

课程安排

03/14 区块链赋能产业价值和商业模式

03/21 Hyperledger 项目概览 社区介绍

03/28 Fabric 1.4 LTS 功能介绍 架构概览

04/04 Peer 解析

04/11 Orderer 解析

04/18 MSP 与 CA

04/25 应用开发指南

05/09 部署实践

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公众号中发送**“报名”**，
即有机会参加Fabric线下训练营

[]

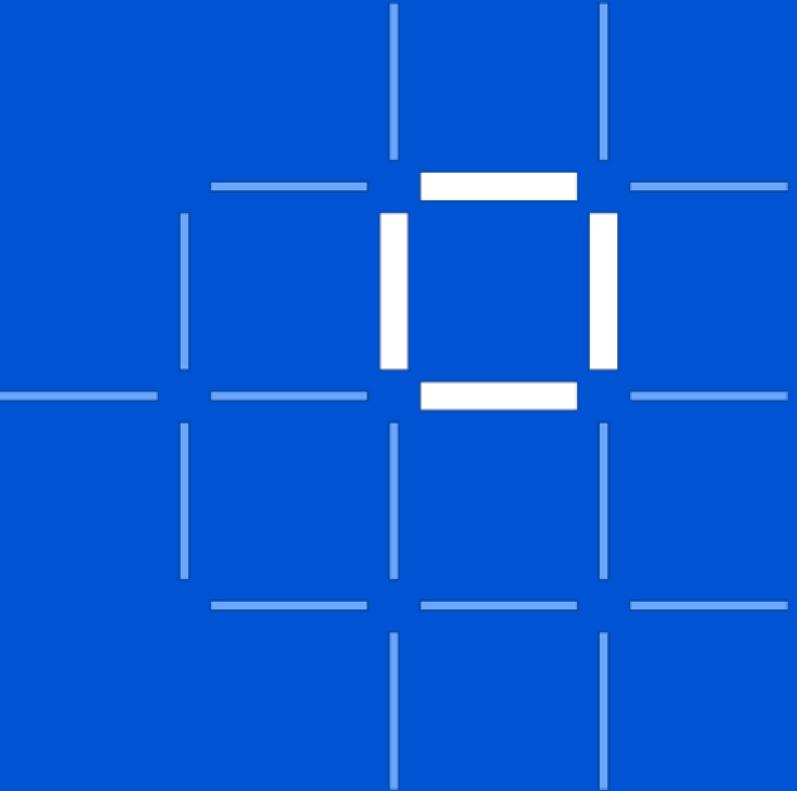
Fabric CA Overview

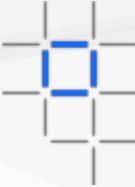
 PKI – X.509

 MSP structure and usage

 Identity Mixer

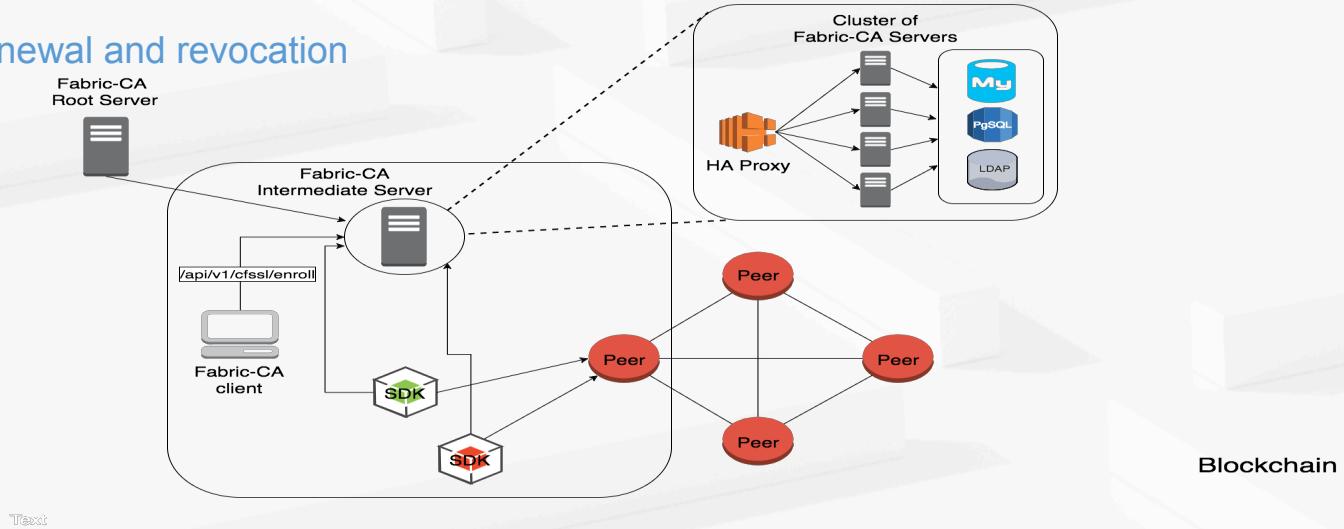
 Hardware Security Module (HSM) and advantages

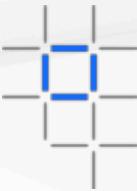




Hyperledger Fabric CA

- Features:
 - Registration of identities
 - Enrollment Certs
 - Certificate renewal and revocation
- C/S
- Architecture

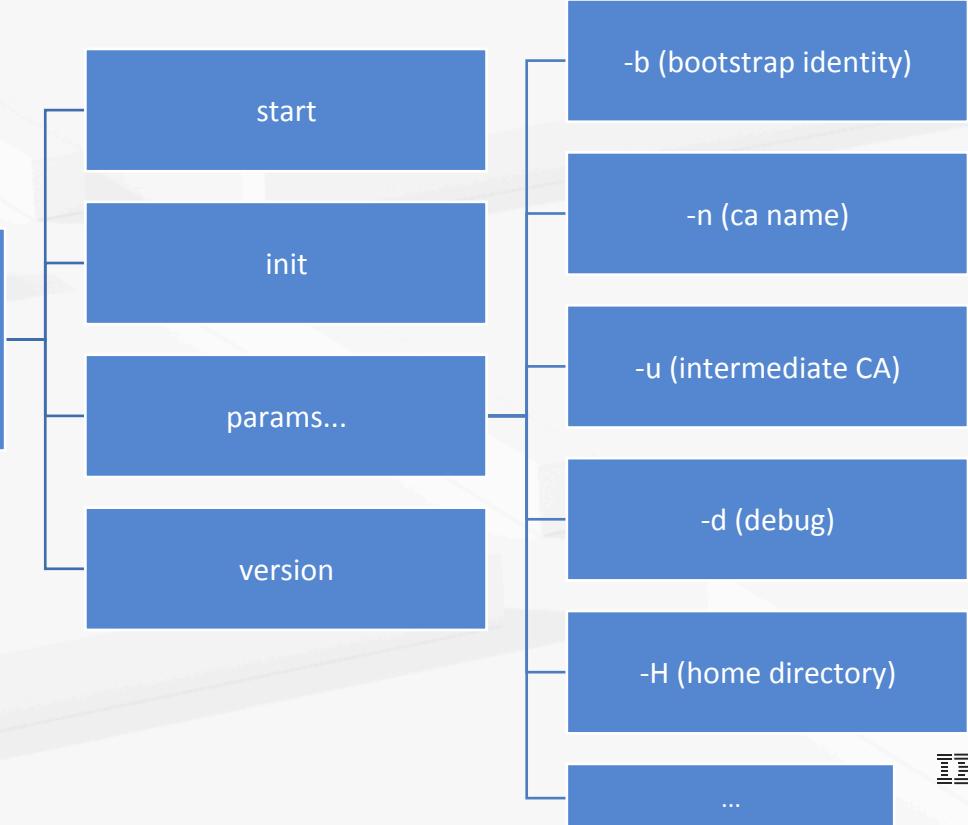


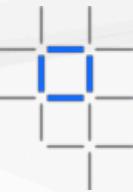


Fabric CA Server

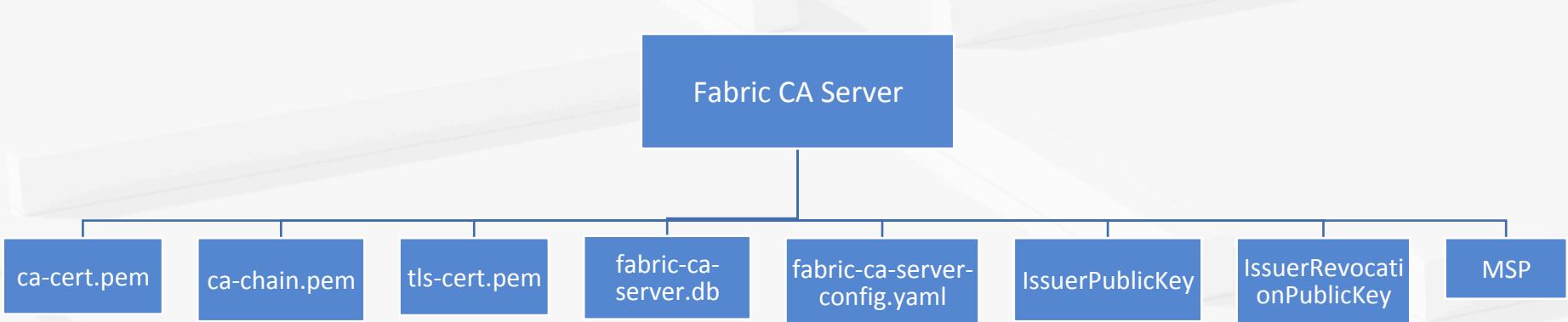
- Configure settings:
 - CLI flags
 - Environment variables
 - Configuration file

Fabric CA Server Parameters

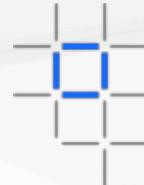




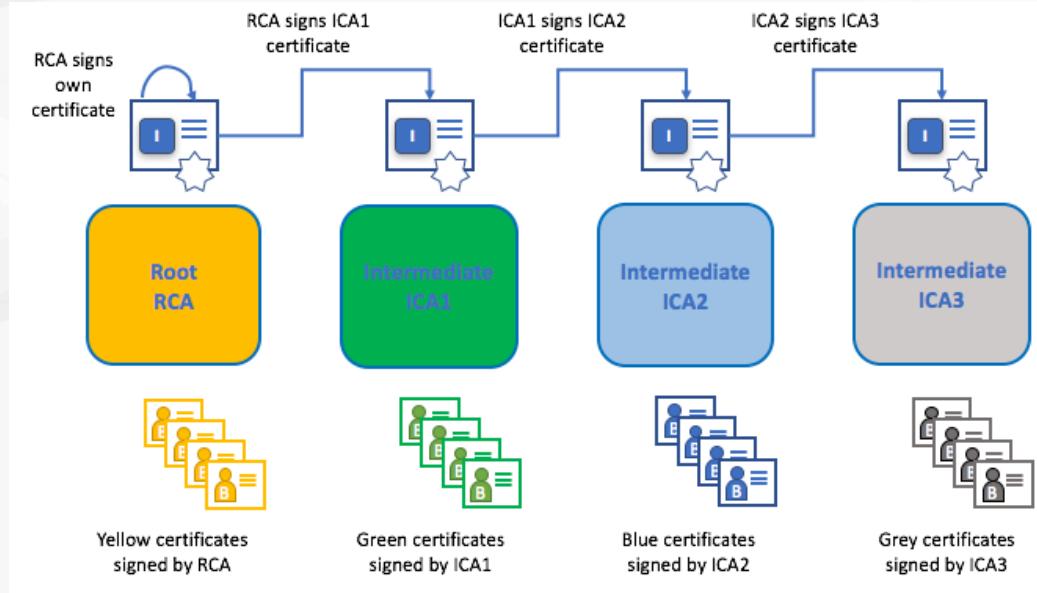
Fabric CA Server Init



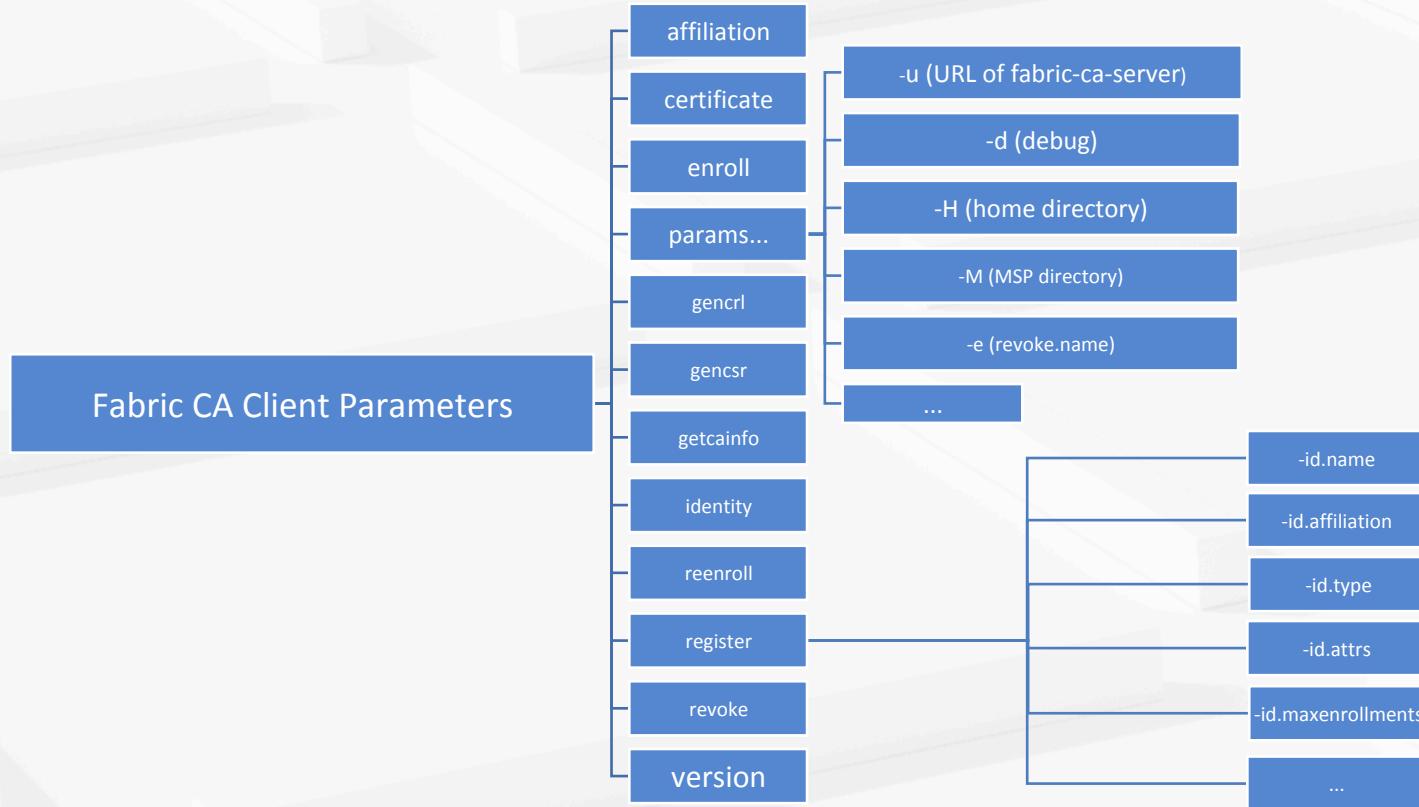
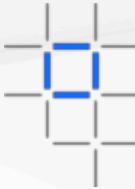
Intermedia CA



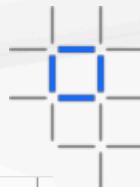
- Limit exposure of Root CA
- Across multiple organizations
- Enroll intermedia CA with Root CA
- Certificate Chain trust between Root CA and a set of Intermediate CA



Fabric CA Client

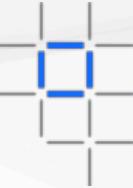


ABAC(Attribute-Based Access Control)



- Access control decision can be made by chaincode
 - Register with attributes - 'id.attrs'
 - Enroll with attributes - 'enrollment.attrs'
 - 3 default attributes in Ecrt:
 - hf.EnrollmentID
 - hf.Type
 - hf.Affiliation
 - ':ecert' to add attribute into Ecrt

Name	Type
hf.Registrar.Roles	List
hf.Registrar.DelegateRoles	List
hf.Registrar.Attributes	List
hf.GenCRL	Boolean
hf.Revoker	Boolean
hf.AffiliationMgr	Boolean
hf.IntermediateCA	Boolean



CSR (certificate signing request)

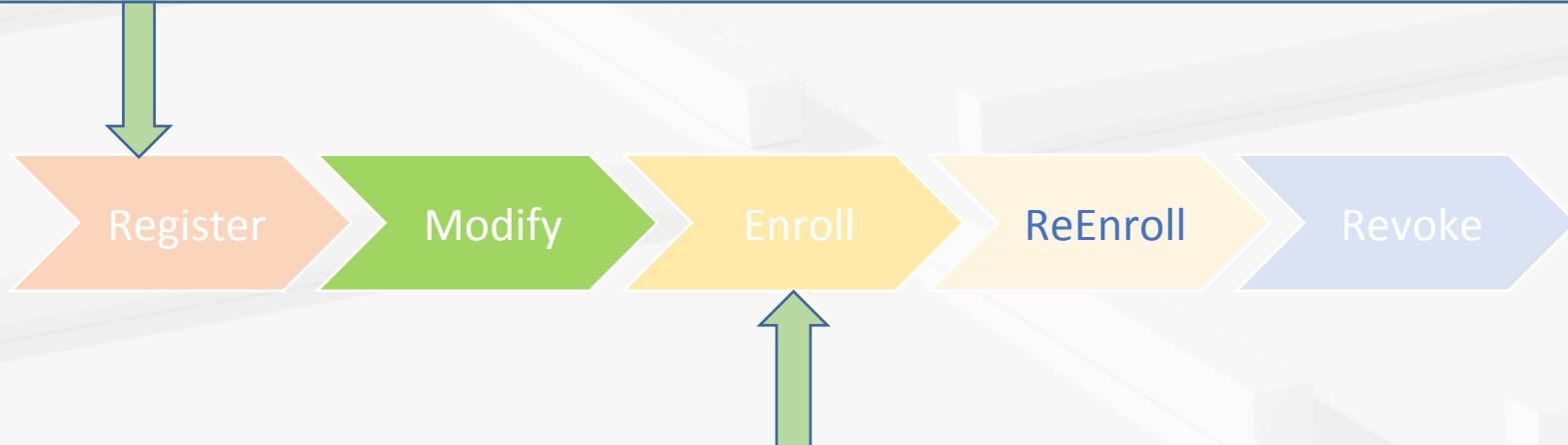
- Provide to a Certification Authority (CA)
- X.509 certificates and keys(ECDSA)

```
CSR:  
cn: <>enrollment ID>>  
key:  
  algo: ecdsa  
  size: 256  
names:  
  - C: US  
    ST: North Carolina  
    L:  
    O: Hyperledger Fabric  
    OU: Fabric CA  
hosts:  
  - <>hostname of the fabric-ca-client>>  
ca:  
  pathlen:  
  pathlenzero:  
  expiry:
```

Identity lifecycle

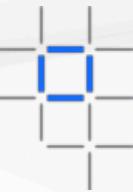


```
fabric-ca-client register -d --id.name demouser --id.affiliation org1.department1 --id.type peer --maxenrollments -1 --id.attrs  
"hf.Registrar.Roles=peer,user",hf.Revoker=true:ecert' -u <fabric-ca-server>:<port>
```



```
fabric-ca-client enroll -u https://demouser:HSrcxfuFcoDg@<fabric-ca-server>:<port> -H <msp directory>--caname <cn.name>
```

Hyperledger Fabric SDKs



- Currently, Node.js and Java SDKs are supported.
 - [Hyperledger Fabric Node SDK documentation](#).
 - [Hyperledger Fabric Java SDK documentation](#).
- Sample of fabric-ca-client SDK:
 - **fabric-ca-client:**
 - **register** a new user
 - **enroll** a user to obtain the enrollment certificate signed by the Fabric CA
 - **revoke** an existing user by enrollment ID or revoke a specific certificate
 - **customizable persistence store**



Fabric CA Overview



PKI – X.509



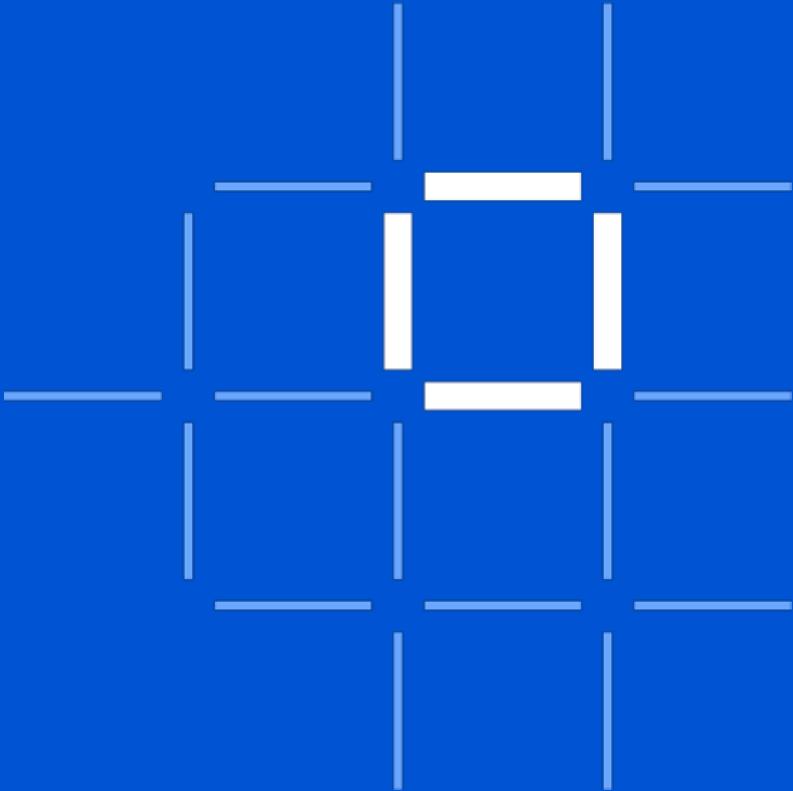
MSP structure and usage

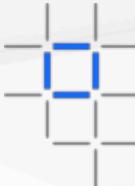


Identity Mixer

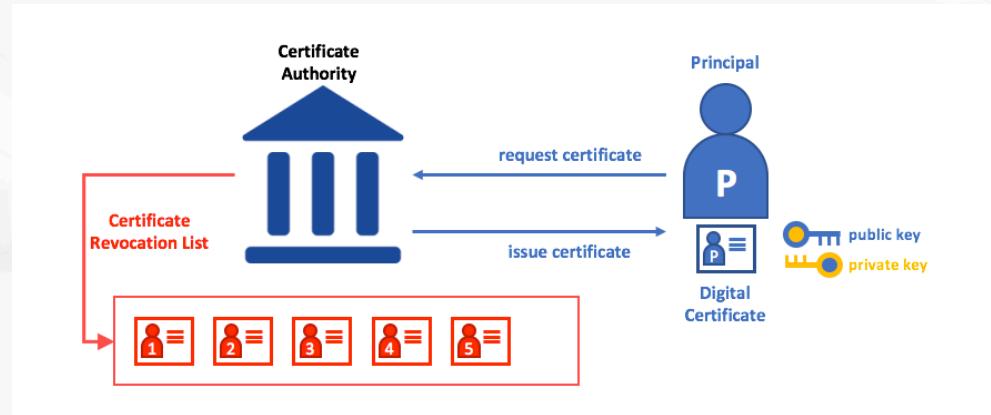


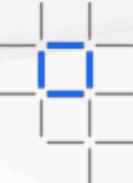
Hardware Security Module (HSM) and
advantages





- PKI(Public Key Infrastructure)
- - Digital Certificates
 - Public and Private keys
 - Certificate Authorities
 - Certificate Revocation List





X.509 certificates by Fabric CA

- Digital certificate is compliant with X.509 standard
- fabric-ca-client register -d --id.name demouser --id.affiliation org1.department1 --id.type peer --maxenrollments -1 --id.attrs "'hf.Registrar.Roles=peer,user",hf.Revoker=true:ecert'
- X.509 cert content:
 - X.509 version
 - Certificate Serial Number
 - Signature Algorithm(ecdsa-with-SHA256)
 - Issuer
 - Validity date
 - Subject
 - Subject Public key info
 - Public key

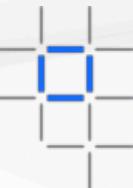
Certificate:
Data:
 Version: 3 (0x2)
 Serial Number:
 59:a1:d5:17:9d:dd:c9:b0:5e:34:06:3a:f4:e2:3d:70:88:81:f2:c0
Signature Algorithm: ecdsa-with-SHA256
 Issuer: C=US, ST=North Carolina, O=Hyperledger, OU=Fabric, CN=tlsca-common
 Validity
 Not Before: Apr 17 08:53:00 2019 GMT
 Not After : Apr 16 08:58:00 2020 GMT
 Subject: C=US, ST=North Carolina, O=Hyperledger, OU=peer, OU=org1, OU=department1, CN=demouser
 Subject Public Key Info:
 Public Key Algorithm: id-ecPublicKey
 Public-Key: (256 bit)
 pub:
 04:44:9f:c2:d4:6e:85:8b:a7:69:02:67:6c:19:f8:
 c3:04:c8:e0:ca:7e:ad:2b:8d:7a:07:b4:f5:90:d4:
 85:df:37:45:75:4e:fc:d5:9e:92:b8:31:11:6e:50:
 05:35:1f:ef:9e:5b:e2:bc:2a:2c:0f:f1:ab:6c:75:
 bf:ee:50:9c:93
 ASN1 OID: prime256v1
 NIST CURVE: P-256
X509v3 extensions:
 X509v3 Key Usage: critical
 Digital Signature, Key Encipherment, Key Agreement
 X509v3 Extended Key Usage:
 TLS Web Server Authentication, TLS Web Client Authentication
 X509v3 Basic Constraints: critical
 CA:FALSE
 X509v3 Subject Key Identifier:
 D8:F0:C5:7E:09:C0:AD:1E:DD:C9:63:BC:C9:ED:F2:89:1A:B9:37:27
 X509v3 Authority Key Identifier:
 keyid:20:C0:24:29:FD:87:32:6D:10:CC:0C:BC:88:19:75:C2:D0:68:38:B1
 X509v3 Subject Alternative Name:
 IP Address:9.47.152.179
 1.2.3.4.5.6.7.8.1:
 {"attrs": {"hf.Affiliation": "org1.department1", "hf.EnrollmentID": "demouser", "hf.Revoker": "true", "hf.Type": "peer"} }
Signature Algorithm: ecdsa-with-SHA256
30:44:02:20:75:9c:59:b9:09:c9:7a:fb:0f:79:39:29:a9:a8:
94:85:8e:02:66:45:d2:93:62:47:4d:97:1e:43:50:af:66:8e:
02:18:0c:93:62:18:26:8f:f9:72:1c:1e:6e:e7:5c:c8:cf:
cc:f1:99:46:9b:8f:c9:72:7a:bd:ba:cb:2d:b7:c7:f6

Issuer

Identity

Attributes of Identity

PKI and X.509



- Blockchain network relies on PKI :
 - Ensure secure communication between various network participants
 - Ensure posted message are properly authenticated
- MSP uses X.509 certificates
- PKI provides a list of identities vs. MSP are members of a given organization that participates in the network.
- PKI certificate authorities vs. MSPs provide a similar combination of functionalities



Fabric CA Overview



PKI – X.509



MSP structure and usage

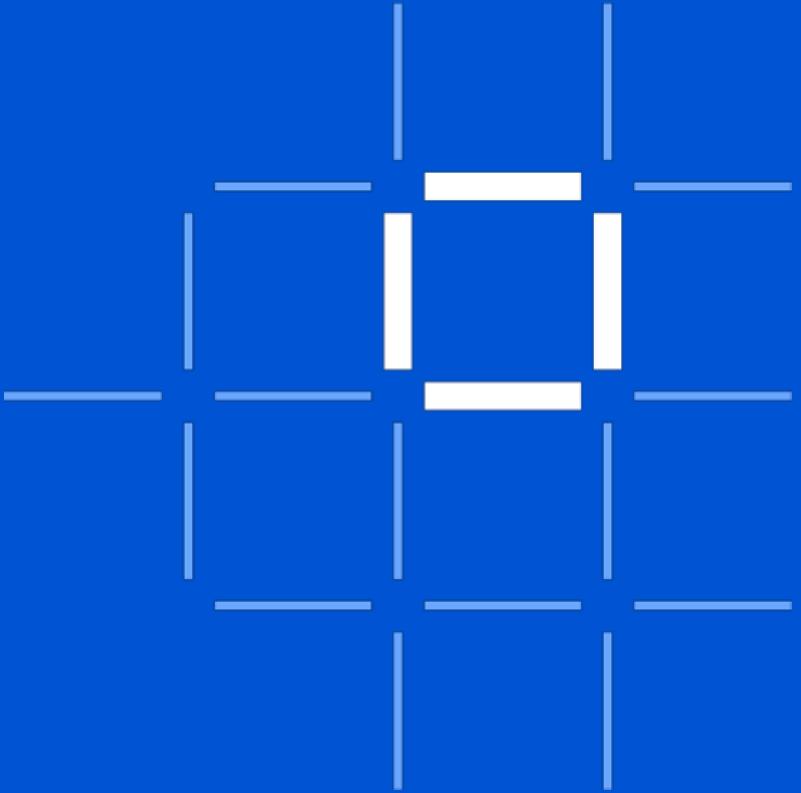
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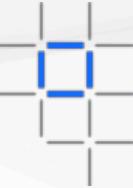


Identity Mixer



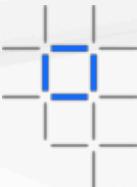
Hardware Security Module (HSM) and
advantages





Membership Service Provider

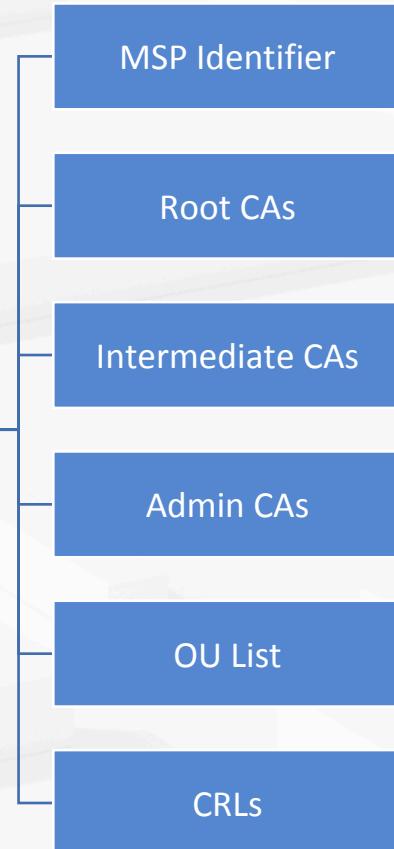


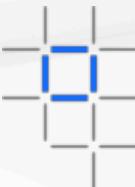


Membership Service Provider

- Abstracts all cryptographic mechanisms and protocols
- Provide credentials to clients and peers
 - clients - authenticate transaction
 - peers - endorsements
- 1-N MSP & MSP ID unique
- Fabric CA, OpenSSL, Cryptogen ...

MSP Verification

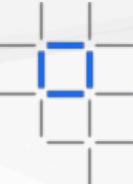




- Blockchain cryptographic service provider
- Implementation:
 - PKCS #11
 - SW

```
#####
# BCCSP (BlockChain Crypto Service Provider) section is used to select which
# crypto library implementation to use
#####
bccsp:
    default: SW
    sw:
        hash: SHA2
        security: 256
        filekeystore:
            # The directory used for the software file-based keystore
            keystore: msp/keystore
```

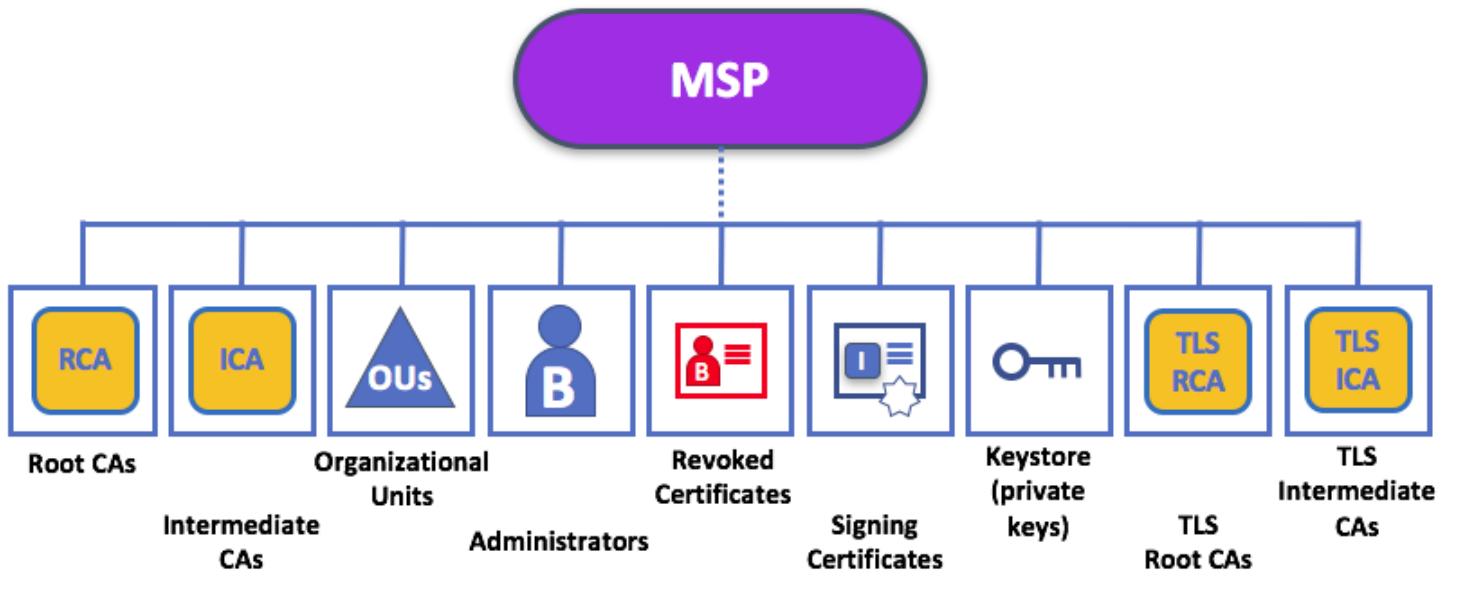
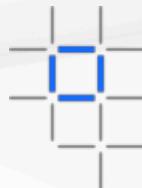
.....



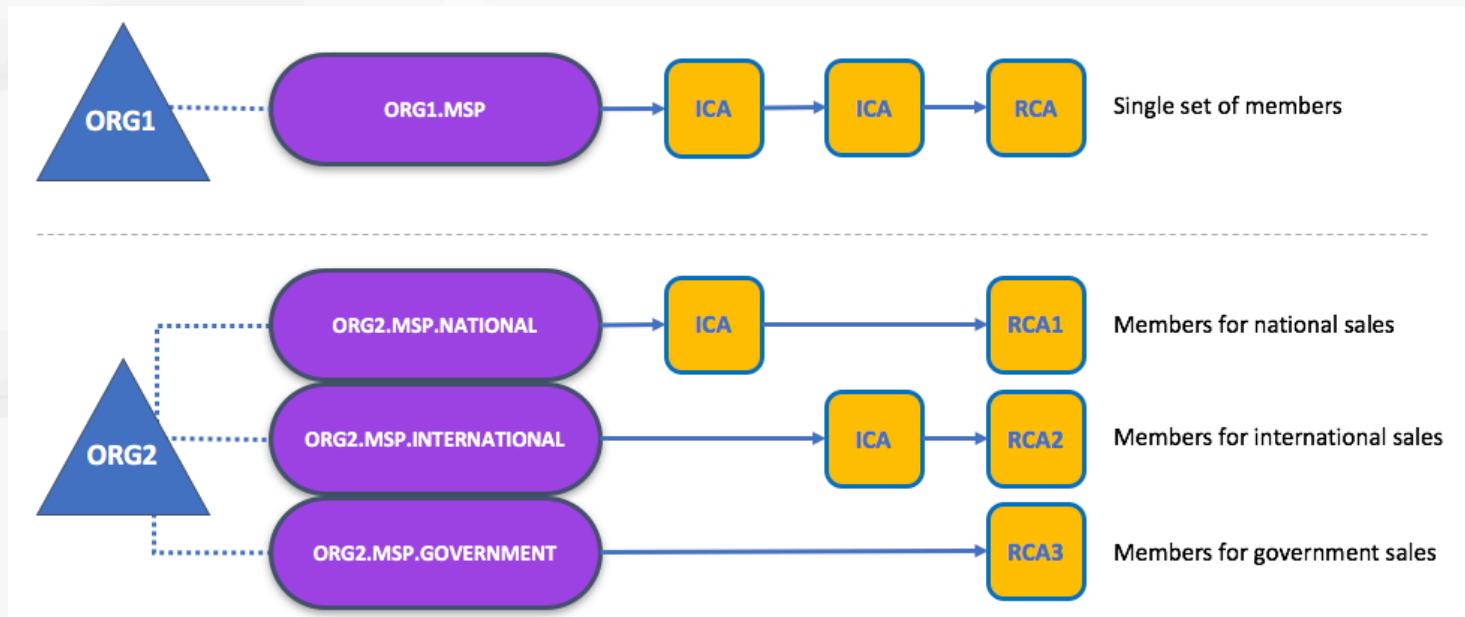
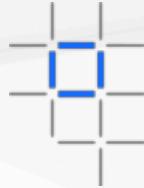
MSP Configuration

- Specified at each peer and orderer and channels
 - Enable peer, orderer, client identity validation, and signature verification(authentication)
- Reduce from **RFC5280**
 - A list of self-signed X.509 certificates to constitute the root of trust and the TLS root of trust for TLS certificate
 - A list of X.509 certificates with verifiable certificate path to represent MSP of administrators, and authorized to request changes to this MSP configuration(eg. Root Cas, intermediate CAs)
 - Intermediate certificates, certified exactly by one of the certificates in the root of trust;
 - A list of OU
 - CRL
 - ...
- **Valid identities of MSP:**
 - X.509 certificates, verifiable certificate
 - Not included in any CRL;
 - List one or more of OU of MSP configuration in their X.509 certificate structure;

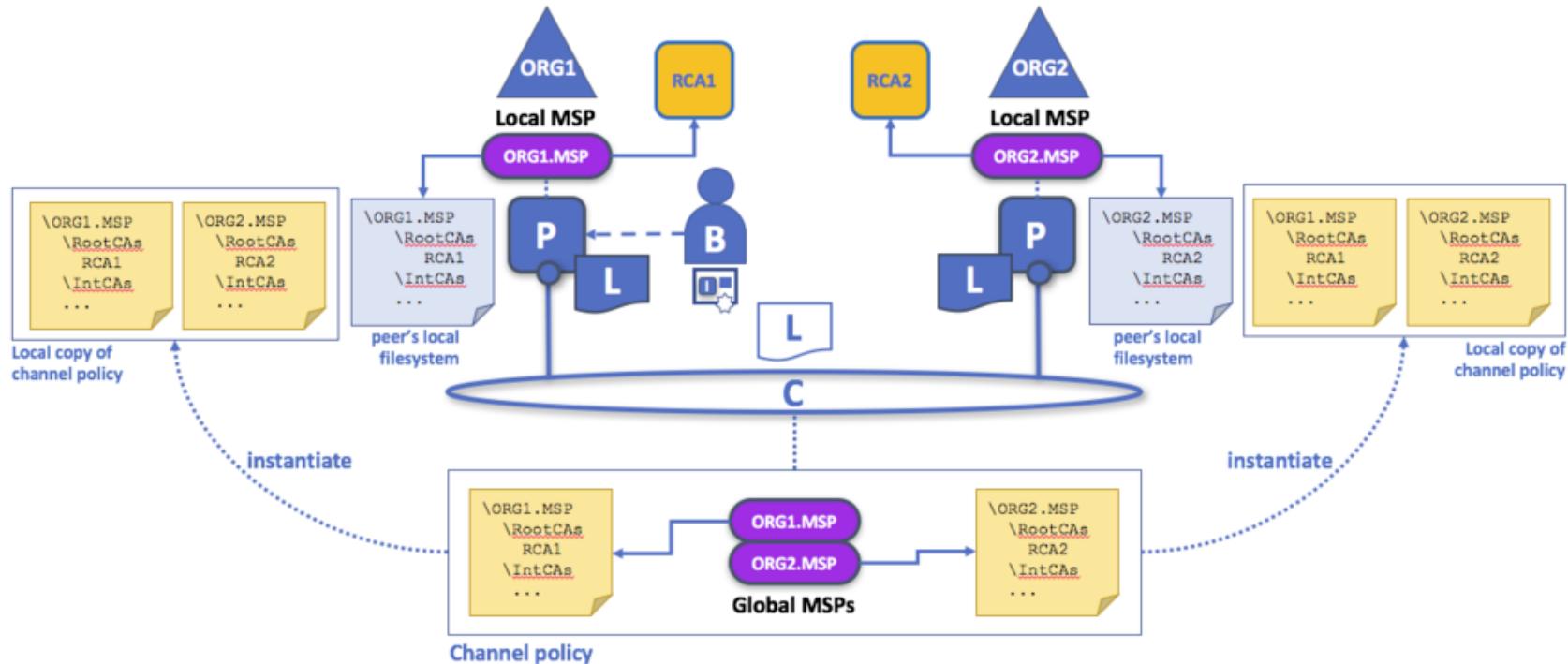
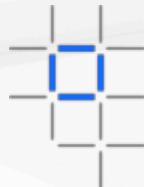
MSP Tree



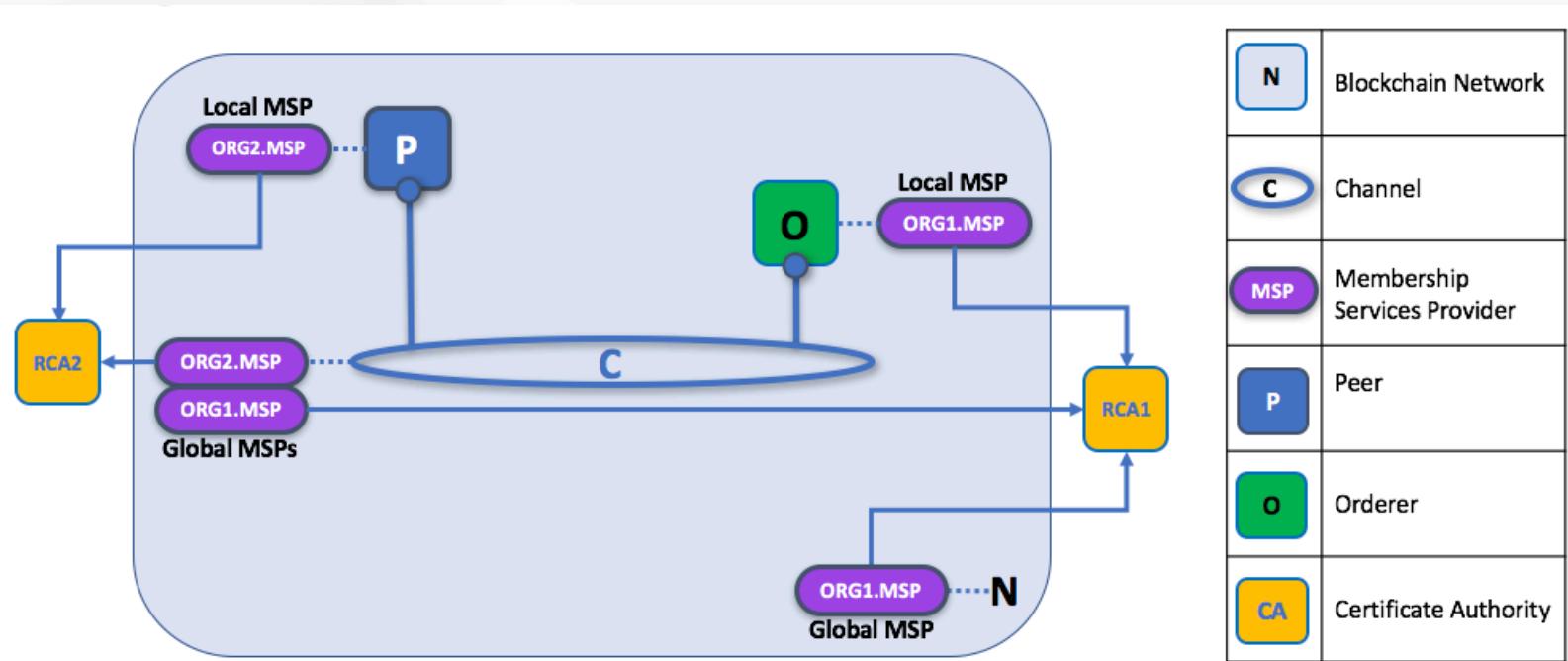
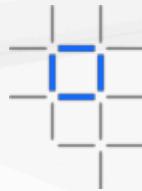
Organization - MSP



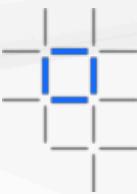
MSP in Channel



MSP Levels

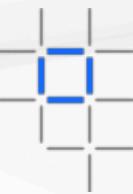


MSP configuration in Peer/Orderer



```
# Path on the file system where peer will find MSP local configurations
mspConfigPath: msp

# Identifier of the local MSP
# ----!!!!IMPORTANT!!!-!!!!IMPORTANT!!!-!!!!IMPORTANT!!!!-----
# Deployers need to change the value of the localMspId string.
# In particular, the name of the local MSP ID of a peer needs
# to match the name of one of the MSPs in each of the channel
# that this peer is a member of. Otherwise this peer's messages
# will not be identified as valid by other nodes.
localMspId: SampleOrg
# Type for the local MSP - by default it's of type bccsp
localMspType: bccsp
```

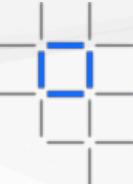


MSP Lifecycle

Enroll

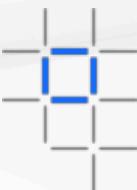
X509 CRL

Idemix CRI



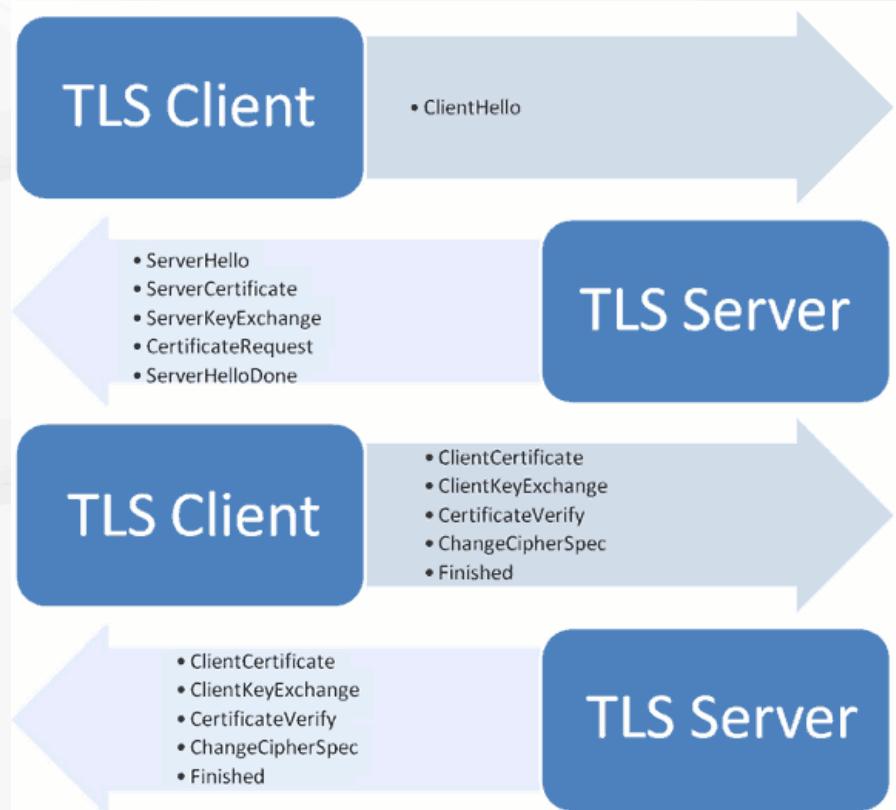
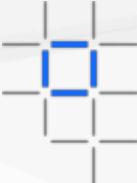
MSP Practice

- 1 Org -1 MSP (recommended)
 - 1 Org – N MSPs
 - N Org – 1 MSP
- Grant different divisions different access to different channels
- Admin and CA certs
- Blacklisting an intermediate CA
- CAs and TLS CAs



Cert in TLS communication

- Secure communication between nodes using TLS
 - one-way(server only)
 - two-way(server-client)
- Peer node is both TLS server and TLS client
 - TLS server When another peer node, application, or CLI connect to it
 - TLS client when it connect to another peer or orderer
- TLS client authentication is turn off be default
- In channel, root CA certificate chain of channel members are read from config block are added to TLS client and server root Cas data structure. So, communication between peer -peer, peer-orderer are seamlessly.





Fabric CA Overview



PKI – X.509



MSP structure and usage

[

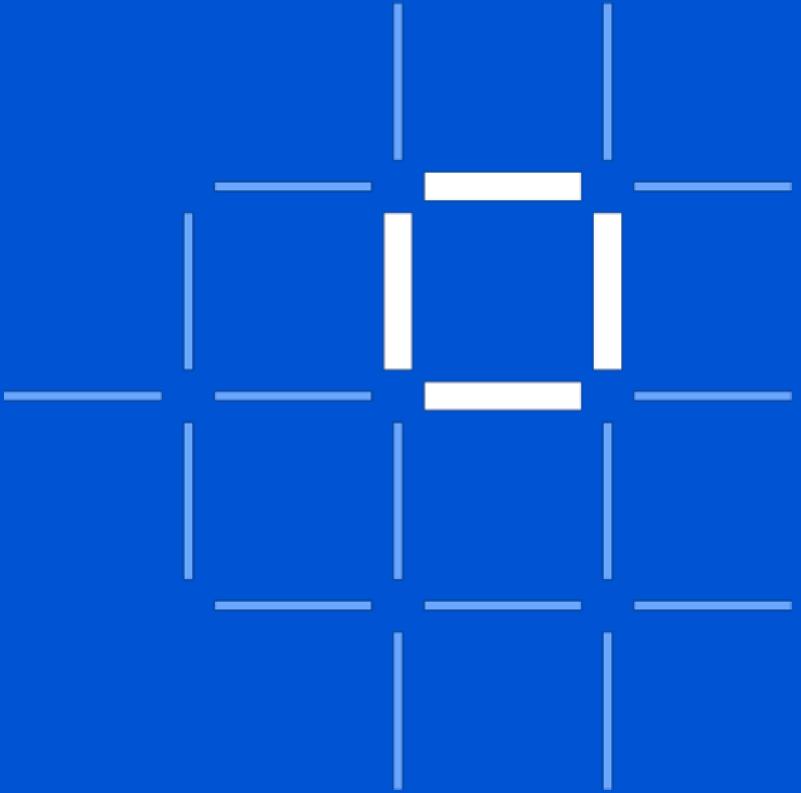


Identity Mixer

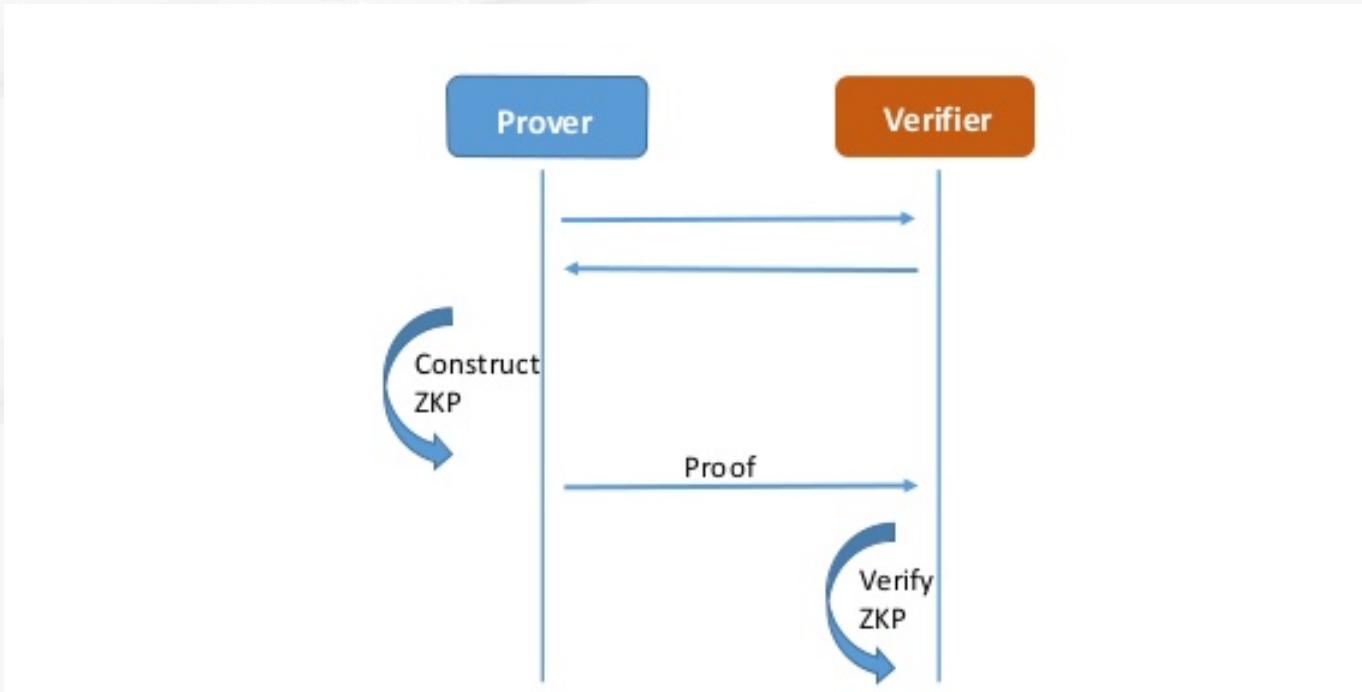
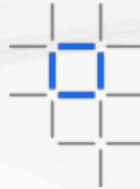
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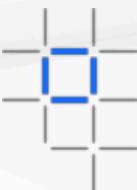


Hardware Security Module (HSM) and
advantages



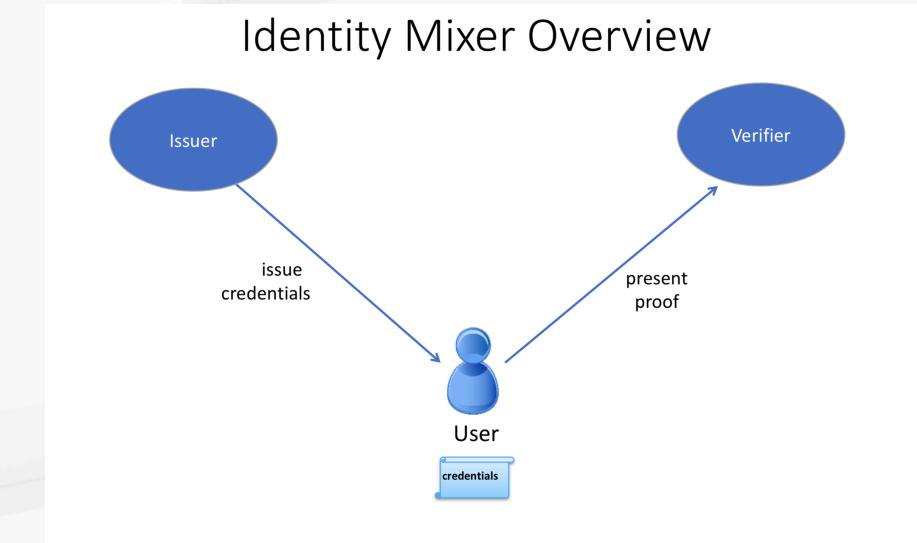
Zero Knowledge Proof

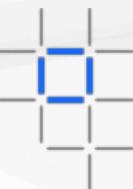




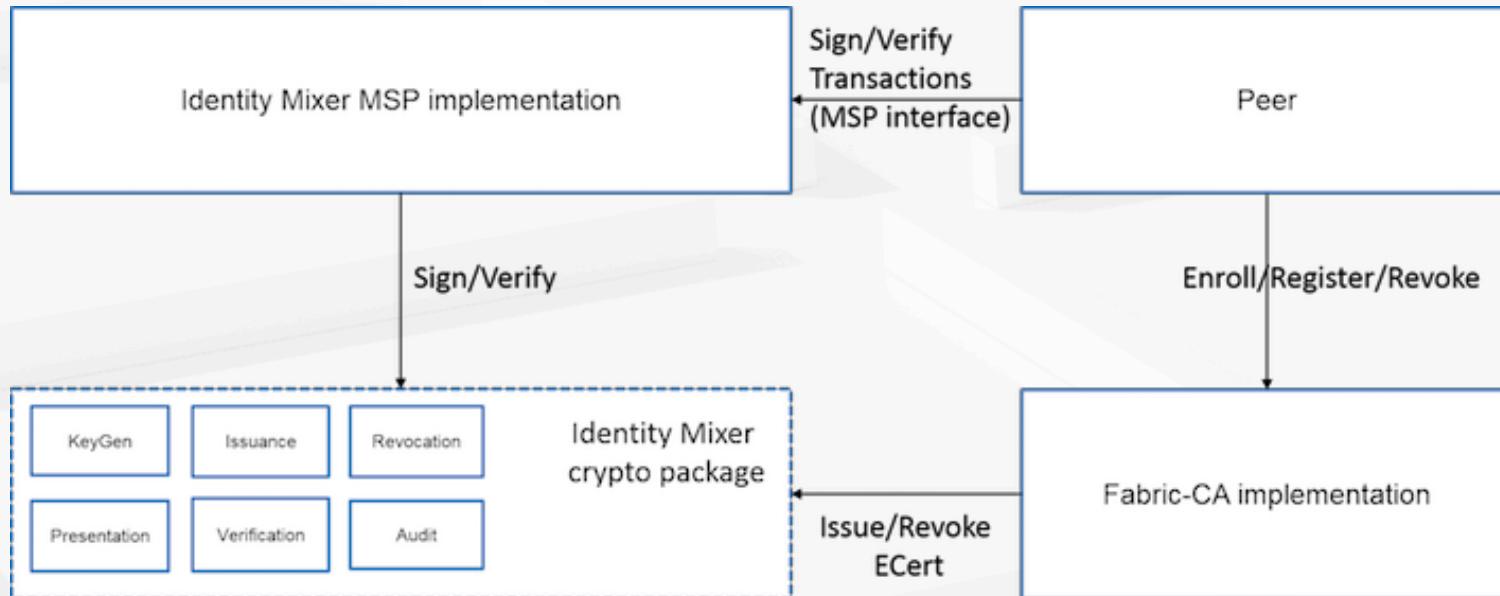
Identity Mixer(Idemix)

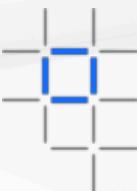
- Cryptographic protocol suite
 - Privacy-preserving as anonymity
 - Transact without revealing the identity of transactor
 - Unlinkability
- Three actors:
 - User
 - issuer
 - verifier
- Idemix = X.509+cryptographic algorithm
- Generate Zero-knowledge Proof





Identity Mixer for Hyperledger

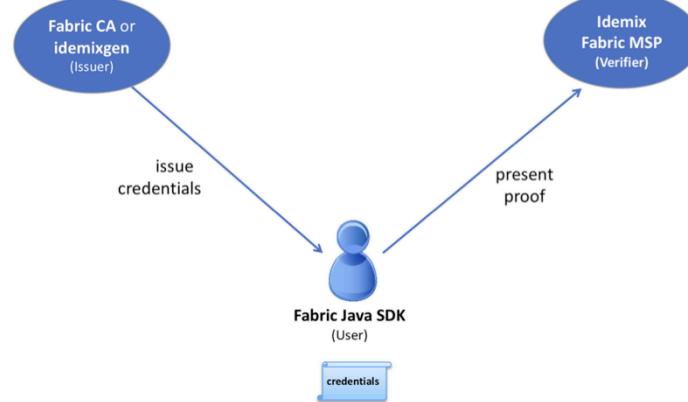




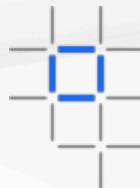
MSP with Identity Mixer in Fabric

- Issue idemix credentials in addition to X.509 certificate
 - IssuerPublicKey
 - IssuerRevocationPublicKey
- Generate Idemix credential
 - OU
 - IsAdmin
 - Enrollment ID

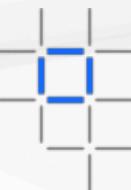
Identity Mixer In Hyperledger Fabric



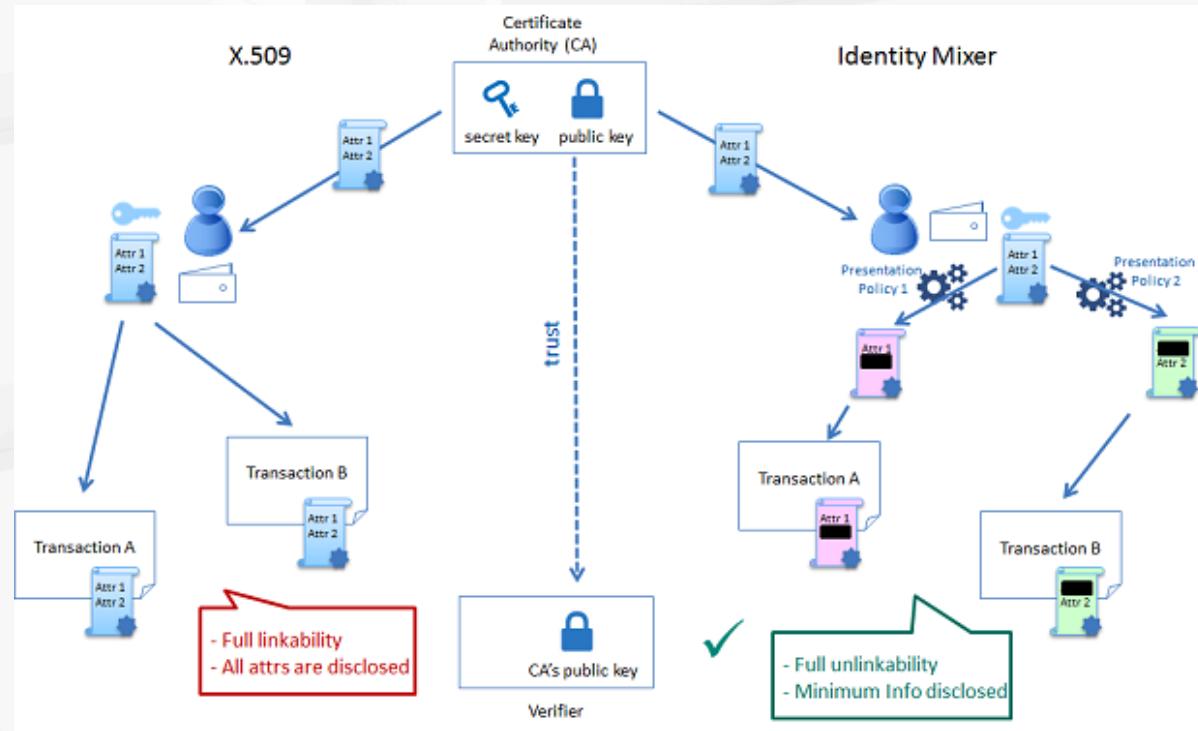
Idemix vs. X.509



	Same	Diff
Idemix	<ul style="list-style-type: none">A set of attributes signed with signature that can not be forgedCredential is cryptographically bounded to a secret key	<ul style="list-style-type: none">zero-knowledge proofs to ensure ‘knowledge’ or ‘information’ is not revealed and user in possession of credential secret keyNon linkability
X.509		<ul style="list-style-type: none">Verified by public key that originally signed, only user know secret key can generate proofs.All attributes are revealed, so all certificate usage for signing transactions are linkable



X.509 vs. Idemix





X.509 vs. Idemix MSP difference in Fabric CA

- organizational identities in configtx.yaml

```
- &Org1
  # DefaultOrg defines the organization which is used in the sampleconfig
  # of the fabric.git development environment
  Name: Org1MSP

  # ID to load the MSP definition as
  ID: Org1MSP

  MSPDir: crypto-config/peerOrganizations/org1.example.com/msp

  AnchorPeers:
    # AnchorPeers defines the location of peers which can be used
    # for cross org gossip communication. Note, this value is only
    # encoded in the genesis block in the Application section context
    - Host: peer0.org1.example.com
      Port: 7051
```

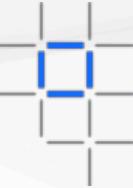
- &Org1Idemix

```
# defaultorg defines the organization which is used in the sampleconfig
# of the fabric.git development environment
name: idemixMSP1
```

```
# id to load the
id: idemixMSP1
```

MSP Type

```
msptype: idemix
mspdir: crypto-config/peerOrganizations/org3.example.com
```



Limitation of Idemix

- Fixed set of attributes
 - OU
 - Role attribute
 - Enrollment ID
 - Revocation Handle attribute
- Revocation for Idemix is not supported
- Peers do not use Idemix for endorsement
 - Idemix MSP by peers only for signature verification
 - Signing with Idemix only via Client SDK
- Recommended one Idemix-based MSP per channel or per network as Idemix currently provides only anonymity of clients among the same organization (MSP).



Fabric CA Overview



PKI – X.509



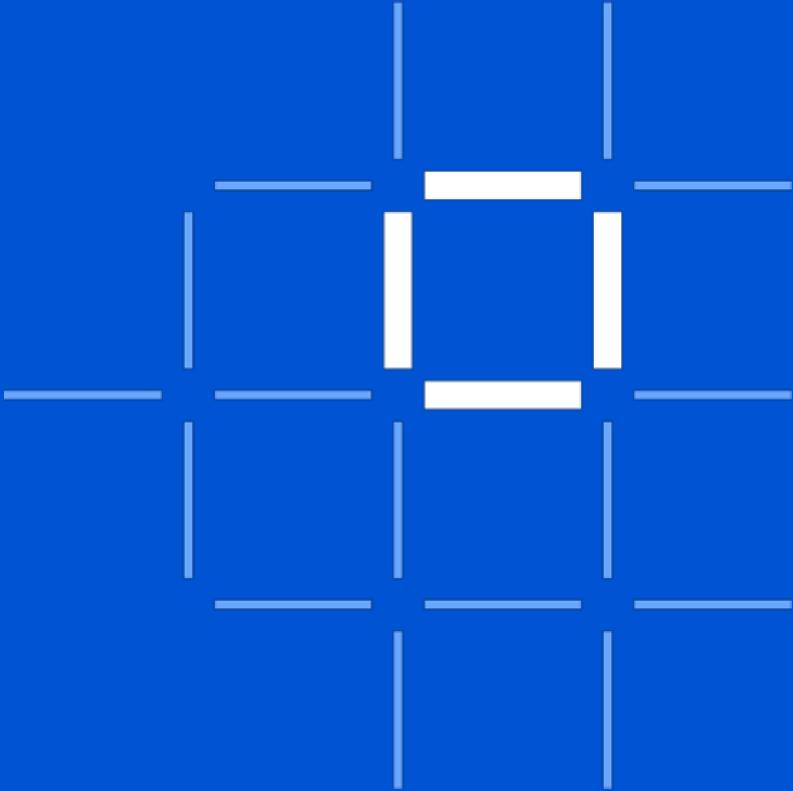
MSP structure and usage

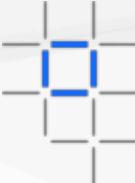


Identity Mixer



Hardware Security Module (HSM) and
advantages

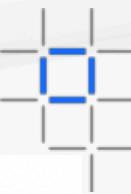




Hardware Security Module(HSM)

- Store private keys in an HSM (Hardware Security Module) via PKCS11 APIs
 - PEM-encoded file
 - PKCS#11 – Public-key Cryptography Standards
- IBM Hardware Security Module
 - FIPS 140-2 Level 4
 - tamper-resistant, tamper-evident
 - 20,000 ECC and 10,000 RSA per second
 - Lower latency
- Configured in the BCCSP in Fabric CA

HSM Plugin In BCCSP



```
#####
# BCCSP (BlockChain Crypto Service Provider) section is used to select which
# crypto library implementation to use
#####
bccsp:
    default: PKCS11
    sw:
        hash: SHA2
        security: 256
        filekeystore:
            # The directory used for the software file-based keystore
            keystore: msp/keystore
    pkcs11:
        library: /usr/lib/s390x-linux-gnu/opencryptoki/libopencryptoki.so.0.0.0
        pin: 98765432
        label: CEX6P
        hash: SHA2
        security: 256
        filekeystore:
            keystore: msp/keystore
```

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