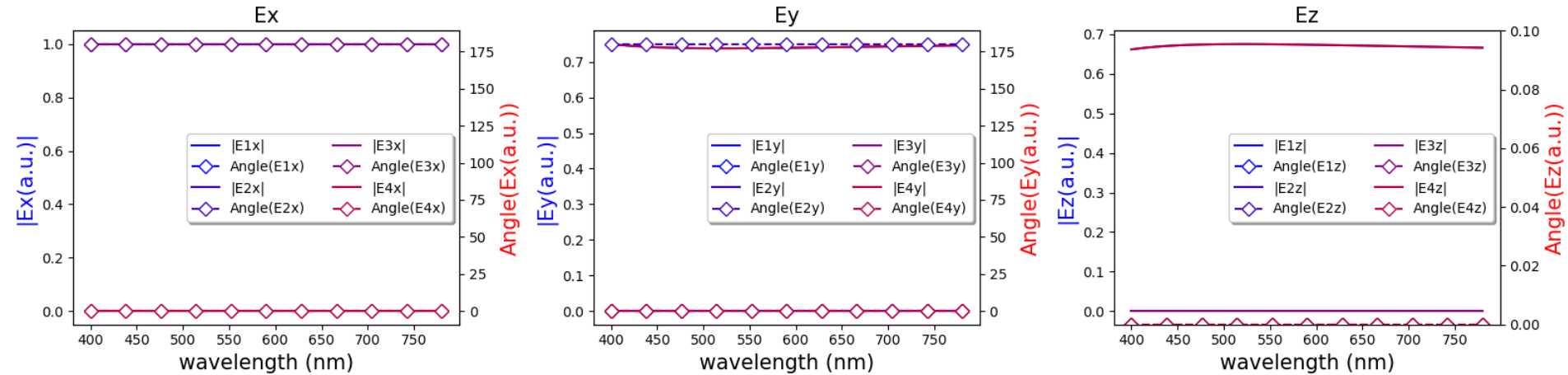
```
>>> plotkzvsf
```



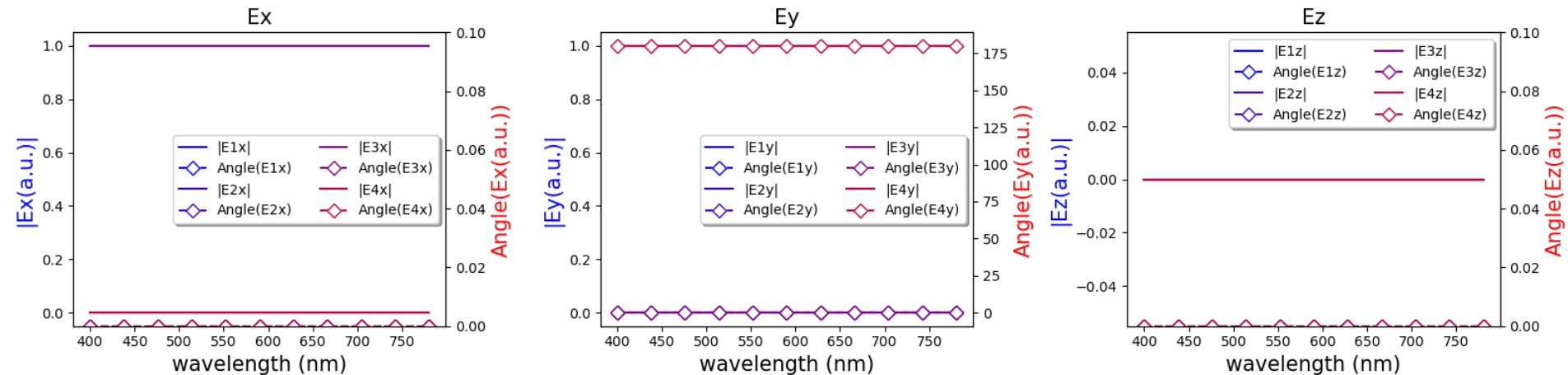
Plot the data (Uniaxial)

```
>>> plotEvsWV
```

B3PYMPM_EvsWV_lxko_1_kyko_1



B3PYMPM_EvsWV_lxko_1_kyko_2



Calculation (Uniaxial)

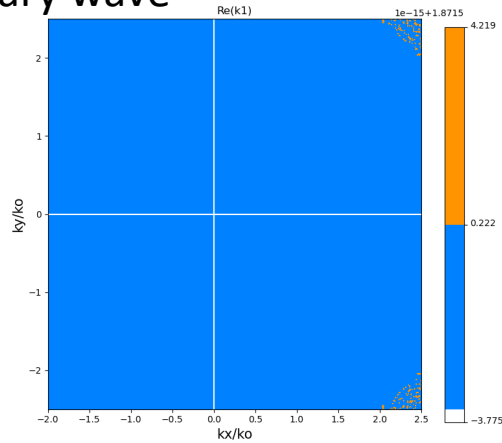
```
>>> SaveFileName B3PYMPM
>>> SaveFilePath ../../Example/materialOpticsCmd/B3PYMPM/Uniaxial/Test_vs_kxky
>>> printSettingInfo
er : B3PYMPM
Fluorescence :
Phosphorescence :
DOF :
Material Name : B3PYMPM
Save File Path : ../../Example/materialOpticsCmd/B3PYMPM/Uniaxial/Test_vs_kxky
Save File Name : B3PYMPM
Figure Show Bool : False
Material Name : B3PYMPM
Permittivity Note :
    PATH:...\..\sim\material n k/
    FILENAME:B3PYMPM_uniaxial
-----
Fluorescence[0] Note :
    /*Empty*/
-----
Phosphorescence[0] Note :
    /*Empty*/
-----
Dipole Orientation Factor[0] Note :
    /*Empty*/
-----
    █

>>> findkzE 520    -2.0:0.01:2.5    -2.5:0.01:2.5
>>> plotkvskxky
>>> plotkzvskxky
>>> plotEvskxky
```

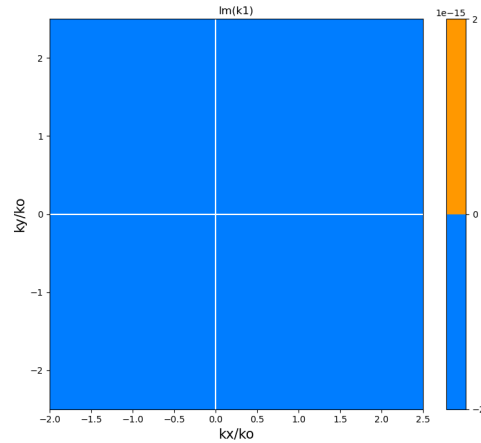
Plot the data (Uniaxial)

```
>>> plotkvskxy
```

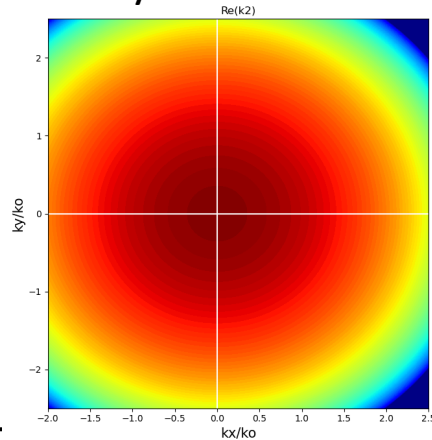
Ordinary wave



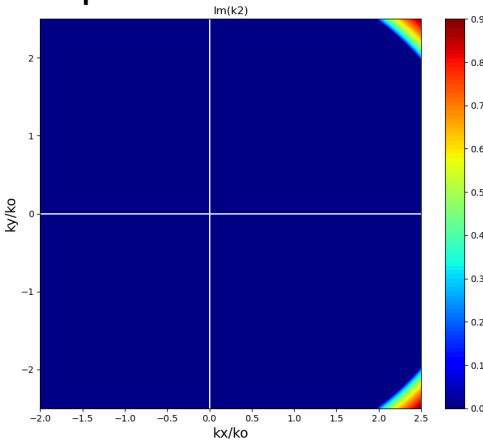
Independent on k_x and k_y



Extraordinary wave



Dependent on k_x and k_y

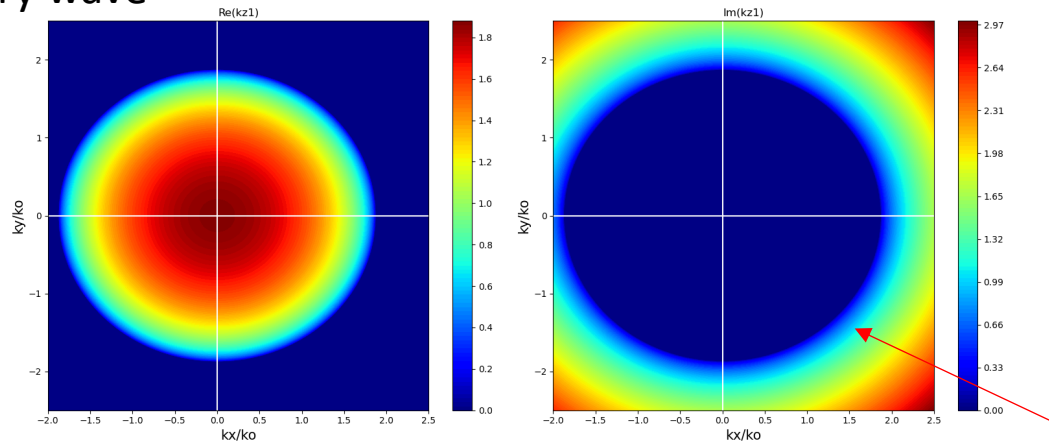


Plot the data (Uniaxial)

```
>>> plotkzvskxy
```

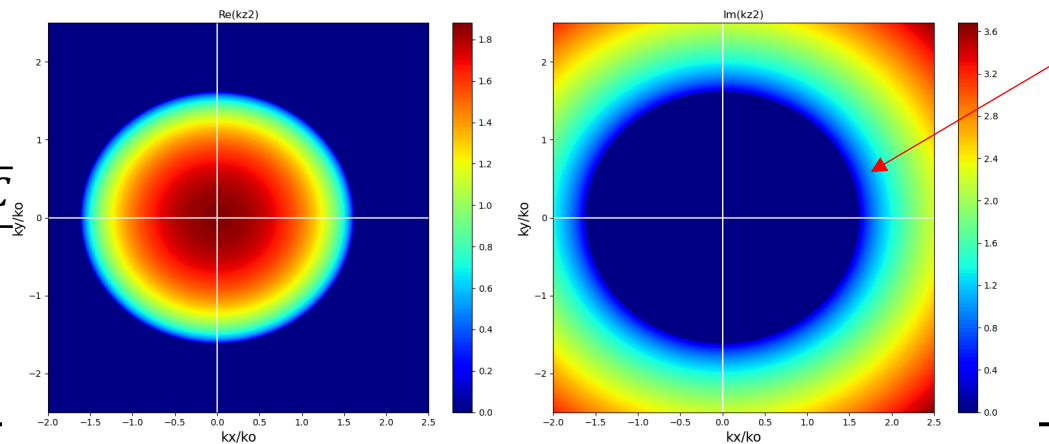
Ordinary wave

$$k'_{z,1} = \sqrt{k_o^2 \epsilon_{11} - k_t'^2}$$



Extraordinary wave

$$k'_{z,2,4} = \frac{B + \sqrt{B^2 - AC}}{A}$$



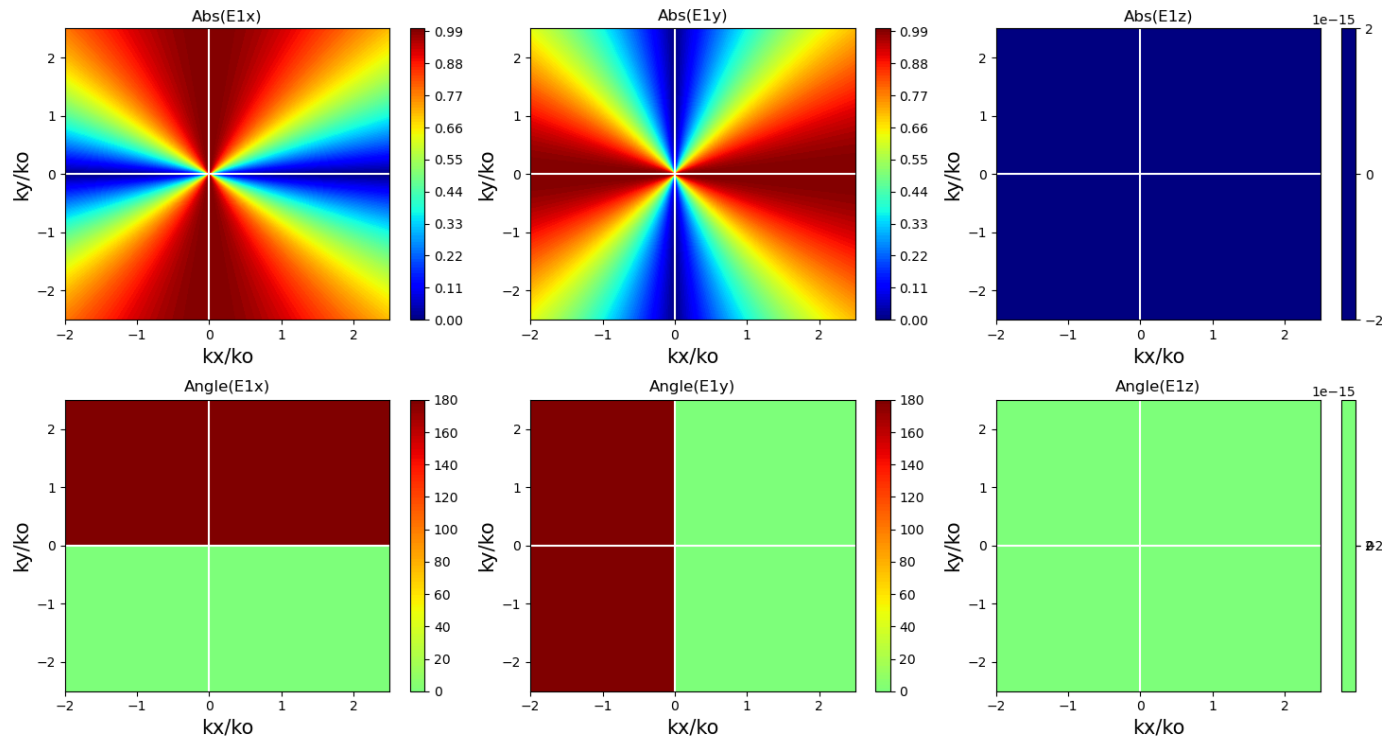
Different size



Plot the data (Uniaxial)

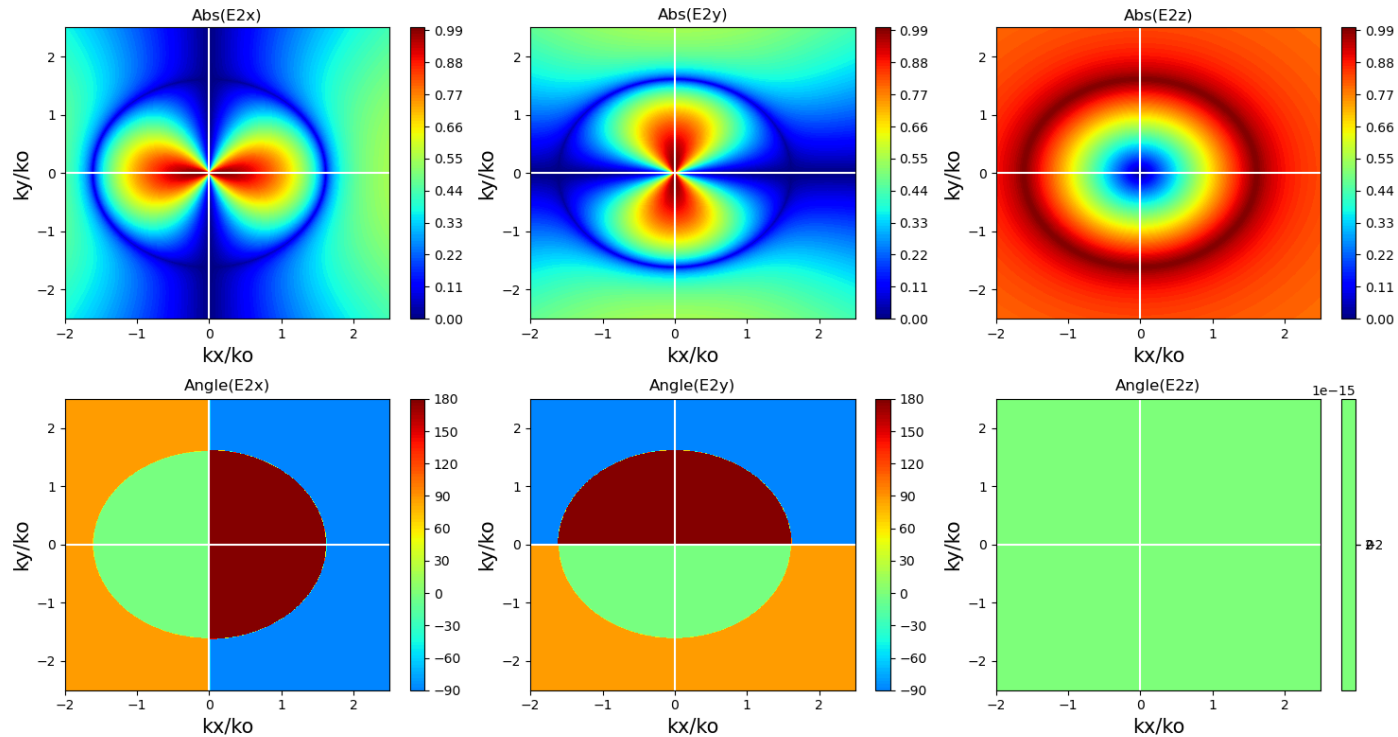
```
>>> plotEvskxky
```

$$e'_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{k'_y}{k'_t} \\ \frac{k'_x}{k_t} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$



Plot the data (Uniaxial)

$$\mathbf{e}'_{2,4} \parallel \bar{\mathbf{R}} \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{k_x k_{z,2,4}}{k_t k} \\ -\frac{k_y k_{z,2,4}}{k_t k} \\ \frac{\epsilon_{11} k_t}{\epsilon_{33} k} \end{bmatrix}$$



Exit the material manager system

Exit the material manager system.

*** The material manager system would be automatically saved into the user's setting directory.

```
>>> exit
```

```
-----  
End running GOODLAB anisotropic simulator ver1.0 Sat Apr 11 20:56:29 2020  
Elapsed time : 0 day(s)/ 0 hr(s)/ 3 min(s)/ 36.592891693115234 sec(s)  
-----
```



Command Structure File

One can type the command lists in a file. The file can be executed by the execution file.

```
materialOpticsCmd-Example-1.txt x
1  ?
2  printSettingInfo
3  SaveFileName B3PYMPM_isotropic
4  SaveFilePath ../../Example/materialOpticsCmd/B3PYMPM/Isotropic/Test_vs_WV
5  changefigshowBool F
6  setNK B3PYMPM_isotropic
7  setFluo cbp_irppy3
8  setMaterialName B3PYMPM_isotropic
9  printSettingInfo
10 generateMaterial
11 printSettingInfo
12 printMaterial
```

Execution file

Command file

```
\LegendDesign\ori_src\Execution>python materialOpticsCmd.py ./Example/materialOpticsCmd-Example-1.txt
```