# a3\_cifar10

# August 5, 2019

- assignment problem. The red color indicates the task that should be done
- debugging. The green tells you what is expected outcome. Its primarily goal is to help you get the correct answer
- comments, hints.

# 1 Assignment 3 (CNN)

**Useful References:** \* official pytorch cifar10 tutorial

https://pytorch.org/tutorials/beginner/blitz/cifar10\_tutorial.html \* tensorboard in colab https://www.tensorflow.org/tensorboard/r2/tensorboard\_in\_notebooks \* tensorboard & colab

https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1NbEqqB42VSzYt-mmb4ESc8yxL05U2TIV https://medium.com/looka-engineering/how-to-use-tensorboard-with-pytorch-in-google-colab-1f76a938bc34

#### 1.1 Preliminaries

#### Check the environment

[1]: !pwd

/home/dima/UCU/ComputerVision/Repos/ComputerVision/homework5/assignments

[2]: !nvidia-smi

Mon Aug 5 02:12:51 2019

NVID	IA-SMI	390.1	16		Driver Version: 390.116			
GPU   Fan	Name Temp	Perf	Persiste Pwr:Usag	ence-M  ge/Cap	Bus-Id Men	Disp.A nory-Usage	   Volatile   GPU-Util	Uncorr. ECC   Compute M.
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1

-	Proces	PU Memory				
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- [	======				=======	=
-	0	2360	G	/usr/lib/xorg/Xorg	257MiB	1
-	0	3255	G	/usr/bin/gnome-shell	126MiB	-
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-	0	4247	G	quest-channel-token=7231672911215649333	79MiB	-
-	0	11465	G	quest-channel-token=6908275127681227519	33MiB	-
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# Install missing packages

```
[3]: # [colab version] latest version of tensorflow in order to use tensorboard ⇒inside the notebook # !pip install -q tf-nightly-2.0-preview
```

## Load libs, set settings

[4]: import numpy as np

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    import datetime
    import torch
    import torchvision
    import torchvision.transforms as transforms
    import time
    # for tensorboard
    from torch.utils.tensorboard import SummaryWriter
[5]: # random seed settings
    torch.manual_seed(42)
    np.random.seed(42)
[6]: # Load the TensorBoard notebook extension
    %load_ext tensorboard
    # for auto-reloading external modules (files, etc.)
    %load_ext autoreload
    %autoreload 2
    # to be able to make plots inline the notebook
    # (actually no need for the colab version)
    %matplotlib inline
    # make plots a bit nicer
    plt.matplotlib.rcParams.update({'font.size': 18, 'font.family': 'serif'})
```

# 1.2 Define pathes

```
[7]: # path for dataset (will be not there after end of session)
path_data = "data/cifar10"
```

#### 1.3 Data

Using torchvision load CIFAR10.

The output of torchvision datasets are PILImage images of range [0, 1]. We transform them to Tensors of normalized range [-1, 1].

Files already downloaded and verified Files already downloaded and verified

```
[9]: ls data/cifar10
```

```
cifar-10-batches-py/ cifar-10-python.tar.gz
```

Let us show some of the training images, for fun.

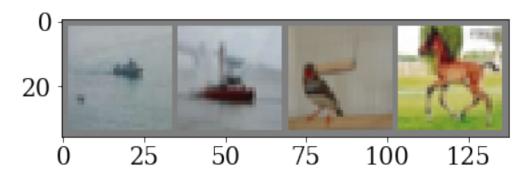
```
[10]: # functions to show an image
    def imshow(img):
        img = img / 2 + 0.5  # unnormalize
        npimg = img.numpy()
        plt.imshow(np.transpose(npimg, (1, 2, 0)))

# get some random training images
    images, labels = next(iter(trainloader))

# show images
```

```
imshow(torchvision.utils.make_grid(images))
# print labels
print(' '.join('%5s' % classes[labels[j]] for j in range(4)))
```

ship ship bird horse



### 1.4 Define a Convolution Neural Network

Copy the neural network from the Neural Networks section before and modify it to take 3-channel images (instead of 1-channel images as it was defined).

```
[11]: import torch.nn as nn
     import torch.nn.functional as F
     class Net(nn.Module):
         def __init__(self):
             super(Net, self).__init__()
             self.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(3, 32, 3, padding=1)
             self.conv2 = nn.Conv2d(32, 32, 3, padding=1)
             self.dropout1 = nn.Dropout(0.2)
             self.pool = nn.MaxPool2d(2, 2)
             self.conv3 = nn.Conv2d(32, 64, 3, padding=1)
             self.conv4 = nn.Conv2d(64, 64, 3, padding=1)
             self.dropout2 = nn.Dropout(0.2)
             self.conv5 = nn.Conv2d(64, 128, 3, padding=1)
             self.conv6 = nn.Conv2d(128, 128, 3, padding=1)
             self.dropout3 = nn.Dropout(0.2)
             self.fc1 = nn.Linear(128 * 4 * 4, 512)
             self.dropout4 = nn.Dropout(0.2)
             self.fc2 = nn.Linear(512, 128)
             self.dropout5 = nn.Dropout(0.2)
             self.fc3 = nn.Linear(128, 10)
         def forward(self, x):
```

```
x = F.relu(self.conv1(x))
        x = F.relu(self.conv2(x))
        x = self.pool(x)
        x = self.dropout1(x)
        x = F.relu(self.conv3(x))
        x = F.relu(self.conv4(x))
        x = self.pool(x)
        x = self.dropout2(x)
        x = F.relu(self.conv5(x))
        x = F.relu(self.conv6(x))
        x = self.pool(x)
        x = self.dropout3(x)
        x = x.view(-1, 128 * 4 * 4)
        x = F.relu(self.fc1(x))
        x = self.dropout4(x)
        x = F.relu(self.fc2(x))
        x = self.dropout5(x)
        x = self.fc3(x)
        return x
net_name = "vgg_3block_v2_dropout"
net = Net()
```

### 1.5 Define a Loss function

Let's use a Classification Cross-Entropy loss

```
[12]: criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
```

## 1.6 Set-up training

```
[13]: def calc_accuracy(dataloader, model, device):
    correct = 0
    total = 0
    with torch.no_grad():
        for input_data, target in dataloader:
            target = target.to(device=device)
            input_data = input_data.to(device=device)
            outputs = model(input_data)
            _, predicted = torch.max(outputs.data, 1)
            total += target.size(0)
            correct += (predicted == target).sum().item()
    return 100 * correct / total
```

```
def calc_loss(dataloader, model, device):
         correct = 0
         total = 0
         losses = []
         with torch.no_grad():
             for input_data, target in dataloader:
                 target = target.to(device=device)
                 input_data = input_data.to(device=device)
                 outputs = model(input_data)
                 loss = criterion(outputs, target)
                 losses.append(loss.item())
         return np.mean(losses)
[14]: def train_epoch(train_loader, model, criterion, optimizer, scheduler,
                     epoch, device, log_interval, globaliter):
         # switch to train mode
         model.train()
         # adjust_learning_rate
         if scheduler is not None:
             scheduler.step()
         for batch_idx, (input_data, target) in enumerate(train_loader):
             # TODO: do in other way (this is global batch index, for logging)
             globaliter += 1
             # extract batch data
             target = target.to(device=device)
             input_data = input_data.to(device=device)
             # compute output
             output = model(input_data)
             loss = criterion(output, target)
             # compute gradient and do optimizer step
             optimizer.zero_grad()
             loss.backward()
             optimizer.step()
             # logging
             if batch_idx % log_interval == 0:
                 print('Train Epoch: {} [{}/{} ({:.0f}%)]\tLoss: {:.6f}'.format(
                           epoch, batch_idx * len(input_data), len(train_loader.
      →dataset),
                           100. * batch_idx / len(train_loader), loss.item()))
```

```
# log loss
writer.add_scalar('Train/IterationsVsLoss', loss.item(), globaliter)
# log LR
lr = scheduler.get_lr()[0]
writer.add_scalar('Train/LearningRate', lr, globaliter)
return globaliter
```

# 1.7 Logging

```
[15]: # path for dataset (will be not there after end of session)
    current_time = str(datetime.datetime.now().timestamp())
    path_log = 'logs/tensorboard/' + net_name + "_" + current_time

# set-up writer
    writer = SummaryWriter(path_log)

[16]: # Model (and Images) to TensorBoard (TB)
    images, labels = next(iter(trainloader))
    grid = torchvision.utils.make_grid(images)
    writer.add_image('images', grid, 0)

# net to TB
    device = torch.device('cpu')
    net = net.to(device=device)
    writer.add_graph(net, images)

[17]: %tensorboard --logdir logs/tensorboard
```

Reusing TensorBoard on port 6006 (pid 9744), started 3:56:38 ago. (Use '!kill 9744' to kill it <IPython.lib.display.IFrame at 0x7efb9cdac9e8>

## 1.8 Training

```
device = 'cuda'
globaliter = 0
device = torch.device(device)
net = net.to(device=device)
start = time.time()
for epoch in range(1, n_epochs + 1):
    globaliter = train_epoch(trainloader, net, criterion, optimizer, scheduler, __
 →epoch, device, 500, globaliter)
    writer.add_scalar('Train/EpochsVsLoss', calc_loss(trainloader, net, ___
 →device), epoch)
    writer add scalar('Test/EpochsVsLoss', calc loss(testloader, net, device),
    writer.add_scalar('Train/EpochsVsAccuracy', calc_accuracy(trainloader, net,_
 →device), epoch)
    writer.add_scalar('Test/EpochsVsAccuracy', calc_accuracy(testloader, net,_
 →device), epoch)
end = time.time()
writer.add_scalar('Train/ExecutionTime_{{}}'.format(device), end - start)
```

```
Loss: 2.302413
Train Epoch: 1 [0/50000 (0%)]
Train Epoch: 1 [2000/50000 (4%)]
                                        Loss: 2.306021
Train Epoch: 1 [4000/50000 (8%)]
                                        Loss: 2.279253
Train Epoch: 1 [6000/50000 (12%)]
                                        Loss: 2.313576
Train Epoch: 1 [8000/50000 (16%)]
                                        Loss: 2.283106
Train Epoch: 1 [10000/50000 (20%)]
                                        Loss: 2.325875
Train Epoch: 1 [12000/50000 (24%)]
                                        Loss: 2.297396
Train Epoch: 1 [14000/50000 (28%)]
                                        Loss: 2.281273
Train Epoch: 1 [16000/50000 (32%)]
                                        Loss: 2.322986
Train Epoch: 1 [18000/50000 (36%)]
                                        Loss: 2.314445
Train Epoch: 1 [20000/50000 (40%)]
                                        Loss: 2.296417
Train Epoch: 1 [22000/50000 (44%)]
                                        Loss: 2.287430
Train Epoch: 1 [24000/50000 (48%)]
                                        Loss: 2.322195
Train Epoch: 1 [26000/50000 (52%)]
                                        Loss: 2.283132
Train Epoch: 1 [28000/50000 (56%)]
                                        Loss: 2.302885
Train Epoch: 1 [30000/50000 (60%)]
                                        Loss: 2.305017
Train Epoch: 1 [32000/50000 (64%)]
                                        Loss: 2.298969
Train Epoch: 1 [34000/50000 (68%)]
                                        Loss: 2.259380
Train Epoch: 1 [36000/50000 (72%)]
                                        Loss: 2.298090
Train Epoch: 1 [38000/50000 (76%)]
                                        Loss: 2.298517
Train Epoch: 1 [40000/50000 (80%)]
                                        Loss: 2.266521
Train Epoch: 1 [42000/50000 (84%)]
                                        Loss: 2.269654
Train Epoch: 1 [44000/50000 (88%)]
                                        Loss: 2.276579
Train Epoch: 1 [46000/50000 (92%)]
                                        Loss: 1.807100
Train Epoch: 1 [48000/50000 (96%)]
                                        Loss: 2.206672
Train Epoch: 2 [0/50000 (0%)]
                              Loss: 2.037696
```

```
Train Epoch: 2 [2000/50000 (4%)]
                                         Loss: 2.807856
Train Epoch: 2 [4000/50000 (8%)]
                                         Loss: 2.522194
Train Epoch: 2 [6000/50000 (12%)]
                                         Loss: 1.994397
Train Epoch: 2 [8000/50000 (16%)]
                                         Loss: 1.336990
Train Epoch: 2 [10000/50000 (20%)]
                                         Loss: 2.429588
Train Epoch: 2 [12000/50000 (24%)]
                                         Loss: 2.823310
Train Epoch: 2 [14000/50000 (28%)]
                                         Loss: 1.412503
Train Epoch: 2 [16000/50000 (32%)]
                                         Loss: 1.725552
Train Epoch: 2 [18000/50000 (36%)]
                                         Loss: 1.541113
Train Epoch: 2 [20000/50000 (40%)]
                                         Loss: 1.420707
Train Epoch: 2 [22000/50000 (44%)]
                                         Loss: 1.163422
Train Epoch: 2 [24000/50000 (48%)]
                                         Loss: 1.535677
Train Epoch: 2 [26000/50000 (52%)]
                                         Loss: 1.567748
Train Epoch: 2 [28000/50000 (56%)]
                                         Loss: 1.596470
Train Epoch: 2 [30000/50000 (60%)]
                                         Loss: 1.345752
Train Epoch: 2 [32000/50000 (64%)]
                                         Loss: 1.506351
Train Epoch: 2 [34000/50000 (68%)]
                                         Loss: 1.405900
Train Epoch: 2 [36000/50000 (72%)]
                                         Loss: 1.676985
Train Epoch: 2 [38000/50000 (76%)]
                                         Loss: 2.233533
Train Epoch: 2 [40000/50000 (80%)]
                                         Loss: 1.469631
Train Epoch: 2 [42000/50000 (84%)]
                                         Loss: 1.790094
Train Epoch: 2 [44000/50000 (88%)]
                                         Loss: 1.672816
Train Epoch: 2 [46000/50000 (92%)]
                                         Loss: 1.320435
Train Epoch: 2 [48000/50000 (96%)]
                                         Loss: 0.924370
Train Epoch: 3 [0/50000 (0%)]
                                 Loss: 1.914663
Train Epoch: 3 [2000/50000 (4%)]
                                         Loss: 1.676053
Train Epoch: 3 [4000/50000 (8%)]
                                         Loss: 1.889041
Train Epoch: 3 [6000/50000 (12%)]
                                         Loss: 1.087935
Train Epoch: 3 [8000/50000 (16%)]
                                         Loss: 1.668571
Train Epoch: 3 [10000/50000 (20%)]
                                         Loss: 1.254669
Train Epoch: 3 [12000/50000 (24%)]
                                         Loss: 1.006042
Train Epoch: 3 [14000/50000 (28%)]
                                         Loss: 1.053289
Train Epoch: 3 [16000/50000 (32%)]
                                         Loss: 1.795834
Train Epoch: 3 [18000/50000 (36%)]
                                         Loss: 0.605243
Train Epoch: 3 [20000/50000 (40%)]
                                         Loss: 1.402145
Train Epoch: 3 [22000/50000 (44%)]
                                         Loss: 1.598189
Train Epoch: 3 [24000/50000 (48%)]
                                         Loss: 0.825855
Train Epoch: 3 [26000/50000 (52%)]
                                         Loss: 1.731425
Train Epoch: 3 [28000/50000 (56%)]
                                         Loss: 0.708877
                                         Loss: 0.693768
Train Epoch: 3 [30000/50000 (60%)]
Train Epoch: 3 [32000/50000 (64%)]
                                         Loss: 1.573269
Train Epoch: 3 [34000/50000 (68%)]
                                         Loss: 0.501931
Train Epoch: 3 [36000/50000 (72%)]
                                         Loss: 1.014184
Train Epoch: 3 [38000/50000 (76%)]
                                         Loss: 1.292787
Train Epoch: 3 [40000/50000 (80%)]
                                         Loss: 1.714407
Train Epoch: 3 [42000/50000 (84%)]
                                         Loss: 1.773646
Train Epoch: 3 [44000/50000 (88%)]
                                         Loss: 1.042924
Train Epoch: 3 [46000/50000 (92%)]
                                         Loss: 0.879903
```

```
Train Epoch: 3 [48000/50000 (96%)]
                                         Loss: 1.580692
Train Epoch: 4 [0/50000 (0%)]
                                 Loss: 1.063759
Train Epoch: 4 [2000/50000 (4%)]
                                         Loss: 0.874704
Train Epoch: 4 [4000/50000 (8%)]
                                         Loss: 1.496957
Train Epoch: 4 [6000/50000 (12%)]
                                         Loss: 1.856838
Train Epoch: 4 [8000/50000 (16%)]
                                         Loss: 0.779423
Train Epoch: 4 [10000/50000 (20%)]
                                         Loss: 1.515180
Train Epoch: 4 [12000/50000 (24%)]
                                         Loss: 1.272280
Train Epoch: 4 [14000/50000 (28%)]
                                         Loss: 1.163113
Train Epoch: 4 [16000/50000 (32%)]
                                         Loss: 1.429261
Train Epoch: 4 [18000/50000 (36%)]
                                         Loss: 0.928337
Train Epoch: 4 [20000/50000 (40%)]
                                         Loss: 0.575294
Train Epoch: 4 [22000/50000 (44%)]
                                         Loss: 1.103197
Train Epoch: 4 [24000/50000 (48%)]
                                         Loss: 1.484552
Train Epoch: 4 [26000/50000 (52%)]
                                         Loss: 0.683538
Train Epoch: 4 [28000/50000 (56%)]
                                         Loss: 0.918258
Train Epoch: 4 [30000/50000 (60%)]
                                         Loss: 1.458449
Train Epoch: 4 [32000/50000 (64%)]
                                         Loss: 0.996354
Train Epoch: 4 [34000/50000 (68%)]
                                         Loss: 1.728029
Train Epoch: 4 [36000/50000 (72%)]
                                         Loss: 1.410805
Train Epoch: 4 [38000/50000 (76%)]
                                         Loss: 0.754200
Train Epoch: 4 [40000/50000 (80%)]
                                         Loss: 1.306446
Train Epoch: 4 [42000/50000 (84%)]
                                         Loss: 0.971885
Train Epoch: 4 [44000/50000 (88%)]
                                         Loss: 2.018604
Train Epoch: 4 [46000/50000 (92%)]
                                         Loss: 1.191027
Train Epoch: 4 [48000/50000 (96%)]
                                         Loss: 0.970706
Train Epoch: 5 [0/50000 (0%)]
                                 Loss: 1.144580
Train Epoch: 5 [2000/50000 (4%)]
                                         Loss: 0.533292
Train Epoch: 5 [4000/50000 (8%)]
                                         Loss: 0.777728
Train Epoch: 5 [6000/50000 (12%)]
                                         Loss: 1.482499
Train Epoch: 5 [8000/50000 (16%)]
                                         Loss: 0.803737
Train Epoch: 5 [10000/50000 (20%)]
                                         Loss: 0.318600
Train Epoch: 5 [12000/50000 (24%)]
                                         Loss: 0.777497
Train Epoch: 5 [14000/50000 (28%)]
                                         Loss: 0.128679
Train Epoch: 5 [16000/50000 (32%)]
                                         Loss: 0.601152
Train Epoch: 5 [18000/50000 (36%)]
                                         Loss: 0.820511
Train Epoch: 5 [20000/50000 (40%)]
                                         Loss: 0.102109
Train Epoch: 5 [22000/50000 (44%)]
                                         Loss: 1.546815
Train Epoch: 5 [24000/50000 (48%)]
                                         Loss: 1.148021
Train Epoch: 5 [26000/50000 (52%)]
                                         Loss: 0.517927
Train Epoch: 5 [28000/50000 (56%)]
                                         Loss: 0.666994
Train Epoch: 5 [30000/50000 (60%)]
                                         Loss: 0.460318
Train Epoch: 5 [32000/50000 (64%)]
                                         Loss: 1.258019
Train Epoch: 5 [34000/50000 (68%)]
                                         Loss: 0.364448
Train Epoch: 5 [36000/50000 (72%)]
                                         Loss: 0.949031
Train Epoch: 5 [38000/50000 (76%)]
                                         Loss: 0.382683
Train Epoch: 5 [40000/50000 (80%)]
                                         Loss: 1.604599
Train Epoch: 5 [42000/50000 (84%)]
                                         Loss: 0.233570
```

```
Train Epoch: 5 [44000/50000 (88%)] Loss: 0.336459
Train Epoch: 5 [46000/50000 (92%)] Loss: 0.553643
Train Epoch: 5 [48000/50000 (96%)] Loss: 0.137549

[19]: ls logs/tensorboard/
```

```
default_1564920516.411322/
default_1564925160.082206/
default_3layer_kernel3_1564922865.229081/
default_3layer_kernel3_2_1564939973.285632/
default_double_kernel3_1564921040.465951/
default_double_kernel3_v2_1564923879.888557/
vgg_1block_v2_1564941454.841095/
vgg_3block_v2_100epochs_1564944242.370245/
vgg_3block_v2_t564942707.596526/
vgg_3block_v2_dropout_100epochs_1564956667.466318/
vgg_3block_v2_dropout_1564960374.486479/
vgg_3block_v2_dropout_comparsion_1564952494.902232/
vgg_3block_v2_dropout_comparsion_1564954757.227014/
```

rm: cannot remove 'logs/tensorboard/1564914403.503957/': No such file or

#### 1.9 Test the network on the test data

directory

[20]: rm -r logs/tensorboard/1564914403.503957/

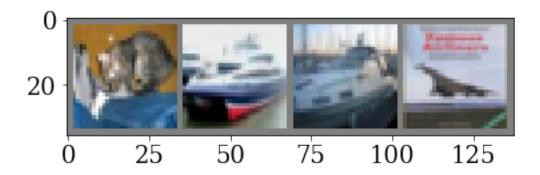
```
[21]: # switch to test mode
    net.eval()
[21]: Net(
       (conv1): Conv2d(3, 32, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
       (conv2): Conv2d(32, 32, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
       (dropout1): Dropout(p=0.2)
       (pool): MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
     ceil_mode=False)
       (conv3): Conv2d(32, 64, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
       (conv4): Conv2d(64, 64, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
       (dropout2): Dropout(p=0.2)
       (conv5): Conv2d(64, 128, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
       (conv6): Conv2d(128, 128, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
       (dropout3): Dropout(p=0.2)
       (fc1): Linear(in_features=2048, out_features=512, bias=True)
       (dropout4): Dropout(p=0.2)
       (fc2): Linear(in_features=512, out_features=128, bias=True)
       (dropout5): Dropout(p=0.2)
       (fc3): Linear(in_features=128, out_features=10, bias=True)
```

```
)
```

```
[22]: dataiter = iter(testloader)
  images, labels = dataiter.next()

# print images
  imshow(torchvision.utils.make_grid(images))
  print('GroundTruth: ', ' '.join('%5s' % classes[labels[j]] for j in range(4)))
```

GroundTruth: cat ship ship plane



Okay, now let us see what the neural network thinks these examples above are:

Predicted: cat ship ship plane

Let us look at how the network performs on the whole dataset.

```
[24]: print('Accuracy of the network on the 10000 test images: %d %%' %⊔

→calc_accuracy(testloader, net, device))
```

Accuracy of the network on the 10000 test images: 72 %

the classes that performed well, and the classes that did not perform well:

```
[25]: class_correct = list(0. for i in range(10))
    class_total = list(0. for i in range(10))
    with torch.no_grad():
        for data in testloader:
            images, labels = data
```

```
labels = labels.to(device=device)
images = images.to(device=device)
outputs = net(images)
_, predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
c = (predicted == labels).squeeze()
for i in range(4):
    label = labels[i]
    class_correct[label] += c[i].item()
    class_total[label] += 1
for i in range(10):
    print('Accuracy of %5s : %2d %%' % (
    classes[i], 100 * class_correct[i] / class_total[i]))
```

```
Accuracy of plane : 72 %
Accuracy of car : 88 %
Accuracy of bird : 52 %
Accuracy of cat : 52 %
Accuracy of deer : 65 %
Accuracy of dog : 67 %
Accuracy of frog : 81 %
Accuracy of ship : 81 %
Accuracy of truck : 84 %
```

-

### **1.10** Tasks

[ ]:

## 1.10.1 MORE Tensorboard:

- create separate plots with 'epoch vs. loss' (in addition to the current 'interation vs. loss')
- create separate plots with 'epoch vs. accuracy(train)'
- create separate plots with 'epoch vs. accuracy(test)' (for this create separate tag 'Test')

## 1.10.2 IMPROVE THE MODEL:

Experiment and try to get the best performance that you can on CIFAR-10 using a ConvNet. Here are some ideas to get you started: (tips based on 'cs231n course')

## Things to try:

- Filter size
- Number of filters

- Batch normalization
- Network architecture. Some good architectures to try include:
  - [conv-relu-pool]xN conv relu [FC]xM
  - [conv-relu-pool]XN [FC]XM
  - [conv-relu-conv-relu-pool]xN [FC]xM

**Tips for training** For each network architecture that you try, you should tune the learning rate and regularization strength. When doing this there are a couple important things to keep in mind:

- If the parameters are working well, you should see improvement within a few hundred iterations
- Remember the course-to-fine approach for hyperparameter tuning: start by testing a large range of hyperparameters for just a few training iterations to find the combinations of parameters that are working at all.
- Once you have found some sets of parameters that seem to work, search more finely around these parameters. You may need to train for more epochs.

**Going above and beyond** If you are feeling adventurous there are many other features you can implement to try and improve your performance.

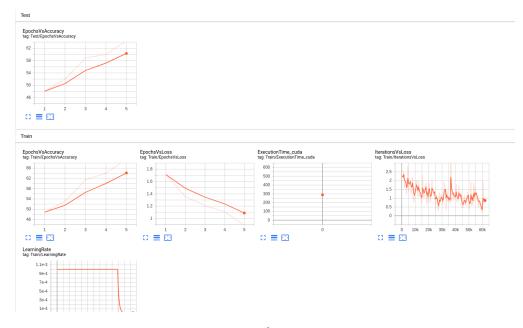
- Alternative update steps: SGD+momentum, RMSprop, and Adam; you could try alternatives like AdaGrad or AdaDelta.
- Alternative activation functions such as leaky ReLU, parametric ReLU, or MaxOut.
- Model ensembles
- Data augmentation

**What to expect** At the very least, you should be able to train a ConvNet that gets at least 65% accuracy on the validation set. This is just a lower bound - if you are careful it should be possible to get accuracies much higher than that!

#### 1.10.3 **CPU vs GPU:**

compare time of training for CPU, GPU for different models

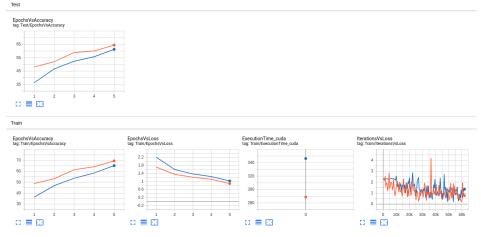
# 1.10.4 MORE Tensorboard:



title

# 1.10.5 IMPROVE THE MODEL:

1) I tried to change the kernel size from 5 to 3 and to save the dimensions I used 4 layers instead of 2. Results became worse:



2) I tried to change the kernel size from 5 to 3 and changed dimensions as

```
class Net(nn.Module):
          def
                 init (self):
               super(Net, self). init ()
               self.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(3, 6, 3)
               self.pool1 = nn.MaxPool2d(2, 1)
               self.conv2 = nn.Conv2d(6, 16, 3)
               self.conv3 = nn.Conv2d(16, 25, 3)
               self.pool2 = nn.MaxPool2d(2, 2)
               self.fcl = nn.Linear(25 * 12 * 12, 1000)
               self.fc2 = nn.Linear(1000, 100)
               self.fc3 = nn.Linear(100, 10)
          def forward(self, x):
               x = self.pool1(F.relu(self.conv1(x)))
               x = self.pool1(F.relu(self.conv2(x)))
               x = self.pool2(F.relu(self.conv3(x)))
               x = x.view(-1, 25 * 12 * 12)
               x = F.relu(self.fcl(x))
               x = F.relu(self.fc2(x))
               x = self.fc3(x)
               return x
      net name = "default 3layer kernel3"
                                                                Results:
well:
                                                        As seen from re-
```

sults, training accuracy is around 90 and test 68. It performed better than default net (64 vs 68 accuracy), but it overfitted, as training accuracy is around 90

To track the overfitting I added EpochsVsLoss for Test set as well. To improve the model I used the guide for tuning the CNN: https://machinelearningmastery.com/how-to-develop-a-cnn-from-scratch-for-cifar-10-photo-classification/

3) VGG with only one block has much better results compared to the default: accuracy

```
class Net(nn.Module):
                         def init (self):
                               super(Net, self). init ()
                               self.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(3, 32, 3, padding=1)
                               self.conv2 = nn.Conv2d(32, 32, 3, padding=1)
                               self.pool = nn.MaxPool2d(2, 2)
                               self.fc1 = nn.Linear(32 * 16 * 16, 1000)
                               self.fc2 = nn.Linear(1000, 100)
                               self.fc3 = nn.Linear(100, 10)
                         def forward(self, x):
                               x = F.relu(self.conv1(x))
                               x = self.pool(F.relu(self.conv2(x)))
                               x = x.view(-1, 32 * 16 * 16)
                               x = F.relu(self.fcl(x))
                               x = F.relu(self.fc2(x))
                               x = self.fc3(x)
                               return x
around 73%. Net: net_name = "vgg_1block v2"
                                        EpochsVsLoss
tag: Test/EpochsVsLoss
          Tooltip sorting method: default ~
                                        1.5 -
                                        D ≡ □
          STEP RELATIVE
                                                       ExecutionTime_cpu
tag: Train/ExecutionTime_cou
                                                                      ExecutionTime_cuda 
tag: Train/ExecutionTime_cut
                                        EpochsVsLoss
tag: Train/EpochsVsLos
                         EpochsVsAccuracy
                                        E ≡ □
                                                       0 = 0
                                                                      0 ≡ 🗈
                                        LearningRate
tag: Train/Learning
Results:
                                                                                       Let's try
add more blocks
```

3) VGG with three blocks has even better results than with 1 block: accuracy ~

```
class Net(nn.Module):
                      init (self):
                    super(Net, self). init ()
                    self.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(3, 32, 3, padding=1)
                    self.conv2 = nn.Conv2d(32, 32, 3, padding=1)
                    self.pool = nn.MaxPool2d(2, 2)
                    self.conv3 = nn.Conv2d(32, 64, 3, padding=1)
                    self.conv4 = nn.Conv2d(64, 64, 3, padding=1)
                    self.conv5 = nn.Conv2d(64, 128, 3, padding=1)
                    self.conv6 = nn.Conv2d(128, 128, 3, padding=1)
                    self.fc1 = nn.Linear(128 * 4 * 4, 512)
                    self.fc2 = nn.Linear(512, 128)
                    self.fc3 = nn.Linear(128, 10)
                def forward(self, x):
                    x = F.relu(self.conv1(x))
                    x = self.pool(F.relu(self.conv2(x)))
                    x = F.relu(self.conv3(x))
                    x = self.pool(F.relu(self.conv4(x)))
                    x = F.relu(self.conv5(x))
                    x = self.pool(F.relu(self.conv6(x)))
                    x = x.view(-1, 128 * 4 * 4)
                    x = F.relu(self.fc1(x))
                    x = F.relu(self.fc2(x))
                    x = self.fc3(x)
                    return x
            net name = "vgg 3block v2"
75%.
     Net:
                                                                        Re-
                 0 = 🗈
                            C = =
                 0 = 0
                 LearningRate
tag: Train/Learnin
sults:
```

Let's increase number of epochs and see how architecture with 3 blocks can perform Accuracy of the model stopped increasing after 77.67%

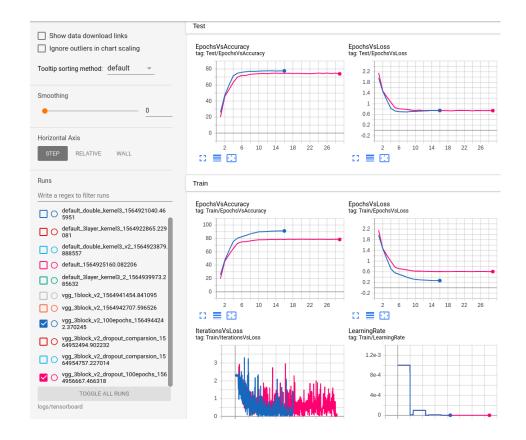


Starting from the 6th epoch model starts overfitting Let's add Dropout to prevent overfitting

dropout 4) VGG with three blocks and did not overfit as previous version, but has little bit results Net: worse a

```
class Net(nn.Module):
    def init (self):
        super(Net, self). init ()
        self.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(3, 32, 3, padding=1)
        self.conv2 = nn.Conv2d(32, 32, 3, padding=1)
        self.dropout1 = nn.Dropout(0.2)
        self.pool = nn.MaxPool2d(2, 2)
        self.conv3 = nn.Conv2d(32, 64, 3, padding=1)
        self.conv4 = nn.Conv2d(64, 64, 3, padding=1)
        self.dropout2 = nn.Dropout(0.2)
        self.conv5 = nn.Conv2d(64, 128, 3, padding=1)
        self.conv6 = nn.Conv2d(128, 128, 3, padding=1)
        self.dropout3 = nn.Dropout(0.2)
        self.fc1 = nn.Linear(128 * 4 * 4, 512)
        self.dropout4 = nn.Dropout(0.2)
        self.fc2 = nn.Linear(512, 128)
        self.dropout5 = nn.Dropout(0.2)
        self.fc3 = nn.Linear(128, 10)
    def forward(self, x):
        x = F.relu(self.conv1(x))
        x = F.relu(self.conv2(x))
        x = self.pool(x)
        x = self.dropout1(x)
        x = F.relu(self.conv3(x))
        x = F.relu(self.conv4(x))
        x = self.pool(x)
        x = self.dropout2(x)
        x = F.relu(self.conv5(x))
        x = F.relu(self.conv6(x))
        x = self.pool(x)
        x = self.dropout3(x)
        x = x.view(-1, 128 * 4 * 4)
        x = F.relu(self.fc1(x))
        x = self.dropout4(x)
        x = F.relu(self.fc2(x))
        x = self.dropout5(x)
        x = self.fc3(x)
        return x
net name = "vgg 3block v2 dropout 100epochs"
```

Results:



## 1.10.6 **CPU vs GPU:**

Last model with dropout and epochs=5 has execution time 2135 seconds on CPU and 606 seconds

