the JWST user documentation is under development; current versions are preliminary and subject to revision.

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JWST Exposure Time Calculator Overview

The JWST Exposure Time Calculator (ETC) performs signal-to-noise ratio calculations for all the JWST observing modes. Scenes, sources and calculations can be created, copied and modified by users, and organized in workbooks.

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Introduction

JWST's Exposure Time Calculator (ETC) is built on Pandeia, a pixel-based exposure time calculator (ETC) paired with a modern graphical user interface. While Pandeia was developed for JWST, it is a general framework, data-driven ETC capable of supporting multiple missions. It includes advanced features that go well beyond what has been available in previous ETCs, such as algorithms that accurately model both data acquisition and post-processing, and it provides functionality for users to efficiently explore and compare a large volume of parameter space in their calculations.

The JWST implementation of Pandeia supports all JWST observing modes: imaging, spectroscopy (slitted, slitless, and IFU), coronagraphy, and aperture masking interferometry. Its graphical user interface provides enhanced capabilities supporting multiple workflows. For example, users can create workbooks to manage related sets of calculations, create complex astronomical scenes with multiple sources, and compare the results of multiple calculations. The ETC interface is built to encourage a "copy and modify" workflow: users can copy and modify individual calculations, individual sources and scenes, or whole workbooks.

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Under the hood: the ETC engine

The JWST ETC engine uses a pixel-based three-dimensional approach to perform calculations on small (typically a few arcseconds) two dimensional user-created astronomical scenes. It models both the spatial and the wavelength dimensions, using realistic point spread functions (produced using WebbPSF) for each instrument mode. It natively handles correlated read noise, inter-pixel capacitance, and soft and hard saturation. Since the signal and noise are modeled for individual detector pixels, the ETC is able to replicate many of the steps that observers will perform when calibrating and reducing their JWST data. This simplifies interpretation of the extracted signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) calculated by the ETC.

(i) While the JWST ETC includes many effects not typically included in other ETCs, it is not an observation simulator. It does not simulate the full detector, nor does it include two-dimensional effects such as distortion.

Details on the algorithms used to compute signal and noise on the detector and the strategies used to compute the extracted products can be found in Pontoppidan et al. 2016.

Workbooks: organize and save your ETC calculations

ETC calculations are organized and saved in workbooks. Workbooks consist of a library of sources and scenes, calculations based on the source and scene library, as well as any spectra uploaded by users to that workbook.

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JWST ETC Outputs Overview Users who wish to save their work in the workbooks **JWST ETC** should obtain a single sign-on account using MyST Creating a accounts. Upon logging in to the JWST ETC via STScl's New single sign-on authentication, users are provided with a list of their existing workbooks, if any, from which to choose. They can choose to create a new workbook from scratch, retrieve copies of sample workbooks that have been designed for tutorials or starter use, or copy and modify an existing workbook. If users choose to begin working anonymously, and later decide they would like to save their work, they can authenticate at any time and

The name and description of a workbook can be modified after opening the workbook. Workbooks also include a section for writing notes regarding the contents of the workbook: this is found at the bottom of the calculations page.

their current workbook(s) will be saved under their user

Sample workbooks

account.

Sample workbooks have been designed to aid users in orienting themselves in the JWST ETC. The set of sample workbooks include calculations for all 4 JWST instruments. Calculations are organized into workbooks by topics or categories such as the observing mode (imaging, slitted, slitless and IFU spectroscopy, and coronagraphy). Each sample workbook includes predefined sources and scenes for use in the calculations.

A more detailed overview can be found on the JWST ETC Using the Sample Workbooks page.

Shared workbooks

Workbooks can be shared with collaborators. Each individual with whom users share a workbook can be given permissions to read, write, grant access to others, and/or revoke access from others.

Calculation **JWST ETC**

Defining a **New Scene JWST ETC** Defining a **New Source**

Sharing Workbooks **JWST ETC** Using the

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JWST ETC Source Spectral Energy **Distributions**

Sample

Workbooks

JWST ETC User Supplied Spectra

JWST ETC Batch Expansions

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To share a workbook or change the permissions for a shared workbook, select a workbook from the list of available workbooks by clicking anywhere in the row. The users with whom the workbook is shared will appear in the "User Access Permissions" pane below the list of available workbooks, along with their individual permissions. Users can share the notebook with new collaborators by adding the e-mail addresses connected with their MyST accounts. The system allows multiple users with write access to modify the same workbook simultaneously. Thus, collaborators are strongly encouraged to communicate and coordinate their work.

A more detailed overview can be found on the JWST ETC Sharing Workbooks page.

JWST

Astronomers Proposal Tool,

APT

JWST Target Visibility Tools

JWST

Acronyms and Abbreviations
JWST Proposal

Planning

JWST Observing

Modes and Strategies

Build your own scenes and sources library

Each new workbook includes a default point source, which is placed in the center of a default scene. If this is adequate, users can proceed from the "Calculations" page and begin performing calculations. Sample workbooks often include more complex sources and scenes.

The "Scenes and Sources" page allows users to create multiple, unique sources, each with their own set of individual specifications, and to place those sources within small scenes (typically a few arcseconds). Each scene can include as many sources as required, and sources can overlap within a scene. Individual sources from the source library can be used in multiple scenes. Adding a source to a scene creates an association between the source and scene, so that any future update to that source will result in changes to every scene in which that source is placed. Likewise, the use of sources and scenes in calculations is a dynamic link, and any

Last updated

update to a source or scene will affect all calculations in which that source or scene is used.

i Both sources and scenes can be shared across calculations. When changes to a source or a scene are saved, all calculations that depend on the source or scene will be automatically and instantaneously rerun.

For each new source, users can specify the spectrum (choosing from provided libraries or spectra they have uploaded) and choose whether to redshift the spectrum, apply extinction, add emission lines, or renormalize at a specified wavelength or bandpass. For extended sources, users will specify the shape and flux distribution. Finally, once a new source is added to a scene, users can choose where to place the source within the scene. If users want to mostly duplicate an existing source, making only minor modifications (for example, placing it at a different position in the scene), they can efficiently do so by copying the existing source and modifying the copy.

In addition to tables of existing scenes and sources, and a configuration pane for specifying the properties of a source, the "Scenes and Sources" page includes several items to aid users in visualizing their sources and scenes, including the interactive "Scene Sketch" pane, the ability to plot the input spectra of sources, and a list of calculations that will be affected by changes to the selected scene or source.

A more detailed overview can be found on the JWST ETC Scenes and Sources Page Overview.

Uploading spectra

Users can choose to upload their own set of sample spectra for use in their "Scenes and Sources" Library. Spectra can be uploaded as either ascii or binary FITS files and the accepted formats are described on the JWST ETC User Supplied Spectra page.

Build a set of calculations

Once users have defined the necessary sources and scenes for their intended calculations, or chosen to proceed with the existing scene(s) and source(s), they will move to the "Calculations" page. A new calculation is initialized by choosing the instrument and mode; a set of default values are assigned to parameters upon initialization. In general, users will then need to modify the default values and click the Calculate button to perform their desired calculation. Users will specify the following parameters for each calculation: a scene from their "Scenes and Sources Library," background model parameters, instrument and detector setup (e.g., filters, gratings, and exposure specifications), and extraction strategies for the source and background. The scene used in the calculation, and the sources within that scene, can also be modified from the "Calculations" page, although this does not provide the detailed reporting (including the number of calculations affected by any changes) that is provided on the "Scenes and Sources" page.

Alternatively, if users have an existing calculation in their workbook for the instrument and mode of interest, they can simply copy and modify an existing calculation.

Copying calculations provides an efficient way to explore variations of the observation setup and extraction strategies, or to calculate the SNR on multiple sources or locations in a scene using identical observation and extraction strategies. Batch expansions can be used to automate the process of copying calculations multiple times and systematically varying filters (for imaging modes) or the exposure specifications (number of groups or integrations).

A more detailed overview can be found on the JWST ETC Calculations Page Overview.

The background model

The ETC background model includes celestial sources (zodiacal light, interstellar medium, and cosmic infrared background) as well as telescope thermal and scattered light. Users can choose a dated or dateless background. A dated background utilizes the specified sky position and a date. Alternatively, users can choose a dateless background: a pre-calculated percentile of the range of backgrounds predicted at the specified sky position over the window of visibility. The percentile choices are Low (10%), Medium (50%), or High (90%). The ETC uses the measured Galactic emission at the input RA and DEC. The effects of additional sources of astrophysical backgrounds (eg; diffuse nebular emission) can be modeled by adding to the scene a large, spatially flat source that covers the full scene.

Analyze the results

Each calculation results in two-dimensional images, onedimensional plots, and scalar diagnostics. Users can view two-dimensional images of per-pixel SNR, count rate at the detector, and saturation of the selected calculation. Users can also view plots of the flux from sources in the scene in the extraction aperture, the extracted flux from the background, and SNR versus wavelength, as well as SNR versus exposure time and contrast versus separation (coronagraphy only). The two-dimensional images and scalar values are displayed for the selected calculation, while multiple calculations can be simultaneously plotted in the one-dimensional plots.

The "Report" pane presents scalar results, warnings, and errors for the selected calculation, as well as a download link. Downloads include all two- and one-dimensional products, the three-dimensional data cube for IFU calculations, and a FITS table of the calculated background spectrum.

A description of the output products is on the JWST ETC Outputs Overview page.

Related links

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JWST ETC Scenes and Sources Page Overview
JWST ETC Calculations Page Overview
JWST ETC Outputs Overview
JWST ETC User Supplied Spectra

References

Go to the on-line JWST Exposure Time Calculator Tool

Pontoppidan, K. M., Pickering, T. E., Laidler, V. G. et al., 2016, *Proc. SPIE* 9910, Observatory Operations: Strategies, Processes, and Systems VI, 991016, "Pandeia: a multi-mission exposure time calculator for JWST and WFIRST"