THE UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA CPSC 304: MIDTERM EXAMINATION SET A OCTOBER 2016

General Instructions

- 1. This is a closed book, closed notes exam. There are total 12 pages. Answer all questions in the space provided. Two pages of extra answer space have been provided at the back in case you run out of space while answering. If you run out of space, be sure to make a "forward reference" to the page number where your answer continues.
- 2. Write your name, student ID, and signature in ink (pen). You may use a pencil to write your solutions.
- 3. Answer all the questions on this paper. You have **75 minutes** (1 hour and 15 minutes) to write this examination.
- 4. The marks for each question are given in []. Please take this into account when pacing yourself
- 5. Cheating is an academic offense. Your signature below indicates that you understand and agree to the UBC's policies regarding cheating on exams.

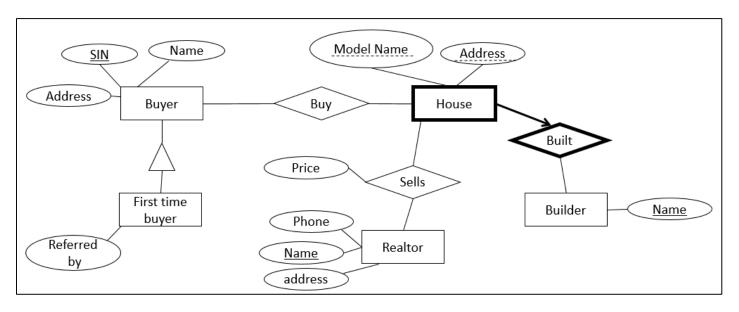
Student Name:	Student ID:	
PLEASE SIGN HERE:		

Question	Mark	Max
Ques 1		4
Ques 2		6
Ques 3		3
Ques 4		5
Ques 5		6
Ques 6		15
Ques 7		6
Ques 8		9
Total		54

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ues 1. What does the term data independence mean, and why is it an important goal? [4 arks]	

Ques 2. Consider the below ER diagram. The ER diagram represents the buying and selling of the house. Provide answers to the questions based on the diagram **[6 Marks]**

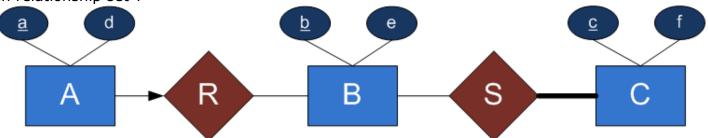


(a) 	If we delete the builder from the database, then what would happen to the houses that the builder had built? Justify your argument.

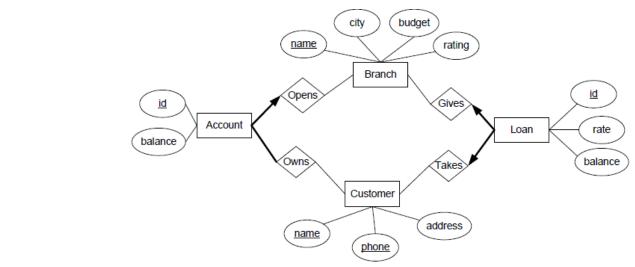
(b) If we delete the realtor that sold a house, do we need to delete that house as well? Why or why not?"

Ques 3. Answer the following multiple-choice questions. [3 Marks]

a. Suppose that a1 and a2 are the only entities of A, b1 and b2 are the only entities of B, and c1 and c2 are the only entities of C. Which of the following relationship sets for R and S are possible according to the diagram, where $T = \{(e1,f1)\}$ means a relationship between e1 and f1 exists in relationship set T



- A. $R = \{\}; S = \{\}$
- B. $R = \{(a1,b1)\}, S = \{(b2,c2)\}$
- C. $R = \{(a1,b1), (a1,b2)\}; S = \{(b1,c1), (b2,c2)\}$
- D. $R = \{(a1, b2)\}; S = \{(b1,c2), (b2, c1), (b1,c1)\}$
- E. None of the above
- b. How many tables will we need to store the info provided by the following diagram?



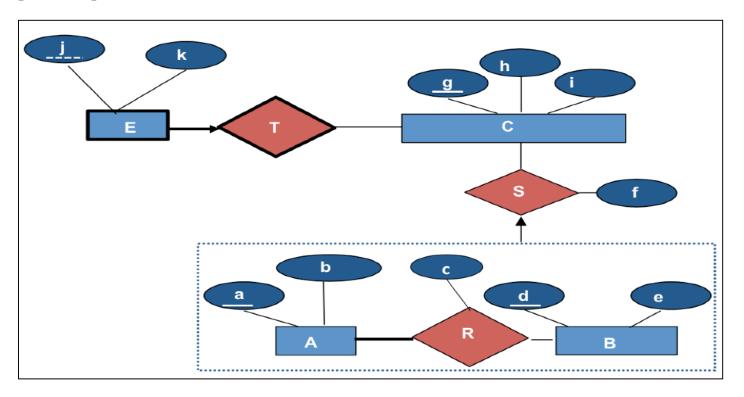
- A. 4
- B. 5
- C. 6
- D. 7
- E. Some other number

c. Consider the below table definition, in which numbers denote line numbers. Which of the following is not a legal addition?

CREATE TABLE Emps (

- (1) id INT,
- (2) sin INT,
- (3) name CHAR(20),
- (4) managerID INT);
- A. Add PRIMARY KEY before the comma on line (1), add FOREIGN KEY (managerID) REFERENCES Emps(id) before the) on line (4).
- B. Add PRIMARY KEY before the comma on line (1), add FOREIGN KEY (managerID) REFERENCES Emps(sin) before the) on line (4).
- C. Add, PRIMARY KEY (id, sin), and FOREIGN KEY (id, sin) REFERENCES Emps(id, sin) before the) on line (4).
- D. All are legal
- E. None are legal

Ques 4. Transform the ER diagram into a relational schema. State any assumptions that you make – but your assumptions cannot contradict the facts given. You only need to show the schema. (Use underline to show primary key and circle to show foreign key constraints) **[5 Marks]**



Ques 5. Consider	the two ta	ables shown b	elow. The T	erID colum	nn in the SAL	ES REP relation
is a foreign key re						
[6 Marks]				7		
	SALES_I		T	-	TERRITORY	
	SRID	SRName	TerID	-	TerID	TerName
	2	Joe	E		E	East
	3	Sue Meg	С	-	W	West
	4	Bob	S	-	S	South
	5	Joe	N	-	N	North
	6	Pat	N	=	С	Central
	7	Lee	N			
	8	Joe	Е			

a.	If a DBMS enforces a DELETE CASCADE option on the referential integrity constraint between SALES_REP and TERRITORY, show the records in tables SALES_REP and TERRITORY after a user tries to delete the second record (W, West) from TERRITORY.

b.	If a DBMS enforces a DELETE RESTRICT option on the referential integrity constraint between SALES_REP and TERRITORY, show the records in tables SALES_REP and TERRITORY after a user tries to delete the fourth record (N, North) from TERRITORY.

Ques 6. Midtown Memorial Patients Drug Dispense Database keeps track of the following information. Create an ER diagram based on the requirements **[15** marks].

- For each patient it keeps track of a unique patient identifier, patient birthdate, gender and the patient age which is derived from patient birthdate.
- For each nurse it keeps track of a unique nurse ID and the nurse name.
- For each ingredient it keeps track of the unique ingredient identifier and the ingredient name.
- For each drug it keeps track of a unique drug ID, the drug name and the drug coating type.
- For each drug intake event by a patient it keeps track of the drug intake event number (unique within a patient, but different patients could have the same drug intake event number for their separate drug intake events), the drug intake event date and the time.
- Each ingredient must be contained in at least one drug, but it may be contained in many drugs. Every drug can contain many ingredients, but they must contain at least one. For every instance of an ingredient contained in a drug it keeps track of the dosage of the ingredient in the drug.
- Each drug must be included in at least one drug intake event, but it may be included in many. Each drug intake event must include at least one drug, but it may include many.
- For each instance of a drug included in a drug intake event it keeps track of the quantity.

- Each nurse can administer several drug intake events, but it does not have to administer any. Each drug intake event must be administered by one nurse.
- When a nurse administers the event, a supervisor must supervise her work in the event. The supervisor can be identified by a name.
- Each drug intake event is related to one patient. A patient can have many drug intake events, but they may not have any.

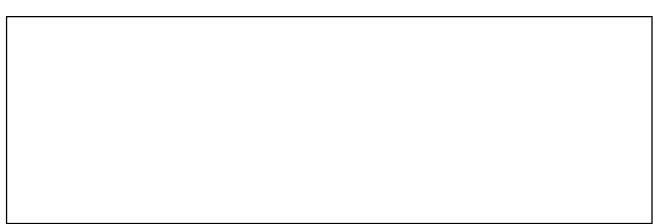
Ques 7. Consider the two tables T1 and 2. Show the results of the following relational algebra operations: **[6 Marks]**

Table T1			
Р	Q	R	
10	Α	5	
15	В	8	
25	С	6	

Table T2			
Α	В	С	
10	b	6	
25	С	3	
10	b	5	

a) T1 ⋈ _{T1.P=T2.B} T	-2
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b) T1	Λ	T2
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Ques 8. Consider the following schema

Student (<u>StudID</u>, name, address, gender, major)

Course (<u>CNo</u>, CName)

Enrolled (StudID,CNo)

where the primary keys are underline. Give an expression in the **relational algebra** to express each of the following queries: **[9 Marks]**

a.	List course numbers for which no student is enrolled.
b.	List ids of the students who are enrolled in 'Database' or 'Data Mining' course.
c.	List the name of the courses and the student ids in which all 'COMP' major students are enrolled.

Relax! You reached the end! Submit your answer booklet!

This space is intentionally left blank. You can use it to answer questions or as scratch paper