

## Question 4

We can reduce the PARTITION problem into a LIST SCHEDULING problem in polynomial time.

In PARTITION we want to find two subsets of equal summed value. To transform PARTITION into LIST SCHEDULING, take  $m = 2$  and  $d = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i}{2}$ , and then assign  $p = x$ . This transformation runs in  $O(n)$ . If there is a subset that is equal, LIST SCHEDULING will return that all jobs can be completed before the deadline.

Since PARTITION is NP-hard, and can be transformed into LIST SCHEDULING in polynomial time, LIST SCHEDULING must be NP-hard as well.