

QuickTime™ and a
decompressor
are needed to see this picture.

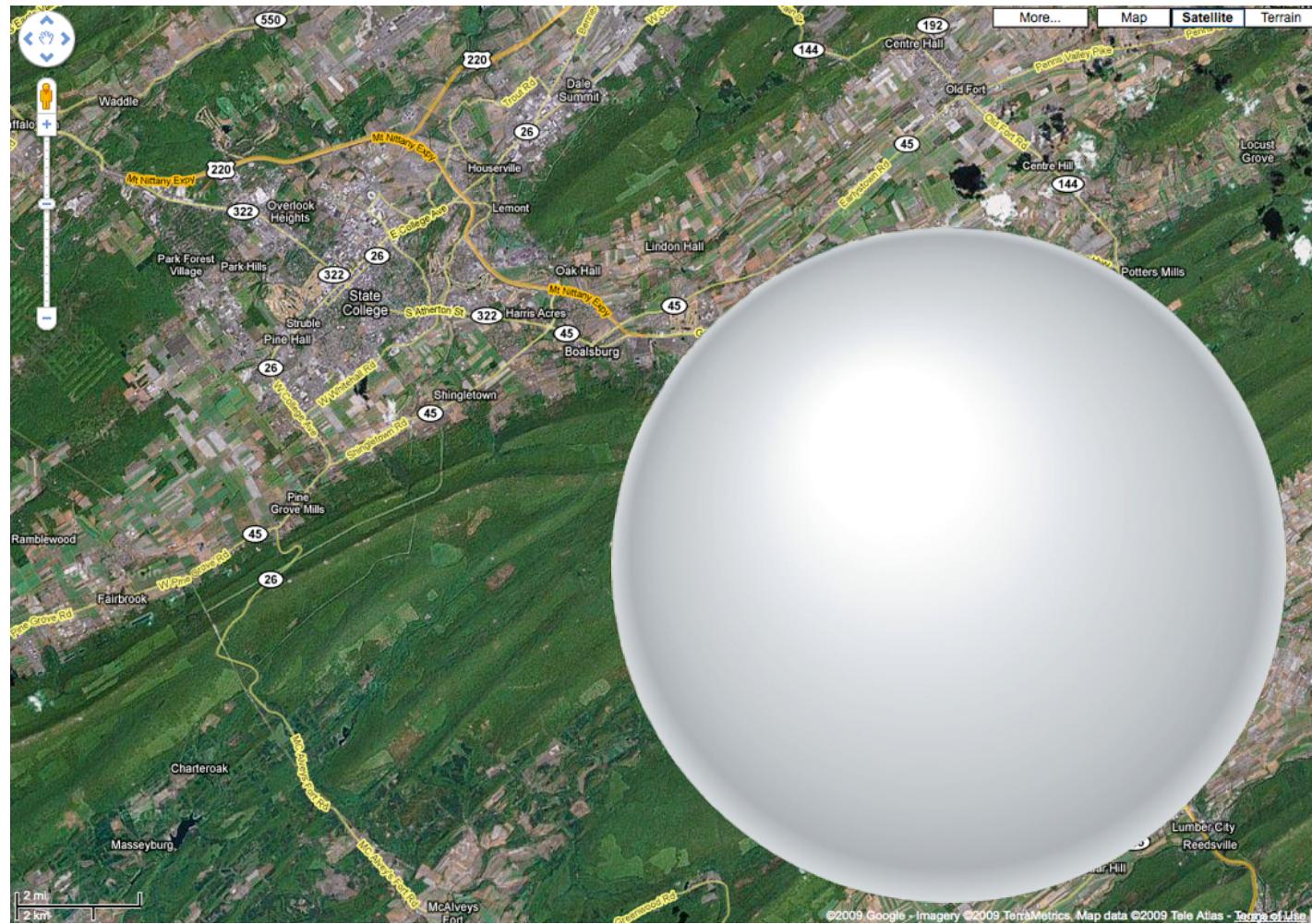
Lecture 21 - 16 April 2009



- **SCIENCE TOPICS:**
Black Holes
Galaxies
- **READING**
Ch. 13 Sec. 13.5-13.8
Ch. 14, sec 14.1, 14.3, 14.6
- **PRACTICE: Ch 13**
Review: 12, 13
Self-Test: 4, 6, 12
- **PRACTICE: Ch 14**
Review: 7, 11–14
Self-test: 3–6, 9, 12, 13, 15

HOMEWORK 8:
due next Tuesday,
21 April, 11:59pm

Neutron Star vs. State College



Black Holes

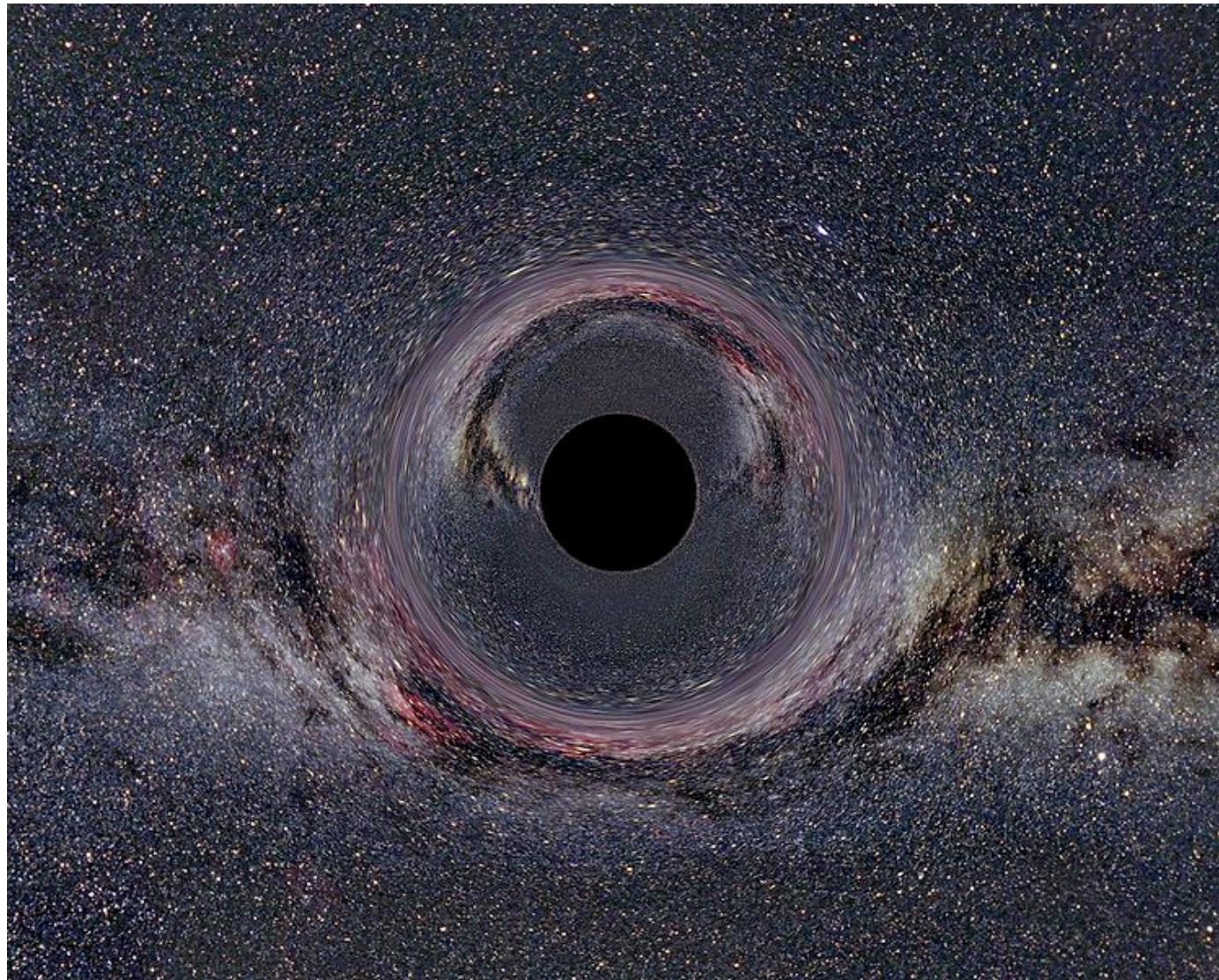
... are weird

Escape Velocity

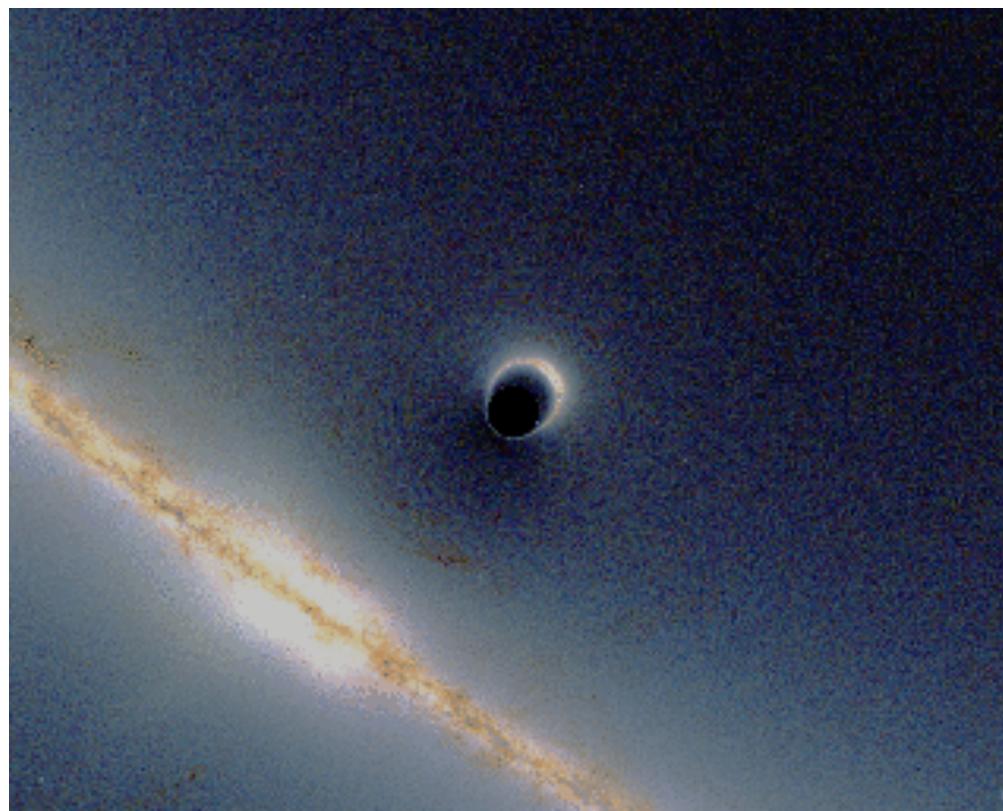
Black Holes have no hair...

- **Mass**
- **Charge (but mostly neutral)**
- **Angular Momentum (“spin”)**

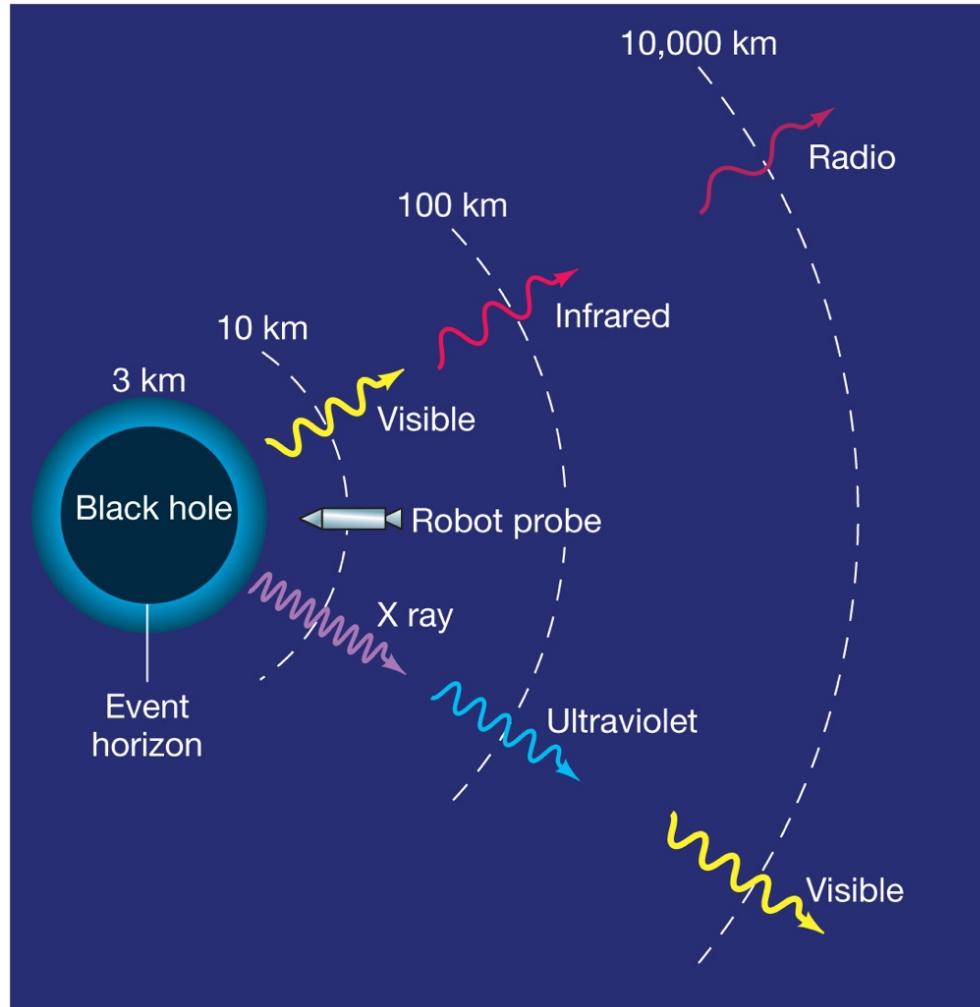
Gravitational Lensing



Gravitational Lensing

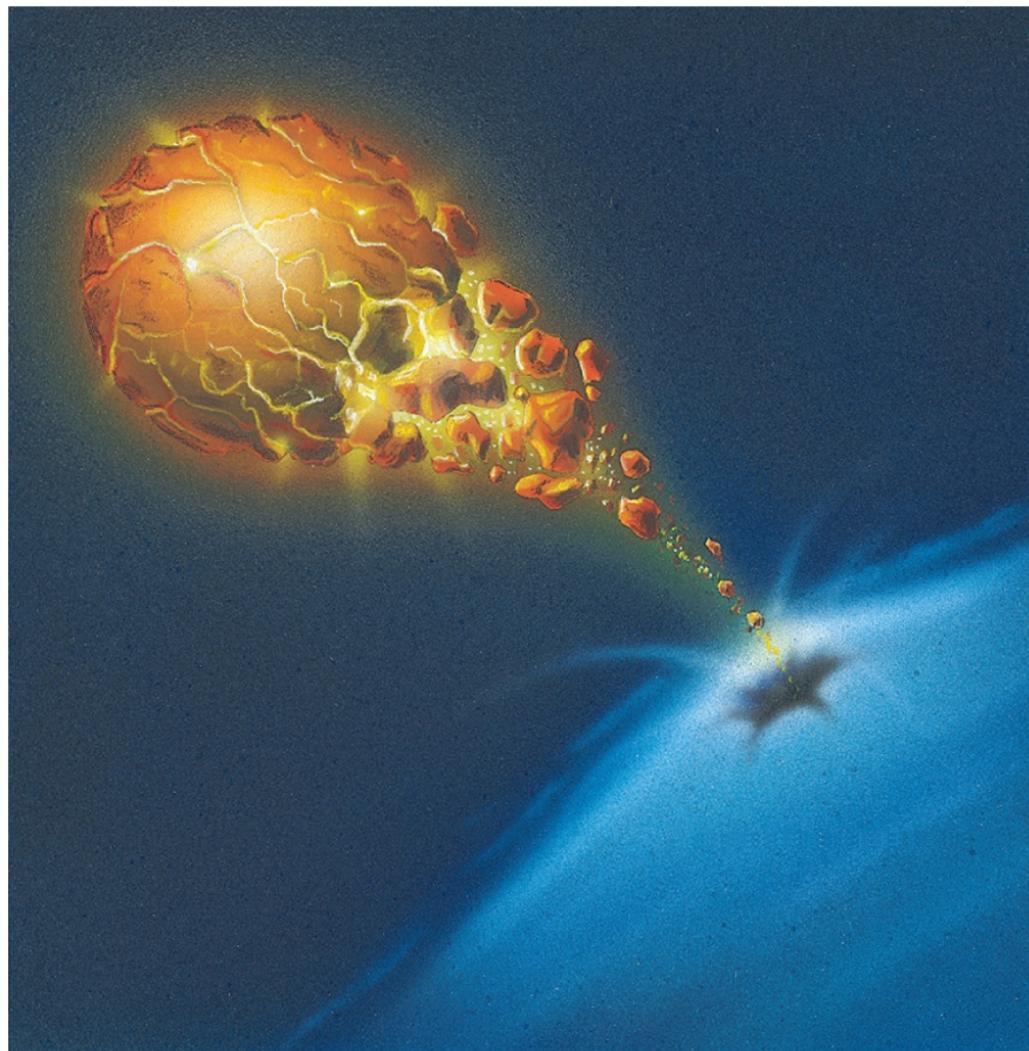


Gravitational Redshift

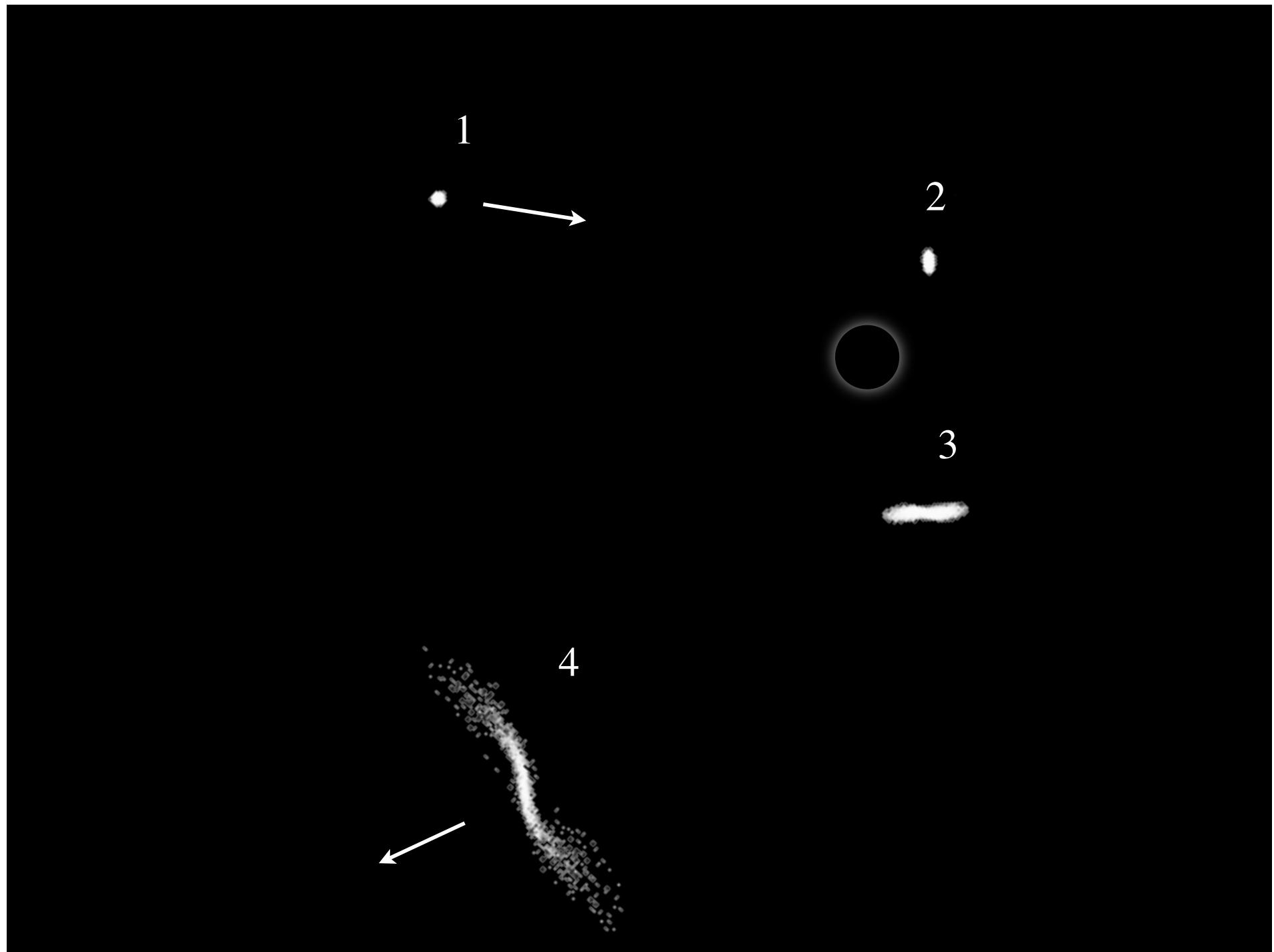


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Strong Tidal Forces

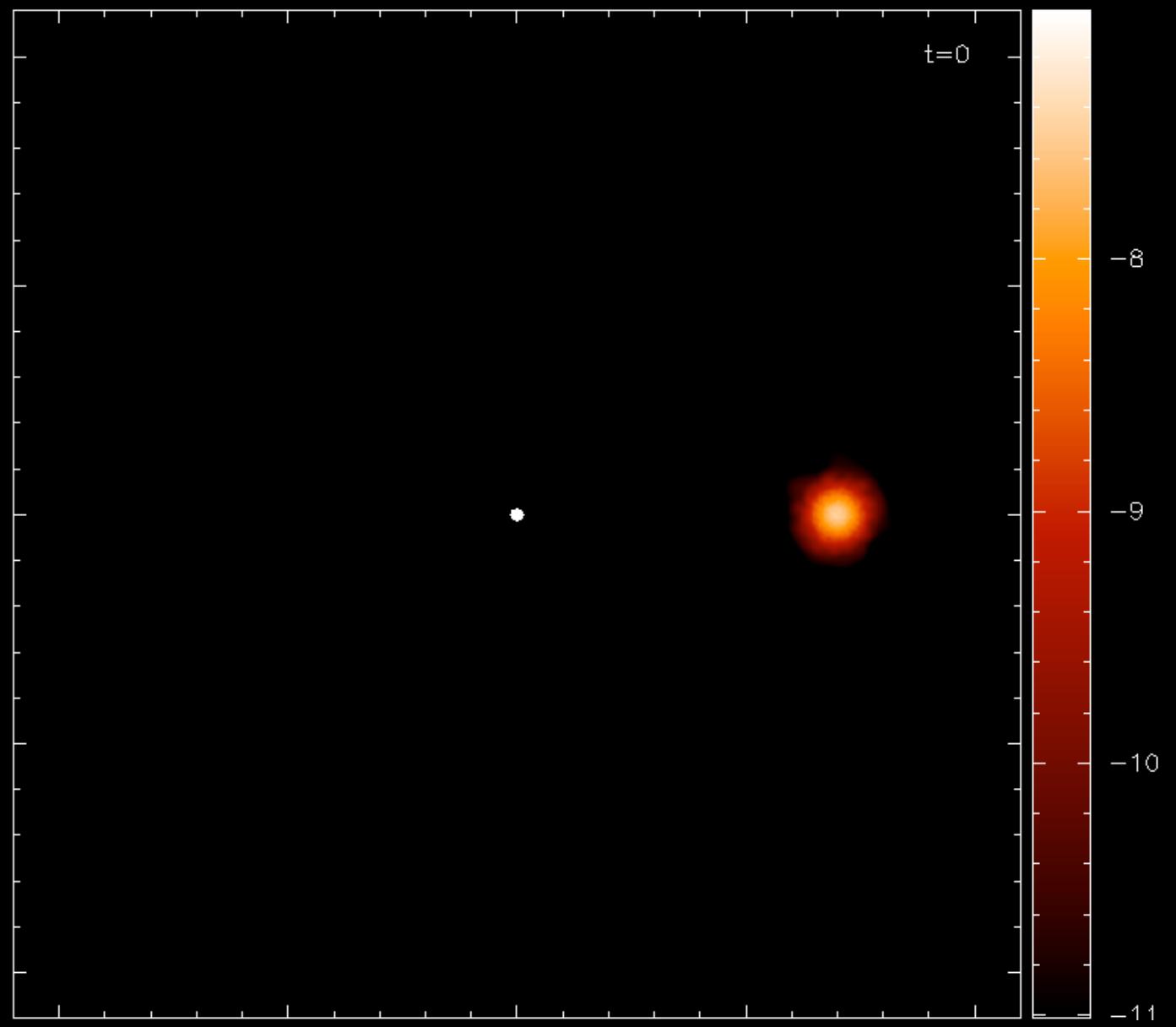


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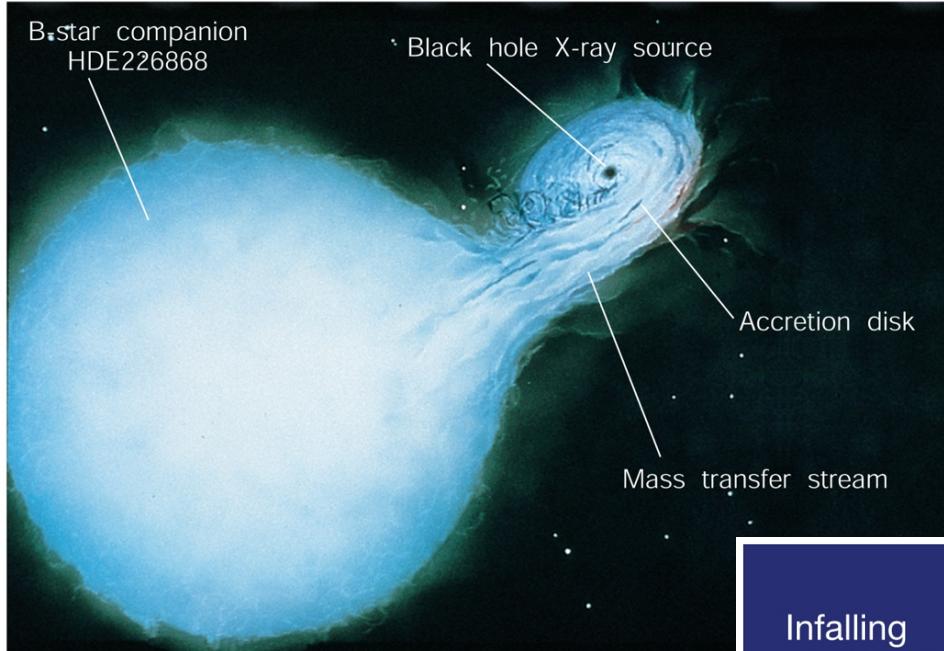


White Dwarf in Bound Orbit Around a Black Hole

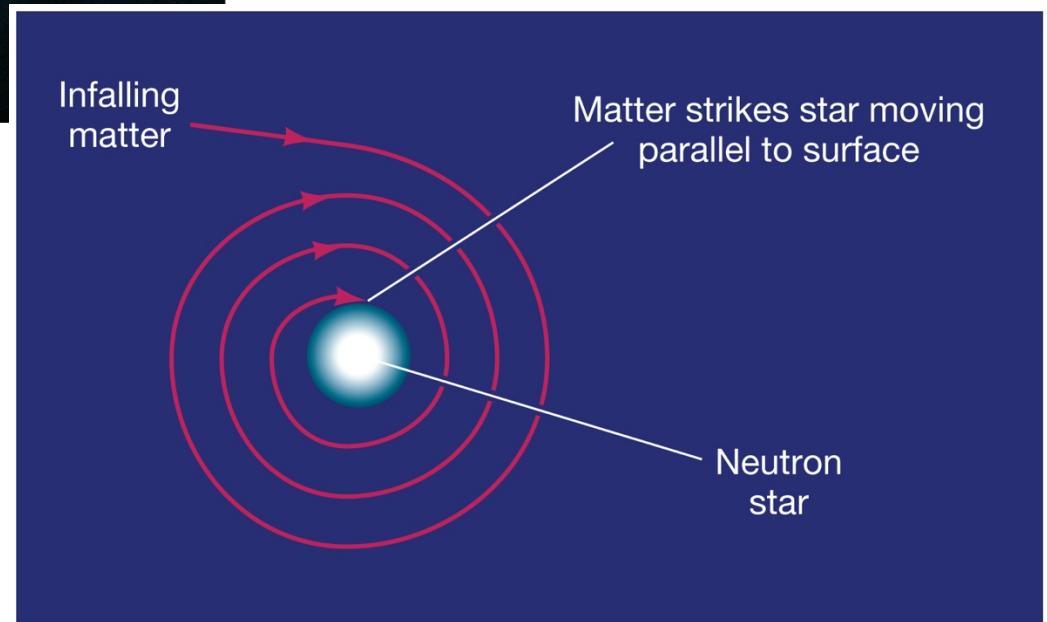
Simulation by
D. Clausen,
(Penn State)



Accretion and Accretion Disks

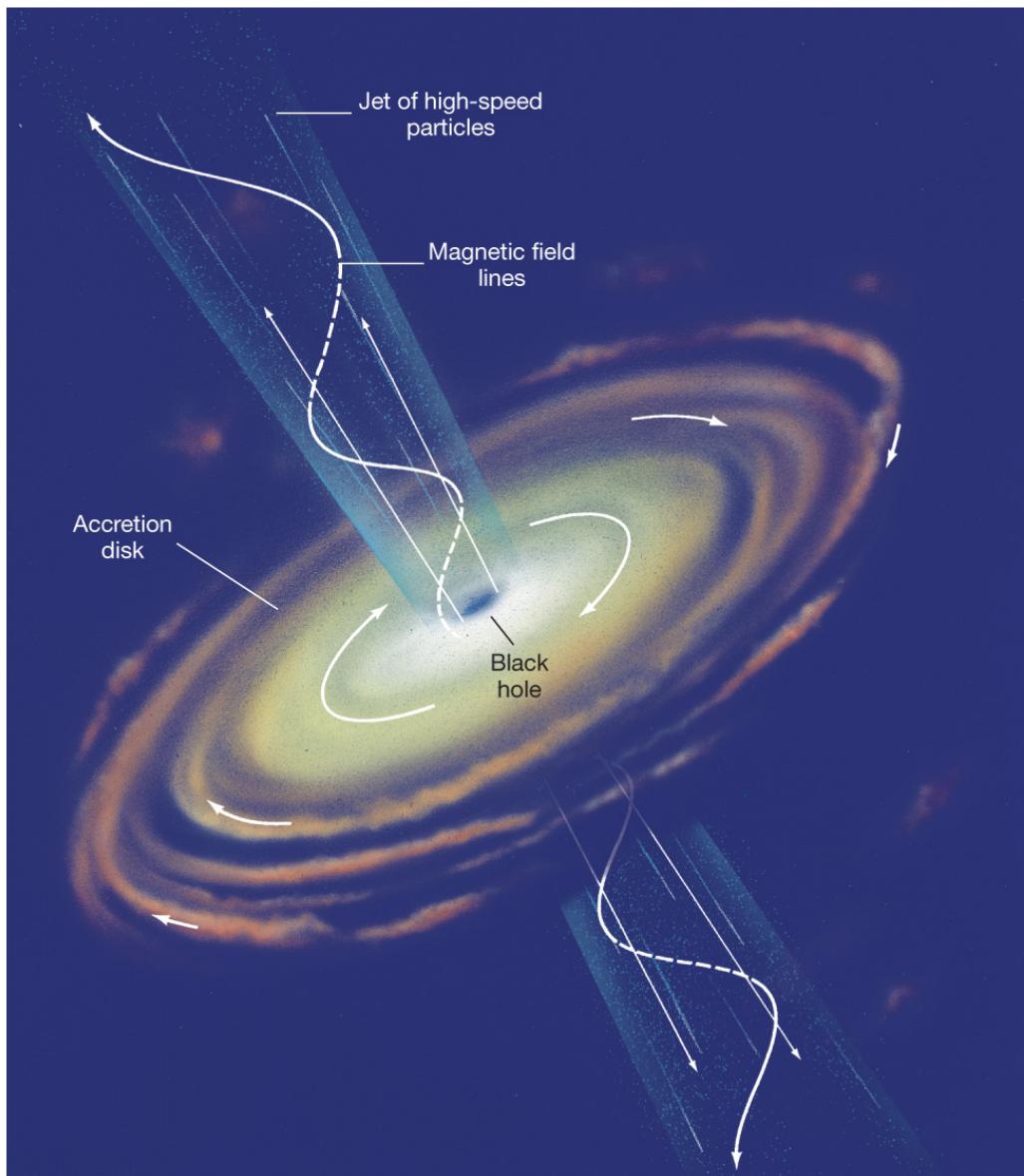


Cygnus X-1

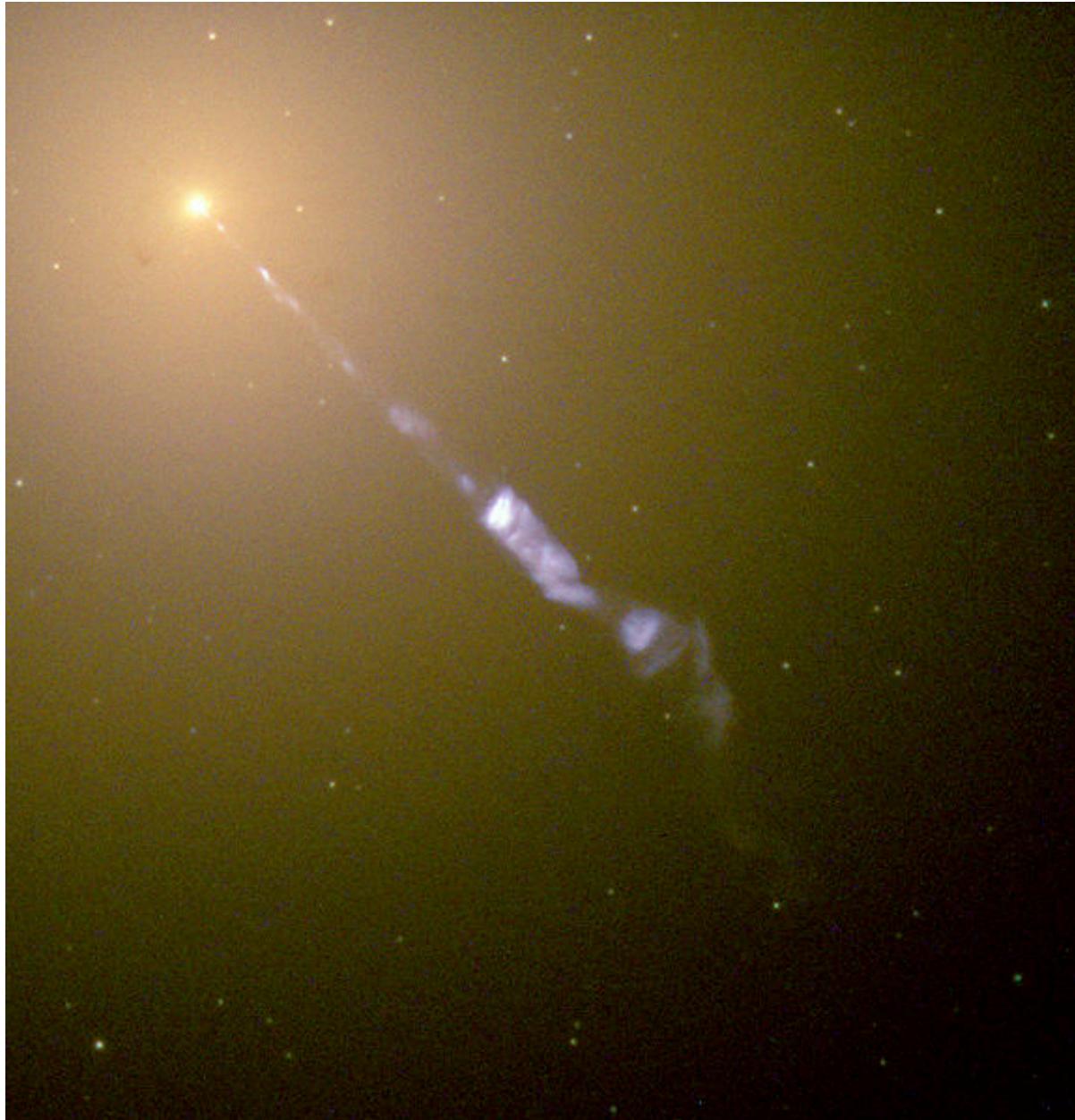


(Currently) Two types of Black Holes

- **Solar Mass**
 - Remnants of massive stars, found in our own Milky Way galaxy
- **Supermassive**
 - 10^6 - 10^9 solar masses, found at the centers of galaxies, incl. the MW.



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M87 (with *HST*)

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