ASSIGNMENT 02CLASSIFICATION OF EMG DATA

Summary

The objective of this assignment is to classify EMG data into two classes: 1) Aggressive Activities, 2) Normal Activities. Our aim is to find optimal feature vectors for the given time series EMG data and compare different classifiers.

The given dataset is a time series EMG data with 10000 samples (15 actions per experimental session) each for 8 channels (4 for arms, 4 for legs)

Features Extracted

Since the 10000 samples are representing the same action being repeated 15 times so we take segments of length 10000/15 = 666 to compute the feature vectors

- **1) Time Series Statistics :** For each segment for each channel we compute the mean, variance, skewness and kurtosis as the features.
- **2) Inter Channel Statistics :** We compute the cross correlation between any two arm or leg channels and take its maximum value.
- **3) Log Moments of Fourier Spectra (LMF):** We calculate the L point fourier transform for the segment. We then square the absolute of the coefficients. We then calculate the ith frequency domain moments. Using that we compute the 7 moment features and the 10 pairwise moment features for each channel,
- 4) Spectral Band Powers: For each channel of the p-th pattern, assuming a model order ν , we calculate the power spectral density estimate and then take N bands and calculate the power for each band

Classification

We classify the data into two classes

- 1) Aggressive Activities
- 2) Normal Activities

We test different classifiers for the given feature data and compare their accuracy.

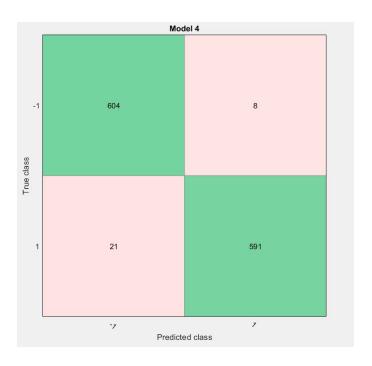
Comparison of The Different Classifiers

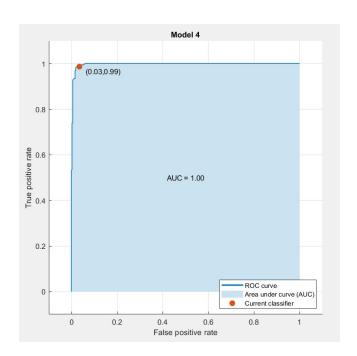
CLASSIFIER	ACCURACY
Linear SVM	97.6%
Poly SVM	99.4%
Gaussian SVM	99.4%
KNN	99.4%
Decision Trees	100%
Bagged Trees	100%

Linear SVM

Accuracy : 97.6%

Confusion Matrix:



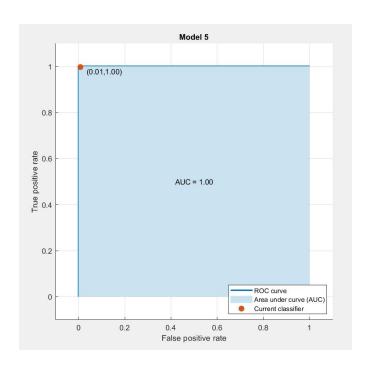


Polynomial SVM

Accuracy : 99.4%

Confusion Matrix:

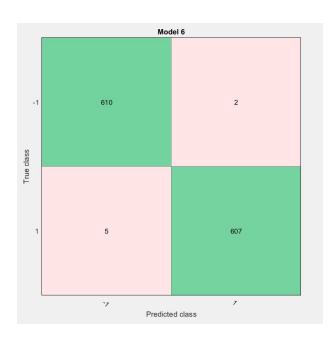


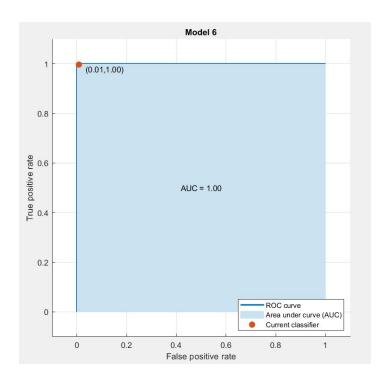


Gaussian SVM

Accuracy : 99.4%

Confusion Matrix:

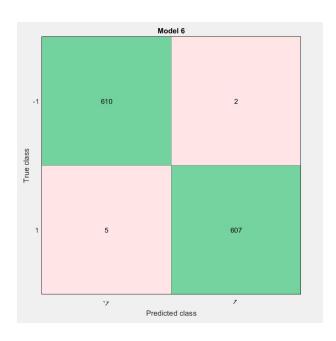


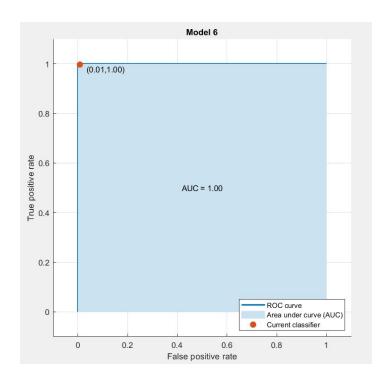


K Nearest Neighbours

Accuracy : 99.4%

Confusion Matrix:

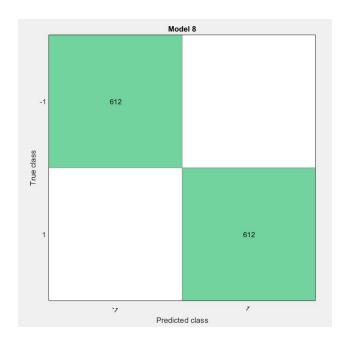


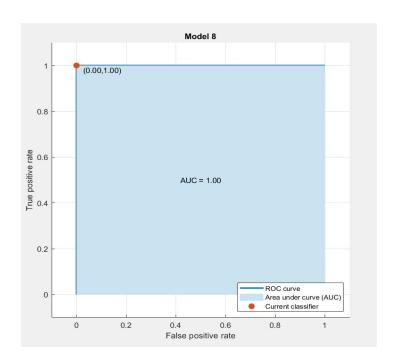


Decision Tree

Accuracy: 100%

Confusion Matrix:

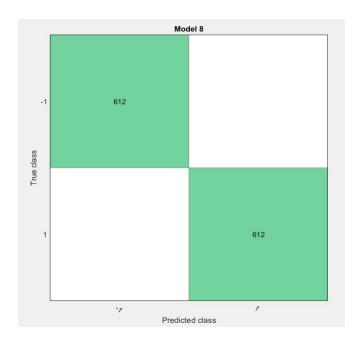


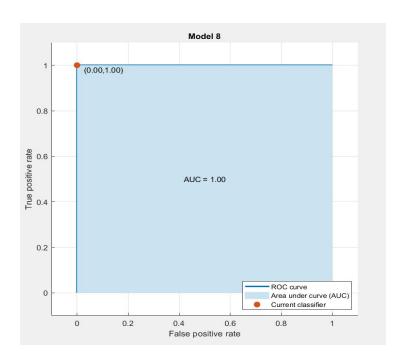


Bagged Trees

Accuracy: 100%

Confusion Matrix:





Code for Best Classifiers (Bagged Trees):

```
Base Code:
clc;
clear;
clear all;
a = ["sub1", "sub2", "sub3", "sub4"];
b = ["Aggressive", "Normal"];
data1 = [];
data2 = [];
feat1 = [];
feat2 = \Pi;
for i = 1:4
  for j = 1:2
     for k = 1:10
       if j == 1
         file = strcat(a(i),"\",b(j),"\txt");
         files = dir(fullfile(file,"*.txt"));
         data11 = importdata(files(k).name);
         %Feature Extraction
         for n = 1:666: length(data11)
            disp(k);
            datax = data11(n:min((n+666),length(data11)),:);
            f1 = time_fec(datax); % Time Series Statistics Features
            f2 = Imf_moment(datax); %LMF
            f3 = ics_fec(datax); %Cross Correlation
```

```
f4 = sbp_burg(datax,2); %SPB using burg's method
           ff = [f1 f2 f3 f4 1];
           feat1 = [feat1' ff'];
           feat1 = feat1';
         end
       end
       if j == 2
         file = strcat(a(i),"\",b(j),"\txt");
         files = dir(fullfile(file,"*.txt"));
         data22 = importdata(files(k).name);
         for n = 1:666: length(data22)
            disp(k);
            datax = data22(n:min((n+666), length(data22)),:);
           f1 = time_fec(datax);
           f2 = Imf_moment(datax);
           f3 = ics_fec(datax);
           f4 = sbp_burg(datax,2);
           ff = [f1 f2 f3 f4 -1];
           feat2 = [feat2' ff'];
           feat2 = feat2';
         end
       end
    end
  end
end
N = min(length(feat1'),length(feat2'));
trainingdata(1:2:2*N-1,:) = feat1(1:N,:);
trainingdata(2:2:2*N,:) = feat2(1:N,:);
[classifier validacc] = trainClassifier(trainingdata);
partitionedModel = crossval(classifier.ClassificationEnsemble, 'KFold', 5);
```

```
% Compute validation predictions
[validationPredictions, validationScores] = kfoldPredict(partitionedModel);
% Compute validation accuracy
validationAccuracy = 1 - kfoldLoss(partitionedModel, 'LossFun', 'ClassifError');
confmat = confustionmat(trainingdata(:,261),validationPredictions);
Classifier Code:
*In certain lines the code for input table entries etc was too long so to minimize it I
have represented it as "....."
function [trainedClassifier, validationAccuracy] = trainClassifier(trainingData)
inputTable = array2table(trainingData, 'VariableNames', {'column_1', 'column_2', 'column_3',
'column_4', 'column_5', 'column_6', 'column_7', 'column_8', 'column_9', 'column_10',
......'column_260', 'column_261'});
predictorNames = {'column_1', 'column_2', 'column_3', 'column_4', 'column_5', 'column_6',
'column_7', 'column_8', 'column_9', 'column_10', 'column_11', 'column_12', 'column_13',
......'column_257', 'column_258', 'column_259',
'column_260'};
predictors = inputTable(:, predictorNames);
response = inputTable.column_261;
isCategoricalPredictor = [false, false, false, false, false, false, false, false, false, false, false,
false, false, ....., false];
```

```
% Train a classifier
% This code specifies all the classifier options and trains the classifier.
template = templateTree(...
  'MaxNumSplits', 1223);
classificationEnsemble = fitcensemble(...
  predictors, ...
  response, ...
  'Method', 'Bag', ...
  'NumLearningCycles', 30, ...
  'Learners', template, ...
  'ClassNames', [-1; 1]);
% Create the result struct with predict function
predictorExtractionFcn = @(x) array2table(x, 'VariableNames', predictorNames);
ensemblePredictFcn = @(x) predict(classificationEnsemble, x);
trainedClassifier.predictFcn = @(x) ensemblePredictFcn(predictorExtractionFcn(x));
% Add additional fields to the result struct
trainedClassifier.ClassificationEnsemble = classificationEnsemble;
% Extract predictors and response
```

```
% This code processes the data into the right shape for training the
% model.
% Convert input to table
inputTable = array2table(trainingData, 'VariableNames', {'column 1', 'column 2', 'column 3',
'column 4', 'column 5',.....'column 257',
'column_258', 'column_259', 'column_260', 'column_261'});
predictorNames = {'column_1', 'column_2', 'column_3', 'column_4', 'column_5', 'column_6',
......'column 254', 'column 255', 'column 256', 'column 257',
'column_258', 'column_259', 'column_260'};
predictors = inputTable(:, predictorNames);
response = inputTable.column_261;
isCategoricalPredictor = [false, false, false, false, false, false, false, false, false,
false,...., false];
%...... Represents repeating data
% Perform cross-validation
partitionedModel = crossval(trainedClassifier.ClassificationEnsemble, 'KFold', 5);
% Compute validation predictions
[validationPredictions, validationScores] = kfoldPredict(partitionedModel);
% Compute validation accuracy
validationAccuracy = 1 - kfoldLoss(partitionedModel, 'LossFun', 'ClassifError');
```