

# Computational Psycholinguistics — Assignment 2

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## I. INTRODUCTION

This report is the realization of the Assignment 2 project for the Radboud University course Computational Psycholinguistics. For this assignment, students of the course must investigate whether the gradients computed from a recurrent neural network correlate with measured P600 component activity from a controlled experiment. The reasoning behind this assignment is that recent research ([1], [2]) has shown that the P600 component may be the backpropagation of prediction errors in the human language system. Since neural language models also backpropagate their prediction errors using gradient descent, there may exist similarities between the language error backpropagation of human and artificial neural language systems. This report contains the findings found by me for the Assignment 2 project.

## II. RELATED WORK

For the Assignment 2 project, students must choose a controlled experiment where participants read English or Dutch sentences while their P600 component is measured. I have chosen to use the data from the controlled experiment performed in [3]. This data is also used by the authors of [2]. The data from the controlled experiment in [3] consists of EEG data of 24 native British English speakers, who all read a set of 205 sentences taken from English-language novels. The authors recorded EEG data of six different ERP components, including the P600 component, and calculated the average EEG values for every ERP component, for every word of every sentence for every participant. The dataset should fulfill the requirements set by the assignment: the experiment language is English, the participants' stimuli are independent sentences, the size of the P600 component is one dependent variable, and the independent variables are manipulated by varying the content of the sentence stimuli.

## III. METHODOLOGY

## IV. RESULTS

## V. CONCLUSIONS

## REFERENCES

- [1] Hartmut Fitz and Franklin Chang. Language erps reflect learning through prediction error propagation. *Cognitive Psychology*, 111:15–52, 2019.
- [2] Stefan L Frank. Neural language model gradients predict event-related brain potentials, Jan 2024.
- [3] Stefan L. Frank, Leun J. Otten, Giulia Galli, and Gabriella Vigliocco. The erp response to the amount of information conveyed by words in sentences. *Brain and Language*, 140:1–11, 2015.

## APPENDIX