CPSC 304 Midterm 1 May 2009 Total: 15 points

Time allowed: 60 minutes

Question 1 (10 points)

- a) (3 points) Draw an ER diagram for the following scenario:
 - Entity set A has two attributes x1 and x2, with x1 being the primary key.
 - Entity set B has two attributes x3 and x4, with x3 being the primary key.
 - Entity set C has two attributes x5 and x6, with x5 being the primary key.
 - There is a relationship set R, which is one-to-many from A to B.
 - B has two subclasses B1 and B2, which are non-covering and may overlap.
 - The relationship set, U, between B1 and C is one-to-one, whereas the relationship set, V, between B2 and C is many-to-many.

ER diagram

b) (4 points) The optimal set of relations for the scenario in part a) consists of 4 relations. *Specify* the relational schema for the 4 relations.

```
A(<u>x1</u>, x2)
B(<u>x3</u>, x4, Rx1, FlagB1, FlagB2)
C(<u>x5</u>, x6, Ux3)
V(<u>x3</u>, <u>x5</u>)
```

c) (3 points) Give the SQL create-table statements for the 4 relations in part b). Every attribute is an integer.

Question 2 (5 points) Consider the relation scheme R(A, B, C, D, E) which satisfies the following functional dependencies:

- $(FD1) A \rightarrow B$
- (FD2) $B \rightarrow C$
- (FD3) $C \rightarrow A$
- $(FD4) D \rightarrow E$
- a) Identify all the candidate keys of R. *AD*, *BD*, *CD*.

- b) Why is R not in BCNF?

 D is a functional determinant but is not a superkey.
- c) Is R in 3NF? Explain your answer. *No, FD4 represents a partial dependency. Thus, R is not even in 2NF.*
- d) Decompose R so that the resultant set of relations is in BCNF. R1(A,C), R2(B,C), R3(B,D) and R4(D,E).

--- The **End** ---