

A.

Komarovsk 1

1.	f	Δf	$\Delta^2 f$	$\Delta^3 f$	$\Delta^4 f$
	1	<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>-7</u>	20
	1	1	<u>-6</u>	13	
	2	<u>-5</u>	7		
	<u>-3</u>	2			
	<u>-7</u>				

2.	x	1	3	4	6	7
	$f(x)$	3	0	5	7	1

x	f	Δf	$\Delta^2 f$	$\Delta^3 f$	$\Delta^4 f$
1	3	$\frac{0-3}{3-1} = -\frac{3}{2}$	$\frac{5+\frac{3}{2}}{4-1} = \frac{13}{6}$	$\frac{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{13}{6}}{6-1} = \frac{-\frac{21}{6}}{5} = -\frac{7}{10}$	$\frac{-\frac{1}{4} + \frac{7}{10}}{7-1} = \frac{\frac{9}{20}}{6} = \frac{3}{40}$
3	0	$\frac{5-0}{4-3} = 5$	$\frac{1-5}{6-3} = -\frac{4}{3}$	$\frac{-\frac{7}{3} + \frac{4}{3}}{7-3} = \frac{-\frac{3}{3}}{4} = -\frac{1}{4}$	
4	5	$\frac{7-5}{6-4} = 1$	$\frac{-6-1}{7-4} = -\frac{7}{3}$		
6	7	$\frac{1-7}{7-6} = -6$			
7	1				

$$3. f(x) = (1+x)^{\frac{1}{3}}, x_0 = 0$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{3}(1+x)^{-\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$f''(x) = -\frac{2}{9}(1+x)^{-\frac{5}{3}}$$

$$, f(0) = 1$$

$$, f'(0) = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$, f''(0) = -\frac{2}{9}$$

$$P_2(x) = 1 + \frac{1}{3}x - \frac{2}{9}x^2$$

4. $f(x) = \sin x$, $x_0 = 0$, $[-\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{4}]$

a bound of the error for $T_5 f(x)$

Find $M > 0$ st. $|R_n f(x)| \leq M$

$R_n f(x) = \frac{(x-x_0)^{n+1}}{(n+1)!} f^{(n+1)}(\xi)$, ξ around x_0 and x

$R_5 f(x) = \frac{x^6}{6!} \cdot f^{(6)}(\xi)$

$f(x) = \sin x$, $f'(x) = \cos x$, $f''(x) = -\sin x$, $f'''(x) = -\cos x$

$f^{(4)}(x) = \sin x$, $f^{(5)}(x) = \cos x$, $f^{(6)}(x) = -\sin x$

$|f^{(6)}(\xi)| = |\sin \xi| = \sin \xi \leq \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

$|R_5 f(x)| \leq \left| \frac{f^{(6)}(\xi) x^6}{6!} \right| = \frac{|f^{(6)}(\xi)| |x|^6}{6!} \leq \frac{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} x^6}{2 \cdot 6!} \leq \frac{\sqrt{2} \cdot (\frac{\pi}{4})^6}{2 \cdot 6!}$

$-\frac{\pi}{4} < x < \frac{\pi}{4} \uparrow^6$

$(-\frac{\pi}{4})^6 < x^6 < (\frac{\pi}{4})^6 \Rightarrow x^6 = (\frac{\pi}{4})^6$