

CPSC 304 - Tutorial 6 Datalog

Tristan Rice, 25886145, q7w9a

Question 1

(a) Express the following query in Datalog. “Find the details (i.e., all attributes) of the customers who have a rating higher than 6 and earn less than \$125,000.”

```
Ans(cid, cname, rating, salary) :- customer(cid, cname, rating, salary), rating > 5, salary < 125000
```

(b) Express the following query in Datalog. “Find the various item names and their types.”

```
Ans(iname, type) :- item(_, iname, type, _)
```

(c) What is the Datalog query equivalent to each of the following RA queries?

```
Ans(cid,cname,rating,salary) :- customer(cid,cname,rating,salary),rating>5
Ans(cid,cname,rating,salary) :- customer(cid,cname,rating,salary),salary>100000
Ans(iid,iname,type,price) :- item(iid,iname,type,price),type!='customer electronics'
Ans(iid,iname,type,price) :- item(iid,iname,type,price),price<=50
```

(d) Suppose... Explain your answer.

Since there are 950 unique names in items and types can be determined solely from the item name, that means there will be exactly 950 N,T tuples returned by that query.

(e) Express the following query in Datalog. “Find the type and name of those items, whose price is at most \$100 OR which were ordered by the customer with cid=123.”

```
Ans(type,iname) :- item(_,iname,type,price),price<=100
Ans(type,iname) :- item(iid,iname,type,_),order(cid,iid,_,_),cid=123
```

(f) Express the following query in Datalog. “Find the names of customers who did not order any laptop, i.e., did not order any item of type laptop”.

```
orderedLaptop(cid,cname,rating,salary) :- customer(cid,cname,rating,salary),order(cid,iid,_,_),item(iid,_, 'laptop')
Ans(cname) :- customer(cid,cname,rating,salary) NOT orderedLaptop(cid,cname,rating,salary)
```

Question 2

(a) Find the names of sailors who have reserved at least two different boats with the same color.

```
Ans(sname) :- sailors(sid,sname,_,_),boats(bid1,_,color1),reserved(sid,bid1,_),boats(bid2,_,color2),reserved(sid,bid2,_,color1)
```

(b) Find the names of sailors who have reserved all red boats.

```
reservedRed(sid,sname) :- sailors(sid,sname,_,_),reserved(sid,bid,_,_),boats(bid,_, 'red')
Ans(sname) :- sailors(sid,sname,_,_),NOT reservedRed(sid,sname)
```

(c) Find the name and color of boats which are reserved by all sailors rated above 7.

```
Ans(bname,color) :- sailors(sid,_,rating,_,rating>7),reserved(sid,bid,_,_),boats(bid,bname,color)
```

(d) Find the name(s) of sailors with the lowest rating.

```
better(sid,sname) :- sailors(sid,sname,rating1,_),sailors(_,_ ,rating2,_),rating1>rating2
Ans(sname) :- sailors(sid,sname,_,_), NOT better(sid,sname)
```

(e) Find the name and rating of the oldest sailor(s).

```
older(sid,sname,age1) :- sailors(sid,sname,_ ,age1),sailors(_,_ ,_,age2),age1<age2
Ans(sname,age) :- sailors(sid,sname,_ ,age), NOT older(sid,sname,age)
```

(f) Find the names of sailors who have reserved every boat reserved by those with a lower rating.

```
boatRating(rating,bid) :- sailors(sid,_ ,rating,_),reserved(sid,bid,_ )
boatsReserved(sid,bid) :- reserved(sid,bid,_ )
needReserved(sid,bid) :- sailors(sid,_ ,rating,_),boatRating(rating2,bid),rating2<rating
haventReservedAllLower(sid) :- needReserved(sid,bid), NOT boatsReserved(sid,bid)
Ans(sname) :- sailors(sid,sname,_ ,_),NOT haventReservedAllLower(sid)
```