

# Advanced Secondary Analysis of Large-scale Assessments in Education:

## A Discussion of Methods

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# Outline

Brief theoretical foundations

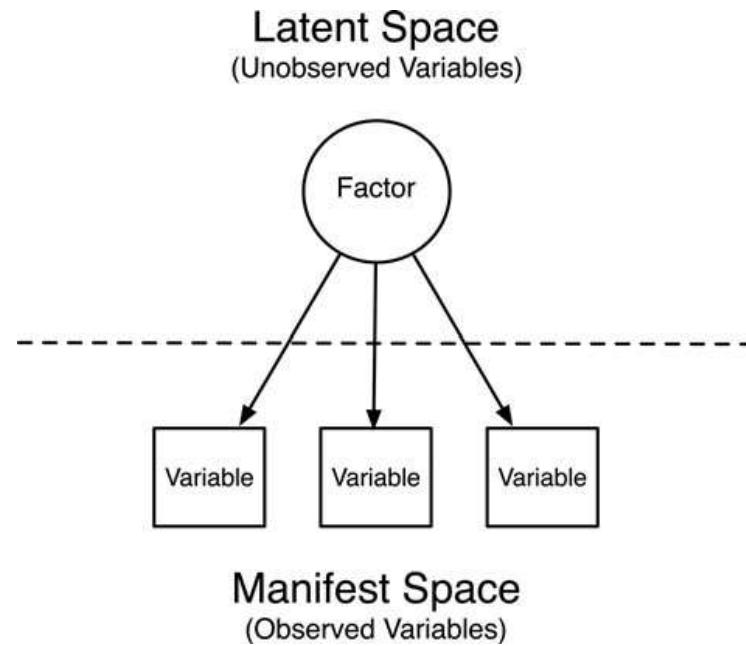
CFA Estimation: example

SEM estimation: example

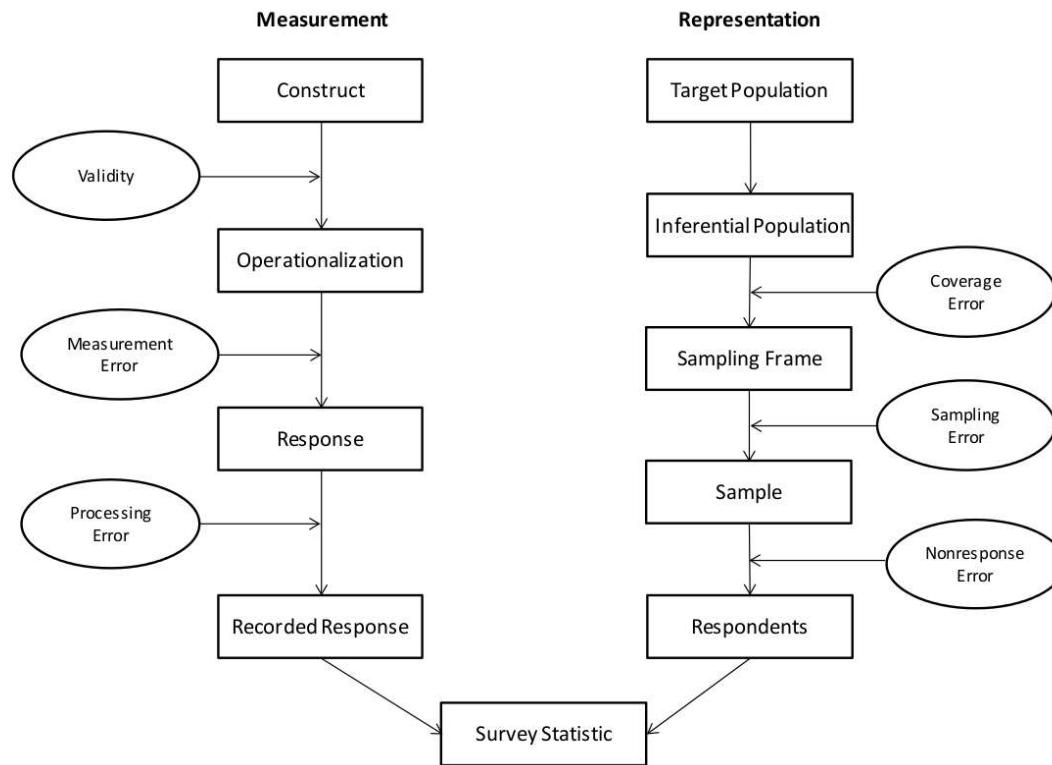
# Brief theoretical foundations

# Measurement in social sciences

- A huge number of constructs, concepts, and attributes are considered as latent
- The less measurement error, the better instrument



# Total error: sources of error



# Latent variables

- Indirectly observed: hypothetical
- Could be inferred from observed indicators (e.g. items)
- Multiple indicators that covariates, could be interpreted as common factor

# Latent variables

- Clasical Test Theory (simplified):

$$X = T + E$$

$$\sigma_x^2 = \sigma_t^2 + \sigma_e^2$$

- Existence of multiple indicators allows to differentiate:

common variance

$$\sigma_t^2$$

and unique variance

$$\sigma_e^2$$

# Factor Analysis

- Set of methods oriented to explain the correlation among variables which could be interpreted as latent variables or factors
- The existence of a common factor explain the association among indicators
- Conditional dependency: the correlations would be 0 if partialize the factor.

# Purpose

- To reduce complexity and increase comprehension
- To validate scales in terms of the measured construct
- To separate the common variance from unique variance

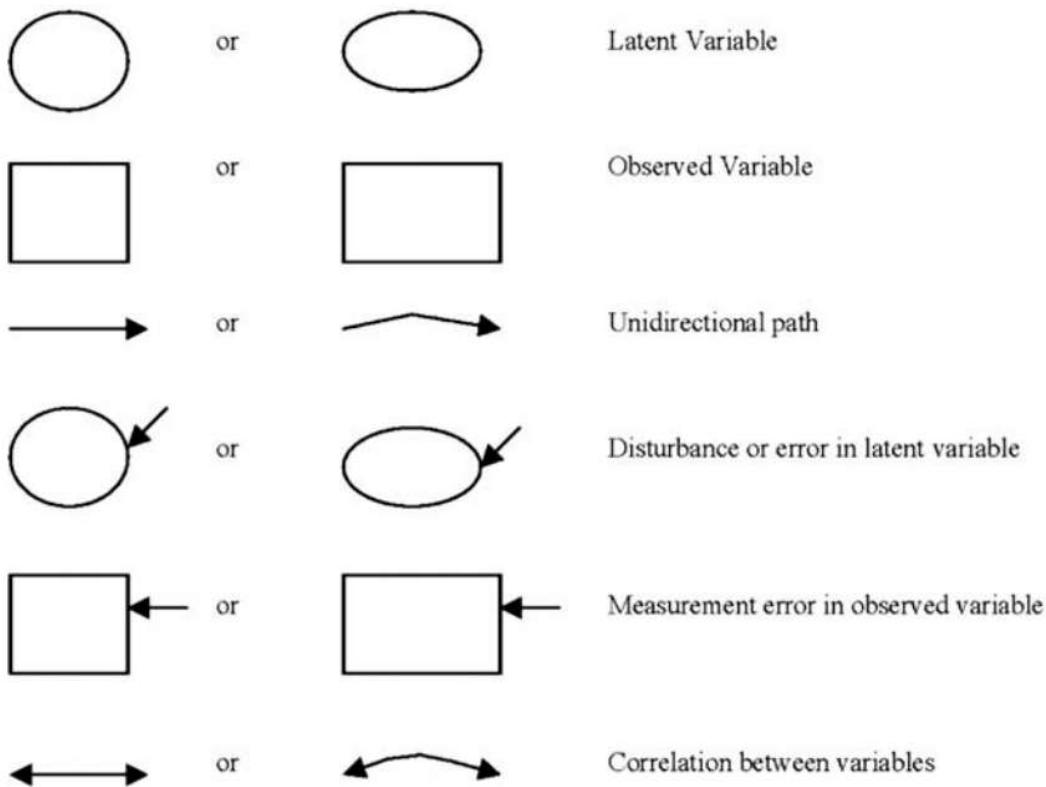
# General fuoundations

- Covariance, correlation and partial correlation
- Simple and multiple regression
- In general, could consider similar assumptions than in linear regression

# Assumptions

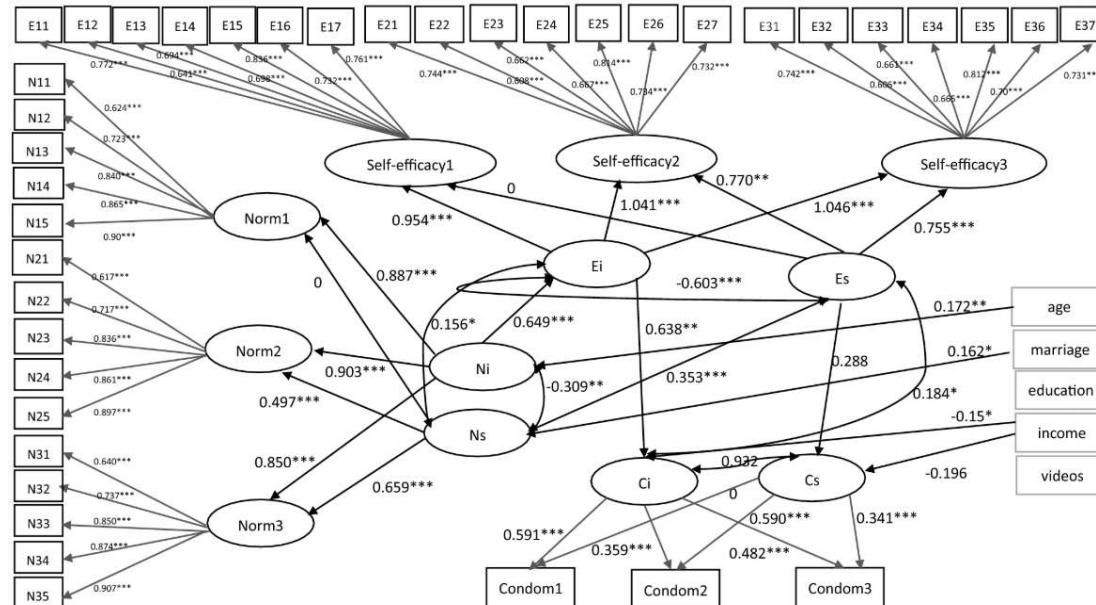
- Intervalar measurement level
- Normality
- Linear relationship among variables
- Correlations must have certain level for its agrupation
- Sample size: >200 cases or between 5-10 for each variable (rule of thumb)

# Diagrams for representation



# ¿Parsimony?

From: [Mediation Analysis of Peer Norms, Self-Efficacy, and Condom Use Among Chinese Men Who Have Sex with Men: A Parallel Process Latent Growth Curve Model](#)

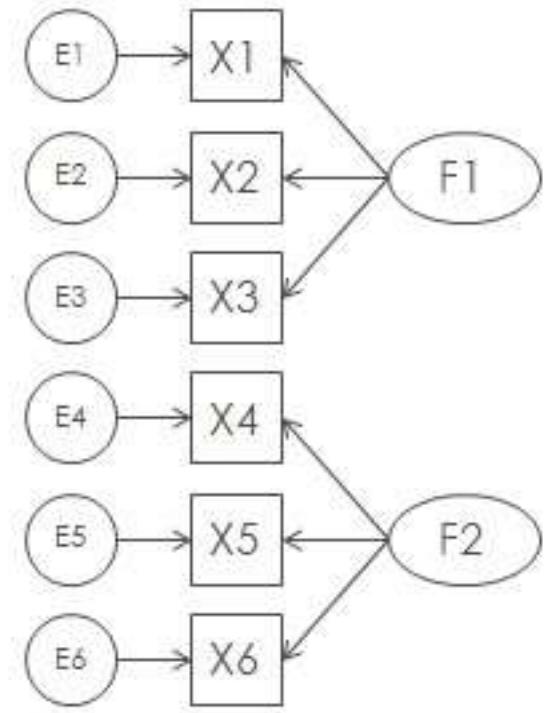
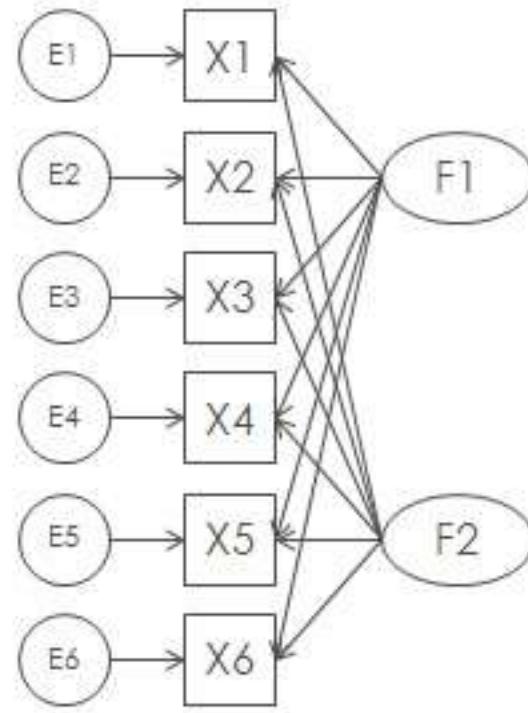
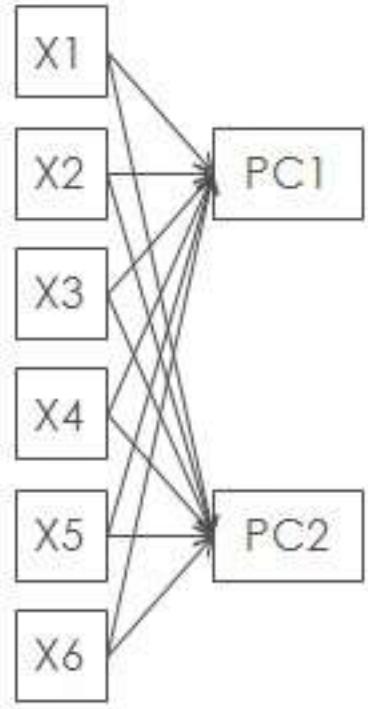


Structural model of parallel process latent growth curve modeling among peer norms, self-efficacy and condom use with covariates among online high-risk MSM in China, 2015 ( $n = 804$ ). Note \* $p < .05$ ; \*\* $p < .01$ ; \*\*\* $p < .001$ . All of the regression coefficients presented in the figure were significant at the 95% confident intervals. The model fit indexes were RMSEA = 0.046, 90% CI (0.044, 0.048), CFI = 0.956, TLI = 0.955. Ni is the latent intercept factor of peer norms. Ns is the latent slope growth factor of peer norms. Ei is the latent intercept factor of self-efficacy. Es is the latent slope growth factor of self-efficacy.

# Three methods for measurement evaluations

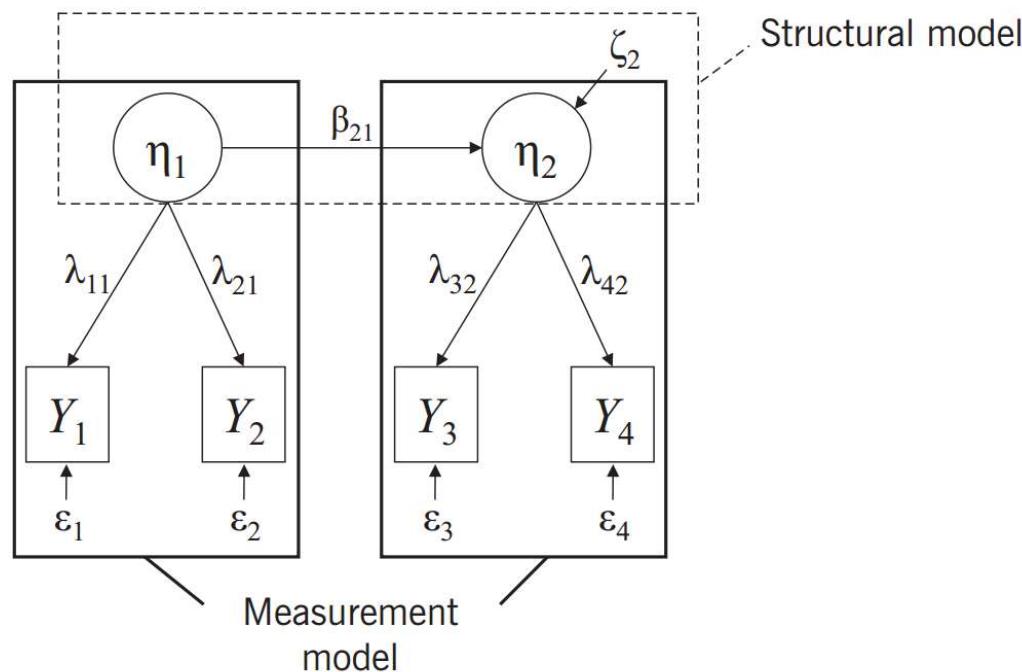
- Principal component analyses: definition of component from a linear combination of variables
- Exploratory factor analyses: descriptive technique which allow to determine a number of latent factors from a set of indicators, separating common and unique variance
- **Confirmatory Factor Analyses:** technique which allow hypothesize (and confirm) a latent variable, specifying a set of parameters

# Three methods for measurement evaluations

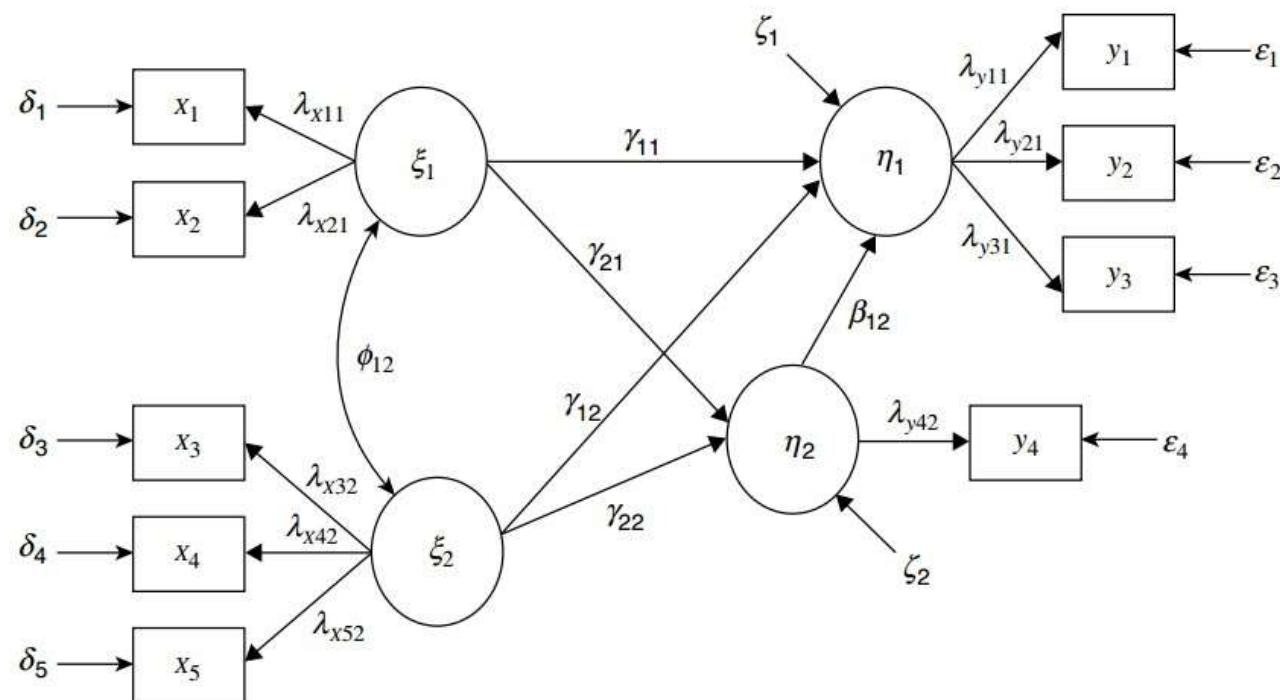


# Beyond measurement model: SEM

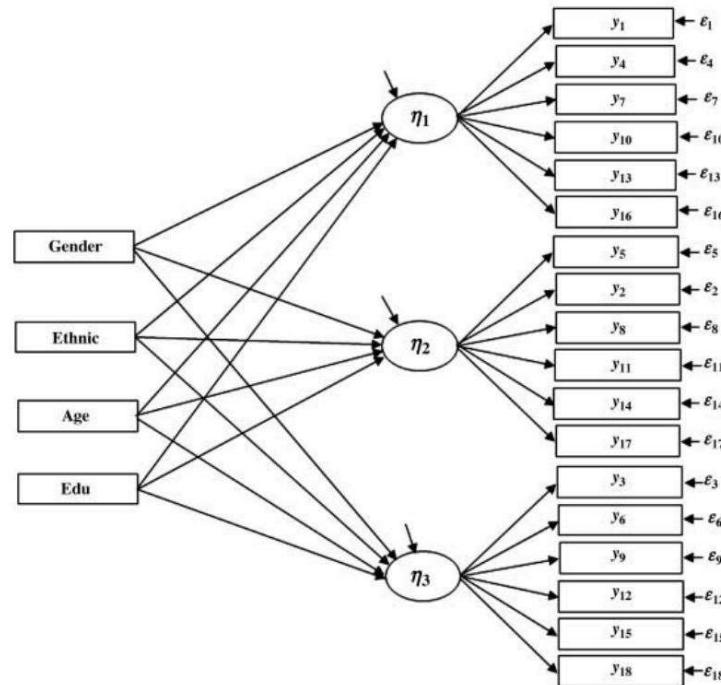
- SEM allow to estimate models that include measurement and structural relations



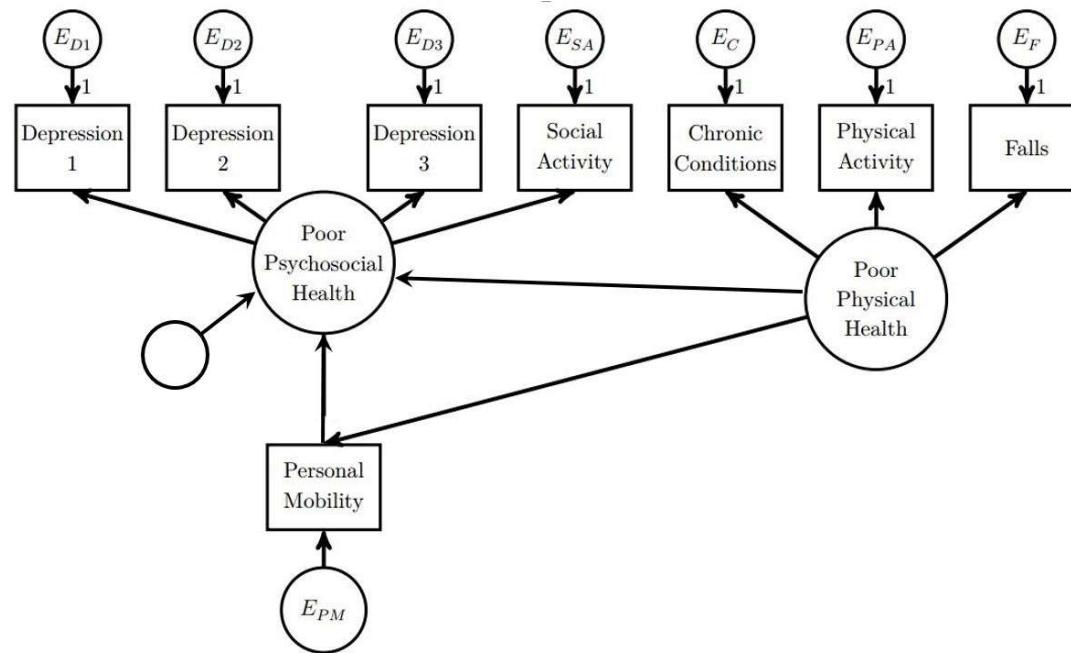
# Structural regressions between latent variables



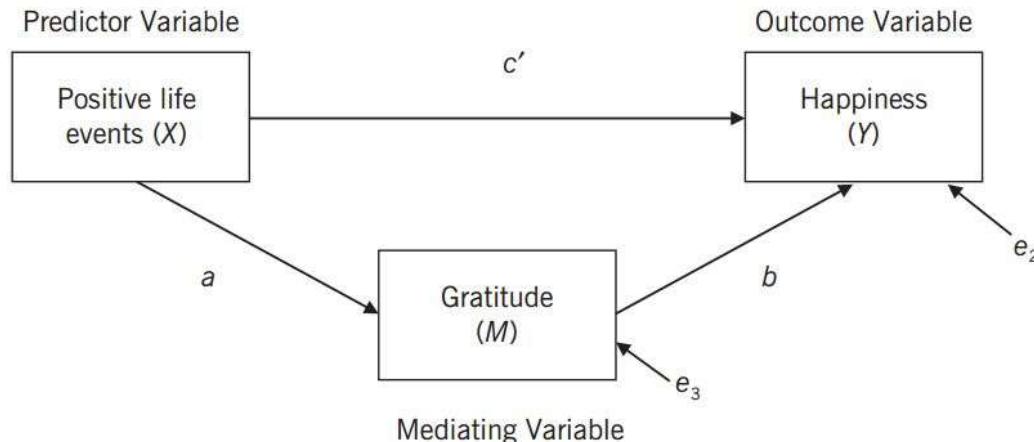
# Regressions between latent on observed variables (MIMIC)



# Regressions between observed on latent variables

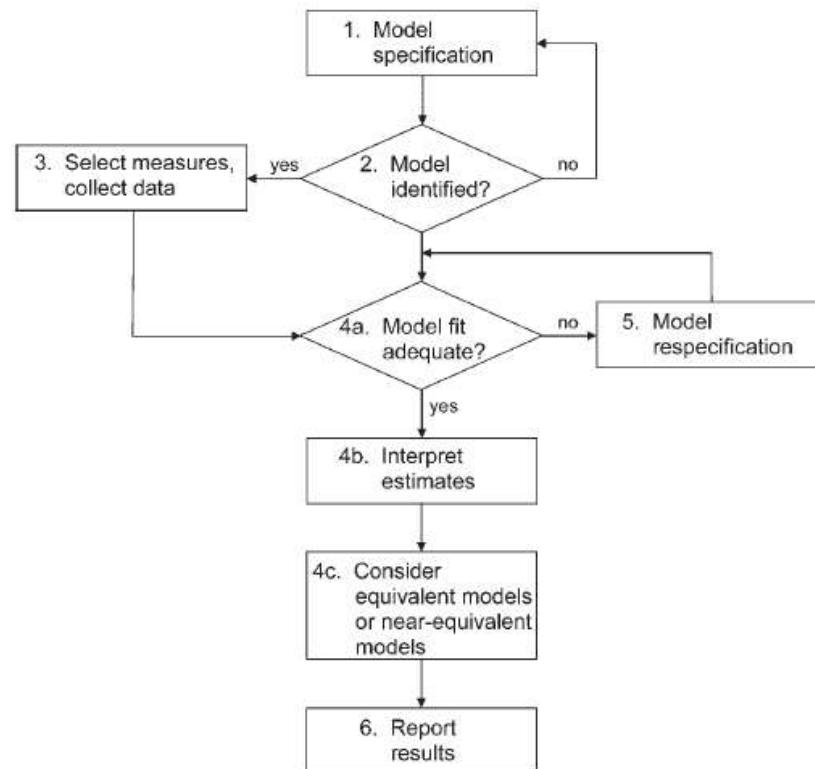


# Regressions between observed variables



**FIGURE 3.3.** Second model with statistical notation.

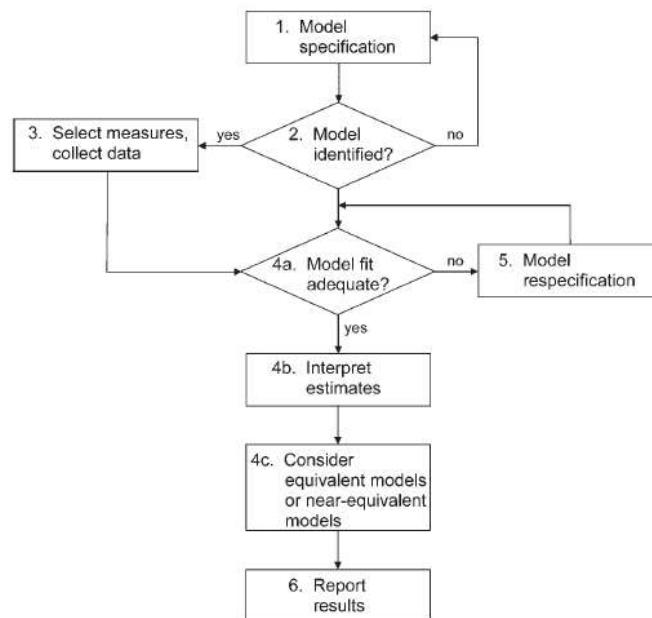
# Estimation process of CFA and SEM



**FIGURE 5.1.** Flowchart of the basic steps of SEM.

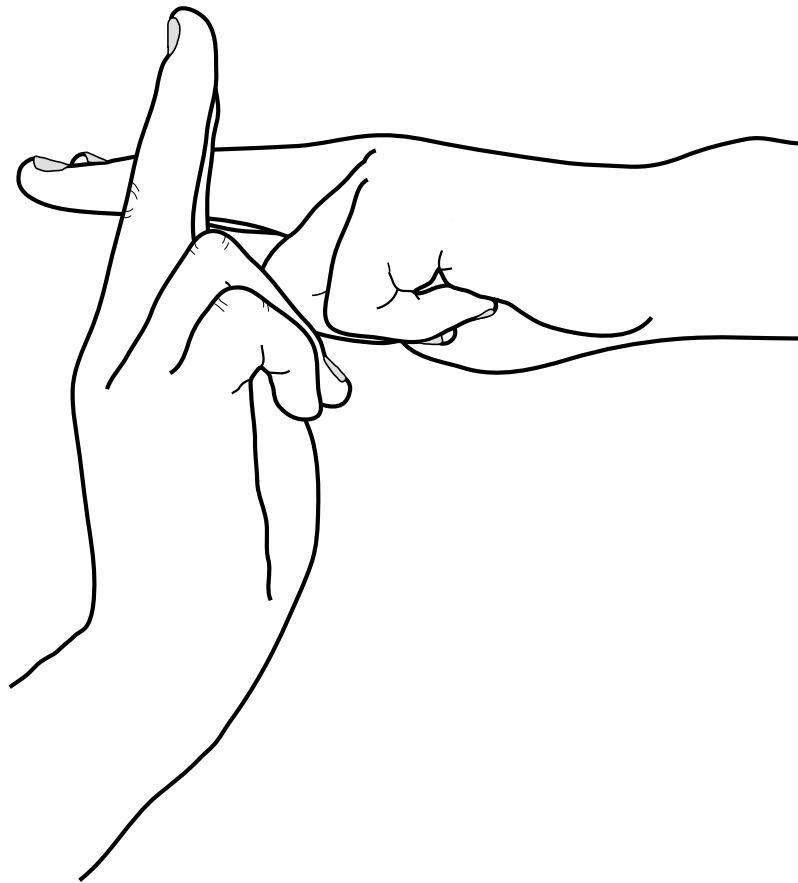
# Step by step

- Specification and identification
- Estimation
- Fit interpretation
- Report

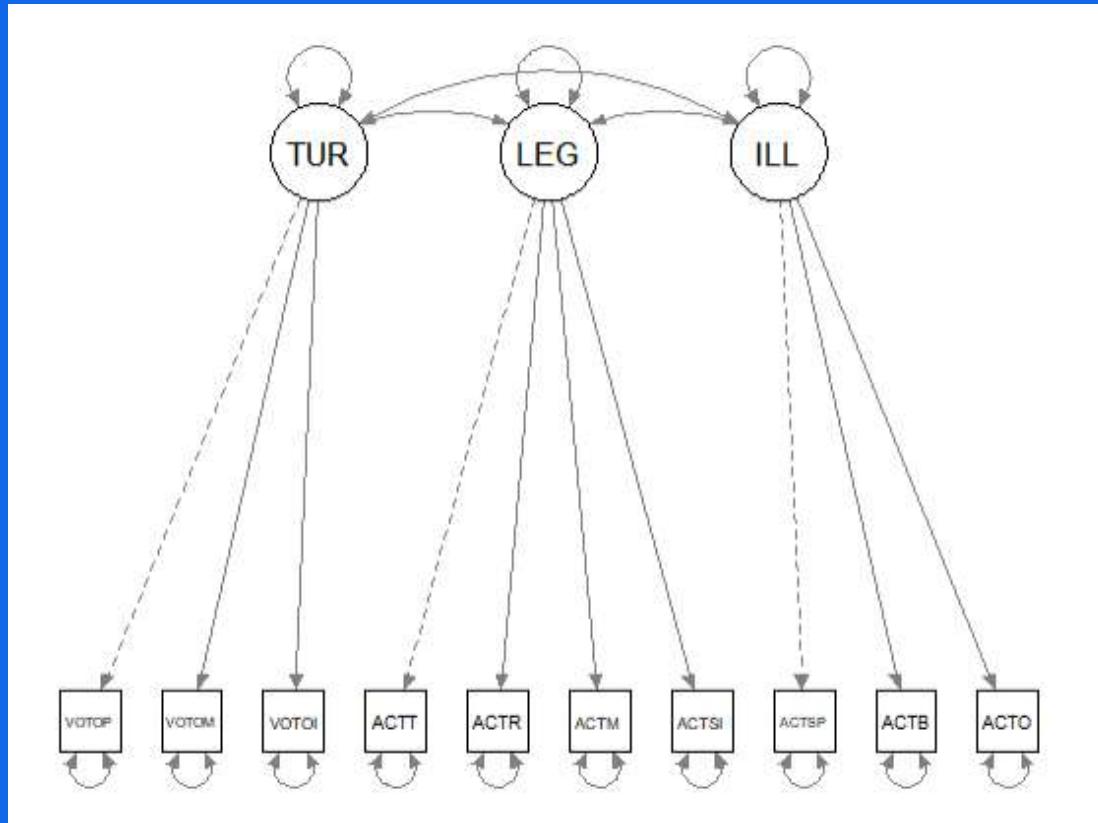


**FIGURE 5.1.** Flowchart of the basic steps of SEM.

# Hands on!



# CFA example



# Measurement model: Political participation using ICCS 2016 (Italy)

- Formal participation

**Q31** Listed below are different ways adults can take an active part in society.

**When you are an adult, what do you think you will do?**

(Please tick only one box in each row.)

		I would certainly do this	I would probably do this	I would probably <u>not</u> do this	I would certainly <u>not</u> do this
IS3G31A	a) Vote in <local elections> .....	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 4
IS3G31B	b) Vote in <national elections> .....	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 4
IS3G31C	c) Get information about candidates before voting in an election .....	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 4

# Measurement model: Political participation using ICCS 2016 (Italy)

- Activist participation (legal and illegal)

**Q30** There are many different ways how citizens may express their opinions about important issues in society.

**Would you take part in any of the following activities to express your opinion in the future?**

(Please tick only one box in each row.)

		<i>I would certainly do this</i>	<i>I would probably do this</i>	<i>I would probably not do this</i>	<i>I would certainly not do this</i>
IS3G30A	a) Talk to others about your views on political or social issues .....	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
IS3G30B	b) Contact an <elected representative> .....	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
IS3G30C	c) Take part in a peaceful march or rally .....	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
IS3G30D	d) Collect signatures for a petition .....	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
IS3G30E	e) Contribute to an online discussion forum about social or political issues .....	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
IS3G30F	f) Organize an online group to take a stance on a controversial political or social issue .....	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
IS3G30G	g) Participate in an online campaign .....	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
IS3G30H	h) Choose to buy certain products in support of social justice (e.g. <fair trade goods>, <ethically sourced products>) .....	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
IS3G30I	i) Spray-paint protest slogans on walls .....	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
IS3G30J	j) Stage a protest by blocking traffic .....	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
IS3G30K	k) Occupy public buildings as a sign of protest .....	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

# Read data

```
pacman::p_load(dplyr, stargazer, skimr, xaringan, srvyr, lme4, broom, texreg, scales, plotly, desctable, descriptr,forcats, GGally, MplusAutomation, semPlot, corrplot)

load("./data/mergeita16.Rdata")
names(mergeita16)
```

```
[1] "idcntry"      "country"       "idschool_scr"   "idclass_scr"    "idstud_scr"
[6] "sidi_invalsi" "totwgts"       "wgtfac1"        "wgtadj1s"      "wgtfac2s"
[11] "wgtadj2s"     "wgtadj3s"       "jkzones"        "jkreps"        "pv1civ"
[16] "pv2civ"        "pv3civ"        "pv4civ"         "pv5civ"        "s_gender"
[21] "s_cntatt"     "s_abuse"       "s_civilrn"     "s_geneql"     "s_ethylght"
[26] "univ"          "s_poldisc"     "s_hisced"       "s_homlit"     "s_immig"
[31] "s_sint"        "s_citcon"      "s_citeff"       "s_citresp"    "s_citsoc"
[36] "s_opdisc"      "s_socmed"      "s_intrust"      "formal"       "activ"
[41] "illegal"       "s_elecpart"   "s_polpart"     "s_compart"    "s_schpart"
[46] "s_legact"      "s_illact"      "actspray"       "actblock"     "actocup"
[51] "acttalk"        "actrep"        "actmarch"      "actsign"      "votopre"
[56] "votomun"        "votoinf"       "wle_ita"        "wle_ita_200"  "ital"
[61] "prov"
```

```
desc= mergeita16 %>%
  select(actspray, actblock, actocup, acttalk, actrep, actmarch, actsign, votopre, votomun, votoinf)
stargazer(desc, title="Descriptive Statistics", type = "text")
```

Descriptive Statistics

```
=====
Statistic N Mean St. Dev. Min Pctl(25) Pctl(75) Max
-----
actspray 3,373 1.746 0.925 1.000 1.000 2.000 4.000
actblock 3,376 1.646 0.832 1.000 1.000 2.000 4.000
actocup 3,378 1.651 0.849 1.000 1.000 2.000 4.000
acttalk 3,390 2.791 0.835 1.000 2.000 3.000 4.000
actrep 3,369 2.207 0.750 1.000 2.000 3.000 4.000
actmarch 3,359 2.557 0.826 1.000 2.000 3.000 4.000
actsign 3,378 2.649 0.830 1.000 2.000 3.000 4.000
votopre 3,386 3.525 0.705 1.000 3.000 4.000 4.000
votomun 3,382 3.471 0.739 1.000 3.000 4.000 4.000
votoinf 3,356 3.515 0.735 1.000 3.000 4.000 4.000
-----
```

# Explore correlations

```
corMat <- cor(desc, use = "pairwise.complete.obs") # estimar matriz pearson
options(digits=3) # decimales
print(corMat)
```

```
actspray actblock actocup acttalk actrep actmarch actsign votopre
actspray 1.00000 0.5914 0.5707 0.00814 0.120 0.0604 0.0768 -0.1049
actblock 0.59139 1.0000 0.7162 0.06033 0.220 0.1459 0.1599 -0.0687
actocup 0.57067 0.7162 1.0000 0.05204 0.193 0.1397 0.1565 -0.0632
acttalk 0.00814 0.0603 0.0520 1.00000 0.476 0.2788 0.3475 0.2681
actrep 0.12045 0.2199 0.1935 0.47626 1.000 0.3202 0.3503 0.1679
actmarch 0.06043 0.1459 0.1397 0.27885 0.320 1.0000 0.4873 0.1899
actsign 0.07682 0.1599 0.1565 0.34753 0.350 0.4873 1.0000 0.2094
votopre -0.10486 -0.0687 -0.0632 0.26807 0.168 0.1899 0.2094 1.0000
votomun -0.14988 -0.0837 -0.0853 0.24220 0.157 0.1853 0.2046 0.7562
votoinf -0.12834 -0.1056 -0.0871 0.21644 0.113 0.2067 0.2049 0.5173
votomun votoinf
actspray -0.1499 -0.1283
actblock -0.0837 -0.1056
actocup -0.0853 -0.0871
acttalk 0.2422 0.2164
actrep 0.1571 0.1127
actmarch 0.1853 0.2067
actsign 0.2046 0.2049
votopre 0.7562 0.5173
votomun 1.0000 0.5505
votoinf 0.5505 1.0000
```

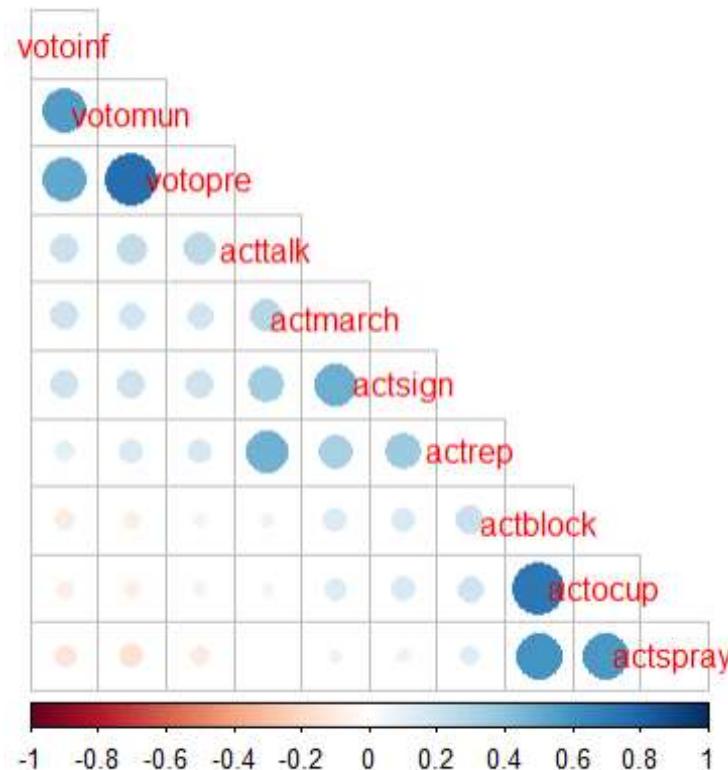
# Explore correlations

```
stargazer(corMat, title="correlaciones", type = "text") #Latex table
```

```
correlaciones
=====
actspray actblock actocup acttalk actrep actmarch actsign votopre votomun votoinf
-----
actspray    1   0.591   0.571   0.008   0.120   0.060   0.077  -0.105  -0.150  -0.128
actblock   0.591    1   0.716   0.060   0.220   0.146   0.160  -0.069  -0.084  -0.106
actocup   0.571   0.716    1   0.052   0.193   0.140   0.156  -0.063  -0.085  -0.087
acttalk   0.008   0.060   0.052    1   0.476   0.279   0.348   0.268   0.242   0.216
actrep   0.120   0.220   0.193   0.476    1   0.320   0.350   0.168   0.157   0.113
actmarch  0.060   0.146   0.140   0.279   0.320    1   0.487   0.190   0.185   0.207
actsign   0.077   0.160   0.156   0.348   0.350   0.487    1   0.209   0.205   0.205
votopre   -0.105  -0.069  -0.063   0.268   0.168   0.190   0.209    1   0.756   0.517
votomun   -0.150  -0.084  -0.085   0.242   0.157   0.185   0.205   0.756    1   0.550
votoinf   -0.128  -0.106  -0.087   0.216   0.113   0.207   0.205   0.517   0.550    1
```

# Explore correlations

```
corrplot(corrMat, type="lower",
         order="AOE", cl.pos="b", tl.pos="d") #agrega nombres en diag.
```



# Model specification

- Mplus Syntax

```
m4 <- mplusObject(  
  TITLE = "CFA;",  
  VARIABLE="  
cluster = idschool_scr;  
Stratification = jkzones;  
Weight = totwgts;",  
ANALYSIS=  
  "type = complex;",  
  
MODEL = "  
turnout BY votopre votouniv votoinf;  
leg BY acttalk actrep actmarch actsign;  
ill BY actspray actblock actocup;  
"  
,  
OUTPUT = "CINTERVAL sampstat mod stdyx;",  
rdata = mergeita16)
```

- Generate input and output files

```
fit4 <- mplusModeler(m4, modelout = "m4.inp", run = 1L)
```

# Model specification

- Mplus Syntax

```
TITLE: CFA;
DATA:
FILE = "m4_aa695dd1a4ce4e5cf60735b5179bb330.dat";

VARIABLE:
NAMES = idschool_scr totwgts jkzones actspray actblock actocup acttalk actrep
       actmarch actsign votopre votomun votoinf;
MISSING=.;

cluster = idschool_scr;
Stratification = jkzones;
Weight = totwgts;

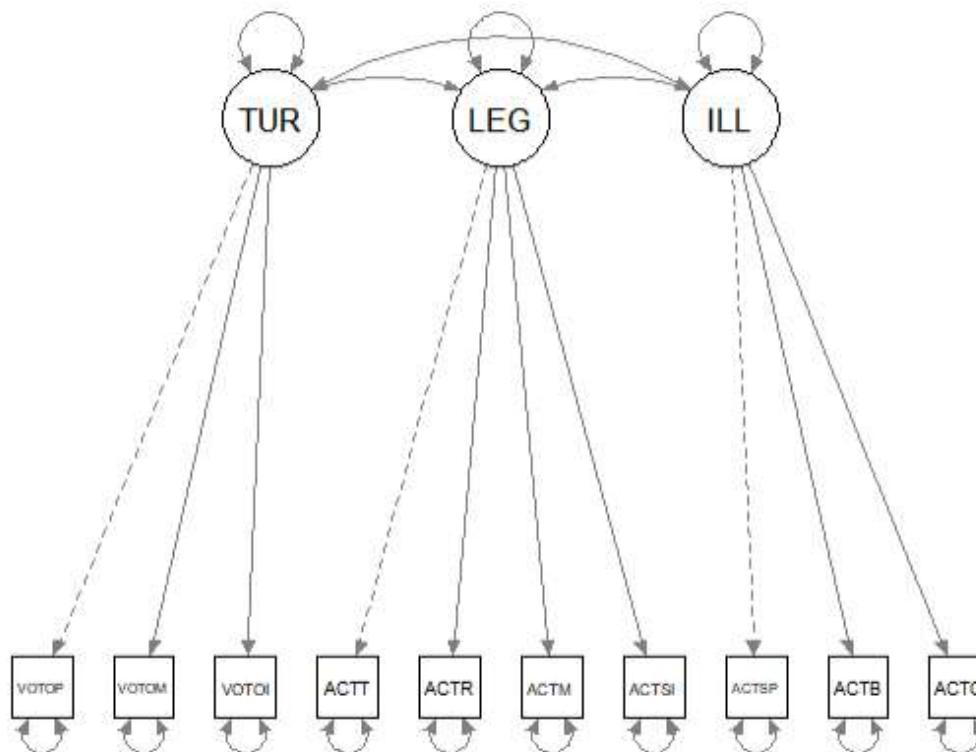
ANALYSIS:
type = complex;

MODEL:
turnout BY votopre votomun votoinf;
leg BY acttalk actrep actmarch actsign;
ill BY actspray actblock actocup;

OUTPUT:
CINTERVAL sampstat mod stdyx;
```

# Model specification

```
semPaths("./m4.out", intercepts = FALSE, rotation=2)
```



# Model results

UNIVARIATE HIGHER-ORDER MOMENT DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

Variable/ Sample Size	Mean/ Variance	Skewness/ Kurtosis	Minimum/ Maximum	% with Min/Max	Percentiles		
					20%/60%	40%/80%	Median
ACTSPRAY	1.750	1.016	1.000	52.24%	1.000	1.000	1.000
3373.000	0.865	-0.030	4.000	6.52%	2.000	3.000	
ACTBLOCK	1.649	1.212	1.000	54.03%	1.000	1.000	1.000
3376.000	0.696	0.785	4.000	4.56%	2.000	2.000	
ACTCUP	1.651	1.198	1.000	54.77%	1.000	1.000	1.000
3378.000	0.719	0.653	4.000	4.77%	2.000	2.000	
ACTTALK	2.786	-0.301	1.000	6.96%	2.000	3.000	3.000
3390.000	0.698	-0.458	4.000	19.62%	3.000	3.000	
ACTREP	2.207	0.320	1.000	15.11%	2.000	2.000	2.000
3369.000	0.564	-0.098	4.000	4.81%	2.000	3.000	
ACTMARCH	2.553	-0.016	1.000	9.32%	2.000	2.000	3.000
3359.000	0.683	-0.550	4.000	12.44%	3.000	3.000	
ACTSIGN	2.649	-0.165	1.000	8.56%	2.000	2.000	3.000
3378.000	0.688	-0.514	4.000	14.48%	3.000	3.000	
VOTOPRE	3.519	-1.535	1.000	2.30%	3.000	4.000	4.000
3386.000	0.503	2.185	4.000	62.64%	4.000	4.000	
VOTOMUN	3.466	-1.364	1.000	2.54%	3.000	3.000	4.000
3382.000	0.548	1.466	4.000	59.40%	4.000	4.000	
VOTOINF	3.511	-1.515	1.000	2.50%	3.000	4.000	4.000
3356.000	0.542	1.853	4.000	63.50%	4.000	4.000	

# Model results: fit indexes

## MODEL FIT INFORMATION

Number of Free Parameters 33

### Chi-Square Test of Model Fit

Value	407.838*
Degrees of Freedom	32
P-Value	0.0000
Scaling Correction Factor for MLR	1.3241

[...]

### RMSEA (Root Mean Square Error Of Approximation)

Estimate	0.059
90 Percent C.I.	0.054 0.064
Probability RMSEA <= .05	0.002

### CFI/TLI

CFI	0.950
TLI	0.930

[...]

# Model results: Standardized results

STANDARDIZED MODEL RESULTS STDYX Standardization				
	Estimate	S.E.	Est./S.E.	Two-Tailed P-Value
TURNOUT BY VOTOPRE	0.845	0.013	65.202	0.000
VOTOMUN	0.892	0.011	77.958	0.000
VOTOINF	0.616	0.018	34.180	0.000
LEG BY ACTTALK	0.596	0.022	26.934	0.000
ACTREP	0.616	0.020	31.239	0.000
ACTMARCH	0.593	0.022	26.918	0.000
ACTSIGN	0.655	0.019	34.851	0.000
ILL BY ACTSPRAY	0.690	0.016	44.106	0.000
ACTBLOCK	0.864	0.014	62.117	0.000
ACTOCUP	0.830	0.014	59.268	0.000
LEG WITH TURNOUT	0.383	0.023	16.715	0.000
ILL WITH TURNOUT	-0.128	0.024	-5.317	0.000
LEG	0.262	0.028	9.437	0.000
[...]				
R-SQUARE				
Observed Variable	Estimate	S.E.	Est./S.E.	Two-Tailed P-Value
ACTSPRAY	0.475	0.022	22.053	0.000
ACTBLOCK	0.746	0.024	31.059	0.000
ACTOCUP	0.689	0.023	29.634	0.000
ACTTALK	0.356	0.026	13.467	0.000
ACTREP	0.380	0.024	15.619	0.000
ACTMARCH	0.352	0.026	13.459	0.000
ACTSIGN	0.429	0.025	17.425	0.000
VOTOPRE	0.714	0.022	32.601	0.000
VOTOMUN	0.796	0.020	38.979	0.000
VOTOINF	0.380	0.022	17.090	0.000

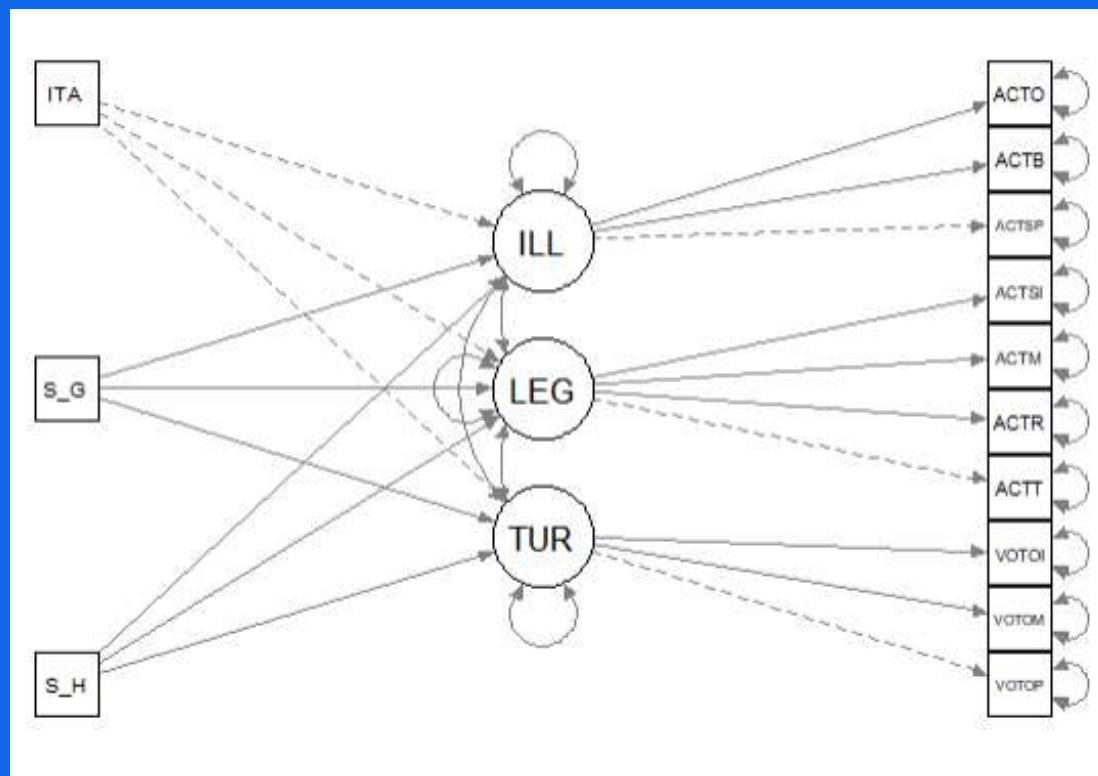
# Model results

```
screenreg(fit4, type = 'stdyx', summaries = c("ChiSqM_Value", "ChiSqM_PValue", "CFI", "TLI", "RMSEA_Estimate", "Observations"), digits = 3, single.row=TRUE)
```

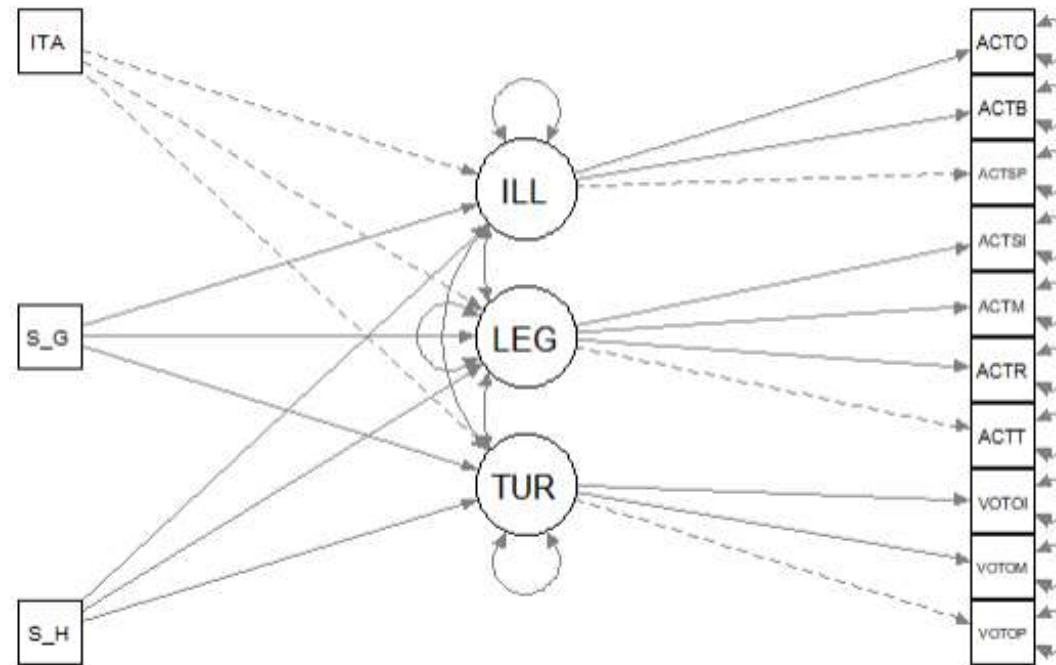
Model 1	
VOTOPRE<-TURNOUT	0.845 (0.013) ***
VOTOMUN<-TURNOUT	0.892 (0.011) ***
VOTOINF<-TURNOUT	0.616 (0.018) ***
ACTTALK<-LEG	0.596 (0.022) ***
ACTREP<-LEG	0.616 (0.020) ***
ACTMARCH<-LEG	0.593 (0.022) ***
ACTSIGN<-LEG	0.655 (0.019) ***
ACTSPRAY<-ILL	0.690 (0.016) ***
ACTBLOCK<-ILL	0.864 (0.014) ***
ACTCUP<-ILL	0.830 (0.014) ***
LEG<-TURNOUT	0.383 (0.023) ***
ILL<-TURNOUT	-0.128 (0.024) ***
ILL<->LEG	0.262 (0.028) ***
ACTSPRAY<-Intercepts	1.882 (0.018) ***
ACTBLOCK<-Intercepts	1.977 (0.021) ***
ACTCUP<-Intercepts	1.947 (0.018) ***
ACTTALK<-Intercepts	3.335 (0.049) ***
ACTREP<-Intercepts	2.936 (0.038) ***
ACTMARCH<-Intercepts	3.089 (0.038) ***
ACTSIGN<-Intercepts	3.191 (0.039) ***
VOTOPRE<-Intercepts	4.961 (0.110) ***
VOTOMUN<-Intercepts	4.682 (0.085) ***
VOTOINF<-Intercepts	4.764 (0.111) ***
TURNOUT<->TURNOUT	1.000 (0.000)
LEG<->LEG	1.000 (0.000)
ILL<->ILL	1.000 (0.000)
ACTSPRAY<->ACTSPRAY	0.525 (0.022) ***
ACTBLOCK<->ACTBLOCK	0.254 (0.024) ***
ACTCUP<->ACTCUP	0.311 (0.023) ***
ACTTALK<->ACTTALK	0.644 (0.026) ***
ACTREP<->ACTREP	0.620 (0.024) ***
ACTMARCH<->ACTMARCH	0.648 (0.026) ***
ACTSIGN<->ACTSIGN	0.571 (0.025) ***
VOTOPRE<->VOTOPRE	0.286 (0.022) ***
VOTOMUN<->VOTOMUN	0.204 (0.020) ***
VOTOINF<->VOTOINF	0.620 (0.022) ***
ChiSqM_Value	407.838
ChiSqM_PValue	0.000
CFI	0.950
TLI	0.930
RMSEA_Estimate	0.059
Observations	3406

\*\*\* p < 0.001, \*\* p < 0.01, \* p < 0.05

# SEM example



# SEM model: Political participation using ICCS 2016 (Italy)



# Model specification: SEM (Education + Gender + Reading skills)

- Mplus Syntax

```
m7 <- mplusObject(  
  TITLE = "SEM;",  
  VARIABLE="  
cluster = idschool_scr;  
Stratification = jkzones;  
Weight = totwgts;";  
ANALYSIS=  
  "type = complex;";  
  
MODEL = "  
turnout BY votopre votomun votoinf;  
leg BY acttalk actrep actmarch actsign;  
ill BY actspray actblock actocup;  
  
turnout ON s_hisced s_gender ital ;  
leg ON s_hisced s_gender ital;  
ill ON s_hisced s_gender ital;  
  
"  
,
```

- Generate input and output files

```
fit7 <- mplusModeler(m7, modelout = "m7.inp", run = 1L)
```

# Model results

```
screenreg(fit7, type = 'stdyx', summaries = c("ChiSqM_Value", "ChiSqM_PValue", "CFI", "TLI", "RMSEA_Estimate", "Observations"), digits = 3, single.row=TRUE)
```

Model 1	
TURNOUT<-S_HISCED	0.069 (0.022) **
TURNOUT<-S_GENDER	-0.009 (0.019)
TURNOUT<-ITAL	0.244 (0.023) ***
LEG<-S_HISCED	0.058 (0.024) *
LEG<-S_GENDER	0.076 (0.022) **
LEG<-ITAL	0.050 (0.027)
ILL<-S_HISCED	-0.009 (0.019)
ILL<-S_GENDER	-0.043 (0.021) *
ILL<-ITAL	-0.200 (0.021) ***
VOTOPRE<-TURNOUT	0.846 (0.012) ***
VOTOMUN<-TURNOUT	0.888 (0.011) ***
VOTOINF<-TURNOUT	0.617 (0.018) ***
ACTTALK<-LEG	0.589 (0.024) ***
ACTREP<-LEG	0.598 (0.022) ***
ACTMARCH<-LEG	0.610 (0.022) ***
ACTSIGN<-LEG	0.661 (0.020) ***
ACTSPRAY<-ILL	0.684 (0.016) ***
ACTBLOCK<-ILL	0.870 (0.014) ***
ACTCUP<-ILL	0.827 (0.014) ***
LEG<->TURNOUT	0.373 (0.024) ***
ILL<->TURNOUT	-0.081 (0.026) **
ILL<->LEG	0.292 (0.028) ***
ACTSPRAY<-Intercepts	2.625 (0.081) ***
ACTBLOCK<-Intercepts	2.921 (0.096) ***
ACTCUP<-Intercepts	2.844 (0.090) ***
ACTTALK<-Intercepts	3.089 (0.109) ***
ACTREP<-Intercepts	2.668 (0.100) ***
ACTMARCH<-Intercepts	2.826 (0.096) ***
ACTSIGN<-Intercepts	2.901 (0.109) ***
VOTOPRE<-Intercepts	3.829 (0.156) ***
VOTOMUN<-Intercepts	3.502 (0.141) ***
VOTOINF<-Intercepts	3.994 (0.141) ***
ACTSPRAY<->ACTSPRAY	0.533 (0.022) ***
ACTBLOCK<->ACTBLOCK	0.242 (0.025) ***
ACTCUP<->ACTCUP	0.315 (0.023) ***
ACTTALK<->ACTTALK	0.654 (0.028) ***
ACTREP<->ACTREP	0.642 (0.026) ***
ACTMARCH<->ACTMARCH	0.628 (0.026) ***
ACTSIGN<->ACTSIGN	0.563 (0.026) ***
VOTOPRE<->VOTOPRE	0.284 (0.021) ***
VOTOMUN<->VOTOMUN	0.211 (0.020) ***
VOTOINF<->VOTOINF	0.619 (0.022) ***
TURNOUT<->TURNOUT	0.930 (0.012) ***
LEG<->LEG	0.987 (0.006) ***
ILL<->ILL	0.955 (0.009) ***
ChiSqM_value	643.174
ChiSqM_PValue	0.000
CFI	0.930
TLI	0.901
RMSEA_Estimate	0.058
Observations	3266

# Some extensions

## CFA

- Constrains equivalences
- Measurement Invariance or equivalence
- Measurement model with categorical indicators

## SEM

- Mediation modeling
- Multilevel SEM
- Longitudinal modeling (Crosslagged or Latent Growth Modeling)

# Muchas Gracias! Grazie Mille!

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V Seminar: “INVALSI data: a tool for teaching and scientific research”

ROME, February 25th – 28th, 2021

