Sample Final Exam quick solutions

- 1. (a) The computer should look at the middle name first (like in the battleship game from the lab); then it will be able to decide whether it should search the first or the second half of the list (and it can ignore the other half).
 - (b) The middle title no longer gives any indication as to where the title we want is. So we may need to look at every one of the 1000000 books.
 - (c) The baboon mating relationships is a networked data structure (baboons are not monogamous). The river system is hierarchical (small rivers merge into a larger river that merges into one larger one, etc), as is the employment structure (one president, a few vice-presidents, etc).
- 2. Here's one possible (rather short, since I don't have much time) answer: the program is **not** intelligent: it makes enough mistakes that it wouldn't fool the Turing test, it has no intentionality (it's purely pattern matching).
 - One might however argue that it tries to predict future events, which is a part of what Hawkins and Blakeslee consider an intelligent system would do. In that sense, it's not any more stupid than a plant or an insect, which they believe exihibit a (very small) amount of "intelligence".
- 3. (a) To create artistic works faster than is possible by hand.
 - (b) The less mature the tool is, the more technologically expert the artist needs to be.
 - (c) Vector, bitmap, bitmap (because of the patterns inside the spheres; for this one, a combination of the two could actually be used, with the background being represented as a vector image).
- 4. (a) Yes, although the interaction with the browser might be tricky.
 - (b) 5, 2, 1, 4, 3
 - (c) F, F, T

(d) Assume memory location 6000 contains 7, memory location 6001 contains 4, etc, that load copies only 1 byte of memory to the register, and that the −1 in the branch instruction means to go back by one instruction (which as I've said in the review session is now how it would ever be done on a real CPU). Note that in the following table, the program counter contains the address of the next instruction (not the one that was just executed)

After Instruction	Program Counter	Reg. 0	Reg. 1	Reg. 2	Reg. 3	Reg. 4
load r1, 6000	1004	0	7	4	0	0
sub r1, r2, r1	1008	0	3	4	0	0
branchge r1, -1	1004	0	3	4	0	0

5. 10, length -1, 4, 15, 5, 5



(b) 36, 20, 18

6.

- (c) Can anyone read light-red text on a slightly-darker-red background???
- (d) He/she can click on the frowny face, or on the "Click here" button.
- (e) The message "I'm giving you one last chance" will be displayed.
- 7. (a) Because the number of machines with an IP address is about to exceed the number of available 32-bit IP addresses.
 - (b) Two machines might send packets continuously, and since the packets always interfere with each other, neither will ever get sent successfully.
 - (c) Machines whose IP addresses correspond to very large integers (in the billion range) will have to wait a very very very very long time

before retrying to send their packets. Others will be able to retry almost immediately. $\,$

8. We need to add var url = "http://www.ubc.ca/" before the document.write statement.