#### Control Flow



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#### File.read(path)

```
{:ok, contents}
{:error, reason}
```



### Branching Logic

f

Cond

Case



Iterating Over Data

Loops



Iterating Over Data

<del>Loops</del>

Recursion



# If/Else



#### Cond



#### Case



#### Recursion



# To understand what recursion is, you must first understand recursion.



#### Recursion Example: Bottles Song



#### Imperative Example

```
for(var i = 100; i >= 3; i--){}
    Console.WriteLine(i + " bottles of beer on the wall, " + i + "
bottles of beer. Take one down, pass it around, " + i-1 + "bottles of
beer on the wall.");
Console.WriteLine("2 bottles of beer on the wall, 2 bottles of beer.
Take one down, pass it around, 1 more bottle of beer on the wall.");
Console.WriteLine("1 bottle of beer on the wall, 1 bottle of beer.
Take it down, pass it around, no more bottles of beer on the wall.");
```



#### def lyrics(first..last)

```
lyrics(100..1)
first = 100
last = 1
get_sentence(100) < x lyrics(100-1..1)
lyrics(99..1)
first = 99
last = 1
get_sentence(99) <> lyrics(99-1..1)
```

```
lyrics(2..1)
first = 2
last = 1
get_sentence(2) <> lyrics(2-1..1)
lyrics(1..1) when first <= last</pre>
first = 1
last = 1
get_sentence(1)
```



#### Tail Recursion



## Tail recursion only happens when the last operation a function performs is recursion



#### Summary



#### Ways to Handle Different Cases

- If/Else (Unless)
- Cond
- Case

#### **Iteration**

- Recursion



# Coming Up Elixir Ecosystem

