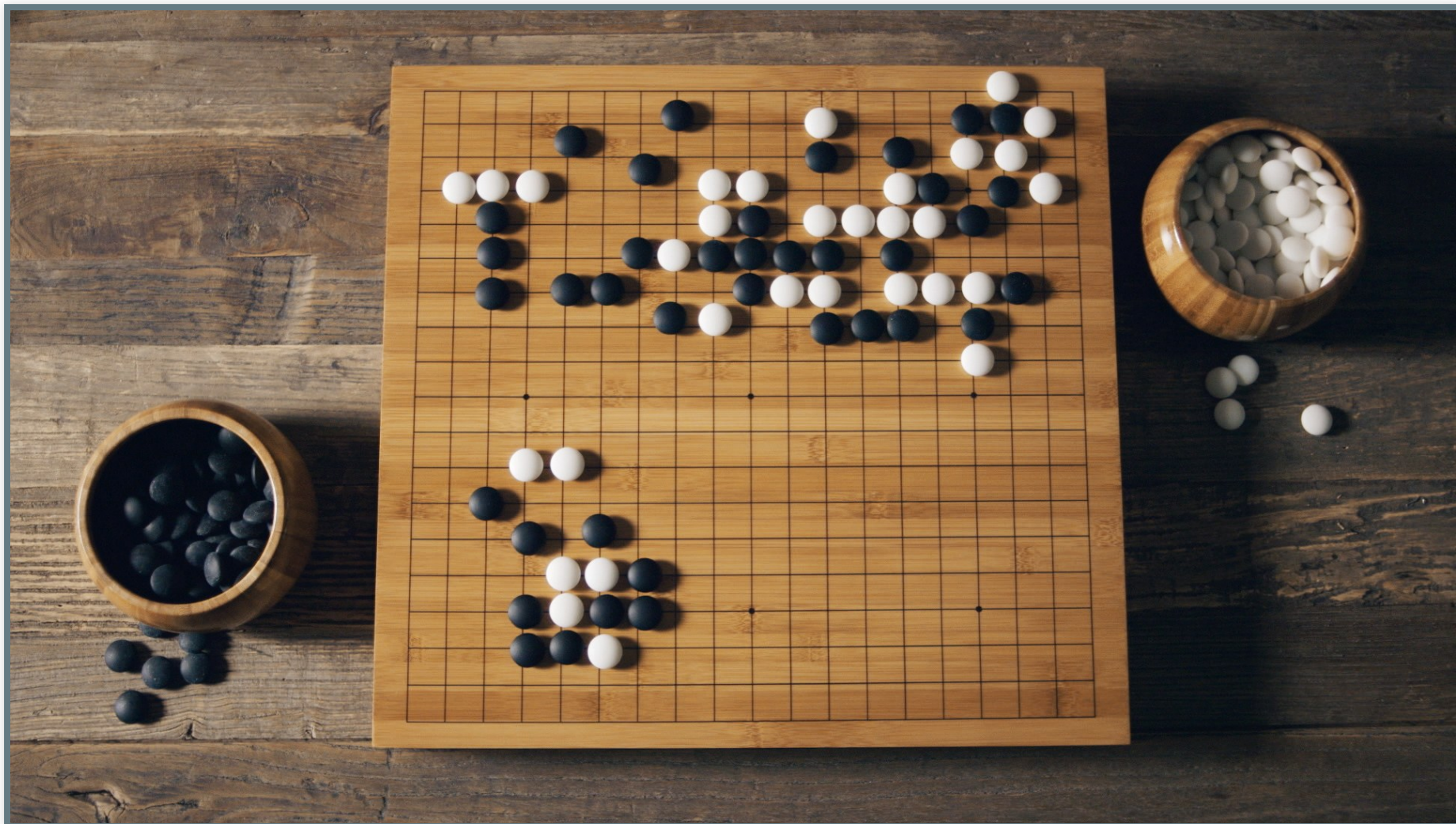


$$[\alpha_0]_{t=0}^{t=3l_0}$$

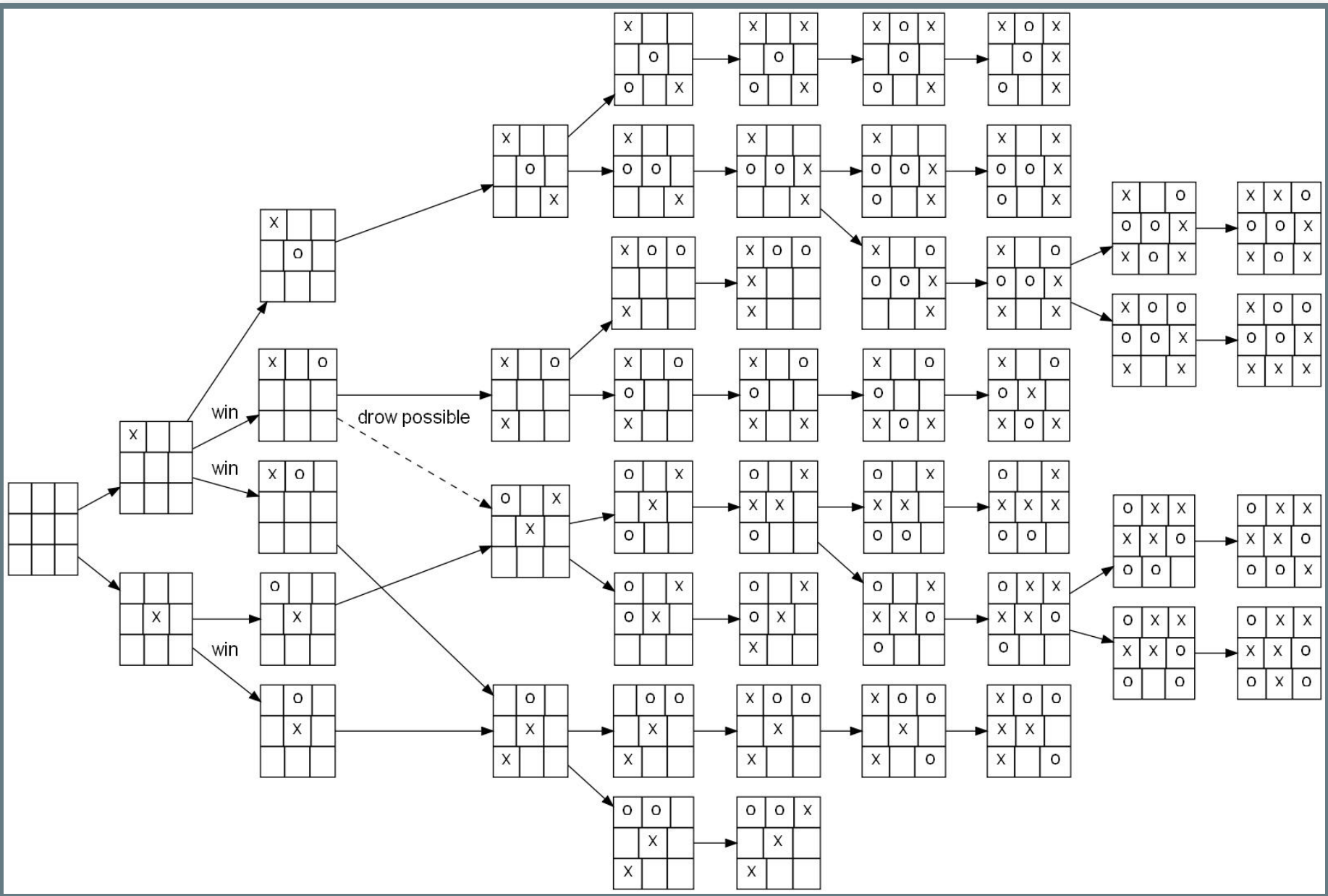
With are only 3 equations ...

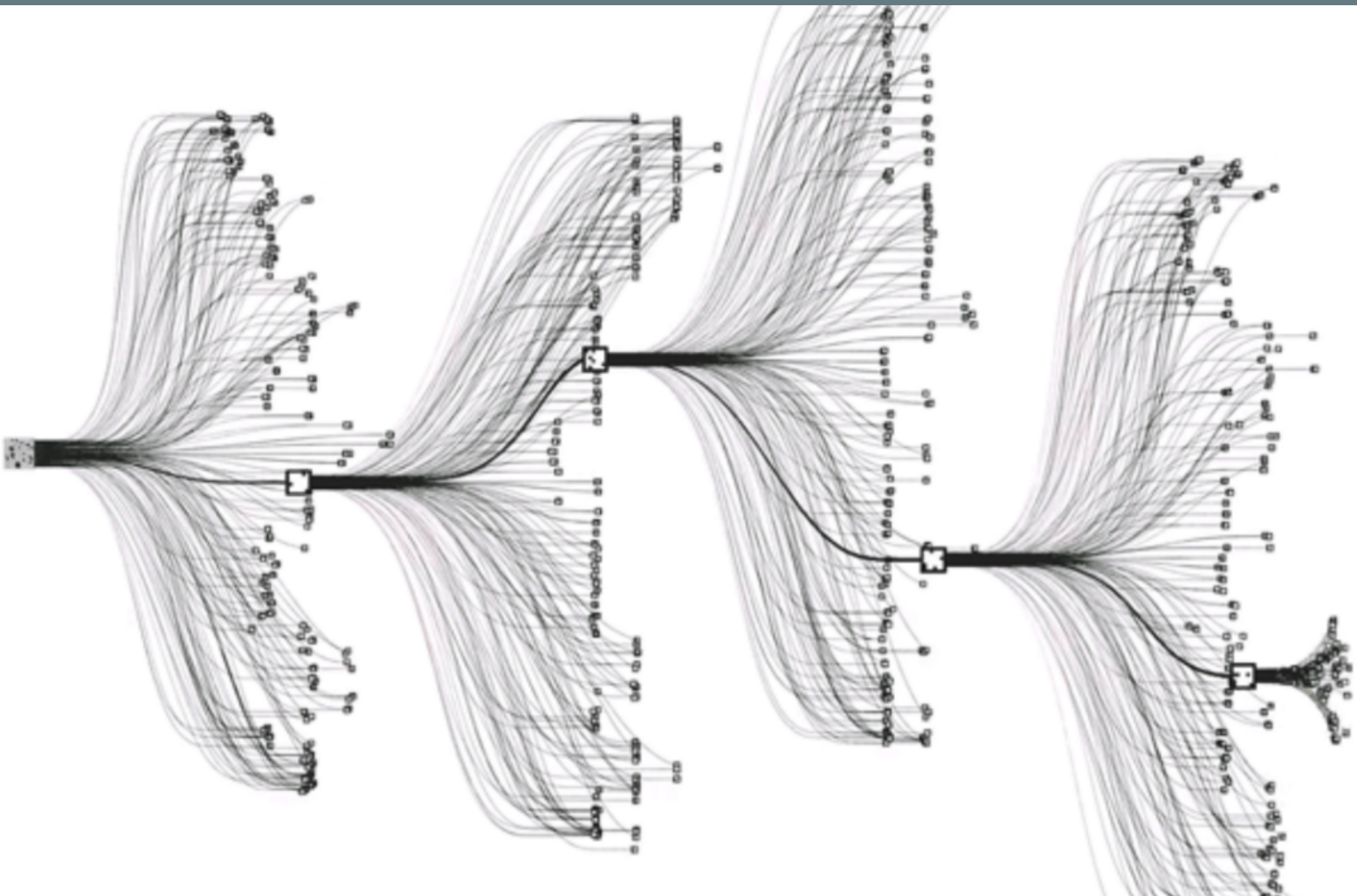
Outline

1. The math behind Go
2. From Crazy Stone -> AlphaGO
3. AlphaGo vs AlphaZero
4. Policy Iteration
5. Policy Improvement (Math alert!)
6. Policy Evaluation
7. Code and demo



- 10^{170} possible states
- 10^{360} possible games for each starting state
- 250 legal moves from each state
- 150 moves for each match





AI in Go

*"The mystery of Go, the ancient game that computers still
can't win" - Wired 2014*

- Go is constructive
- Difficult to build an evaluation functional
- Humans describe more as intuitive game

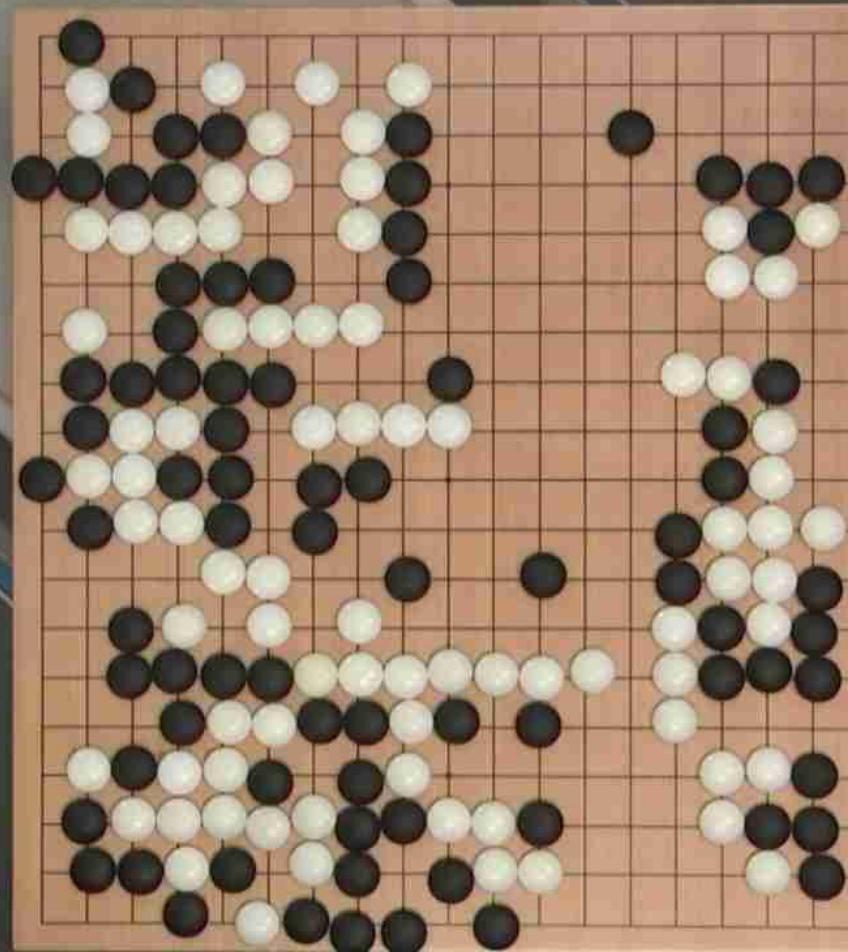
- Adversarial
- Deterministic
- Fully observable

CrazyStone

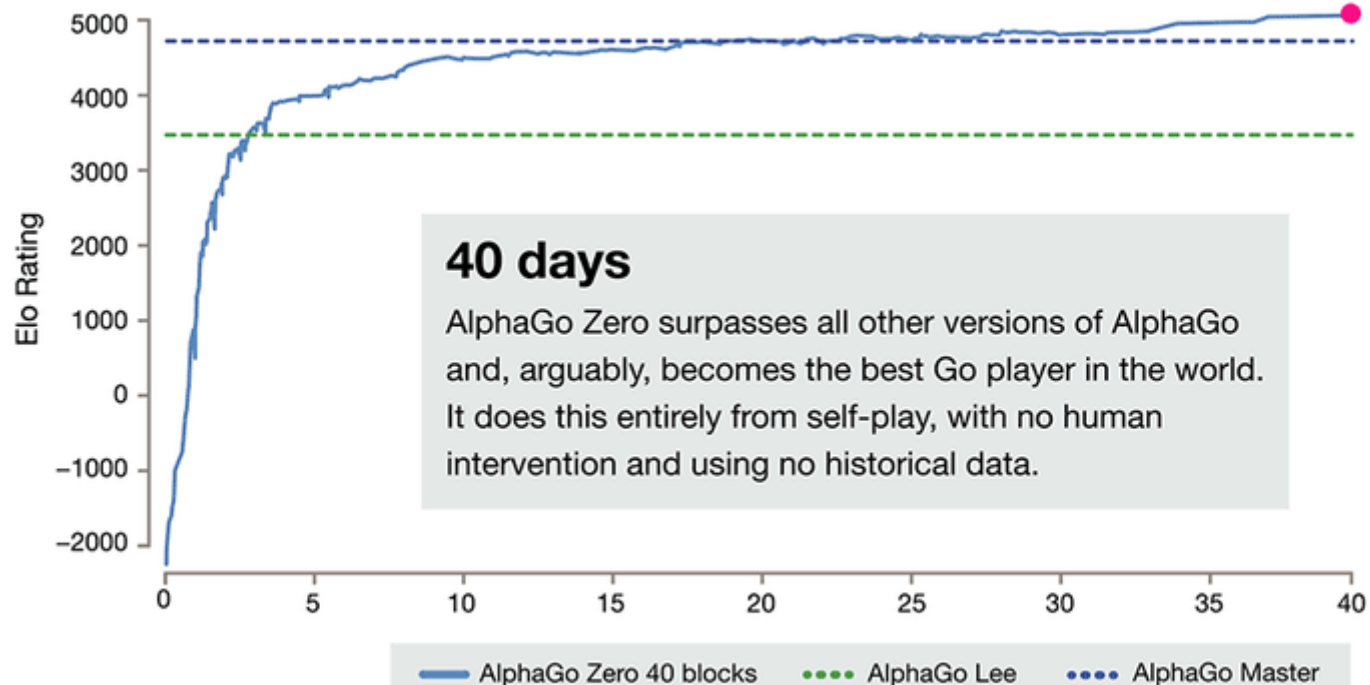




ALPHAGO
00:10:29

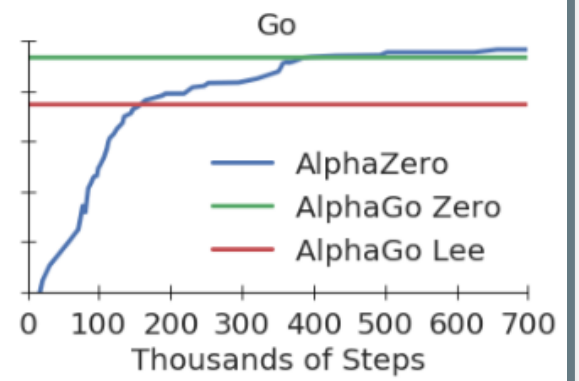
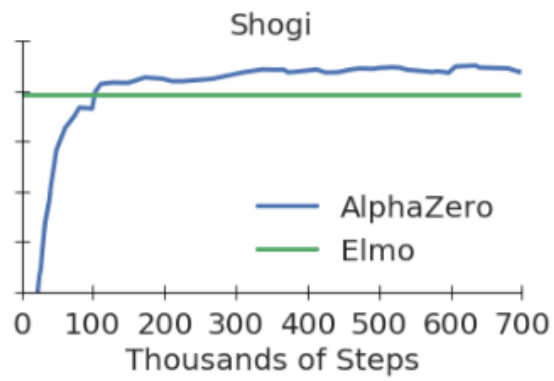
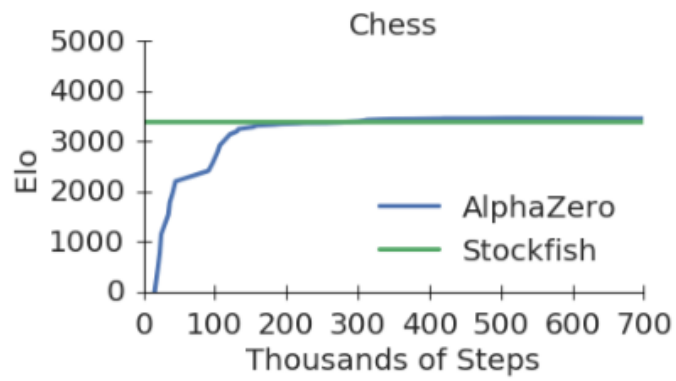


LEE SEDOL
00:01:00



AlphaGo Zero vs AlphaZero

- No data augmentation
- No threshold update
- Diff. exploration noise for each game



Reinforcement Learning

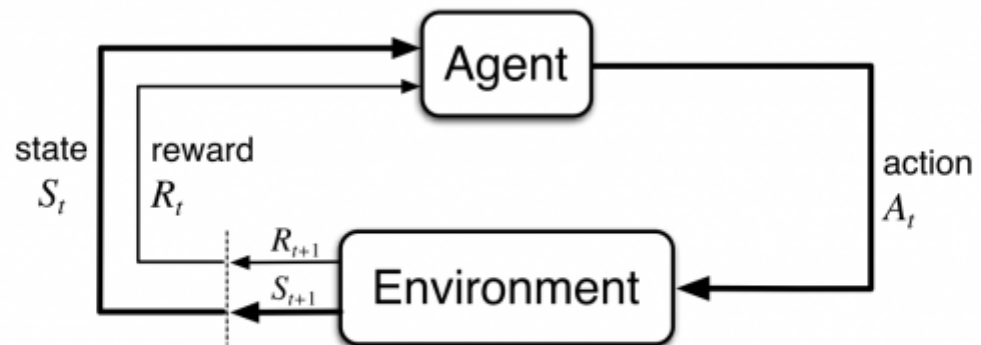


Figure 3.1: The agent–environment interaction in a Markov decision process.

$$v_{\pi}(s) = E_{\pi} \left[\sum_t \gamma^t R_t \mid S_t \right]$$

where:

$$\pi(a \mid s) = P(a \mid s) \quad \forall s \in S$$

Policy Iteration

- Add sudo code policy iterat

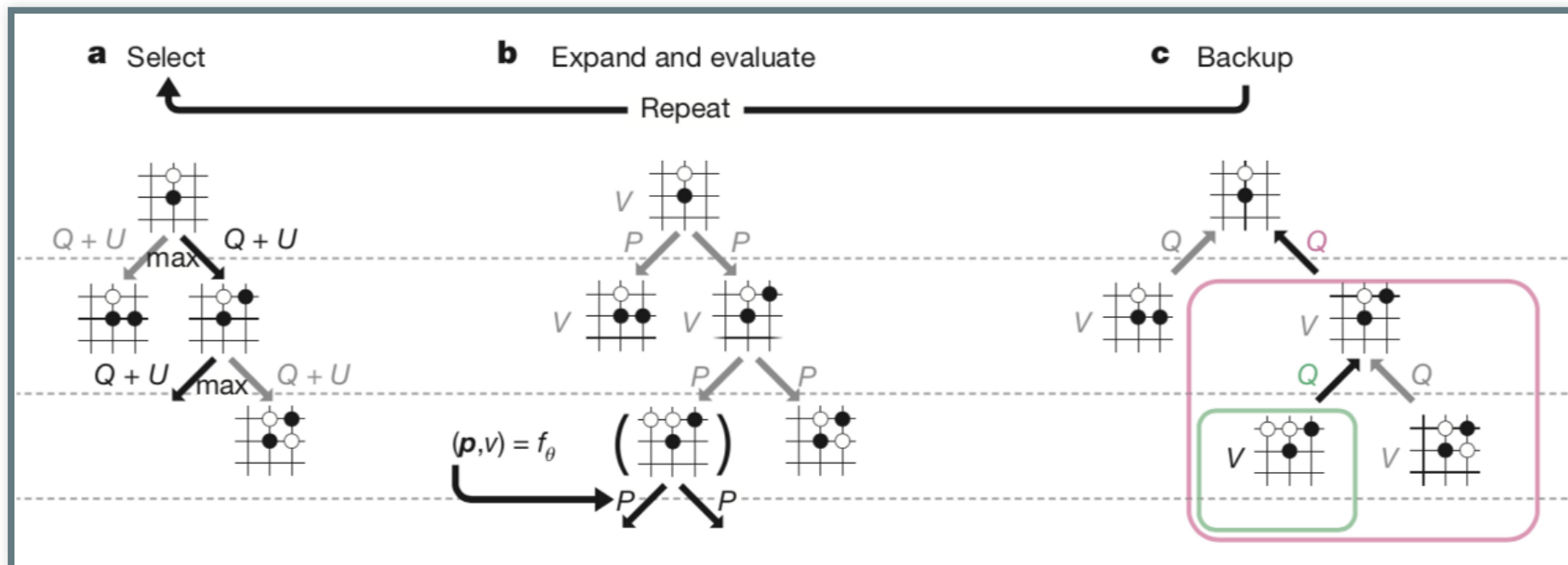
Policy Improvement

Monte-Carlo Tree Search

MCTS is an algorithm to perform sampling based lookahead search.



- Add sudo code MCTS

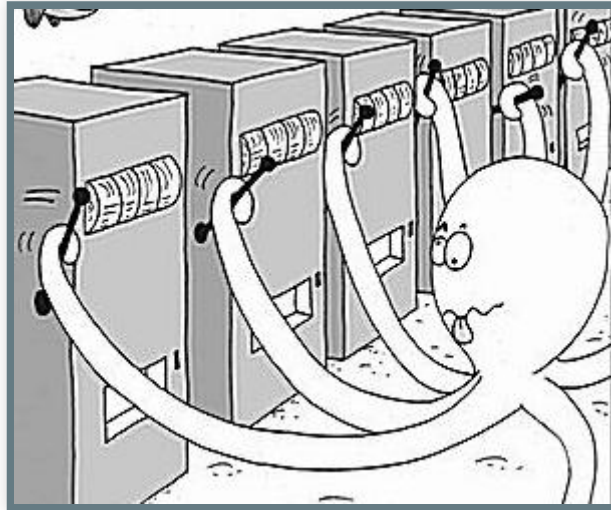


With the backup operation we keep track of:

- $N(s,a)$ visit count
- $W(s,a)$ total action value
- $Q(s,a)$ mean action value
- $P(s,a)$ prior probability

Exploration

- ϵ – *greedy*
- Bandits



$$cP(s, a) \frac{\sqrt{\sum_b N(s, b)}}{1 + N(s, a)}$$

Policy Evaluation

Training

Architecture

Demo

Thank you!



[github/mosc](https://github.com/mosc)

