* Review of ADI, SMART, and weighting and replication for end of study outcome
* You can get extra information by using repeated measurements in a binary SMART.
  + You can sometimes get more power for end of study outcomes.
    - You can sometimes get more power by adding a pretest.
      * We have an approximate power formula for this, although it requires an unrealistic assumption.
      * We also checked the power formula with simulations.
    - You might also get additional power by adding more waves, but it depends.
      * Preliminary simulations suggest that a measurement in the middle doesn’t help much.
      * But multiple followups after the second randomization might help more.
  + You can also estimate new quantities that you couldn’t estimate with only the final endpoint.
    - Examples include AUC and delayed effects.
    - You probably won’t power for these, although power formulas could be derived.
* Appendix 1: Proof for approximate formula
* Appendix 2: How we did the simulations
  + How we simulated from the conditional data-generating model
  + How we calculated the true marginal values
  + How we analyzed the datasets