# PL/SQL Developer Plug-In interface Documentation

Version 2.10 of PL/SQL Developer introduced a Plug-In interface. The purpose of this interface is easy external addition of new functionality to PL/SQL Developer. Plug-Ins should be used to add functions to PL/SQL Developer that are not very well suited as built-in functions. Reasons to build a Plug-In could be to add some company or product specific functions. You could also consider to build commercial Plug-Ins (no license fee required). We will distribute some Plug-Ins of our own on our web site (several interfaces to version control systems), we can also promote yours (commercial or not) if you wish.

A Plug-In is a DLL, so if you are using a programming language that can create DLL's, you can create PL/SQL Developer Plug-Ins. On startup PL/SQL Developer will check certain directories for \*.dll files which will be loaded if certain key functions are available. If one or more Plug-Ins are found, the configuration menu item is enabled which allows an end-user to activate or de-activate Plug-Ins.

The interface is built in C++ style. This means that if you are using a non C++ language (like Delphi) you should make sure that you force all calls (export functions and callbacks) to the C++ calling convention. To prevent programming language incompatibilities we limited the number of different parameters to three, Boolean (32 bit), Integer (32 bit) and zero terminated strings.

If you should find a bug or if you have wishes for additional functions, just let us know and we will try to improve the interface. We'll make sure however that any modifications to the interface will be upward compatible.

# **Basic functions**

There are ten functions that can be exported from the DLL. Three of these functions are required for PL/SQL Developer to recognize a DLL as a Plug-In. Below are the basic functions to create a functional Plug-In.

### NOTE:

Starting in version 500, only the IdentifyPlugIn function is required as a necessary function for PL/SQL Developer to recognize the Plug-In.

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Plug-In Primary functions	
IdentifyPlugIn	C++ char* IdentifyPlugIn(int ID)
	Delphi function IdentifyPlugIn(ID: Integer): PChar
	This function receives a Plug-In ID from PL/SQL Developer and should return a description for the Plug-In. The returned description should be unique for your Plug-In and will be displayed in the Plug-In configuration dialog. The ID identifies your Plug-In and can be used in other callback functions.
CreateMenuItem	C++ char* CreateMenuItem(int Index)
	Delphi function CreatMenuItem(Index: Integer): PChar
	This function will be called with an Index ranging from 1 to 99. For every Index you can return a string that creates a new menu-item in PL/SQL Developer.
OnMenuClick	C++ void OnMenuClick(int Index)
	Delphi procedure OnMenuClick(Index: Integer)
	This function is called when a user selected a menu-item created with the CreateMenuItem function and the Index parameter has the value (1 to 99) it is related to.

A simple Delphi Plug-In built with these functions could look like this:

```
var PlugInID: Integer;
const Desc = 'Test Plug-In';

function IdentifyPlugIn(ID: Integer): PChar; cdecl;
begin
  PlugInID := ID;
  Result := Desc;
end;
```

```
function CreateMenuItem(Index: Integer): PChar; cdecl;
 Result := '';
  case Index of
   10 : Result := 'Tools / -';
   11 : Result := 'Tools / Say &Hello...';
   12 : Result := 'Tools / Say &Goodbye...';
  end;
end;
procedure OnMenuClick(Index: Integer); cdecl;
begin
  case Index of
   11 : ShowMessage('Hello');
   12 : ShowMessage('Goodbye');
  end;
end;
exports
  IdentifyPlugIn,
  CreateMenuItem,
  OnMenuClick;
```

In this example a menu separator and two menu items will be created which will display a message when selected.

As mentioned, the CreatMenuItem function is called with Index values ranging from 1 to 99. In the example three values are returned for Index 10, 11 and 12. To create a menu simply return the menu structure where the menu items are separated by a slash. If, for example, you wanted to create a new menu item in PL/SQL Developers File menu, the return value could look like this:

```
Result := 'File / My menu item'
```

You can create a menu separator if you specify a – as menu item like this:

```
Result := 'File / -'
```

If you wanted add a menu that should appear in the File - Open submenu, you could return this:

```
Result := 'File / Open / My menu item'
```

Spaces around the slash are optional and you can add a & to create keyboard shortcuts, so the last example could also be:

```
Result := 'File/Open/&My menu item'
```

If a menu item does not exist, it will be created. This means that you can even create new main menu and submenu items.

The new items in the previous examples will all be created as the last item. This is not always acceptable, sometimes you want to create a new menu item in the middle of an existing menu. If you wanted to create a new save method, you probably want it near the existing PL/SQL Developer save menu items. You can insert a new menu item by first specifying an existing menu followed by a << or >> (to insert before or after), followed by your new menu:

```
Result := 'File / Save all >> &My save'
```

To return to the example, the three return values will result in three menu items at the end of the existing PL/SQL Developer Tools menu.

```
10 : Result := 'Tools / -';
11 : Result := 'Tools / Say &Hello...';
12 : Result := 'Tools / Say &Goodbye...';
```

Since a menu separator can not be selected, the OnMenuClick function only has to check for values 11 and 12, which will display a simple message dialog.

Event functions
You can build some more intelligence in your Plug-In with the following functions. These functions are events that get called when something changes in PL/SQL Developer. One important thing you can do with these is enable/disable the menu-item(s) your Plug-In created.

Plug-In Event functions	Con void On Croats()
OnCreate	C++ void OnCreate()
	Delphi procedure OnCreate
	This function is called when the Plug-In is loaded into memory. You can use it to do
	some one-time initialization. PL/SQL Developer is not logged on yet and you can't
	use the callback functions, so you are limited in the things you can do.
OnActivate	C++ void OnActivate()
	Delphi procedure OnActivate
	OnActivate gets called after OnCreate. However, when OnActivate is called PL/SQL
	Developer and the Plug-In are fully initialized. This function is also called when the
	Plug-In is enabled in the configuration dialog. A good point to enable/disable menus.
OnDeactivate	C++ void OnDeactivate()
Available in version 300	Delphi procedure OnDeactivate
	This is the counterpart of the OnActivate. It is called when the Plug-In is de-activated
	in the configuration dialog.
OnDestroy	C++ void OnDestroy()
1	Delphi procedure OnDestroy
	This is the counterpart of the OnCreate. You can dispose of anything you created in
	the OnCreate.
CanClose	C++ BOOL CanClose()
Available in version 700	Delphi function CanClose: Bool
	This will be called when PL/SQL Developer is about to close. If your PlugIn is not
	ready to close, you can show a message and return False.
OnBrowserChange	C++ void OnBrowserChange()
	Delphi procedure OnBrowserChange
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	If your Plug-In depends on a selected item in the Browser, you can use this function
	to enable/disable menu-items. This function is called on every change in the Browser.
	You can use the IDE_GetBrowserInfo callback function to determine if the selected
	item is of interest to you.
OnWindowChange	C++ void OnWindowChange()
_	Delphi procedure OnWindowChange
	This function is called if PL/SQL Developer child windows change focus. You can use
	the IDE_GetWindowType callback to determine the active child window type.
OnWindowCreate	C++ void OnWindowCreate(int WindowType)
Available in version 502	Delphi procedure OnWindowCreate(WindowType: Integer)
	This function is called directly after a new window is created.
OnWindowClose	C++ int OnWindowClose(int WindowType, BOOL Changed)
Available in version 502	Delphi function OnWindowClose(WindowType: Integer; Changed: BOOL):
	Integer
	This function allows you to take some action before a window is closed. You can
	influence the closing of the window with the following return values:
	0 = Default behavior
	1 = Ask the user for confirmation (like the contents was changed)
	2 = Don't ask, allow to close without confirmation
	The Changed Boolean indicates the current status of the window.
OnConnetionChange	C++ void OnConnectionChange()
	Delphi procedure OnConnectionChange

	This function is called when the user logs on to a different database or logs off. You
	can use the IDE_Connected and IDE_GetConnectionInfo callback to get information
	about the current connection.
OnPopup	C++ void OnPopup(char *ObjectType, char *ObjectName)
Available in version 300	Delphi procedure OnPopup(ObjectType, ObjectName: PChar)
	This forestion is called only a contest and the contest of the con
	This function is called when a context sensitive popup is about to be displayed. It
	gives you the opportunity to do something with the menus you have created with the
	IDE_CreatePopupMenuItem callback.
OnMainMenu	C++ void OnMainMenu(char *MenuName)
Available in version 401	Delphi procedure OnMainMenu(MenuName: PChar)
	This function is called when a main menu is selected (when it drops down). You can
	use this event to activate your Plug-In menu(s) if none of the other events are
	appropriate. The MenuName parameter is the name of the main menu item that was
	selected.
About	C++ char* About()
Available in version 400	Delphi function About: PChar
Available III version 400	Delprii Tunction About: Ponar
	This function allows you to display an about dialog. You can decide to display a
	dialog yourself (in which case you should return an empty text) or just return the
	about text.
	In PL/SQL Developer 3.1 there is an about button in the Plug-In configuration dialog.
Configure	C++ void Configure()
Available in version 400	Delphi procedure Configure
	If the Plug-In has a configure dialog you could use this function to activate it. This will
	allow a user to configure your Plug-In using the configure button in the Plug-In
	configuration dialog.
CommandLine	C++ void CommandLine(int FeedbackHandle, char *Command,
Available in version 513	
Available III version 313	char *Params)
	Delphi procedure CommandLine(FeedbackHandle: Integer; Command,
	Params: PChar)
	You can use this function if you want the Plug-In to be able to accept commands from
	the command window.
	See IDE_CommandFeedback for how to return messages to the command window.
Plug-In naming functions	
PlugInName	C++ char PlugInName ()
Available in version 700	Delphi function PlugInName: PChar
	The PlugIn name (if defined) will be used for online updates, and as name for
	command window PlugIn commands. If you want your PlugIn to be handled by online
	updates, please contact support.
	I If this function is not defined, the PlugInName will be the dll filename
PluginSubNama	If this function is not defined, the PlugInName will be the dll filename.
PluginSubName	C++ char PlugInSubName ()
PlugInSubName Available in version 700	
•	C++ char PlugInSubName ()  Delphi function PlugInSubName: PChar
Available in version 700	C++ char PlugInSubName ()  Delphi function PlugInSubName: PChar  The subname will be added to the PlugInName. Possible values are 'Trial' or 'Beta'.
•	C++ char PlugInSubName ()  Delphi function PlugInSubName: PChar
Available in version 700	C++ char PlugInSubName () Delphi function PlugInSubName: PChar  The subname will be added to the PlugInName. Possible values are 'Trial' or 'Beta'.  C++ char PlugInShortName ()
Available in version 700  PlugInShortName	C++ char PlugInSubName ()  Delphi function PlugInSubName: PChar  The subname will be added to the PlugInName. Possible values are 'Trial' or 'Beta'.
Available in version 700  PlugInShortName	C++ char PlugInSubName () Delphi function PlugInSubName: PChar  The subname will be added to the PlugInName. Possible values are 'Trial' or 'Beta'. C++ char PlugInShortName () Delphi function PlugInShortName: PChar
Available in version 700  PlugInShortName	C++ char PlugInSubName () Delphi function PlugInSubName: PChar  The subname will be added to the PlugInName. Possible values are 'Trial' or 'Beta'. C++ char PlugInShortName () Delphi function PlugInShortName: PChar  The short name is specifically for command window PlugIn commands. This allows
Available in version 700  PlugInShortName Available in version 700	C++ char PlugInSubName () Delphi function PlugInSubName: PChar  The subname will be added to the PlugInName. Possible values are 'Trial' or 'Beta'. C++ char PlugInShortName () Delphi function PlugInShortName: PChar  The short name is specifically for command window PlugIn commands. This allows you to specify a name that can be entered quickly.
Available in version 700  PlugInShortName Available in version 700  Plug-In External FileSystem	C++ char PlugInSubName () Delphi function PlugInSubName: PChar  The subname will be added to the PlugInName. Possible values are 'Trial' or 'Beta'. C++ char PlugInShortName () Delphi function PlugInShortName: PChar  The short name is specifically for command window PlugIn commands. This allows you to specify a name that can be entered quickly.
PlugInShortName Available in version 700  PlugInShortName Available in version 700  Plug-In External FileSystem RegisterFileSystem	C++ char PlugInSubName () Delphi function PlugInSubName: PChar  The subname will be added to the PlugInName. Possible values are 'Trial' or 'Beta'.  C++ char PlugInShortName () Delphi function PlugInShortName: PChar  The short name is specifically for command window PlugIn commands. This allows you to specify a name that can be entered quickly.  functions  C++ char RegisterFileSystem()
Available in version 700  PlugInShortName Available in version 700  Plug-In External FileSystem	C++ char PlugInSubName () Delphi function PlugInSubName: PChar  The subname will be added to the PlugInName. Possible values are 'Trial' or 'Beta'. C++ char PlugInShortName () Delphi function PlugInShortName: PChar  The short name is specifically for command window PlugIn commands. This allows you to specify a name that can be entered quickly.
PlugInShortName Available in version 700  PlugInShortName Available in version 700  Plug-In External FileSystem RegisterFileSystem	C++ char PlugInSubName () Delphi function PlugInSubName: PChar  The subname will be added to the PlugInName. Possible values are 'Trial' or 'Beta'.  C++ char PlugInShortName () Delphi function PlugInShortName: PChar  The short name is specifically for command window PlugIn commands. This allows you to specify a name that can be entered quickly.  functions  C++ char RegisterFileSystem() Delphi function RegisterFileSystem: PChar
PlugInShortName Available in version 700  PlugInShortName Available in version 700  Plug-In External FileSystem RegisterFileSystem	C++ char PlugInSubName () Delphi function PlugInSubName: PChar  The subname will be added to the PlugInName. Possible values are 'Trial' or 'Beta'.  C++ char PlugInShortName () Delphi function PlugInShortName: PChar  The short name is specifically for command window PlugIn commands. This allows you to specify a name that can be entered quickly.  functions  C++ char RegisterFileSystem() Delphi function RegisterFileSystem: PChar  Use this function if you want your Plug-In to load/save files somewhere 'external'. If
PlugInShortName Available in version 700  PlugInShortName Available in version 700  Plug-In External FileSystem RegisterFileSystem	C++ char PlugInSubName () Delphi function PlugInSubName: PChar  The subname will be added to the PlugInName. Possible values are 'Trial' or 'Beta'.  C++ char PlugInShortName () Delphi function PlugInShortName: PChar  The short name is specifically for command window PlugIn commands. This allows you to specify a name that can be entered quickly.  functions  C++ char RegisterFileSystem() Delphi function RegisterFileSystem: PChar  Use this function if you want your Plug-In to load/save files somewhere 'external'. If you use this function you should return a description that identifies your filesystem
PlugInShortName Available in version 700  PlugInShortName Available in version 700  Plug-In External FileSystem RegisterFileSystem	C++ char PlugInSubName () Delphi function PlugInSubName: PChar  The subname will be added to the PlugInName. Possible values are 'Trial' or 'Beta'.  C++ char PlugInShortName () Delphi function PlugInShortName: PChar  The short name is specifically for command window PlugIn commands. This allows you to specify a name that can be entered quickly.  functions  C++ char RegisterFileSystem() Delphi function RegisterFileSystem: PChar  Use this function if you want your Plug-In to load/save files somewhere 'external'. If

	See the chapter about External File Systems.
DirectFileLoad	C++ char DirectFileLoad()
Available in version 400	Delphi function DirectFileLoad: function(var Tag, Filename: PChar;
	WindowType: Integer): PChar
	willdow type: integer). I onal
	This function will get colled when a file will be directly leaded without a file dialog
	This function will get called when a file will be directly loaded without a file dialog.  This is needed if a user selects a file from the recent used files list.
	The Parameters indicate the file that you have to load and the return value is the file
	data.
DirectFileSave	
Available in version 400	V
Available in version 400	Delphi function DirectFileSave(var Tag, Filename: PChar; Data: PChar;
	WindowType: Integer): Bool
	This function will be called when 'File Save' is selected (not 'File Save As).
	You should save the data as specified in the parameters and return True if everything
	was successful.
Plug-In Export functions	
RegisterExport	C++ char* RegisterExport()
Available in version 500	Delphi function RegisterExport: PChar
	Use this function if you want to add an export option for (result) grids. The name you
	return will be the name that is displayed in the popup menus (next to html, xml,).
	See the chapter about adding export options.
ExportInit	C++ BOOL ExportInit()
Available in version 500	Delphi function ExportInit: Boolean
	First call after an export request.
	You can ask the user for a filename and/or initialize variables.
	Return False if you want to cancel the export.
ExportFinished	C++ void ExportFinished()
Available in version 500	Delphi procedure ExportFinished;
	The export has finished.
ExportPrepare	C++ BOOL ExportPrepare()
Available in version 500	Delphi function ExportPrepare: Boolean
	Delprii Turiction Exporti Tepare: Boolean
	This function allows you to prepare for the actual data.
	All values received with Exportdata before this function is called are column headers,
	and all values received after ExportPrepare is data.
	The return value allows you to signal if the prepare was processed correctly.
ExportData	C++ BOOL ExportData(char *Value)
Available in version 500	Delphi function ExportData(Value: PChar): Boolean
,anabie iii version ooo	Dolphi Tundion Exportidata(value, Folial), Doolean
	One cell of data, this can be the column description or the actual data.

If you need one or more of these functions, export them from the Plug-In DLL. When a function is exported, PL/SQL Developer will call it. All these functions are very straightforward, the description should give you enough information.

<u>Callback functions</u>
Callback functions are functions within PL/SQL Developer that you can use in your Plug-In. They need to be "activated" by the RegisterCallback function, so you need to export this function from your Plug-In DLL.

Plug-In Callback function	
RegisterCallback	C++ void RegisterCallback(int Index, void *Addr)
	Delphi procedure RegisterCallback(Index: Integer; Addr: Pointer)
	There are several functions in PL/SQL Developer that you can use from your Plug-In. With this function you can get access to the callback functions you need. The Index is related to a specific callback function while the Addr parameter holds the

address to this function.

If you want to use PL/SQL Developer callback functions you need to create a declaration of these functions and assign them an address via the RegisterCallback function. RegisterCallback is called for every callback function, identified by a unique index, and passes the corresponding function address. In Delphi this would look like this:

```
IDE MenuState: procedure(ID, Index: Integer; Enabled: Bool); cdecl;
    IDE_Connected: function: Bool; cdecl;
    IDE_GetConnectionInfo: procedure(var Username, Password, Database: PChar); cdecl;
     IDE_GetBrowserInfo: procedure(var ObjectType, ObjectOwner, ObjectName: PChar); cdecl;
  procedure RegisterCallback(Index: Integer; Addr: Pointer); cdecl;
  begin
    case Index of
      10 : @IDE_MenuState := Addr;
      11 : @IDE_Connected := Addr;
      12 : @IDE_GetConnectionInfo := Addr;
      13 : @IDE_GetBrowserInfo := Addr;
    end;
   end;
In C++ this would look like this:
          (*IDE_MenuState)(int ID, int Index, BOOL Enabled);
    void
          (*IDE Connected)();
    BOOL
          (*IDE_GetConnectionInfo)(char **Username, char **Password, char **Database);
    void
    void (*IDE_GetBrowserInfo)(char **ObjectType, char **ObjectOwner, char **ObjectName);
    void RegisterCallback(int Index, void *Addr)
      switch (Index)
        case 10 :
          (void *)IDE_MenuState = Addr;
          break;
        case 11:
          (void *)IDE_Connected = Addr;
          break;
        case 12 :
          (void *)IDE_GetConnectionInfo = Addr;
          break;
        case 13 :
          (void *)IDE_GetBrowserInfo = Addr;
          break;
      }
    }
```

The previous example only defined four callback functions. Below you will find the complete list of all callback functions, with index, name and a brief description:

SYST	EM Info functions	
1	SYS_Version	C++ int SYS_Version()
		Delphi function SYS_Version: Integer
		Returns the PL/SQL Developer main and subversion, for example 210 for version 2.1.0. This might be useful if you want to use functions that are not available in all versions.
2	SYS_Registry	C++ char* SYS_Registry()  Delphi function SYS_Registry: PChar
		Returns the registry root name of PL/SQL Developer in HKEY_CURRENT_USER (usually "Software\PL/SQL Developer"). If you want to save your settings in the registry, you can create a section within

		the DL/COL Developer section
		the PL/SQL Developer section.
1		Note: In PL/SQL Developer 3.1, the registry section is moved to:  ("Software\Allround Automations\PL/SQL Developer")
3	SYS_RootDir	
3	313_ROOLDII	
		Delphi function SYS_RootDir: PChar
1		
		The directory where PL/SQL Developer is installed, for example
ļ		"C:\Program Files\PLSQL Developer".
4	SYS_OracleHome	C++ char* SYS_OracleHome()
		Delphi function SYS_OracleHome: PChar
		_
		The Oracle directory, for example "C:\Orawin95"
5	SYS OCIDLL	C++ char* SYS_OCIDLL()
J	Available in version 300	Delphi function SYS_OCIDLL: PChar
	Tranado in vereien ece	Delprii Turiction 313_OOIDEE. Ponai
		Determent the math of the OOLDU that is used by DL/OOLD system at 16
		Returns the path of the OCI DLL that is used by PL/SQL Developer. If
		you want to initialize a new session, you might want to use this value if
<u></u>	0/0 00/014	you want to make sure you're using the same OCI version.
6	SYS_OCI8Mode	C++ BOOL* SYS_OCI8Mode()
	Available in version 300	Delphi function SYS_OCI8Mode: Bool
1		
1		Returns True if PL/SQL Developer is currently connected in OCI8 Mode
		(Net8).
7	SYS_XPStyle	C++ BOOL* SYS_XPStyle()
	Available in version 700	Delphi function SYS XPStyle: Bool
1		
		Returns if PL/SQL Developer is currently using the visual XP style.
8	CVC THENAMES	
I °	SYS_TNSNAMES Available in version 700	C++ char* SYS_TNSNAMES (char *Param)
1	Available III Version 700	Delphi function SYS_TNSNAMES(Param: PChar): PChar
		If Param is empty, the function will return the full tnsnames filename.
		If Param has a value, the connection details of the alias as specified by
		Param is returned. If Param is *, the connection details of the current
		connection are returned). The return value can look like:
		TEST =
1		(DESCRIPTION =
		(ADDRESS_LIST =
		(ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP)(HOST = 52800)(DORT = 15211)
		(ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP)(HOST = p2800)(PORT = 1521))
		)
		) (CONNECT_DATA = (SERVER = DEDICATED) (SERVICE_NAME = AAA)
		) (CONNECT_DATA = (SERVER = DEDICATED)
IDE (	mations	) (CONNECT_DATA = (SERVER = DEDICATED) (SERVICE_NAME = AAA)
	inctions	) (CONNECT_DATA = (SERVER = DEDICATED) (SERVICE_NAME = AAA) ) )
	unctions IDE_MenuState	(CONNECT_DATA =     (SERVER = DEDICATED)     (SERVICE_NAME = AAA) )  C++ void IDE_MenuState(int ID, int Index, BOOL Enabled)
		(CONNECT_DATA =     (SERVER = DEDICATED)     (SERVICE_NAME = AAA) ) )  C++ void IDE_MenuState(int ID, int Index, BOOL Enabled)  Delphi procedure IDE_MenuState(ID, Index: Integer;
		(CONNECT_DATA =     (SERVER = DEDICATED)     (SERVICE_NAME = AAA) )  C++ void IDE_MenuState(int ID, int Index, BOOL Enabled)
		(CONNECT_DATA =     (SERVER = DEDICATED)     (SERVICE_NAME = AAA) ) )  C++ void IDE_MenuState(int ID, int Index, BOOL Enabled)  Delphi procedure IDE_MenuState(ID, Index: Integer;
		(CONNECT_DATA =
		(CONNECT_DATA =     (SERVER = DEDICATED)     (SERVICE_NAME = AAA) )  C++ void IDE_MenuState(int ID, int Index, BOOL Enabled) Delphi procedure IDE_MenuState(ID, Index: Integer;     Enabled: Bool)  Use this function to enable or disable a menu. The ID is the Plug-In ID, which is given by the IdentifyPlugIn function. The Index is the menu
		(CONNECT_DATA =
		(CONNECT_DATA =     (SERVER = DEDICATED)     (SERVICE_NAME = AAA) )  C++ void IDE_MenuState(int ID, int Index, BOOL Enabled) Delphi procedure IDE_MenuState(ID, Index: Integer;     Enabled: Bool)  Use this function to enable or disable a menu. The ID is the Plug-In ID, which is given by the IdentifyPlugIn function. The Index is the menu
10	IDE_MenuState	(CONNECT_DATA = (SERVER = DEDICATED) (SERVICE_NAME = AAA) ) )  C++ void IDE_MenuState(int ID, int Index, BOOL Enabled) Delphi procedure IDE_MenuState(ID, Index: Integer; Enabled: Bool)  Use this function to enable or disable a menu. The ID is the Plug-In ID, which is given by the IdentifyPlugIn function. The Index is the menu index, which the menu was related to by the CreateMenuItem function. The Enabled boolean determines if the menu item is enabled or grayed.
10		(CONNECT_DATA = (SERVER = DEDICATED) (SERVICE_NAME = AAA) )  C++ void IDE_MenuState(int ID, int Index, BOOL Enabled) Delphi procedure IDE_MenuState(ID, Index: Integer; Enabled: Bool)  Use this function to enable or disable a menu. The ID is the Plug-In ID, which is given by the IdentifyPlugIn function. The Index is the menu index, which the menu was related to by the CreateMenuItem function. The Enabled boolean determines if the menu item is enabled or grayed.  C++ BOOL IDE_Connected()
10	IDE_MenuState	(CONNECT_DATA = (SERVER = DEDICATED) (SERVICE_NAME = AAA) ) )  C++ void IDE_MenuState(int ID, int Index, BOOL Enabled) Delphi procedure IDE_MenuState(ID, Index: Integer; Enabled: Bool)  Use this function to enable or disable a menu. The ID is the Plug-In ID, which is given by the IdentifyPlugIn function. The Index is the menu index, which the menu was related to by the CreateMenuItem function. The Enabled boolean determines if the menu item is enabled or grayed.
10	IDE_MenuState	(CONNECT_DATA = (SERVER = DEDICATED) (SERVICE_NAME = AAA) )  C++ void IDE_MenuState(int ID, int Index, BOOL Enabled) Delphi procedure IDE_MenuState(ID, Index: Integer; Enabled: Bool)  Use this function to enable or disable a menu. The ID is the Plug-In ID, which is given by the IdentifyPlugIn function. The Index is the menu index, which the menu was related to by the CreateMenuItem function. The Enabled boolean determines if the menu item is enabled or grayed.  C++ BOOL IDE_Connected() Delphi function IDE_Connected: Bool
10	IDE_MenuState	(CONNECT_DATA =     (SERVER = DEDICATED)     (SERVICE_NAME = AAA) )  C++ void IDE_MenuState(int ID, int Index, BOOL Enabled) Delphi procedure IDE_MenuState(ID, Index: Integer;     Enabled: Bool)  Use this function to enable or disable a menu. The ID is the Plug-In ID, which is given by the IdentifyPlugIn function. The Index is the menu index, which the menu was related to by the CreateMenuItem function. The Enabled boolean determines if the menu item is enabled or grayed.  C++ BOOL IDE_Connected() Delphi function IDE_Connected: Bool  Returns a boolean that indicates if PL/SQL Developer is currently
11	IDE_MenuState  IDE_Connected	(CONNECT_DATA =     (SERVER = DEDICATED)     (SERVICE_NAME = AAA) )  C++ void IDE_MenuState(int ID, int Index, BOOL Enabled) Delphi procedure IDE_MenuState(ID, Index: Integer;     Enabled: Bool)  Use this function to enable or disable a menu. The ID is the Plug-In ID, which is given by the IdentifyPlugIn function. The Index is the menu index, which the menu was related to by the CreateMenuItem function. The Enabled boolean determines if the menu item is enabled or grayed.  C++ BOOL IDE_Connected() Delphi function IDE_Connected: Bool  Returns a boolean that indicates if PL/SQL Developer is currently connected to a database.
11	IDE_MenuState	(CONNECT_DATA =     (SERVER = DEDICATED)     (SERVICE_NAME = AAA) )  C++ void IDE_MenuState(int ID, int Index, BOOL Enabled) Delphi procedure IDE_MenuState(ID, Index: Integer;     Enabled: Bool)  Use this function to enable or disable a menu. The ID is the Plug-In ID, which is given by the IdentifyPlugIn function. The Index is the menu index, which the menu was related to by the CreateMenuItem function. The Enabled boolean determines if the menu item is enabled or grayed.  C++ BOOL IDE_Connected() Delphi function IDE_Connected: Bool  Returns a boolean that indicates if PL/SQL Developer is currently connected to a database.  C++ void IDE_GetConnectionInfo(char **Username,
11	IDE_MenuState  IDE_Connected	(CONNECT_DATA =
11	IDE_MenuState  IDE_Connected	(CONNECT_DATA =
11	IDE_MenuState  IDE_Connected	(CONNECT_DATA =
11	IDE_MenuState  IDE_Connected	(CONNECT_DATA =
11	IDE_MenuState  IDE_Connected	(CONNECT_DATA =

		connection
12	IDE_GetBrowserInfo	connection.    C++ void IDE_GetBrowserInfo(char **ObjectType,
13	IDE_GetBlowsellillo	char **ObjectOwner, char **ObjectName);
		Delphi procedure IDE_GetBrowserInfo(var ObjectType,
		ObjectOwner, ObjectName: PChar)
		Determine information of contribution and other distance in the Document Many in
		Returns information about the selected item in the Browser. If no item is
4.4	IDE Catillin days Trung	selected, all items are empty.
14	IDE_GetWindowType	C++ int IDE_GetWindowType()
		Delphi function IDE_GetWindowType: Integer
		Returns the type of the current window.
		1 = SQL Window
		2 = Test Window
		3 = Procedure Window 4 = Command Window
		5 = Plan Window
		6 = Report Window
		0 = None of the above
15	IDE_GetAppHandle	C++ int IDE_GetAppHandle()
10		Delphi function IDE_GetAppHandle: Integer
		Doipin Tariotion IDE_Ook tpp: landle. Integer
		Poturns the Application handle of PL/SOL Developer
16	IDE_GetWindowHandle	Returns the Application handle of PL/SQL Developer  C++ int IDE_GetWindowHandle()
10	IDE_GetWilldOwnalidie	Delphi function IDE_GetWindowHandle: Integer
		Delprii Turiction IDE_Getvvindownandie. Integer
		D (
47	IDE CatOlianti landia	Returns the handle of PL/SQL Developers main window
17	IDE_GetClientHandle	C++ int IDE_GetClientHandle()
		Delphi function IDE_GetClientHandle: Integer
- 10	155 6 (6) 11 11 11	Returns the handle of PL/SQL Developers client window
18	IDE_GetChildHandle	C++ int IDE_GetChildHandle()
		Delphi function IDE_GetChildHandle: Integer
		Returns the handle of the active child form
19	IDE_Refresh	C++ void IDE_Refresh()
	Available in version 213	Delphi procedure IDE_Refresh
		Resets the state of the menus, buttons and the active window.
		You can call this function if you made some changes that affect the state
		of a menu or window which are unnoticed by PL/SQL Developer.
20	IDE_CreateWindow	C++ void IDE_CreateWindow(int WindowType, char *Text,
		BOOL Execute)
		Delphi procedure IDE_CreateWindow(WindowType: Integer;
		Text: PChar; Execute: Bool)
		Creates a new window. The Text parameter contains text that is placed
		in the window. If the Execute Boolean is true, the Window will be
		executed.
		WindowType can be one of the following values:
		1 = SQL Window
		2 = Test Window 3 = Procedure Window
		4 = Command Window
		5 = Plan Window
		6 = Report Window
21	IDE_OpenFile	C++ BOOL IDE_OpenFile(int WindowType, char *Filename)
۱ ک		Delphi function IDE_OpenFile(WindowType: Integer;
		Filename: PChar): Bool
		Constant a window of two Mindow Transport Landa the constitution
		Creates a window of type WindowType and loads the specified file.
		WindowType can be one of the following values: 1 = SQL Window
		I - OKE WINDOW

		2 = Test Window
		3 = Procedure Window
		4 = Command Window
		The function returns True if successful.
		Version 301 and higher
		If you pass 0 as WindowType, PL/SQL Developer will try to determine
		the actual WindowType on the extension of the filename.
22	IDE SaveFile	C++ BOOL IDE_SaveFile()
	DE_Gaver ne	Delphi function IDE SaveFile: Bool
		Delphi Idilction IDE_Gaver lie. Bool
		This function saves the current window. It returns True if successful.
22	IDE Filename	C++ char* IDE_Filename()
23	IDL_I licitatile	Delphi function IDE_Filename: PChar
		Delprii Turiction IDE_Filename. Fonai
		Return the filename of the current child window.
		See also IDE_SetFilename()
2/	IDE CloseFile	C++ void IDE_CloseFile()
24	IDL_Closel lie	Delphi procedure IDE CloseFile
		Delphi procedure ide_closer lie
1		Closes the current child window
25	IDE SetReadOnly	Closes the current child window  C++ void IDE SetReadOnly(BOOL ReadOnly)
25	IDE_SetReadOnly	
		Delphi procedure IDE_SetReadOnly(ReadOnly: Bool)
1		Oat the Decidor to status at the CAR I
-00	IDE CotPosidoria	Set the ReadOnly status of the current Window
26	IDE_GetReadOnly	C++ BOOL IDE_GetReadOnly
	Available in version 213	Delphi function IDE_GetReadOnly: Bool
		Oat the BandOak status of the suggest Window
27	IDE EvacutoCOL Banart	Get the ReadOnly status of the current Window
21	IDE_ ExecuteSQLReport	C++ BOOL IDE_ExecuteSQLReport(char *SQL,
	Available in version 300	Char *Title, BOOL: Updateable)
		Delphi function IDE_ExecuteSQLReport(SQL: PChar;
		Title: PChar; Updateable: Bool): Bool
		This function will execute a green (COL negree ster) and display the green't
		This function will execute a query (SQL parameter) and display the result in a 'result only' SQL Window. Title will be used as the window name and
		the Updateable parameter determines if the results are updateable.
28	IDE ReloadFile	C++ BOOL IDE ReloadFile
20	Available in version 301	Delphi function IDE ReloadFile: Bool
	Transacio in vereien ee i	Delphi Tunction IDE_INGOAUTHE. Door
		Forces the active child window to reload its file from disk.
1		Note: In PL/SQL Developer 4 there will no longer be a warning message
1		when modifications were made.
29	IDE_SetFilename	C++ void IDE_SetFilename(char *Filename)
-	Available in version 303	Delphi procedure IDE_SetFilename(Filename: PChar)
1		Set the filename of the active child window. The filename should contain
		a valid path, but the file does not need to exist. The new filename will be
1		used when the file is saved.
1		If the Filename parameter is an empty string, the Window will behave as
		a new created Window.
30	IDE_GetText	C++ char* IDE_GetText()
		Delphi function IDE_GetText: PChar
1		
L		Retrieves the text from the current child window.
31	IDE_GetSelectedText	C++ char* IDE_GetSelectedText()
		Delphi function IDE_GetSelectedText: PChar
		Retrieves the selected text from the current child window.
32	IDE_GetCursorWord	C++ char* IDE_GetCursorWord()
	_	Delphi function IDE_GetCursorWord: PChar
		Retrieves the word the cursor is on in the current child window.

22	IDE_GetEditorHandle	C++ int IDE_GetEditorHandle()
33	IDL_GetLattorrianale	Delphi function IDE_GetEditorHandle: Integer
		Dolphi Tariotton IDE_Cotteation landio. Integer
		Returns the handle of the editor of the current child window.
34	IDE_SetText	C++ BOOL IDE_SetText(char *Text)
	Available in version 213	Delphi function IDE_SetText(Text: PChar): Bool
		Sets the text in the editor of current window. If this failed for some reason
0.5		(ReadOnly?), the function returns false.
35	IDE_SetStatusMessage Available in version 213	C++ BOOL IDE_SetStatusMessage(char *Text)
	Available in version 213	Delphi function IDE_SetStatusMessage(Text: PChar): Bool
		Places a message in the status bar of the current window, returns false if
		the window did not have a status bar.
36	IDE_SetErrorPosition	C++ BOOL IDE_SetErrorPosition(int Line, int Col)
	Available in version 213	Delphi function IDE_SetErrorPosition(Line, Col: Integer): Bool
		(
		Highlights the given line and places the cursor at the given position.
		This will only work when the active window is a procedure window, if not,
		the function returns false.
37	IDE_ClearErrorPositions	C++ void IDE_ClearErrorPositions()
	Available in version 213	Delphi procedure IDE_ClearErrorPositions
		Resets the highlighted lines.
38	IDE GetCursorWordPosition	C++ int IDE_GetCursorWordPosition()
30	Available in version 400	Delphi function IDE_GetCursorWordPosition: Integer
		Delprii Turiction IDE_GetGursorvorur Osition. Integer
		This function returns the location of the cursor in the word after a call to
		IDE_GetCursorWord. Possible return values:
		0: Unknown
		1: Cursor was at start of word
		2: Cursor was somewhere in the middle 3: Cursor was at the end
39	IDE Perform	C++ BOOL IDE_Perform(int Param)
	Available in version 400	Delphi function IDE_Perform(Param Integer): Bool
		This function allows you to perform a specific action as if the menu item
		as specified in Param was selected. The following values are supported:
		1: Execute
		2: Break 3: Kill
		4: Commit
		5: Rollback
		6: Print
60	IDE_GetCustomKeywords	C++ char* IDE_GetCustomKeywords()
	Available in version 300	Delphi function IDE_GetCustomKeywords: PChar
		Deturne a list of all knowneds as antered in the footen-linear details.
		Returns a list of all keywords as entered in the 'custom keywords' option in the Editor preference.
61	IDE_SetCustomKeywords	C++ void IDE_SetCustomKeywords(char *Keywords)
"	Available in version 300	Delphi procedure IDE SetCustomKeywords(Keywords: PChar)
		23.p.:. p. 3334413 122_33134311110y #3140(10) #3140. 1 Olldi)
		Fills the custom keywords with the words in the Keywords parameter.
		Words should be separated by cr/lf. The currently used keywords will be
	100 0 00	overwritten.
62		C++ void IDE_SetKeywords(int ID, int Style, char *Keywords)
	Available in version 300	Delphi procedure IDE_SetKeywords(ID, Style: Integer;
		Keywords: PChar)
		Adda a number of keywords with a enecific style
		Adds a number of keywords with a specific style. This function is more specific then IDE_SetCustomKeywords because
1		this one can set multiple sets of keywords for different highlighting styles.
		Tano one can continuing occording words for amore in ingringing civico.

		Ot de sea he sea et the tell
		Style can be one of the following values:  10: Custom
		11: Keywords
		12: Comment
		13: Strings
		14: Numbers
		15: Symbols
		Keywords is a cr/lf separated list of words. You can define one list per
		style.
63	IDE_ActivateKeywords	C++ void IDE_ActivateKeywords()
	Available in version 300	Delphi procedure IDE_ActivateKeywords
		Activates the keywords as defined by the IDE_SetKeywords function.
64	IDE_RefreshMenus	C++ void IDE_RefreshMenus(int ID)
	Available in version 300	Delphi procedure IDE_RefreshMenus(ID: Integer)
		When this function is called, all menus for this Plug-In are removed and
		CreateMenuItem will be called to build a new set of menus. This only
		makes sense if you supply a different set of menu-items.
65	IDE_SetMenuName	C++ void IDE_SetMenuName(int ID, int Index, char *Name)
	Available in version 300	Delphi procedure IDE_SetMenuName(ID, Index: Integer;
		Name: PChar)
		This function allows you to rename a certain menu-item.
		ID is the Plug-In ID, Index is the Menu number and name is the new
		menu name.
66	IDE_SetMenuCheck	C++ void IDE_SetMenuCheck(int ID, int Index,
	Available in version 300	BOOL Enabled)
		Delphi procedure IDE_SetMenuCheck(ID, Index: Integer;
		Enabled: Bool)
		,
		You can display or remove a check mark for a menu-item.
67	IDE_SetMenuVisible	C++ void IDE_SetMenuVisible(int ID, int Index,
	Available in version 300	BOOL Enabled)
		Delphi procedure IDE_SetMenuVisible(ID, Index: Integer;
		Enabled: Bool)
		,
		With this function you can hide or show a specific menu. You can use
		this instead of IDE_MenuState.
68	IDE_GetMenulayout	C++ char* IDE_GetMenulayout()
~~	Available in version 300	Delphi function IDE_GetMenulayout: PChar
		- p
		Returns a list of all standard PL/SQL Developer menu items. Items are
		separated by cr/lf and child menu level is indicated by a number of
		spaces.
		You can use this function to build an advanced user configuration dialog
		where the user could be able to select place where he wants to insert
<u></u>		the Plug-In menus.
69	IDE_CreatePopupItem	C++ void* IDE_ CreatePopupItem(int ID, int Index,
	Available in version 300	char *Name, char *ObjectType)
		Delphi procedure IDE_CreatePopupItem(ID, Index: Integer;
		Name, ObjectType: PChar)
		With this function you can add items to certain popup menus. The ID is
		the Plug-In ID and the index is the menu index. You can pass any
		number as the menu index, it can be an existing menu (as used by
		CreateMenuItem) or anything else. If the popup menu gets selected,
		OnMenuClick is called with the corresponding index.
		The Name is the menu name as it will be displayed. The ObjectType
		determines in which popup menus this item will be displayed. Some
		possible values are: 'TABLE', 'VIEW', 'PACKAGE', etc.
		Waster and as I that as
		Version 301 and higher
		If you pass one of the following values as ObjectType, you can add

		items to specific Windows.
		PROGRAMWINDOW
		SQLWINDOW
		TESTWINDOW
		COMMANDWINDOW
		Version 400 and higher
		You can add popup items to Object Browser items like Tables, Views,
		etc. by passing their name as ObjectType.
		Version 510 and higher
		If you want to create popup menus for multiple selected items (of the
		same object type), you can add a + to the ObjectType parameter like
		'TABLE+', 'VIEW+', etc. The OnMenuClick will be called for every
		selected item, and the GetPopupObject will return the correct details.
		colociou nom, and are con opaposjoe will retain are correct actuals.
		Version 700 and higher
		Supports Popup for the Session Window with the SESSIONWINDOW
		ObjectType. (see also IDE_GetSessionValue)
70	IDE_SetConnection	C++ BOOL IDE_SetConnection(char *Username,
	Available in version 301	char *Password, char *Database)
		Delphi function IDE SetConnection(Username,
1		Password, Database: PChar): Bool
		This function allows you to reconnect PL/SQL Developer as another
1		user. The return value indicates if the connection was successful.
		The function will fail if there is a childwindow with an active query.
		Also see IDE_SetConnectionAs
71	IDE_GetObjectInfo	C++ int IDE_GetObjectInfo(char *AnObject,
' '	Available in version 400	char **ObjectType, char **ObjectOwner,
		char **ObjectName, char **SubObject)
		Delphi procedure IDE_GetObjectInfo(AnObject: PChar;
		var ObjectType, ObjectOwner, ObjectName,
		SubObject: PChar)
		This formation waterway Ovacle information of and the items in the Anothicat
		This function returns Oracle information about the item in the AnObject
		parameter. The SubObject returns the name of the procedure if the Object is a packaged procedure.
72	IDE GetBrowserItems	C++ char IDE_GetBrowserItems(char *Node,
'2	Available in version 400	BOOL GetItems)
	Available in version 400	Delphi function IDE_GetBrowserItems(Node: PChar;
		GetItems: Bool): PChar
		Generis, boor, Ponai
1		Poturno o or/lf congreted list of items from the Object Decision. The New York
		Returns a cr/lf separated list of items from the Object Browser. The Node
		parameter determines which items are returned. This can be one of the main items like TABLES, but you can also us a slash to get more specific
1		items like TABLES, but you can also us a stash to get more specific items like TABLES/DEPT/COLUMNS.
1		The GetItems boolean determines if PL/SQL Developer will fetch these
		values from the database if the item has not been opened yet in the
		Browser.
73	IDE RefreshBrowser	C++ void IDE_RefreshBrowser(char *Node)
1 '	Available in version 400	Delphi procedure IDE_RefreshBrowser(Node: PChar)
1		25/p.i. p. 000ddio ib E_itoliodibiowooi(itodo. i olidi)
		Force a refresh to the Object Browser. If Node is empty, all items are
1		refreshed. To refresh a specific item you can enter the name in the Node
1		parameter.
		Note:
		Version 500 allows you to pass a * to refresh the current selected
		browser item.
1		Note:
1		Version 600 allows you to pass a ** to refresh to parent of the current
		browser item, and you can pass *** to refresh to root item.
74	IDE_GetPopupObject	C++ int IDE_GetPopupObject(char **ObjectType,
	Available in version 400	char **ObjectOwner, char **ObjectName,
		char **SubObject)

_		D / /   DE C :=   1
		Delphi procedure IDE_GetPopupObject(var ObjectType, ObjectOwner, ObjectName, SubObject: PChar)
		This function returns information about the item for which a popup menu (created with IDE_CreatePopupItem) was activated.  If the item is a Browser folder, the name of the folder will be returned in ObjectNorma and ObjectTime will return (FOLDER).
75	IDE_GetPopupBrowserRoot	ObjectName and ObjectType will return 'FOLDER'  C++ char IDE_GetPopupBrowserRoot()
'3	Available in version 400	Delphi function IDE_GetPopupBrowserRoot: PChar
		This function returns the name of browser root item for which a popup menu (created with IDE_CreatePopupItem) was activated.
76	IDE_RefreshObject	C++ void IDE_RefreshObject (char *ObjectType,
	Available in version 400	char *ObjectOwner, char *ObjectName, int Action)
		Delphi procedure IDE_RefreshObject(ObjectType, ObjectOwner, ObjectName: PChar; Action: Integer)
		If you modify database objects in your Plug-In and you want to update PL/SQL Developer to reflect these changes, you can do so by calling this function. You should pass the object type, owner, name and the action that you performed on the object. The action can be one of the following:  1 = Object created 2 = Object modified
		3 = Object deleted
		PL/SQL Developer will update the browser and all windows that might use the object.
77	IDE_FirstSelectedObject Available in version 500	C++ BOOL IDE_FirstSelectedObject (char *ObjectType, char *ObjectOwner, char *ObjectName, char *SubObject)  Delphi function IDE_FirstSelectedObject(var ObjectType, ObjectOwner, ObjectName, SubObject: PChar): Bool
		This function will return the details of the first selected in the Browser. The function will return false if no items are selected. Use in combination with IDE_NextSelectedObject to determine all selected items.
78	IDE_NextSelectedObject	C++ BOOL IDE_NextSelectedObject (char *ObjectType,
,,,	Available in version 500	char *ObjectOwner, char *ObjectName, char *SubObject)  Delphi function IDE_NextSelectedObject(var ObjectType, ObjectOwner, ObjectName, SubObject: PChar): Bool
		This function can be called after a call to IDE_FirstSelectedObject to determine all selected objects. You can keep calling this function until it returns false.
79	IDE_GetObjectSource	C++ char* IDE_GetObjectSource(char *ObjectType,
	Available in version 511	char *ObjectOwner, char *ObjectName)
		Delphi function IDE_GetObjectSource (ObjectType, ObjectOwner, ObjectName: PChar): PChar
		Returns the source for the specified object. This function will only return source for objects that actually have source (packages, views,).
80	IDE_GetWindowCount Available in version 301	C++ int IDE_GetWindowCount()  Delphi function IDE_GetWindowCount: Integer
		Returns the number of child windows in PL/SQL Developer. In combination with IDE_SelectWindow you can communicate with all child windows.
81	IDE_SelectWindow Available in version 301	C++ BOOL IDE_SelectWindow(int Index)  Delphi function IDE_SelectWindow(Index: Integer): Bool
		This function will 'select' one of PL/SQL Developers child Windows. Index is the window number where 0 is the top child window. The return

		value will indicate if the window existed.
		Normally all window related functions communicate with the active child window. With this function you can select any window and all window-related IDE functions will refer to the selected window.  Note:
		IDE_SelectWindow does not actually bring the window to front, you need IDE_ActivateWindow to do that.
82	IDE_ActivateWindow Available in version 301	C++ BOOL IDE_ActivateWindow(int Index)  Delphi function IDE_ActivateWindow(Index: Integer): Bool
		Brings the Index <sup>th</sup> child window with to front.
83	IDE_IsWindowModified Available in version 301	C++ BOOL IDE_WindowlsModified()
	Available III version 301	Delphi function IDE_WindowIsModified: Bool
84	IDE_IsWindowRunning	Returns if the contents of the window is modified.  C++ BOOL IDE_WindowIsRunning()
01	Available in version 301	Delphi function IDE_WindowlsRunning: Bool
		Returns if there is anything running in the current window.
90	IDE_SplashCreate	C++ void IDE_SplashCreate(int ProgressMax)
	Available in version 303	Delphi procedure IDE_SplashCreate(ProgressMax: Integer)
		Creates an empty splash screen (the one you see when PL/SQL Developer is starting or printing) which allows you to show some kind of progress on lengthy operations.
		If the ProgressMax parameter is larger then 0, a progress bar is displayed which you can advance with the IDE_SplashProgress function.  Note:
		There can only be one splash screen active at a time. If a splash screen is created while one was active, the first one will get re-used.
91	IDE_SplashHide Available in version 303	C++ void IDE_SplashHide() Delphi procedure IDE_SplashHide
		Hides the splash screen. This function will work on any splash screen, you can even hide the one created by PL/SQL Developer.
92	IDE_SplashWrite	C++ void IDE_SplashWrite(char *s)
	Available in version 303	Delphi procedure IDE_SplashWrite(s: string)
		Add text to the splash screen.
93	IDE_SplashWriteLn Available in version 303	C++ void IDE_SplashWriteLn(char *s)  Delphi procedure IDE_SplashWriteLn(s: string)
		Add text to the splash screen beginning on the next line.
94	IDE_SplashProgress	C++ void IDE_SplashProgress(int Progress)
	Available in version 303	Delphi procedure IDE_SplashProgress(Progress: Integer)
		If the splash screen was created with a progress bar, you can indicate progress with this function.
95	IDE_TemplatePath	C++ char IDE_TemplatePath()
	Available in version 400	Delphi function IDE_TemplatePath: PChar
00	IDE Essentia	This function returns the path where the templates are located.
96	IDE_ExecuteTemplate Available in version 400	C++ BOOL IDE_ExecuteTemplate(char *Template BOOL NewWindow)
		Delphi function IDE_ExecuteTemplate(Template: PChar; NewWindow: Bool): Bool
		If you want to execute a template from within your PlugIn you can do so with this function. The NewWindow parameter indicates if a new window should be created or that the result of the template should be pasted at the current cursor position in the active window. The template parameter should contain the template name. If the template is located in one or

		more folders, the folder name(s) should be prefixed to the template
		name separated by a backslash.
97	IDE_GetConnectAs	C++ char IDE_GetConnectAs()
	Available in version 500	Delphi function IDE_GetConnectAs: PChar
		Use this function to determine if the current connection has a specific
		'Connect As'. Possible return values are:
		", 'SYSDBA' and 'SYSOPER'
98	IDE_SetConnectionAs	C++ BOOL IDE_SetConnectionAs(char *Username,
	Available in version 500	char *Password, char *Database, char *ConnectAs)
		Delphi function IDE_SetConnectionAs(Username,
		Password, Database, ConnectAs: PChar): Bool
		Identical to IDE_SetConnection, but with an option to specify a
		ConnectAs parameter. You can pass 'SYSDBA' or 'SYSOPER', all other values will be handled as 'NORMAL'.
Exter	nal FileSystem functions	values will be flatfuled as INOTTWIAE.
	IDE_GetFileOpenMenu	C++ char IDE_GetFileOpenMenu(int MenuIndex,
	Available in version 400	int *WindowType)
		Delphi function IDE_GetFileOpenMenu(MenuIndex: Integer;
		var WindowType: Integer): PChar
		,, ,
		If you want to create a new 'File Open' menu with the same items as the
		standard menu, you can use this function to determine the standard
		items. You can call this function in a loop while incrementing MenuIndex
		(starting with 0) until the return value is an empty string. The return values are the menu names in the File Open menu and the WindowType
		is the corresponding window type.
101	IDE CanSaveWindow	C++ BOOL IDE_CanSaveWindow()
101	Available in version 400	Delphi function IDE_CanSaveWindow: Bool
		Returns True if the active child window can be saved. (which are the
		SQL, Test, Program and Command windows).
102	IDE_OpenFileExternal	C++ void IDE_OpenFileExternal(int WindowType, char *Data,
	Available in version 400	char *FileSystem, char *Tag, char *Filename)
		Delphi procedure IDE_OpenFileExternal(WindowType: Integer;
		Data, FileSystem, Tag, Filename: PChar)
		0 . No. 1
		Creates a new Window (of type WindowType) for the specified (and
102	IDE_GetFileTypes	registered) FileSystem, Tag and Filename.  C++ char IDE_GetFileTypes(int WindowType)
103	Available in version 400	Delphi function IDE GetFileTypes(WindowType: Integer): PChar
		Dolprii Turiotion IDE_Ooti IIoTypeo(WindowType: Integer). Total
1		Returns the defined filetypes for a specific WindowType.
104	IDE_GetDefaultExtension	C++ char IDE_GetDefaultExtension(int WindowType)
1	Available in version 400	Delphi function IDE_GetDefaultExtension(WindowType:
1		Integer): PChar
1		
<u> </u>		Returns the default extension (without period) for a specific window type.
105	IDE_GetFileData	C++ char IDE_GetFiledata()
1	Available in version 400	Delphi function IDE_GetFileData: PChar
1		
1		Returns the data of a window. You can use this function to get the data
106	IDE FileSayed	and save it.    C++ void IDE FileSaved(char *FileSystem, char *FileTag,
106	IDE_FileSaved Available in version 400	C++ void IDE_FileSaved(char *FileSystem, char *FileTag, char *Filename)
1	Transport Version 400	Delphi procedure IDE_FileSaved(FileSystem, FileTag,
1		Filename: PChar)
1		i licitatile. i Ghai)
1		You can call this function when a file is saved successfully. The filename
		will be set in the Window caption and the status will display that the file is
1		'saved successfully'.

FileSystem and FileTag	can be nil
	howHTML(char *Url, char *Hash,
Available in version 510 char *Title, cl	
	ShowHTML(Url, Hash, Title, ID: PChar):
Bool	,
	html file in a child window. The url parameter
	e hash parameter allows you to jump to a specific
	neter will be used as window title.  Intents of an already opened window by specifying
	, and a window exists with the same ID, this will
	ew window will be created.
108 IDE_RefreshHTML C++ BOOL IDE_F	efreshHTML(char *Url, char *ID, BOOL
Available in version 512 BringToFront	
	ShowHTML(Url, ID: PChar; BringToFront:
Bool): Bool	
	a HTML Window. You can pass an url to refresh
specific Windows.	specific url, or you can pass an ID to refresh a
	tProcEditExtension (char *oType)
	GetProcEditExtension (oType: PChar):
PChar	( ),
	extension of a specific object type. The oType
parameter can hold one FUNCTION, PROCEDURE.	
	Y, PACKAGE SPEC AND BODY,
TYPE, TYPE BODY, TYPE JAVA SOURCE	SPEC AND BODY,
	GetWindowObject (char *ObjectType,
	Owner, char *ObjectName, char *SubObject)
	GetWindowObject(var ObjectType,
	, ObjectName, SubObject: PChar): Bool
	ct opened in a Window. This will only work for
Program Windows.  IDE functions	
	Press(int Key, int Shift)
	E_KeyPress(Key, Shift: Integer)
	You can use this function to do the things you
	board. The Key parameter is the virtual key code
	parameter holds the status of the Shift Ctrl and ine the following values:
1 = Shift	ine the following values.
2 = Alt	
3 = Ctrl	
	lenultem(char *MenuName)
Available in version 510 Delphi function IDE_	GetMenuItem(MenuName: PChar): Integer
This function will return	an 'index' of a specific menu item. The
	must specify the menu path separated by a slash,
for example 'edit / selec	tion / uppercase'. The menu name is not case
agnoitive If the function	tion / uppercase. The menu hame is not case
	returns zero, the menu did not exist.
You can use the return	returns zero, the menu did not exist. value with IDE_SelectMenu
You can use the return  122 IDE_SelectMenu	returns zero, the menu did not exist. value with IDE_SelectMenu electMenu(int MenuItem)
You can use the return  122 IDE_SelectMenu	returns zero, the menu did not exist. value with IDE_SelectMenu
You can use the return  122 IDE_SelectMenu Available in version 510  You can use the return  C++ BOOL IDE_S  Delphi function IDE_	returns zero, the menu did not exist.  value with IDE_SelectMenu electMenu(int MenuItem) SelectMenu(MenuItem: Integer): Bool
You can use the return  122 IDE_SelectMenu Available in version 510  You can use the return  C++ BOOL IDE_S  Delphi function IDE_  You can execute a mer	returns zero, the menu did not exist.  value with IDE_SelectMenu electMenu(int MenuItem) SelectMenu(MenuItem: Integer): Bool  u item with this function. The MenuItem
You can use the return  122 IDE_SelectMenu Available in version 510  You can use the return  C++ BOOL IDE_S  Delphi function IDE_  You can execute a mer parameter has to be de	returns zero, the menu did not exist.  value with IDE_SelectMenu electMenu(int MenuItem) SelectMenu(MenuItem: Integer): Bool  u item with this function. The MenuItem termined by the IDE_SelectMenu function. If this
You can use the return  122 IDE_SelectMenu Available in version 510  You can execute a mer parameter has to be de function returns false, the company of the	returns zero, the menu did not exist.  value with IDE_SelectMenu electMenu(int MenuItem) SelectMenu(MenuItem: Integer): Bool  u item with this function. The MenuItem

		Returns the currently used translation file. If the return value is empty, no translation is used.
131	IDE_TranslationLanguage  Available in version 510	C++ char* IDE_TranslationLanguage()  Delphi function IDE_TranslationLanguage: PChar
		Returns the language of the currently used translation file. If the return value is empty, no translation is used.
132	IDE_GetTranslatedMenuLayout Available in version 510	C++ char* IDE_GetTranslatedMenuLayout() Delphi function IDE_GetTranslatedMenuLayout: PChar
		Returns a list of all standard PL/SQL Developer menu items like IDE_GetMenuLayout, but this function will return the translated menus.
140	IDE_SaveRecoveryFiles Available in version 510	C++ BOOL IDE_SaveRecoveryFiles()  Delphi function IDE_SaveRecoveryFiles: Bool
		PL/SQL Developer has a preference to save all opened files on a time interval, and/or when an Execute is performed. In case of a crash (from the system, Oracle or PL/SQL Dev), the user will be able to recover the edited files.  If the Plug-In can do things that have a possible risk of causing a crash,
141	IDE_GetCursorX Available in version 510	you can call this function to protect the user's work.  C++ int IDE_GetCursorX()  Delphi function IDE_GetCursorX: Integer
		Returns the (1 based) character position of the cursor in the current editor.
142	IDE_GetCursorY Available in version 510	C++ int IDE_GetCursorY()  Delphi function IDE_GetCursorY: Integer
143	IDE SetCursor	Returns the (1 based) line position of the cursor in the current editor.  C++ void IDE_SetCursor(int X, int Y)
1 10	Available in version 510	Delphi procedure IDE_SetCursor(X, Y: Integer)
		Set the cursor in the current editor. If the X or Y parameter is 0, the position will not change.  This function will also update the position display in the statusbar.
144	IDE SetBookmark	C++ int IDE SetBookmark(int Index, int X, int Y)
	Available in version 510	Delphi function IDE_SetBookmark(Index, X, Y: Integer): Integer
		Create a bookmark at position X (character), Y (line). Index is the bookmark (09) you want to set. If you pass –1 as bookmark, the first free bookmark will be used. The returned value is the used bookmark.
		Normally, from within PL/SQL Developer. Bookmarks can only be used for windows with a gutter (Test window and Program editor), but the Plug-In interface allows you to use bookmarks for all windows.
145	IDE_ClearBookmark Available in version 510	C++ void IDE_ClearBookmark(int Index)  Delphi procedure IDE_ClearBookmark(Index: Integer)
4.40	IDE CataDa alemania	Clears the specified bookmark
146	IDE_GotoBookmark  Available in version 510	C++ void IDE_GotoBookmark(int Index)  Delphi procedure IDE_GotoBookmark(Index: Integer)
4.47	IDE Called and and	Jumps to a bookmark
14/	IDE_GetBookmark Available in version 510	C++ BOOL IDE_GetBookmark(int Index, int X, int Y) Delphi function IDE_GetBookmark(Index: Integer; var X: Integer; var Y: Integer): Bool
		Get the cursor position for a specific bookmark
148	IDE_TabInfo Available in version 511	C++ char* IDE_TabInfo(int Index)  Delphi function IDE_TabInfo(Index: Integer): PChar

		Returns the description tab page Index (zero based). The return value is empty if the tab page does not exist. This function allows you to determine which tab pages (if any) are available for the current window.
149	IDE_TabIndex Available in version 511	C++ int IDE_TabIndex(int Index) Delphi function IDE_TabIndex(Index: Integer): Integer
150	IDE_CreateToolButton	This function allows you to read or set the active tab page. To set a specific page, pass a zero based value to the Index parameter. The return value is the actual selected page. To determine the active page (without setting it) pass a value of –1 to the Index parameter.  C++ void IDE_CreateToolButton(int ID, int Index, char *Name
	Available in version 510	char *BitmapFile, int BitmapHandle)  Delphi procedure IDE_CreateToolButton(ID, Index: Integer;  Name: PChar; BitmapFile: PChar;  BitmapHandle: Integer)
		This function allows you to add Toolbuttons to your Plug-In, similar to IDE_CreatePopupItem. The ID is the Plug-In ID and the index is the menu index. When a button is selected, OnMenuClick is called with the corresponding index.  The Name will appear as hint for the button, and as name in the
		preferences dialog. The button can be enabled and disabled with IDE_MenuState. The image for the button can be set by passing a filename to a bmp file in the BitmapFile parameter, or as a handle to a bitmap in memory. The bmp image can have any number of colors, but should approximately be 20 x 20 pixels in size. The button will only be visible if it is selected in the Toolbar preference.
160	IDE_BeautifierOptions Available in version 510	C++ int IDE_BeautifierOptions()  Delphi function IDE_BeautifierOptions: Integer
		Returns the PL/SQL Beautifier options. The result is a value where the following values are or-ed together:  1 AfterCreating enabled 2 AfterLoading enabled 4 BeforeCompiling enabled 8 BeforeSaving enabled You can use this to determine if you need to call the beautifier.
161	IDE_BeautifyWindow Available in version 510	C++ BOOL IDE_BeautifyWindow() Delphi function IDE_BeautifyWindow: Bool
		Calls the PL/SQL Beautifier for the current Window. The result indicates if the operations succeeded.
162	IDE_BeautifyText Available in version 510	C++ char* IDE_BeautifyText(char *S)  Delphi function IDE_BeautifyText(S: PChar): PChar  Calls the PL/SQL Resultifier to beautify the text in the S parameter. The
105	IDE OLI (A.C.	Calls the PL/SQL Beautifier to beautify the text in the S parameter. The result is the beautified text or it is empty if the function failed
165	IDE_ObjectAction Available in version 514	C++ BOOL IDE_ObjectAction(char *Action, char *ObjectType, char *ObjectOwner, char *ObjectName)  Delphi IDE_ObjectAction(Action, ObjectType, ObjectOwner, ObjectName: PChar): Bool
		This function allows you to do a specific action for the object specified.  The following actions are available:  VIEW, VIEWSPECANDBODY, EDIT, EDITSPECANDBODY, EDITDATA,  QUERYDATA, TEST
166	IDE_ShowDialog Available in version 700	C++ BOOL IDE_ShowDialog (char *Dialog, char *Param)  Delphi function IDE_ShowDialog(Dialog, Param: PChar): Bool
		This allows you to start a specific PL/SQL Developer dialog. The following are supported: AUTHORIZATIONS

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		PROJECTITEMS
		BREAKPOINTS
		PREFERENCES
		CONFIG PLUGINS
		CONFIG TOOLS
		CONFIG DOCUMENTS
		CONFIG REPORTS
		CONFIG MACROS
		CONFIG AUTOREFRESH
172	IDE Debuglion	The Param parameter is for future use.  C++ void IDE_DebugLog(char *Msg)
173	IDE_DebugLog Available in version 700	
	Available in version 700	Delphi procedure IDE_DebugLog(Msg: PChar)
		When debuggin is on, this function allows you to add messages in the
4=4	155 6 15	debug.txt file generated.
1/4	IDE_GetParamString	C++ char* IDE_GetParamString(char *Name)
	Available in version 700	Delphi function IDE_GetParamString(Name: PChar): PChar
		This function returns a command-line parameter, or a parameter
		specified in the params.ini file.
175	IDE_GetParamBool	C++ BOOL IDE_GetParamBool(char *Name)
	Available in version 700	Delphi function IDE_GetParamBool(Name: PChar): Bool
		i ' '
		This function returns a command-line parameter, or a parameter
		specified in the params.ini file.
180	IDE CommandFeedBack	C++ void IDE_CommandFeedback(int FeedbackHandle
	Available in version 513	char *S)
		Delphi procedure IDE_CommandFeedback(FeedBackHandle:
		Integer; S: PChar)
		integer, o. i onar)
		This function allows you to return feedback to the command window. The
		description S will be displayed in the window identified by the
		FeedbackHandle. See the CommandLine Plug-In function for details.
190	IDE ResultGridRowCount	C++ int IDE_ResultGridRowCount()
100	Available in version 516	Delphi function IDE_ResultGridRowCount: Integer
		Dolphi Tanodon IDE_Resaltenare Wooding Theoger
1		Patures the number of rows in the result grid of a SOL or Tast Window
101	IDE PosultGridColCount	Returns the number of rows in the result grid of a SQL or Test Window.
191	IDE_ResultGridColCount	C++ int IDE_ResultGridColCount()
191	IDE_ResultGridColCount Available in version 516	
191	_	C++ int IDE_ResultGridColCount() Delphi function IDE_ResultGridColCount: Integer
	Available in version 516	C++ int IDE_ResultGridColCount() Delphi function IDE_ResultGridColCount: Integer  Returns the number of cols in the result grid of a SQL or Test Window.
	Available in version 516  IDE_ResultGridCell	C++ int IDE_ResultGridColCount() Delphi function IDE_ResultGridColCount: Integer  Returns the number of cols in the result grid of a SQL or Test Window.  C++ char* IDE_ResultGridCell(int Col, int Row)
	Available in version 516	C++ int IDE_ResultGridColCount() Delphi function IDE_ResultGridColCount: Integer  Returns the number of cols in the result grid of a SQL or Test Window.
	Available in version 516  IDE_ResultGridCell	C++ int IDE_ResultGridColCount() Delphi function IDE_ResultGridColCount: Integer  Returns the number of cols in the result grid of a SQL or Test Window.  C++ char* IDE_ResultGridCell(int Col, int Row) Delphi function IDE_ResultGridCell(Col, Row: Integer): PChar
	Available in version 516  IDE_ResultGridCell	C++ int IDE_ResultGridColCount() Delphi function IDE_ResultGridColCount: Integer  Returns the number of cols in the result grid of a SQL or Test Window. C++ char* IDE_ResultGridCell(int Col, int Row) Delphi function IDE_ResultGridCell(Col, Row: Integer): PChar  This function allows you to access the results of a query in a SQL or Test
	Available in version 516  IDE_ResultGridCell	C++ int IDE_ResultGridColCount() Delphi function IDE_ResultGridColCount: Integer  Returns the number of cols in the result grid of a SQL or Test Window.  C++ char* IDE_ResultGridCell(int Col, int Row) Delphi function IDE_ResultGridCell(Col, Row: Integer): PChar  This function allows you to access the results of a query in a SQL or Test Window. Use the above two functions to determine the number of rows
192	Available in version 516  IDE_ResultGridCell Available in version 516	C++ int IDE_ResultGridColCount() Delphi function IDE_ResultGridColCount: Integer  Returns the number of cols in the result grid of a SQL or Test Window. C++ char* IDE_ResultGridCell(int Col, int Row) Delphi function IDE_ResultGridCell(Col, Row: Integer): PChar  This function allows you to access the results of a query in a SQL or Test Window. Use the above two functions to determine the number of rows and cols.
	Available in version 516  IDE_ResultGridCell Available in version 516  IDE_Authorized	C++ int IDE_ResultGridColCount() Delphi function IDE_ResultGridColCount: Integer  Returns the number of cols in the result grid of a SQL or Test Window.  C++ char* IDE_ResultGridCell(int Col, int Row) Delphi function IDE_ResultGridCell(Col, Row: Integer): PChar  This function allows you to access the results of a query in a SQL or Test Window. Use the above two functions to determine the number of rows and cols.  C++ BOOL IDE_CommandFeedback(char * Category, char
192	Available in version 516  IDE_ResultGridCell Available in version 516	C++ int IDE_ResultGridColCount() Delphi function IDE_ResultGridColCount: Integer  Returns the number of cols in the result grid of a SQL or Test Window. C++ char* IDE_ResultGridCell(int Col, int Row) Delphi function IDE_ResultGridCell(Col, Row: Integer): PChar  This function allows you to access the results of a query in a SQL or Test Window. Use the above two functions to determine the number of rows and cols.
192	Available in version 516  IDE_ResultGridCell Available in version 516  IDE_Authorized	C++ int IDE_ResultGridColCount() Delphi function IDE_ResultGridColCount: Integer  Returns the number of cols in the result grid of a SQL or Test Window.  C++ char* IDE_ResultGridCell(int Col, int Row) Delphi function IDE_ResultGridCell(Col, Row: Integer): PChar  This function allows you to access the results of a query in a SQL or Test Window. Use the above two functions to determine the number of rows and cols.  C++ BOOL IDE_CommandFeedback(char * Category, char
192	Available in version 516  IDE_ResultGridCell Available in version 516  IDE_Authorized	C++ int IDE_ResultGridColCount() Delphi function IDE_ResultGridColCount: Integer  Returns the number of cols in the result grid of a SQL or Test Window.  C++ char* IDE_ResultGridCell(int Col, int Row) Delphi function IDE_ResultGridCell(Col, Row: Integer): PChar  This function allows you to access the results of a query in a SQL or Test Window. Use the above two functions to determine the number of rows and cols.  C++ BOOL IDE_CommandFeedback(char * Category, char *Name, char *SubName)
192	Available in version 516  IDE_ResultGridCell Available in version 516  IDE_Authorized	C++ int IDE_ResultGridColCount() Delphi function IDE_ResultGridColCount: Integer  Returns the number of cols in the result grid of a SQL or Test Window.  C++ char* IDE_ResultGridCell(int Col, int Row) Delphi function IDE_ResultGridCell(Col, Row: Integer): PChar  This function allows you to access the results of a query in a SQL or Test Window. Use the above two functions to determine the number of rows and cols.  C++ BOOL IDE_CommandFeedback(char * Category, char *Name, char *SubName) Delphi function IDE_Authorized(Category, Name, SubName:
192	Available in version 516  IDE_ResultGridCell Available in version 516  IDE_Authorized	C++ int IDE_ResultGridColCount() Delphi function IDE_ResultGridColCount: Integer  Returns the number of cols in the result grid of a SQL or Test Window.  C++ char* IDE_ResultGridCell(int Col, int Row) Delphi function IDE_ResultGridCell(Col, Row: Integer): PChar  This function allows you to access the results of a query in a SQL or Test Window. Use the above two functions to determine the number of rows and cols.  C++ BOOL IDE_CommandFeedback(char * Category, char *Name, char *SubName) Delphi function IDE_Authorized(Category, Name, SubName: PChar): Bool
192	Available in version 516  IDE_ResultGridCell Available in version 516  IDE_Authorized	C++ int IDE_ResultGridColCount() Delphi function IDE_ResultGridColCount: Integer  Returns the number of cols in the result grid of a SQL or Test Window.  C++ char* IDE_ResultGridCell(int Col, int Row) Delphi function IDE_ResultGridCell(Col, Row: Integer): PChar  This function allows you to access the results of a query in a SQL or Test Window. Use the above two functions to determine the number of rows and cols.  C++ BOOL IDE_CommandFeedback(char * Category, char *Name, char *SubName) Delphi function IDE_Authorized(Category, Name, SubName: PChar): Bool  In PL/SQL Developer 6 we introduced the concept of Authorization. You
192	Available in version 516  IDE_ResultGridCell Available in version 516  IDE_Authorized	C++ int IDE_ResultGridColCount() Delphi function IDE_ResultGridColCount: Integer  Returns the number of cols in the result grid of a SQL or Test Window.  C++ char* IDE_ResultGridCell(int Col, int Row) Delphi function IDE_ResultGridCell(Col, Row: Integer): PChar  This function allows you to access the results of a query in a SQL or Test Window. Use the above two functions to determine the number of rows and cols.  C++ BOOL IDE_CommandFeedback(char * Category, char *Name, char *SubName) Delphi function IDE_Authorized(Category, Name, SubName: PChar): Bool
192	Available in version 516  IDE_ResultGridCell Available in version 516  IDE_Authorized	C++ int IDE_ResultGridColCount() Delphi function IDE_ResultGridColCount: Integer  Returns the number of cols in the result grid of a SQL or Test Window. C++ char* IDE_ResultGridCell(int Col, int Row) Delphi function IDE_ResultGridCell(Col, Row: Integer): PChar  This function allows you to access the results of a query in a SQL or Test Window. Use the above two functions to determine the number of rows and cols.  C++ BOOL IDE_CommandFeedback(char * Category, char *Name, char *SubName) Delphi function IDE_Authorized(Category, Name, SubName: PChar): Bool  In PL/SQL Developer 6 we introduced the concept of Authorization. You should test if a specific feature is allowed for the current user with this
192	Available in version 516  IDE_ResultGridCell Available in version 516  IDE_Authorized	C++ int IDE_ResultGridColCount() Delphi function IDE_ResultGridColCount: Integer  Returns the number of cols in the result grid of a SQL or Test Window.  C++ char* IDE_ResultGridCell(int Col, int Row) Delphi function IDE_ResultGridCell(Col, Row: Integer): PChar  This function allows you to access the results of a query in a SQL or Test Window. Use the above two functions to determine the number of rows and cols.  C++ BOOL IDE_CommandFeedback(char * Category, char *Name, char *SubName) Delphi function IDE_Authorized(Category, Name, SubName: PChar): Bool  In PL/SQL Developer 6 we introduced the concept of Authorization. You should test if a specific feature is allowed for the current user with this function. In the Category parameter you can specify one of the main
192	Available in version 516  IDE_ResultGridCell Available in version 516  IDE_Authorized	C++ int IDE_ResultGridColCount() Delphi function IDE_ResultGridColCount: Integer  Returns the number of cols in the result grid of a SQL or Test Window. C++ char* IDE_ResultGridCell(int Col, int Row) Delphi function IDE_ResultGridCell(Col, Row: Integer): PChar  This function allows you to access the results of a query in a SQL or Test Window. Use the above two functions to determine the number of rows and cols.  C++ BOOL IDE_CommandFeedback(char * Category, char *Name, char *SubName) Delphi function IDE_Authorized(Category, Name, SubName: PChar): Bool  In PL/SQL Developer 6 we introduced the concept of Authorization. You should test if a specific feature is allowed for the current user with this function. In the Category parameter you can specify one of the main categories (objects, menus, system). The name parameter specifies the item (session.kill or objects.drop). Some items have a subname, like
192	IDE_ResultGridCell Available in version 516  IDE_ResultGridCell Available in version 516  IDE_Authorized Available in version 600	C++ int IDE_ResultGridColCount() Delphi function IDE_ResultGridColCount: Integer  Returns the number of cols in the result grid of a SQL or Test Window. C++ char* IDE_ResultGridCell(int Col, int Row) Delphi function IDE_ResultGridCell(Col, Row: Integer): PChar  This function allows you to access the results of a query in a SQL or Test Window. Use the above two functions to determine the number of rows and cols.  C++ BOOL IDE_CommandFeedback(char * Category, char *Name, char *SubName) Delphi function IDE_Authorized(Category, Name, SubName: PChar): Bool  In PL/SQL Developer 6 we introduced the concept of Authorization. You should test if a specific feature is allowed for the current user with this function. In the Category parameter you can specify one of the main categories (objects, menus, system). The name parameter specifies the item (session.kill or objects.drop). Some items have a subname, like objects.drop with the different objects.
200	IDE_ResultGridCell Available in version 516  IDE_ResultGridCell Available in version 516  IDE_Authorized Available in version 600	C++ int IDE_ResultGridColCount() Delphi function IDE_ResultGridColCount: Integer  Returns the number of cols in the result grid of a SQL or Test Window. C++ char* IDE_ResultGridCell(int Col, int Row) Delphi function IDE_ResultGridCell(Col, Row: Integer): PChar  This function allows you to access the results of a query in a SQL or Test Window. Use the above two functions to determine the number of rows and cols.  C++ BOOL IDE_CommandFeedback(char * Category, char *Name, char *SubName) Delphi function IDE_Authorized(Category, Name, SubName: PChar): Bool  In PL/SQL Developer 6 we introduced the concept of Authorization. You should test if a specific feature is allowed for the current user with this function. In the Category parameter you can specify one of the main categories (objects, menus, system). The name parameter specifies the item (session.kill or objects.drop). Some items have a subname, like objects.drop with the different objects.  C++ BOOL IDE_WindowAllowed(int WindowType,
200	IDE_ResultGridCell Available in version 516  IDE_ResultGridCell Available in version 516  IDE_Authorized Available in version 600  IDE_WindowAllowed	C++ int IDE_ResultGridColCount() Delphi function IDE_ResultGridColCount: Integer  Returns the number of cols in the result grid of a SQL or Test Window. C++ char* IDE_ResultGridCell(int Col, int Row) Delphi function IDE_ResultGridCell(Col, Row: Integer): PChar  This function allows you to access the results of a query in a SQL or Test Window. Use the above two functions to determine the number of rows and cols.  C++ BOOL IDE_CommandFeedback(char * Category, char *Name, char *SubName)  Delphi function IDE_Authorized(Category, Name, SubName: PChar): Bool  In PL/SQL Developer 6 we introduced the concept of Authorization. You should test if a specific feature is allowed for the current user with this function. In the Category parameter you can specify one of the main categories (objects, menus, system). The name parameter specifies the item (session.kill or objects.drop). Some items have a subname, like objects.drop with the different objects.  C++ BOOL IDE_WindowAllowed(int WindowType, BOOL ShowErrorMessage)
200	IDE_ResultGridCell Available in version 516  IDE_ResultGridCell Available in version 516  IDE_Authorized Available in version 600  IDE_WindowAllowed	C++ int IDE_ResultGridColCount() Delphi function IDE_ResultGridColCount: Integer  Returns the number of cols in the result grid of a SQL or Test Window.  C++ char* IDE_ResultGridCell(int Col, int Row) Delphi function IDE_ResultGridCell(Col, Row: Integer): PChar  This function allows you to access the results of a query in a SQL or Test Window. Use the above two functions to determine the number of rows and cols.  C++ BOOL IDE_CommandFeedback(char * Category, char *Name, char *SubName)  Delphi function IDE_Authorized(Category, Name, SubName: PChar): Bool  In PL/SQL Developer 6 we introduced the concept of Authorization. You should test if a specific feature is allowed for the current user with this function. In the Category parameter you can specify one of the main categories (objects, menus, system). The name parameter specifies the item (session.kill or objects.drop). Some items have a subname, like objects.drop with the different objects.  C++ BOOL IDE_WindowAllowed(int WindowType, BOOL ShowErrorMessage)  Delphi function IDE_WindowAllowed(WindowType: Integer;
200	IDE_ResultGridCell Available in version 516  IDE_ResultGridCell Available in version 516  IDE_Authorized Available in version 600  IDE_WindowAllowed	C++ int IDE_ResultGridColCount() Delphi function IDE_ResultGridColCount: Integer  Returns the number of cols in the result grid of a SQL or Test Window. C++ char* IDE_ResultGridCell(int Col, int Row) Delphi function IDE_ResultGridCell(Col, Row: Integer): PChar  This function allows you to access the results of a query in a SQL or Test Window. Use the above two functions to determine the number of rows and cols.  C++ BOOL IDE_CommandFeedback(char * Category, char *Name, char *SubName)  Delphi function IDE_Authorized(Category, Name, SubName: PChar): Bool  In PL/SQL Developer 6 we introduced the concept of Authorization. You should test if a specific feature is allowed for the current user with this function. In the Category parameter you can specify one of the main categories (objects, menus, system). The name parameter specifies the item (session.kill or objects.drop). Some items have a subname, like objects.drop with the different objects.  C++ BOOL IDE_WindowAllowed(int WindowType, BOOL ShowErrorMessage)

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		For a quick check if authorization allows the Plug-In to create a specific function, you can use this function.
202	IDE_Authorization	C++ BOOL IDE_Authorization()
202	Available in version 600	Delphi function IDE_Authorization: Bool
		Dolphi Tariotton DE_/tation2ation. Door
		Returns if authorization is enabled or not.
203	IDE_AuthorizationItems	C++ char* IDE_AuthorizationItems(char *Category)
	Available in version 600	Delphi function IDE_AuthorizationItems(Category: PChar):
		PChar
		If you want a list off all available authorization items, you can call this
204	IDE AddAuthorizationItem	function. It will return a cr/lf separated list.  C++ void IDE_AddAuthorizationItem(int PlugInID, char
204	Available in version 600	*Name)
		Delphi procedure IDE_AddAuthorizationItem(PlugInID: Integer;
		Name: PChar)
		ramor onar,
		If you want to add items to the authorization list to allow them to be
		managed through the authorization option, you can use this function.
		Pass the PlugInID to identify your Plug-In, and pass the Name
		parameter with the item you want to add. The name should be unique, so you should prefix it with the name the Plug-In, for example:
		MyPlugIn.Create New Command
		All items will be added in the PlugIns category, so if you want to
		test if this feature is allowed you should call:
		IDE_Authorized('PlugIns ', ' MyPlugIn.Create New Command')
210		C++ char* IDE_GetPersonalPrefSets()
	Available in version 600	Delphi function IDE_GetPersonalPrefSets: PChar
		Determine a list of all a second post-occurs and
		Returns a list of all personal preference sets.  If you to have the Plug-In to use different preferences depending on the
		current connection, you can use this function to build a list of possible
		preference sets.
211	IDE_GetDefaultPrefSets	C++ char* IDE_GetDefaultPrefSets()
	Available in version 600	Delphi function IDE_GetDefaultPrefSets: PChar
040	IDE Cathurita Otologo	Returns a list of all default preference sets.
212	IDE_GetPrefAsString Available in version 600	C++ BOOL IDE_GetPrefAsString(int PlugInID, char * PrefSet,
	Available III version 000	char *Name, char *Default)  Delphi function IDE_GetPrefAsString(PlugInID: Integer; PrefSet,
		Name: PChar; Default: PChar): PChar
		Hamo, i Shar, Boldali, i Sharj, i Sha
		Read a Plug-In preference from the preferences. In PL/SQL Developer
		6, personal preferences are stored in files, not in the registry. You can
		still use the registry, but if you want to store your preferences in a shared
		location, you can use this function.  Pass the PlugInID you received with the IdentifyPlugIn call. The PrefSet
		parameter can be empty to retrieve default preferences, or you can
		specify one of the existing preference sets.
213	IDE_GetPrefAsInteger	C++ int IDE_GetPrefAsInteger(int PlugInID, char * PrefSet,
	Available in version 600	char *Name, BOOL Default)
		Delphi function IDE_GetPrefAsInteger(PlugInID: Integer;
		PrefSet, Name: PChar; Default: Integer): Integer
04.4	IDE CotDrofAcBack	As IDE_GetPrefAsString, but for integers.
214	IDE_GetPrefAsBool Available in version 600	C++ BOOL IDE_GetPrefAsBool(int PlugInID, char * PrefSet,
	Available III version 000	char *Name, BOOL Default)  Delphi function IDE_GetPrefAsBool(PlugInID: Integer; PrefSet,
		Name: PChar; Default: Bool): Bool
		raine. I Onar, beladit. bool). bool
		As IDE_GetPrefAsString, but for booleans.
215	IDE_SetPrefAsString	C++ BOOL IDE_SetPrefAsString(int PlugInID, char *PrefSet,

	A	
	Available in version 600	char *Name, char *Value)  Delphi function IDE_SetPrefAsString(PlugInID: Integer; PrefSet, Name: PChar; Value: PChar): Bool
		Set a Plug-In preference. Pass the PlugInID you received with the IdentifyPlugIn call. The PrefSet parameter can be empty to set default preferences, or you can specify one of the existing preference sets. The return value indicates if the function succeeded.
216	IDE_SetPrefAsInteger Available in version 600	C++ BOOL IDE_SetPrefAsInteger(int PlugInID, char *PrefSet, char *Name, int Value)
		Delphi function IDE_SetPrefAsInteger(PlugInID: Integer; PrefSet, Name: PChar; Value: Integer): Bool
		As IDE_SetPrefAsString, but for integers.
217	IDE_SetPrefAsBool	C++ BOOL IDE_SetPrefAsBool(int PlugInID, char *PrefSet,
	Available in version 600	char *Name, BOOL Value)  Delphi function IDE_SetPrefAsBool(PlugInID: Integer; PrefSet, Name: PChar; Value: Bool): Bool
		As IDE_SetPrefAsString, but for booleans.
218	IDE_GetGeneralPref	C++ char* IDE_GetGeneralPref (char *Name)
	Available in version 700	Delphi function IDE_GetGeneralPref(Name: PChar): PChar
		Returns the value of a preference. The names can be found in the preference ini file under the [Preferences] section.
220	IDE_GetProcOverloadCount	C++ int IDE_GetProcOverloadCount (char *Owner, char
	Available in version 700	*PackageName, char *ProcedureName)
		Delphi IDE_GetProcOverloadCount(Owner, PackageName, ProcedureName: PChar): Integer
		Returns the number of overloads for a specific procedure.  Result < 0 = Procedure doesn't exist  Result > 0 = overload count
221	IDE_SelectProcOverloading Available in version 700	C++ int IDE_SelectProcOverloading (char *Owner, char
	Available in version 700	*PackageName, char *ProcedureName)  Delphi IDE_SelectProcOverloading(Owner, PackageName, ProcedureName: PChar): Integer
		1 1000ddi of tarrio. 1 Oriar). Irriogor
		Shows a dialog to allow the user to select an overloaded procedure.  Result < 0 = Cancel
		Result 0 = No overloadings Result > 0 = Overload index
230	IDE_GetSessionValue	C++ char* IDE_GetSessionValue (char *Name)
	Available in version 700	Delphi function IDE_GetSessionValue(Name: PChar): PChar
		This function will return one of the Session parameters as you see in the grid of the session tool. You will only get a result if the Session Window
		is active, so this will only work from a Popup menu created for the
		SESSIONWINDOW object.
_	unctions	Cur int COL Evacuto/obor *COL\
40	SQL_Execute	C++ int SQL_Execute(char *SQL)  Delphi function SQL_Execute(SQL: PChar): Integer
		Executes the statement defined in the SQL parameter. The function returns 0 if successful, else the Oracle error number.
41	SQL_FieldCount	C++ int SQL_FieldCount()  Delphi function SQL_FieldCount: Integer
		Returns the number of fields after a SQL_Execute.
42	SQL_Eof	C++ BOOL SQL_Eof()  Delphi function SQL_Eof: Bool

		Returns if there are any more rows to fetch.
43	SQL_Next	C++ int SQL_Next()
"		Delphi function SQL_Next: Integer
		Returns the next row after a SQL_Execute. The function returns 0 if
		successful, else the Oracle error number.
44	SQL_Field	C++ char* SQL_Field(int Field)
		Delphi function SQL_Field(Field: Integer): PChar
		Returns the field specified by the Field parameter.
45	SQL_FieldName	C++ char* SQL_FieldName(int Field)
		Delphi function SQL_FieldName(Field: Integer): PChar
46	SQL_FieldIndex	Returns the fieldname specified by the Field parameter.
40	SQL_Fleidindex	C++ int SQL_FieldIndex(char *Name)  Delphi function SQL_FieldIndex(Name: PChar): Integer
		Delprii Tunction SQL_Fleidindex(Name, PChar), integer
		Converts a fieldname into an index, which can be used in the SQL_Field,
		SQL_FieldName and SQL_FieldType functions. If the field does not
		exist, the return value is -1.
47	SQL_FieldType	C++ int SQL_FieldType(int Field)
		Delphi function SQL_FieldType(Field: Integer): Integer
		Return the fieldtype of a field.
		3 = otInteger
		4 = otFloat
		5 = otString
		8 = otLong 12 = otDate
		24 = otLongRaw
48	SQL_ErrorMessage	C++ char* SQL_ ErrorMessage()
10	Available in version 301	Delphi function SQL_ErrorMessage: PChar
		Dolphi Idilolion OQL_Enolinecoago. 1 Chai
		This function will return the error message for any error that occurred
		during:
		SQL_Execute
		SQL_Eof
		SQL_Next
50	SQL_UsePlugInSession	IDE_SetConnection C++ BOOL SQL_UsePlugInSession(int PlugInID)
30	Available in version 600	Delphi function SQL_UsePlugInSession(Int PlugInID)
	andbie in version 000	Delprii Turiction SQL_OseFluginSesSion(PluginiD. Integer): Bool
		Normally, the SQL functions will use the main PL/SQL Developer Oracle
		session. If you want to make sure you don't interfere with other
		transactions, and you want the Plugln to use a private session, call this
		function.
		The return value indicates if the function succeeded.
51		C++ void SQL_UseDefaultSession(int PlugInID)
	Available in version 600	Delphi procedure SQL_UseDefaultSession(PlugInID: Integer)
		This function will cancel the previous function and set the Oracle session
	COL CharleCommention	back to default.
52		C++ BOOL SQL_CheckConnection()
	Available in version 700	Delphi function SQL_CheckConnection: Bool
		Forces DL/SOL Davidoper to sheek if the current connection to the
		Forces PL/SQL Developer to check if the current connection to the database is still open (and tries a re-connect if necessary). The return
		value indicates if there is a connection.
53	SQL_GetDBMSGetOutput	C++ char* SQL_GetDBMSGetOutput()
~	Available in version 700	Delphi function SQL_GetDBMSGetOutput: PChar
		Returns sys.dbms_output for the current (PlugIn specific) session.
54	SQL_SetVariable	C++ void SQL_SetVariable (char *Name, char *Value)
		1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1

	Available in version 700	Delphi procedure SQL_SetVariable(Name, Value: PChar)
		This function declares a variable. Call this for al variables you use in the statement you pass in SQL_Execute.
55	SQL_GetVariable	C++ char* SQL_GetVariable (char *Name)
	Available in version 700	Delphi function SQL_GetVariable(Name: PChar): PChar
		_
		This function will return the value of a variable.
56	SQL ClearVariables	C++ void SQL_ClearVariables ()
	Available in version 700	Delphi procedure SQL_ClearVariables
		Clear all declared variables. If you are finished doing a query it is a good idea to call this function to prevent errors for the next execute.

The callback functions are divided into three groups, SYS functions (returning system information), IDE functions (for interaction with the PL/SQL Developer IDE) and SQL functions.

The SYS functions return PL/SQL Developer and Oracle information. You might need these to locate or store information.

The IDE functions allow you to communicate with the PL/SQL Developer IDE. Some functions return information of the current state of PL/SQL Developer. This allows your Plug-In to be context sensitive. If you want to send messages to a window or an Editor, you can use the handle functions to get hold of any handle you might need.

The SQL functions can be used to execute any kind of SQL statement. If, for example, you wanted to query all existing tables you could use the SQL functions like this:

```
SQL_Execute('Select * from all_tables');
index = SQL_FieldIndex('TABLE_NAME');
while not SQL_Eof do
begin
   FieldName := SQL_Field(index);
   // Do something with Fieldname
   SQL_Next;
end;
```

Note that you can't nest queries. You should also be aware that the Oracle session used for the query is the same session that is used internally by PL/SQL Developer for compilations and other DDL statements. If the Session Mode preference is set to Dual Session or Multi Session, a different session is used for all SQL Windows, Test Windows and Command Windows.

All returned string values (like the value from SQL\_Field) are returned as a pointer to an array of zero terminated characters. PL/SQL Developer allocates memory for this array but you should copy the value if you are going to use it because the same buffer will be used again for the next function that returns a string.

### **Developing your Plug-In**

While developing your Plug-In it might be handy to configure PL/SQL Developer to pick up the Plug-In in your development directory. Simply set the Plug-Ins directory in the preferences dialog to your development directory. The default Plug-In directory will always be checked so any other Plug-Ins will still be loaded.

Most programming languages allow you to define a "host" application while developing a DLL. If you define PL/SQL Developer as host application you can "run" your Plug-In while actually PL/SQL Developer is started which (if configured properly) will load your Plug-In. This allows you to quickly test any modifications.

Note that PL/SQL Developer will only load a Plug-In if the description is unique. If you have Plug-Ins with identical descriptions, only the first one is loaded.

You should also be aware that C++ programming languages will modify exported function names. This has something to do with method overloading, but it will cause PL/SQL Developer to ignore the Plug-In because the expected exported functions were not found. Use extern "c" to prevent function names from being mangled in C++ programs, like this:

```
extern "C"
{
    __declspec(dllexport) char* IdentifyPlugIn(int);
    __declspec(dllexport) char* CreateMenuItem(int);
    __declspec(dllexport) void RegisterCallback(int, void *);
    __declspec(dllexport) void OnMenuClick(int);
}
```

It might be a good idea to start with one of the supplied demos. We have included demos in C++Builder (version 3 & 4) and Delphi (2, 3 & 4) format.

## **Plug-In Export functions**

Not all functions related to export functions are described yet. If you want to create your own data export module, just let us know and we will give you some additional information.

There is a Delphi RTF Export demo you can use as a reference.

# Distributing your Plug-In

Installing your Plug-In basically means copying it to PL/SQL Developers Plug-In directory. If you want to build an installer, you can determine the PL/SQL Developer directory by reading the following registry value:

HKEY\_CLASSES\_ROOT\PL/SQL Developer\Shell\Open\Command

Which will return something like:

```
"C:\Program Files\PLSQL Developer\PLSQLDev.exe"
```

If you remove the executable name and add "PlugIns", you have the destination path.

You can make Plug-Ins user specific by placing them in an additional "username" directory. PL/SQL Developer uses the following sequence to look for Plug-Ins:

```
1 Load Plug-Ins from Plug-Ins preference setting 2 Load Plug-Ins from PlugIns\Username\*.dll 3 Load Plug-Ins from PlugIns\*.dll
```

New Plug-Ins will be active when PL/SQL Developer starts.

## Notes for MS Visual C++

If you want to build a Plug-In with Microsoft Visual C++, please note that the registration of the callback functions is slightly different from the Borland C++Builder examples. The RegisterCallback function for MS Visual C++ would look like this:

```
void RegisterCallback(int Index, void *Addr)
{
   switch (Index)
   {
      case 10 :
       void* IDE_MenuState = Addr;
      break;
   case 11 :
      void * IDE_Connected = Addr;
      break;
}
```

Notice the difference in the void\* declaration.

<u>Contacting us</u>
If you want to contact us with questions or remarks about the Plug-In interface or PL/SQL Developer in general, just send an email to:

**Allround Automations** support@allroundautomations.com
http://www.allroundautomations.com/plsqldev.html