Design Document (Report)

a. Design Choices

Tables Created and Purpose:

- **Author**: Stores information about book authors. Helps normalize the data and avoid repeating author names in every book entry.
- **Genre**: Categorizes books into genres (e.g., Fiction, Science, History) for better filtering and reports.
- **Book**: Main entity representing all library books. Includes ISBN, Title, AuthorID, GenreID, availability, and shelf details.
- Borrower: Holds student/user details. Essential for issuing and tracking books.
- **Issue**: Records each instance when a book is issued to a student, with issue date and due date.
- **Return**: Stores return date and any fine amount, connected to the Issue table.
- **Fine**: Maintains fine history separately, allowing detailed reporting (reason, amount, date).

Data Type Choices:

- **INT**: Used for primary keys (e.g., BookID, BorrowerID) for simplicity, indexing, and auto-increment.
- VARCHAR: Used for textual fields like Name, Title, GenreName, ContactNumber, and Email to allow flexibility in input.
- **DATE**: Chosen for IssueDate, DueDate, ReturnDate, and FineDate for accurate date calculations.
- **DECIMAL(6,2)**: Used for FineAmount to handle monetary values properly.

b. Assumptions

- Each student can borrow up to 3 books at a time.
- Books must be returned within 14 days of issue.
- If a book is returned late, a fine of ₹2 per day is applied.
- Only students registered in the system can borrow books.
- A book is marked "Unavailable" if all copies are issued.

c. Additional Features

1. Fine Calculation Logic:

- Return table captures fine amount.
- System checks if the return date is beyond the due date.

o Fine = Days overdue * ₹2

2. Book Availability Check:

o Before issuing a book, system checks AvailableCopies > 0.

3. Overdue Alerts:

- Queries can highlight students who haven't returned books beyond due date.
- Power BI can show these as charts or alerts.

4. Popular Books/Genres Tracking:

o Use Issue table to count how many times a book or genre has been issued.

5. Student Borrowing History:

o Join Borrower, Issue, Return to track borrowing habits per student.

d. Enhancements and Their Benefits

- **1. For Librarians:** Can quickly find overdue books and apply fines. Real-time insights into which books are most or least used. Reduces time spent tracking returns manually.
- **2. For Students:** Know which books are available before visiting. Avoid fines by getting alerts or viewing due dates. See their own borrowing history.
- **3. For Administration:** Analyze patterns of overdue or lost books. Promote reading by seeing which genres students prefer. Make better decisions on book purchasing and stocking.

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Tool Used: MySQL Workbench, Power BI