

What are effective ways of incorporating syntactic structure into neural language models?

$$\begin{array}{l|l|l} & & \text{OPEN} \\ & & \text{OPEN} \\ & & \text{GEN}The \\ & & \text{GEN}hungry \\ & & \text{GEN}cat \\ & & \text{REDUCE} \\ & & \text{OPEN} \\ & & \text{GEN}meows \\ & & \text{REDUCE} \\ & & \text{GEN.} \\ & & \text{REDUCE} \\ & & \\ a = \langle a_1, \dots, a_T \rangle yxx \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} p(a) = p(y \mid x)p(a) = p(x, y) \\ D = \{\text{SHIFT}, \text{OPEN}, \text{REDUCE}\}, G = \{\text{GEN}, \text{OPEN}, \text{REDUCE}\}. \Lambda \mathcal{X} a \mathcal{A}_D a \mathcal{A}_G a y n = \langle n_1, \dots, n_K \rangle \Lambda^K y x \mathcal{X}^N \mu_a : \{1, \dots, T\} \rightarrow \\ a \mathcal{A}_D T y \mid x) = p(a \mid x) = \prod_{t=1}^T P(a_t \mid x, a_{<t}), \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} n\mu(t) \\ a\mathcal{A}_G T^{14} y \mid x) = p(a) = \prod_{t=1}^T P(a_t \mid a_{<t}), \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x\nu(t) \\ t\mathbf{u}_t^{1516}{}_t \mid a_{<t}) \propto \exp\left\{[\text{FFN}_\alpha(\mathbf{u}_t)]_{a_t}\right\} \\ p(n_{\mu(t)} \mid a_{<t}) \propto \exp\left\{[\text{FFN}_\beta(\mathbf{u}_t)]_{n_{\mu(t)}}\right\} \\ p(x_{\nu(t)} \mid a_{<t}) \propto \exp\left\{[\text{FFN}_\gamma(\mathbf{u}_t)]_{x_{\nu(t)}}\right\} \alpha\beta\gamma\mathbf{u}_t \\ D = \{\text{REDUCE}, \text{SHIFT}\} \cup \{\text{OPEN}(n) \mid n \in \Lambda\}, G = \{\text{REDUCE}\} \cup \{\text{OPEN}(n) \mid n \in \Lambda\} \cup \{\text{GEN}(x) \mid x \in \mathcal{X}\}, p(a)\mathcal{X}^{17} \\ \mathbf{u}_t t \mathbf{u}_t = [\mathbf{s}_t; \mathbf{b}_t; \mathbf{h}_t]. \mathbf{s}_t \mathbf{b}_t \mathbf{h}_t \\ \mathbf{b}_t \mathbf{h}_t \mathbf{s}_t \\ \text{REDUCE} \end{array}$$

$$\text{REDUCE}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{very} hungry \\ [1, \dots, m] m \mathbf{n} a_i i_i = \frac{a_i}{\sum_{i=1}^m \bar{a}_i} \\ \tilde{a}_i = \exp\{\mathbf{i}^\top \mathbf{V}[\mathbf{u}_t; \mathbf{n}]\}_i \mathbf{u}_t \mathbf{n} \mathbf{V} \sum_{i=1}^m a_i \mathbf{h}_i \circ \mathbf{n} + (1 - \mathbf{g}) \circ \mathbf{m}. n^{18} \mathbf{g}[\mathbf{n}; \mathbf{m}]^{19} \\ \theta) = \sum_{(x,y) \in \mathcal{D}} \log p_\theta(y \mid x), \theta) = \sum_{(x,y) \in \mathcal{D}} \log p_\theta(x, y), \theta \\ x a \text{ posteriori} \hat{y} =_{y \in \mathcal{Y}(x)} p_\theta(y \mid x). \hat{a}_t =_a p_\theta(a \mid \hat{a}_{<t}). y^* = yield(\hat{a}) \hat{a} = \langle \hat{a}_1, \dots, \hat{a}_m \rangle \\ p_\theta x \hat{y} =_{y \in \mathcal{Y}(x)} p_\theta(x, y), x \sum_{y \in \mathcal{Y}(x)} p_\theta(x, y). q_\lambda(y \mid x) \\ x \sum_{y \in \mathcal{Y}(x)} p_\theta(x, y) \\ = \sum_{y \in \mathcal{Y}(x)} q_\lambda(y \mid x) \frac{p_\theta(x, y)}{q_\lambda(y \mid x)} \\ =_q \left[\frac{p_\theta(x, y)}{q_\lambda(y \mid x)} \right] \\ q \left[\frac{p_\theta(x, y)}{q_\lambda(y \mid x)} \right] \approx \frac{1}{K} \sum_{i=1}^K \frac{p_\theta(x, y^{(i)})}{q_\lambda(y^{(i)} \mid x)}. y^{(i)} q_\lambda x \\ \hat{y} y p_\theta(y, x) \\ x y \in \mathcal{Y}(x) x y \Rightarrow q(y \mid x) > 0. \\ 20 \\ 21 \\ 88.47 \pm 0.17(88.58) \\ 91.07 \pm 0.1(91.12) 91.02 \pm 0.05(91.04) 93.32 \pm 0.1(93.32) \\ 108.76 \pm 1.52(107.43) 107.80 \pm 1.59(106.45) \\ ?? \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} H(Y \mid X = x) H(Y \mid X) p_X(x) p_{Y \mid X} \\ 22 \\ 23 \\ n^{24} \\ x y \mathcal{Y}(x) \Psi \Psi(x, y) y \mid x) = \frac{\Psi(x, y)}{Z(x)}. x \sum_{y \in \mathcal{Y}(x)} \Psi(x, y) x \\ \Psi y y_a = (A, i, j) A \langle x_{i+1}, \dots, x_j \rangle y = \{y_a\}_{a=1}^A \Psi(x, y) \Psi(x, y) = \prod_{a=1}^A \psi(x, y_a), \psi(x, y_a) \psi y_a \\ \text{anchored rules labeled spans}^{25} \psi \\ \psi y_a(A, i, j) y \psi(x, y_a) > 0 x \mathbf{f}_i \mathbf{b}_i i(i, j) \mathbf{s}_{ij} = [\mathbf{f}_j - \mathbf{f}_i; \mathbf{b}_i - \mathbf{b}_j]. \mathbf{s}_{ij} x_i^j R^\Lambda \text{Alog} \psi(x, y_a) = [\text{FFN}(\mathbf{s}_{ij})]_{A, A} \\ (1, 4) \text{RNN} \end{array}$$