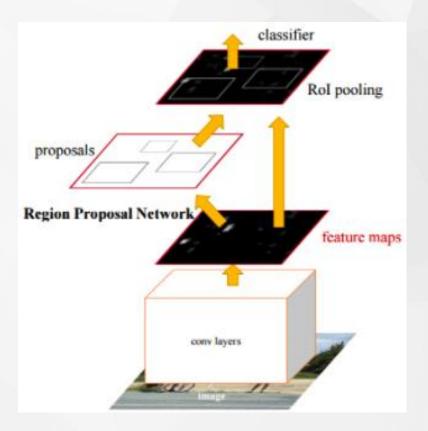


Chapter 02. 이미지 처리 분야 딥러닝 모델 (Object Detection)

## **Fast, Faster RCNN**



## **RCNN**

## R-CNN: Regions with CNN features

warped region

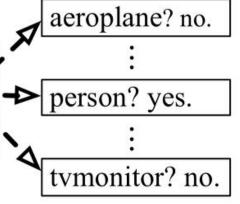


1. Input image



2. Extract region proposals (~2k)





4. Classify regions



### **RCNN**

## 1. 오래걸린다

Selective Search에서 뽑아낸 2000개의 영역 이미지들에 대해서 모두 CNN모델에 classification Training Time: 무려 84시간 Testing Time은 GPU K40 사용 기준으로 frame당 13초 CPU를 사용하였을 때 frame당 53초가 걸립니다.

## 2. 복잡하다

R-CNN은 Multi-Stage Training을 수행하며, CNN, SVM, 그리고 Bounding Box Regression까지 총 세 가지의 모델을 필요로 하는 복잡한 구조

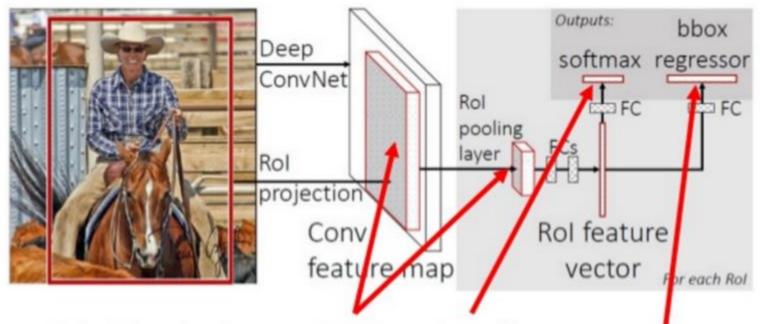
## 3. Back Propagation이 안된다.

SVM, Bounding Box Regression에서 학습한 결과가 CNN을 업데이트 시키지 못합니다.



### **Fast RCNN**

## Fast R-CNN: Joint Training Framework



Joint the feature extractor, classifier, regressor together in a unified framework

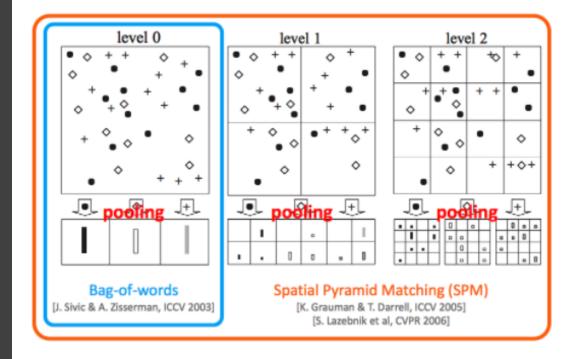
### **Unified Framework**

- 1. Feature Extractor
  - 2. Classifier
  - 3. Regressor



## Spatial Pyramid Pooling

Warping 에서 일어나는 정보손실을 막으며, 이미지의 차원을 맞추기 위한 방법 일정 개수의 지역으로 나눈 뒤, 각 지역에 BoW 를 적용



#### https://blog.lunit.io/2017/06/01/r-cnns-tutorial/

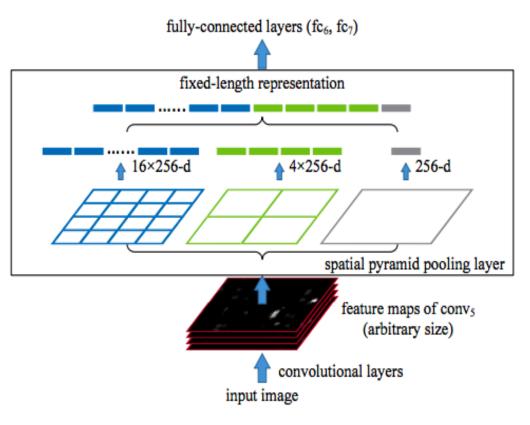
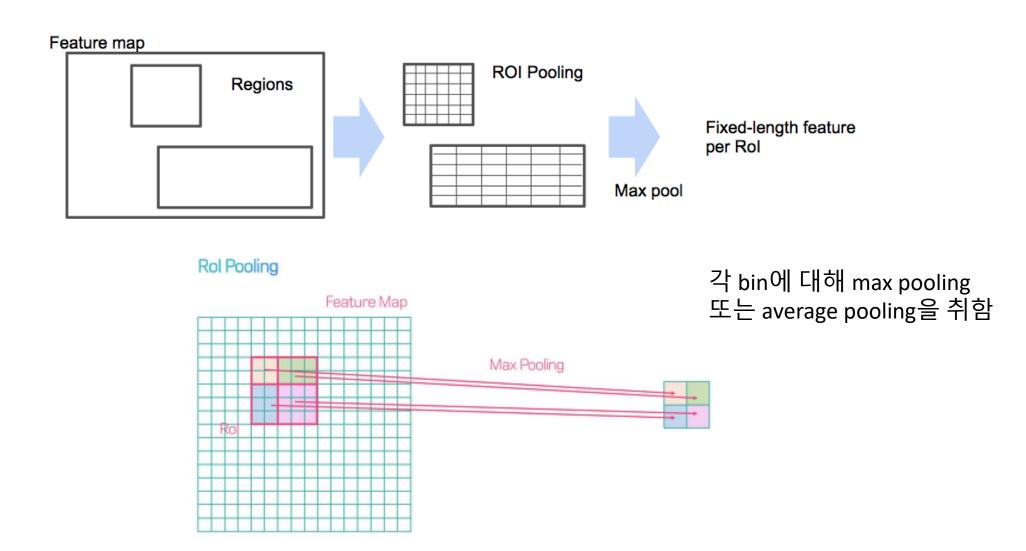


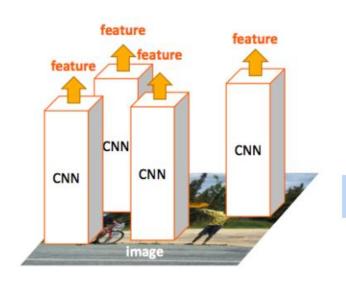
Figure 3: A network structure with a **spatial pyramid pooling layer**. Here 256 is the filter number of the conv<sub>5</sub> layer, and conv<sub>5</sub> is the last convolutional layer.



## Region of Interest Pooling



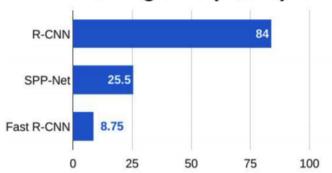


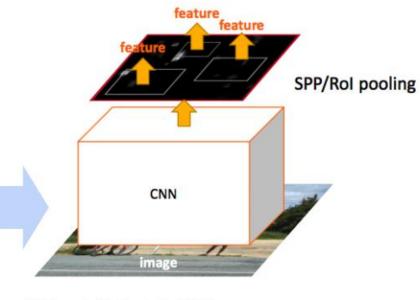


#### **R-CNN**

- Extract image regions
- 1 CNN per region (2000 CNNs)
- Classify region-based features
- Complexity: ~224 × 224 × 2000

### **Training time (Hours)**

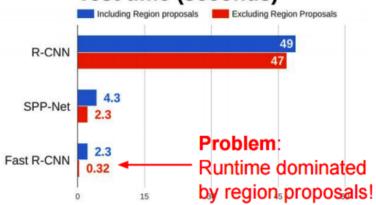




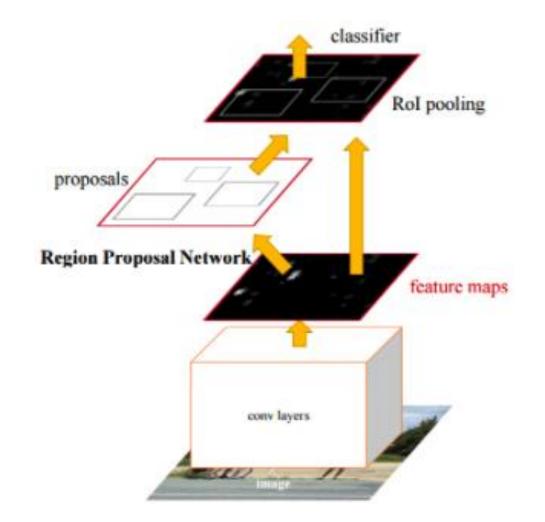
#### SPP-net & Fast R-CNN (the same forward pipeline)

- 1 CNN on the entire image
- Extract features from feature map regions
- Classify region-based features
- Complexity:  $\sim 600 \times 1000 \times 1$
- ~160x faster than R-CNN

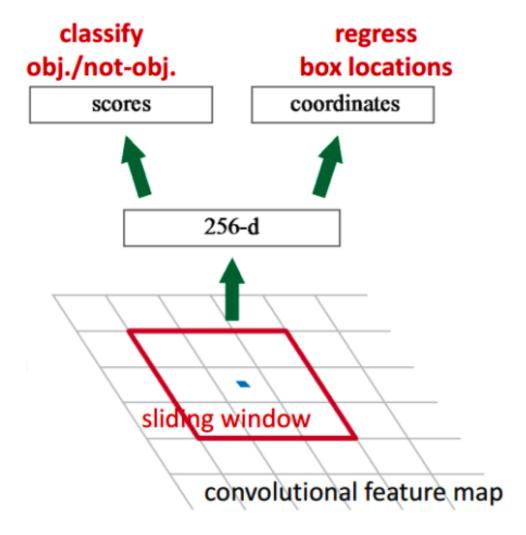
#### Test time (seconds)



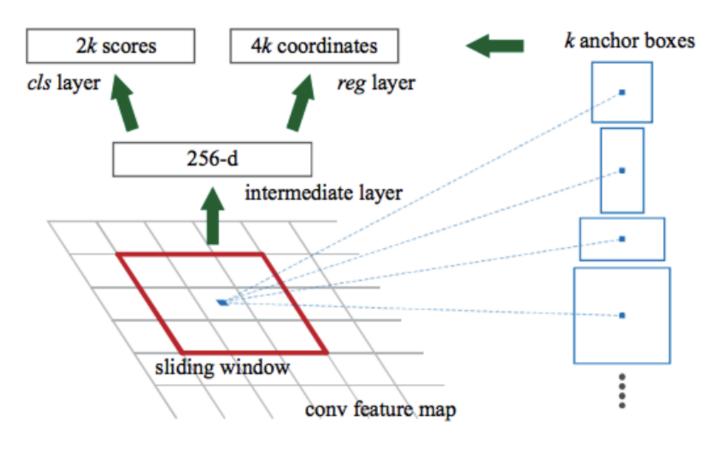




### region proposal network(RPN)를 학습해보자







논문에서는 3가지의 크기 (128, 256, 512)와 3가지의 비 율(2:1, 1:1, 1:2)을 사용

RPN에 사용된 anchor



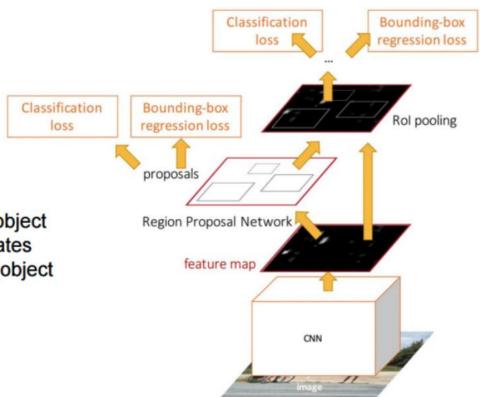
#### per image

system	time	07 data	07+12 data
R-CNN	~50s	66.0	-
Fast R-CNN	~2s	66.9	70.0
Faster R-CNN	198ms	69.9	73.2

detection mAP on PASCAL VOC 2007, with VGG-16 pre-trained on ImageNet

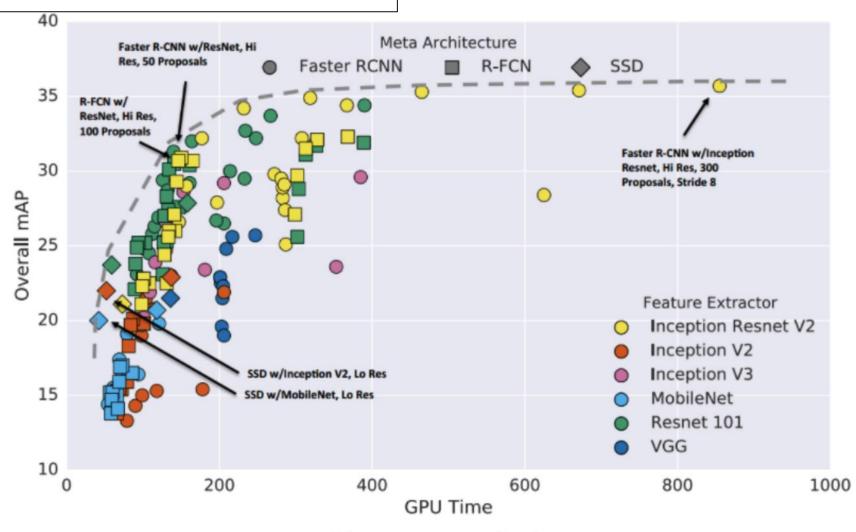
Jointly train with 4 losses:

- 1. RPN classify object / not object
- 2. RPN regress box coordinates
- Final classification score (object classes)
- 4. Final box coordinates



Faster R-CNN의 Approximate joint optimization 학습 방법







CNN 기반 object detector 성능 비교 [10]

# Thank You

