# 命题演算自然推理形式系统N

王捍贫 北京大学信息科学技术学院软件研究所

## §6 命题演算的自然推理形式系统N

怎么在计算机上实现如下有效推理:

$$\{p \to q, \ q \to r\} \vdash p \to r$$

- 识别符号p, q, r, . . .
- 识别公式 $p \rightarrow q, q \rightarrow r, \dots$
- 推理方法

## 计算机上实现有效推理需要建立:

- 字母表(符号库) 非空集合
- 公式集合 字母表中符号的有限序列
- 公理集合 公式集合的子集
- 规则集合 公式集合的部分多元运算

## 形式系统

- 符号库 (字母表)
- (形式)公式
- (形式)公理
- (形式)推理规则

符号库和形式公式统称为形式语言。 形式公理和形式推理规则统称为形式推理。

命题演算的自然推理形式系统N

推理

## N的符号库

 $(1) p_1, p_2, \dots$ 

(可数个命题符号)

 $(2) \quad \neg, \quad \lor, \quad \land, \quad \rightarrow, \quad \leftrightarrow$ 

(5个联结词符号)

(3) ), (

(2个辅助符号)

## N的公式

#### 归纳定义如下:

- (1) 命题符号都是公式;
- (2) 若 $\alpha$ 是公式,则( $\neg \alpha$ )也是公式;
- (3) 若 $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ 是公式,则( $\alpha \lor \beta$ ), ( $\alpha \land \beta$ ), ( $\alpha \rightarrow \beta$ ), ( $\alpha \leftrightarrow \beta$ )也都是公式;
- (4) 每个公式都是有限次使用(1)、(2)或(3)得到的.

## N的公理

公理集合为空集

## N的推理规则

### 包含律:

则 $\Gamma \vdash \alpha$ .

 $(\in)$ 

### ¬消去律:

若
$$\Gamma \cup \{(\neg \alpha)\} \vdash \beta$$
,  $\Gamma \cup \{(\neg \alpha)\} \vdash (\neg \beta)$ , 则 $\Gamma \vdash \alpha$ .  $(\neg -)$ 

## N的推理规则(续一)

#### →消去律:

$$(\rightarrow -)$$

### →引入律:

若Γ∪
$$\{\alpha\}$$
⊢ $\beta$ ,

则
$$\Gamma \vdash \alpha \rightarrow \beta$$
.

$$(\rightarrow +)$$

## N的推理规则(续二)

### ∀消去律:

### >引入律:

## N的推理规则(续三)

### △消去律:

$$(\wedge -)$$

### ∧引入律:

若
$$\Gamma \vdash \alpha$$
,  $\Gamma \vdash \beta$ , 则 $\Gamma \vdash (\alpha \land \beta)$ .

$$(\wedge+)$$

## N的推理规则(续四)

#### ↔消去律:

#### ↔引入律:

### 用形式系统N可以做什么?

#### 例2.12

(1) 
$$\{(\alpha \to \beta), (\beta \to \gamma), \alpha\} \vdash (\alpha \to \beta)$$
 ( $\in$ )

(2) 
$$\{(\alpha \to \beta), (\beta \to \gamma), \alpha\} \vdash \alpha$$
 ( $\in$ )

(3) 
$$\{(\alpha \rightarrow \beta), (\beta \rightarrow \gamma), \alpha\} \vdash \beta$$
  $(\rightarrow -)(1)(2)$ 

(4) 
$$\{(\alpha \to \beta), (\beta \to \gamma), \alpha\} \vdash (\beta \to \gamma)$$
 ( $\in$ )

(5) 
$$\{(\alpha \rightarrow \beta), (\beta \rightarrow \gamma), \alpha\} \vdash \gamma$$
  $(\rightarrow -)(3)(4)$ 

(6) 
$$\{(\alpha \to \beta), (\beta \to \gamma)\} \vdash (\alpha \to \gamma)$$
  $(\to +)(5)$ 

### N的证明序列

#### 定义13 若有限序列

$$\Gamma_1 \vdash \alpha_1, \Gamma_2 \vdash \alpha_2, \cdots, \Gamma_n \vdash \alpha_n$$
 (\*)

满足:

- $\Gamma_1$ ,  $\Gamma_2$ , · · · ,  $\Gamma_n$ 为**N**中有限公式集;
- $\alpha_1$ ,  $\alpha_2$ , · · · · ,  $\alpha_n$ 为**N**中公式;
- 每个 $\Gamma_i$   $\vdash$   $\alpha_i$  (1  $\leq$  i  $\leq$  n)都是对(\*)中它之前的若干个  $\Gamma_j$   $\vdash$   $\alpha_j$  (1  $\leq$  j < i  $\leq$  n)应用**N**的某条推演规则得到的。

则称(\*)为 $\Gamma_n \vdash \alpha_n$ 在**N**的一个 (形式)证明序列。

此时,也称 $\alpha_n$ 在**N**中可由 $\Gamma_n$ (形式)证明或(形式)推出,记为 $\Gamma_n \vdash_{\mathbf{N}} \alpha_n$ .

曲例12知:  $\{(\alpha \rightarrow \beta), (\beta \rightarrow \gamma)\} \vdash_{\mathbf{N}} (\alpha \rightarrow \gamma)$ 

# 注记

- 1. 命题形式与N公式在定义上虽然一样,本质上也一样,都是命题的抽象,但他们仍有差别: N公式仅由N 中符号构成。命题形式由命题符号构成,而命题符号要广泛得多
- 2. 形式语言与与元语言
  - (a) N中的符号和公式称为N的形式语言。 它描写了N的组成部分。
  - (b) 在叙述**N**的构成和性质时使用了非**N**中符号,如 $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ 等, 这些符号称为元语言符号。 元语言一般为自然语言。

## 公式的简写

- 1. 省略命题形式最外层括号;
- 2. ¬的优先级高于其它的;
- 3.  $\alpha_1 \vee \alpha_2 \vee \alpha_3$ 代表( $\alpha_1 \vee (\alpha_2 \vee \alpha_3)$ ). 即用同一联结词构造公式时,括号从右往左加。 对 $\wedge$ ,  $\rightarrow$ ,  $\leftrightarrow$ 类似处理。

## 证明序列的简写

- 1. 将有限公式集合 $\{\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_n\}$ 简写为 $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_n$ 。
- 2.  $\alpha_1$ ,  $\alpha_2$ , ···,  $\alpha_n$ 中元素没有顺序关系. (若有顺序关系,将记为 $<\alpha_1$ ,  $\alpha_2$ , ···,  $\alpha_n >$ .)
- 3.  $\Gamma \cup \{\alpha\}$ 也将记为 $\Gamma, \alpha$ .

### 例12的简写

(1) 
$$(\alpha \to \beta)$$
,  $(\beta \to \gamma)$ ,  $\alpha \vdash (\alpha \to \beta)$  ( $\in$ )

(2) 
$$(\alpha \to \beta)$$
,  $(\beta \to \gamma)$ ,  $\alpha \vdash \alpha$  ( $\in$ )

(3) 
$$(\alpha \to \beta)$$
,  $(\beta \to \gamma)$ ,  $\alpha \vdash \beta$   $(\to -)(1)(2)$ 

(4) 
$$(\alpha \to \beta)$$
,  $(\beta \to \gamma)$ ,  $\alpha \vdash (\beta \to \gamma)$  ( $\in$ )

(5) 
$$(\alpha \rightarrow \beta)$$
,  $(\beta \rightarrow \gamma)$ ,  $\alpha \vdash \gamma$   $(\rightarrow -)(3)(4)$ 

(6) 
$$(\alpha \to \beta), (\beta \to \gamma) \vdash (\alpha \to \gamma)$$
  $(\to +)(5)$ 

## 例13

### 给出下列各式的证明序列

1. 
$$\alpha \rightarrow \beta$$
,  $\alpha \vdash \beta$ 

2. 
$$\alpha \vdash \beta \rightarrow \alpha$$

3. 
$$\alpha \to (\beta \to \gamma), \ \alpha \to \beta \vdash \alpha \to \gamma$$

## 例13(1)的证明

1. 
$$\alpha \rightarrow \beta$$
,  $\alpha \vdash \beta$ 

$$(1) \ \alpha \rightarrow \beta, \ \alpha \vdash \alpha \rightarrow \beta \qquad (\in)$$

$$(2) \alpha \rightarrow \beta, \alpha \vdash \alpha \qquad (\in)$$

(3) 
$$\alpha \rightarrow \beta$$
,  $\alpha \vdash \beta$   $(\rightarrow -)(1)(2)$ 

## 例13(2)的证明

2. 
$$\alpha \vdash \beta \rightarrow \alpha$$

$$(1) \ \alpha, \ \beta \vdash \alpha \qquad (\in)$$

(2) 
$$\alpha \vdash \beta \rightarrow \alpha (\rightarrow +)(1)$$

## 例13(3)的证明

3. 
$$\alpha \to (\beta \to \gamma), \ \alpha \to \beta \vdash \alpha \to \gamma$$

$$(1) \ \alpha \rightarrow (\beta \rightarrow \gamma), \ \alpha \rightarrow \beta, \ \alpha \vdash \alpha$$
 (\in )

(2) 
$$\alpha \rightarrow (\beta \rightarrow \gamma), \ \alpha \rightarrow \beta, \ \alpha \vdash \alpha \rightarrow \beta$$
 ( $\in$ )

(3) 
$$\alpha \rightarrow (\beta \rightarrow \gamma), \ \alpha \rightarrow \beta, \ \alpha \vdash \beta$$
  $(\rightarrow -)(1)(2)$ 

(4) 
$$\alpha \rightarrow (\beta \rightarrow \gamma), \ \alpha \rightarrow \beta, \ \alpha \vdash \alpha \rightarrow (\beta \rightarrow \gamma)$$
 ( $\in$ )

(5) 
$$\alpha \rightarrow (\beta \rightarrow \gamma), \ \alpha \rightarrow \beta, \ \alpha \vdash \beta \rightarrow \gamma \qquad (\rightarrow -)(1)(4)$$

(6) 
$$\alpha \rightarrow (\beta \rightarrow \gamma), \ \alpha \rightarrow \beta, \ \alpha \vdash \gamma$$
  $(\rightarrow -)(3)(5)$ 

(7) 
$$\alpha \rightarrow (\beta \rightarrow \gamma), \ \alpha \rightarrow \beta \vdash \alpha \rightarrow \gamma$$
  $(\rightarrow +)(6)$ 

## 证明序列的简单性质

- 1. 若 $\Gamma \vdash_N \alpha$ , 则 $\Gamma$ 一定是一个有限公式集。
- 2. 若  $\Gamma_1 \vdash \alpha_1$ ,  $\Gamma_2 \vdash \alpha_2$ ,  $\cdots$ ,  $\Gamma_n \vdash \alpha_n$  是**N**中的一个证明序列, 则对任意自然数i (1  $\leq i \leq n$ ),
  - (a) 子序列  $\Gamma_1 \vdash \alpha_1$ ,  $\Gamma_2 \vdash \alpha_2$ , ...,  $\Gamma_i \vdash \alpha_i$  也 是**N**中的一个证明序列.
  - (b)  $\Gamma_i \vdash_N \alpha_i$ .

## 形式系统N的中心问题

对**N**的任意有限公式集 $\Gamma$ 和公式 $\alpha$ ,  $\Gamma \vdash_N \alpha$ ?

# 约定

在形式系统N确定前提下,为简便起见,我们常省去"在N中"一词.

## 增加前提律

定理5: 令 $\Gamma$ 为有限公式集,  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ 为公式.

 $若\Gamma \vdash \alpha, \, M\Gamma, \beta \vdash \alpha.$ 

证明思路: 既然 $\Gamma$ , $\beta \vdash \alpha$ 的前提比 $\Gamma \vdash \alpha$  的前提还要多, $\Gamma \vdash \alpha$ 的证明序列应该可以转化为  $\Gamma$ , $\beta \vdash \alpha$ 的证明序列。怎么转化呢?

证:  $\mathsf{B}\Gamma \vdash \alpha$ ,则存在证明序列

$$\Gamma_1 \vdash \alpha_1, \ \Gamma_2 \vdash \alpha_2, \ \cdots, \ \Gamma_n \vdash \alpha_n$$
 (\*)

满足 $\Gamma_n = \Gamma$ ,  $\alpha_n = \alpha$ .

### 增加前提律的归纳证明 — 奠基步骤

#### 只要证:

对任意 $k: (1 \le k \le n)$ ,  $\Gamma_k$ ,  $\beta \vdash \alpha_k$ 成立 (\*\*) 下对k归纳证之.

### (1) 奠基步骤:

当k = 1时, $\Gamma_1 \vdash \alpha_1$ 是(\*)的第一项,故 $\Gamma_1 \vdash \alpha_1$ 必然是应用( $\in$ )得到的,从而 $\alpha_1 \in \Gamma_1$ . 故 $\alpha_1 \in \Gamma_1 \cup \{\beta\}$ ,再由( $\in$ )知: $\Gamma_1$ , $\beta \vdash \alpha_1$ .

### 增加前提律的归纳证明 — 归纳步骤

- (2) 归纳步骤: 归纳假设(\*\*)对< m的所有k成立,下面考察(\*\*)在k = m时的情形.
- (2.1)  $若\Gamma_m \vdash \alpha_m$ 是由(∈)导出的, 类似(1)可证.
- (2.2) 若 $\Gamma_m \vdash \alpha_m$ 是由( $\neg -$ )导出,则存在自然数i, j < k使得 $\Gamma_i \vdash \alpha_i$ 、  $\Gamma_j \vdash \alpha_j$ 分别为 $\Gamma_m, \neg \alpha_m \vdash \gamma$ 、  $\Gamma_m, \neg \alpha_m \vdash \neg \gamma$ . 由归纳假设得:  $\Gamma_i, \beta \vdash \alpha_i, \Gamma_j, \beta \vdash \alpha_j$ ,即 $\Gamma_m, \beta, \neg \alpha_m \vdash \gamma, \Gamma_m, \beta, \neg \alpha_m \vdash \neg \gamma$ . 再由( $\neg -$ )知:  $\Gamma_m, \beta \vdash \alpha_m$ .
- (2.3) 对于( $\rightarrow$  –), 类似(2.2)可证.

- (2.4) 若 $\Gamma_m \vdash \alpha_m$ 是由( $\rightarrow$  +)导出,则 $\alpha_m$ 必为形如 $\gamma_1 \rightarrow \gamma_2$ 的公式,且有自然数i < m使得: $\Gamma_i \vdash \alpha_i$ 为 $\Gamma_m$ ,  $\gamma_1 \vdash \gamma_2$ . 由归纳假设知:  $\Gamma_m$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma_1 \vdash \gamma_2$ , 再由( $\rightarrow$  +)知:  $\Gamma_m$ ,  $\beta \vdash \gamma_1 \rightarrow \gamma_2$ , 即 $\Gamma_m$ ,  $\beta \vdash \alpha_m$ .
- (2.5) 若 $\Gamma_m \vdash \alpha_m$ 是由( $\land$ -)导出的,则存在自然数i < k使得:  $\Gamma_i \vdash \alpha_i$ 为

 $\Gamma_m \vdash \alpha_m \land \gamma \text{ is } \Gamma_m \vdash \gamma \land \alpha_m.$ 

由归纳假设得:  $\Gamma_m$ ,  $\beta \vdash \alpha_m \land \gamma$ 或  $\Gamma_m$ ,  $\beta \vdash \gamma \land \alpha_m$ . 不管哪种情形, 都有 $\Gamma_m$ ,  $\beta \vdash \alpha_m$ .

(2.6) 对于(^+)类似可证.

- (2.7) 若 $\Gamma_m \vdash \alpha_m$ 是由 $(\lor -)$ 导出的,则 $\Gamma_m = \Gamma' \cup \{\gamma_1 \lor \gamma_2\}$ ,且 $\Gamma'$ , $\gamma_1 \vdash \alpha_m$  与 $\Gamma'$ , $\gamma_2 \vdash \alpha_m$  在(\*)中出现,且出现在 $\Gamma_m \vdash \alpha_m$ 之前。 其中: $\Gamma'$ 为一个有限公式集, $\gamma_1$ , $\gamma_2$ 都是公式。 由归纳假设知: $\Gamma'$ , $\beta$ ,  $\gamma_1 \vdash \alpha_m$ 且  $\Gamma'$ , $\beta$ ,  $\gamma_2 \vdash \alpha_m$ . 从而 $\Gamma'$ , $\beta$ ,  $\gamma_1 \lor \gamma_2 \vdash \alpha_m$ ,即 $\Gamma_m$ , $\beta \vdash \alpha_m$ .
- (2.8) 对于(>+), 类似(2.5)可证.
- (2.9) 对于( $\leftrightarrow$  -)和( $\leftrightarrow$  +), 类似(2.2)可证.

归纳证毕, (\*\*)成立, 故 $\Gamma_n$ ,  $\beta \vdash \alpha_n$ , 即:  $\Gamma$ ,  $\beta \vdash \alpha$ .

## 增加前提律的推论

推论3: 设 $\Gamma$ ,  $\Gamma'$ 是有限公式集,  $\alpha$ 是公式.

若 $\Gamma$   $\vdash$   $\alpha$ , 则 $\Gamma$ ,  $\Gamma'$   $\vdash$   $\alpha$ .

常把增加前提律记作(+).

## 传递律

定理6: 若 $\Gamma \vdash \alpha_1$ ,  $\Gamma \vdash \alpha_2$ , ...,  $\Gamma \vdash \alpha_n$ , 且 $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \ldots, \alpha_n \vdash \alpha$ , 则 $\Gamma \vdash \alpha$ .

传递律常记为(Tr).

## 传递律的证明

## 两个记号

- (1) 以 $\Gamma \vdash \alpha_1, \cdots, \alpha_n$  记 $\Gamma \vdash \alpha_1 \perp \cdots \perp \Gamma \vdash \alpha_n$ .
- (2) 设 $\Gamma$ ,  $\Gamma'$ 都是有限公式集, 以 $\Gamma \mapsto \Gamma'$ 记  $\Gamma \vdash \Gamma'$ 且  $\Gamma' \vdash \Gamma$ .

则

- (1) 若 $\Gamma \vdash \alpha_1, \cdots, \alpha_n$ , 且 $\alpha_1, \cdots, \alpha_n \vdash \alpha$ , 则 $\Gamma \vdash \alpha$
- (2) 设 $\Gamma_1$ ,  $\Gamma_2$ , ...,  $\Gamma_n$ ,  $\Gamma$  都是有限公式集, 若 $\Gamma_1 \vdash \Gamma_2$ , ...,  $\Gamma_{n-1} \vdash \Gamma_n$ ,  $\Gamma_n \vdash \Gamma$ , 则 $\Gamma_1 \vdash \Gamma$ .

## 定理7

$$(1) \quad \alpha_1 \vdash \alpha_2 \tag{假设}$$

$$(2) \qquad \emptyset \vdash \alpha_1 \rightarrow \alpha_2 \qquad (\rightarrow +)(1)$$

$$(3) \qquad \alpha_1 \to \alpha_2 \vdash \alpha_3 \to \alpha_4 \qquad \qquad (假设)$$

$$(4) \qquad \emptyset \vdash \alpha_3 \rightarrow \alpha_4 \qquad (Tr)(2)(3)$$

$$(5) \qquad \alpha_3 \vdash \alpha_3 \rightarrow \alpha_4 \qquad (+)(4)$$

$$(6) \qquad \alpha_3 \vdash \alpha_3 \qquad (\in)$$

$$(7) \qquad \alpha_3 \vdash \alpha_4 \qquad (\rightarrow -)(5)(6)$$

## 例14 给出下列各式的形式证明

- 1.  $\neg \neg \alpha \vdash \alpha$ .
- 2. 如果 $\Gamma$ ,  $\alpha \vdash \beta$ , 且 $\Gamma$ ,  $\alpha \vdash \neg \beta$ , 则 $\Gamma \vdash \neg \alpha$ .
- 3.  $\alpha \vdash \neg \neg \alpha$ .
- 4.  $\alpha$ ,  $\neg \alpha \vdash \beta$ .

其中(2)称为归缪律, 记为(¬+).

## 例14(1)的形式证明

1.  $\neg \neg \alpha \vdash \alpha$ .

$$(1) \qquad \neg \neg \alpha, \ \neg \alpha \vdash \neg \alpha \qquad (\in)$$

$$(2) \qquad \neg \neg \alpha, \ \neg \alpha \vdash \neg \neg \alpha \qquad (\in)$$

$$(3) \qquad \neg\neg \alpha \vdash \alpha \qquad (\neg -)(1)(2)$$

# 例14(2)的形式证明

2. 如果 $\Gamma$ ,  $\alpha \vdash \beta$ , 且 $\Gamma$ ,  $\alpha \vdash \neg \beta$ , 则 $\Gamma \vdash \neg \alpha$ .

# 例14(3)的形式证明

3.  $\alpha \vdash \neg \neg \alpha$ .

$$(1) \qquad \alpha, \ \neg \alpha \vdash \alpha \qquad (\in)$$

$$(2) \qquad \alpha, \ \neg \alpha \vdash \neg \alpha \qquad (\in)$$

(3) 
$$\alpha \vdash \neg \neg \alpha$$
 本例之(2.)

### 例14(4)的形式证明

4.  $\alpha$ ,  $\neg \alpha \vdash \beta$ .

$$(1) \quad \alpha, \ \neg \alpha, \ \neg \beta \vdash \alpha \tag{(e)}$$

(2) 
$$\alpha, \neg \alpha, \neg \beta \vdash \neg \alpha$$
 ( $\in$ )

(3) 
$$\alpha, \neg \alpha \vdash \beta$$
  $(\neg -)(1)(2)$ 

### 例15 给出下列各式的形式证明

1. 
$$\alpha \rightarrow \beta \vdash \neg \beta \rightarrow \neg \alpha$$

2. 
$$\alpha \rightarrow \neg \beta \vdash \beta \rightarrow \neg \alpha$$

3. 
$$\neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta \vdash \neg \beta \rightarrow \alpha$$

4. 
$$\neg \alpha \rightarrow \neg \beta \vdash \beta \rightarrow \alpha$$

只证2. 和4.

### 例15(2)的证明

2.  $\alpha \rightarrow \neg \beta \vdash \beta \rightarrow \neg \alpha$ .

$$(1) \quad \alpha \to \neg \beta, \ \beta, \ \alpha \vdash \alpha \tag{(e)}$$

$$(2) \quad \alpha \to \neg \beta, \ \beta, \ \alpha \vdash \alpha \to \neg \beta \qquad (\in)$$

(3) 
$$\alpha \rightarrow \neg \beta, \ \beta, \ \alpha \vdash \neg \beta \qquad (\rightarrow -)(1)(2)$$

$$(4) \quad \alpha \to \neg \beta, \ \beta, \ \alpha \vdash \beta \tag{(\epsilon)}$$

(5) 
$$\alpha \rightarrow \neg \beta, \ \beta \vdash \neg \alpha$$
  $(\neg +)(3)(4)$ 

(6) 
$$\alpha \rightarrow \neg \beta \vdash \beta \rightarrow \neg \alpha$$
  $(\rightarrow +)(5)$ 

### 例15(4)的证明

4.  $\neg \alpha \rightarrow \neg \beta \vdash \beta \rightarrow \alpha$ .

$$(1) \neg \alpha \rightarrow \neg \beta, \ \beta, \ \neg \alpha \vdash \neg \alpha \tag{(e)}$$

$$(2) \neg \alpha \rightarrow \neg \beta, \ \beta, \ \neg \alpha \vdash \neg \alpha \rightarrow \neg \beta$$
 (\in )

(3) 
$$\neg \alpha \rightarrow \neg \beta$$
,  $\beta$ ,  $\neg \alpha \vdash \neg \beta$   $(\rightarrow -)(1)(2)$ 

$$(4) \neg \alpha \rightarrow \neg \beta, \ \beta, \ \neg \alpha \vdash \beta$$
 (\in )

$$(5) \neg \alpha \rightarrow \neg \beta, \ \beta \vdash \alpha \qquad (\neg -)(3)(4)$$

$$(6) \neg \alpha \rightarrow \neg \beta \vdash \beta \rightarrow \alpha \qquad (\rightarrow +)(5)$$

### 例16 给出下列各式的形式证明

1. 
$$\neg \alpha \rightarrow \alpha \vdash \alpha$$
.

2. 
$$\alpha \rightarrow \neg \alpha \vdash \neg \alpha$$
.

3. 
$$\alpha \rightarrow \beta$$
,  $\alpha \rightarrow \neg \beta \vdash \neg \alpha$ .

4. 
$$\alpha \rightarrow \beta$$
,  $\neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta \vdash \beta$ .

5. 
$$\neg (\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \vdash \alpha$$
.

6. 
$$\neg (\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \vdash \neg \beta$$
.

证: 只证1. 4. 5.

### 例16(1)的证明

1.  $\neg \alpha \rightarrow \alpha \vdash \alpha$ .

$$(1) \quad \neg \alpha \rightarrow \alpha, \quad \neg \alpha \vdash \neg \alpha \qquad (\in)$$

$$(2) \quad \neg \alpha \rightarrow \alpha, \quad \neg \alpha \vdash \neg \alpha \rightarrow \alpha \qquad (\in)$$

$$(3) \quad \neg \alpha \rightarrow \alpha, \quad \neg \alpha \vdash \alpha \qquad (\rightarrow -)$$

$$(4) \quad \neg \alpha \rightarrow \alpha \vdash \alpha \qquad (\neg -)(1)(3)$$

### 例16(4)的证明

4. 
$$\alpha \rightarrow \beta$$
,  $\neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta \vdash \beta$ .

 $(8)\alpha \rightarrow \beta$ ,  $\neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta \vdash \beta$ 

证:
$$(1)\alpha \rightarrow \beta \vdash \neg \beta \rightarrow \neg \alpha \qquad (例15之1)$$

$$(2)\alpha \rightarrow \beta, \ \neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta, \ \neg \beta \vdash \neg \beta \rightarrow \neg \alpha \qquad (+)(1)$$

$$(3)\neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta \vdash \neg \beta \rightarrow \alpha \qquad (例15之3)$$

$$(4)\alpha \rightarrow \beta, \ \neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta, \ \neg \beta \vdash \neg \beta \rightarrow \alpha \qquad (+)(3)$$

$$(5)\alpha \rightarrow \beta, \ \neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta, \ \neg \beta \vdash \neg \beta \qquad (\in)$$

$$(6)\alpha \rightarrow \beta, \ \neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta, \ \neg \beta \vdash \neg \alpha \qquad (\rightarrow -)(2)(5)$$

$$(7)\alpha \rightarrow \beta, \ \neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta, \ \neg \beta \vdash \alpha \qquad (\rightarrow -)(4)(5)$$

 $(\neg -)(6)(7)$ 

### 例16(5)的证明

5. 
$$\neg (\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \vdash \alpha$$
.

$$(1) \neg (\alpha \rightarrow \beta), \neg \alpha \vdash \neg (\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \qquad (\in)$$

$$(2) \neg \alpha, \ \alpha \vdash \beta \tag{例14之4.}$$

$$(3) \neg \alpha \vdash \alpha \rightarrow \beta \qquad (\rightarrow +)(2)$$

$$(4) \neg (\alpha \rightarrow \beta), \neg \alpha \vdash \alpha \rightarrow \beta \qquad (+)(3)$$

$$(5) \neg (\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \vdash \alpha \qquad (\neg -)(1)(4)$$

# 作业

```
p.508(p.101). 13(1)(3)(5)
9
10
```

谢谢

#### 例17 给出下列各式的形式证明

- 1.  $\alpha \wedge \beta \vdash \alpha, \beta$ .
- 2.  $\alpha \wedge \beta \vdash \beta \wedge \alpha$ .
- 3.  $(\alpha \wedge \beta) \wedge \gamma \vdash \alpha \wedge (\beta \wedge \gamma)$ .
- 4.  $\neg (\alpha \land \beta) \vdash \alpha \rightarrow \neg \beta$ .
- 5.  $\neg (\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \vdash \alpha \land \neg \beta$ .
- 6.  $\emptyset \vdash \neg (\alpha \land \neg \alpha)$ .

# 例17(1)的证明

1.  $\alpha \wedge \beta \vdash \alpha, \beta$ .

#### 证:

 $(\vdash)$ 

(1)

 $\alpha \wedge \beta \vdash \alpha \wedge \beta$ 

 $(\in)$ 

(2)

 $\alpha \wedge \beta \vdash \alpha, \beta$ 

 $(\wedge -)$ 

 $(\dashv)$ 

(1)

 $\alpha, \beta \vdash \alpha$ 

 $(\in)$ 

(2)

 $\alpha, \beta \vdash \beta$ 

 $(\in)$ 

(3)

 $\alpha, \beta \vdash \alpha \land \beta$ 

 $(\wedge+)$ 

### 例17(2)的证明

2.  $\alpha \wedge \beta \vdash \beta \wedge \alpha$ .

#### 证:

 $(\vdash)$ 

(1)

 $\alpha \wedge \beta \vdash \beta, \alpha$ 

(本例之1.)

(2)

 $\alpha \wedge \beta \vdash \beta \wedge \alpha$ 

 $(\wedge -)$ 

(一) 同理可证。

### 例17(3)的证明

3.  $(\alpha \wedge \beta) \wedge \gamma \vdash \alpha \wedge (\beta \wedge \gamma)$ .

#### 证:

 $(\vdash)$ 

$$(1) \quad (\alpha \wedge \beta) \wedge \gamma \vdash \gamma \tag{1.}$$

$$(2) \quad (\alpha \wedge \beta) \wedge \gamma \vdash \alpha \wedge \beta \tag{1.}$$

$$(3) \quad (\alpha \wedge \beta) \wedge \gamma \vdash \alpha \qquad (\wedge -)(2)$$

$$(4) \quad (\alpha \wedge \beta) \wedge \gamma \vdash \beta \qquad (\wedge -)(2)$$

(5) 
$$(\alpha \wedge \beta) \wedge \gamma \vdash (\beta \wedge \gamma)$$
  $(\wedge +)(4)(1)$ 

(6) 
$$(\alpha \wedge \beta) \wedge \gamma \vdash \alpha \wedge (\beta \wedge \gamma) (\wedge +)(3)(5)$$

# 例17(3)的证明(续)

3.  $(\alpha \wedge \beta) \wedge \gamma \vdash \alpha \wedge (\beta \wedge \gamma)$ .

#### 证:

 $(\dashv)$ 

(1) 
$$\alpha \wedge (\beta \wedge \gamma) \vdash (\beta \wedge \gamma) \wedge \alpha$$
 (2.)

(2) 
$$(\beta \wedge \gamma) \wedge \alpha \vdash \beta \wedge (\gamma \wedge \alpha)$$
  $(\vdash)$ 

(3) 
$$\beta \wedge (\gamma \wedge \alpha) \vdash (\gamma \wedge \alpha) \wedge \beta$$
 (2.)

(4) 
$$(\gamma \wedge \alpha) \wedge \beta \vdash \gamma \wedge (\alpha \wedge \beta)$$
 ( $\vdash$ )

(5) 
$$\gamma \wedge (\alpha \wedge \beta) \vdash (\alpha \wedge \beta) \wedge \gamma$$
 (2.)

(6) 
$$\alpha \wedge (\beta \wedge \gamma) \vdash (\alpha \wedge \beta) \wedge \gamma$$
 (Tr)

当然(∃)也可仿(►)证得.

### 例17(4)的证明

4. 
$$\neg (\alpha \land \beta) \vdash \alpha \rightarrow \neg \beta$$
.

#### 证:

 $(\vdash)$ 

$$(1) \quad \neg (\alpha \wedge \beta), \ \alpha, \ \beta \vdash \neg (\alpha \wedge \beta) \tag{(e)}$$

$$(2) \quad \alpha, \ \beta \vdash \alpha \land \beta \tag{1.}$$

(3) 
$$\neg (\alpha \land \beta), \ \alpha, \ \beta \vdash (\alpha \land \beta)$$
 (+)(2)

(4) 
$$\neg (\alpha \land \beta), \ \alpha \vdash \neg \beta$$
  $(\neg +)(1)(3)$ 

$$(5) \quad \neg (\alpha \land \beta) \vdash \alpha \rightarrow \neg \beta \qquad (\rightarrow +)(4)$$

# 例17(4)的证明(续)

4.  $\neg (\alpha \land \beta) \vdash \alpha \rightarrow \neg \beta$ .

#### 证:

 $(\dashv)$ 

$$(1) \quad \alpha \to \neg \beta, \alpha \land \beta \vdash \alpha \land \beta \tag{(e)}$$

$$(2) \quad \alpha \to \neg \beta, \ \alpha \land \beta \vdash \alpha \qquad (\land)(1)$$

$$(3) \quad \alpha \to \neg \beta, \ \alpha \land \beta \vdash \beta \qquad (\land)(1)$$

$$(4) \quad \alpha \to \neg \beta, \quad \alpha \land \beta \vdash \alpha \to \neg \beta \qquad (\in)$$

(5) 
$$\alpha \rightarrow \neg \beta$$
,  $\alpha \land \beta \vdash \neg \beta$   $(\rightarrow -)(2)(4)$ 

(6) 
$$\alpha \rightarrow \neg \beta \vdash \neg (\alpha \land \beta)$$
  $(\neg +)(3)(5)$ 

### 例17(5)的证明

5. 
$$\neg(\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \vdash \alpha \land \neg \beta$$
.  
证:  
( $\vdash$ )  
(1)  $\beta$ ,  $\alpha \vdash \beta$  ( $\in$ )  
(2)  $\beta \vdash \alpha \rightarrow \beta$  ( $\rightarrow +$ )(1)  
(3)  $\beta \rightarrow (\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \vdash \neg(\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \rightarrow \neg \beta$  ( $\beta$ 15之1.)  
(4)  $\neg(\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \vdash \neg \beta$  ( $\beta$ 2)(3)  
(5)  $\neg \alpha$ ,  $\alpha \vdash \beta$  ( $\beta$ 3)( $\beta$ 3)( $\beta$ 3)( $\beta$ 3)( $\beta$ 3)( $\beta$ 4)( $\beta$ 4)( $\beta$ 5)( $\beta$ 3)( $\beta$ 4)( $\beta$ 4)( $\beta$ 5)( $\beta$ 5)( $\beta$ 6)( $\beta$ 7)( $\beta$ 8)( $\beta$ 8)( $\beta$ 8)( $\beta$ 9)( $\beta$ 9)( $\beta$ 8)( $\beta$ 9)( $\beta$ 

# 例17(5)的证明(续)

5. 
$$\neg (\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \vdash \alpha \land \neg \beta$$
.

#### 证:

 $(\dashv)$ 

$$(1) \quad \alpha, \ \neg \beta, \ \alpha \rightarrow \beta \vdash \alpha \qquad (\in)$$

(2) 
$$\alpha, \neg \beta, \alpha \rightarrow \beta \vdash \alpha \rightarrow \beta$$
 ( $\in$ )

(3) 
$$\alpha, \neg \beta, \alpha \rightarrow \beta \vdash \beta \qquad (\rightarrow -)$$

$$(4) \quad \alpha, \ \neg \beta, \ \alpha \rightarrow \beta \vdash \neg \beta \qquad (\in)$$

(5) 
$$\alpha, \neg \beta \vdash \neg (\alpha \rightarrow \beta)$$
  $(\neg +)$ 

(6) 
$$\alpha \land \neg \beta \vdash \alpha, \ \neg \beta$$
 (1.)

$$(7) \quad \alpha \land \neg \beta \vdash \neg (\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \qquad (Tr)$$

思考题: 怎么用 $\alpha \land \neg \beta$ ,  $\neg (\alpha \rightarrow \beta)$  作为前提直接证明。

### 例17(6)的证明

6.  $\emptyset \vdash \neg (\alpha \land \neg \alpha)$ .

- $(1) \quad \alpha \wedge \neg \alpha \vdash \alpha \qquad (1.)$
- $(2) \quad \alpha \wedge \neg \alpha \vdash \neg \alpha \qquad (1.)$
- $(3) \quad \emptyset \vdash \neg (\alpha \land \neg \alpha) \quad (\neg +)$

### 例18 给出下列各式的形式证明

1. 
$$\alpha \vdash \alpha \lor \beta, \ \beta \lor \alpha$$

2. 
$$\alpha \vee \beta \vdash \beta \vee \alpha$$

3. 
$$(\alpha \vee \beta) \vee \gamma \vdash \alpha \vee (\beta \vee \gamma)$$

4. 
$$\neg (\alpha \lor \beta) \vdash \neg \alpha \land \neg \beta$$

5. 
$$\neg (\alpha \land \beta) \vdash \neg \alpha \lor \neg \beta$$

6. 
$$\alpha \vee \beta \vdash \neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta$$

7. 
$$\alpha \rightarrow \beta \vdash \neg \alpha \lor \beta$$

8. 
$$\emptyset \vdash \alpha \lor \neg \alpha$$
.

# 例18(1)的证明

1.  $\alpha \vdash \alpha \lor \beta, \ \beta \lor \alpha$ 

- $(1) \quad \alpha \vdash \alpha \qquad (\in)$
- (2)  $\alpha \vdash \alpha \lor \beta \quad (\lor +)$
- (3)  $\alpha \vdash \beta \lor \alpha \quad (\lor +)$

### 例18(2)的证明

2.  $\alpha \vee \beta \vdash \beta \vee \alpha$ 

证:

 $(\vdash)$ 

(1)  $\alpha \vdash \beta \lor \alpha$ 

(本例之1.)

(2)

 $\beta \vdash \beta \lor \alpha$ 

(本例之1.)

(3)

 $\alpha \vee \beta \vdash \beta \vee \alpha$ 

 $(\vee -)(1)(2)$ 

(→) 同理可证。

### 例18(3)的证明

3.  $(\alpha \vee \beta) \vee \gamma \vdash \alpha \vee (\beta \vee \gamma)$ 

证:

 $(\vdash)$ 

$$(1) \gamma \vdash \beta \lor \gamma (1.)$$

$$(2) \gamma \vdash \alpha \lor (\beta \lor \gamma) (1.)$$

$$(3) \quad \alpha \vdash \alpha \lor (\beta \lor \gamma) \tag{1.}$$

$$(4) \quad \beta \vdash \alpha \lor (\beta \lor \gamma) \qquad \qquad 与(2) 类似$$

(5) 
$$\alpha \vee \beta \vdash \alpha \vee (\beta \vee \gamma)$$
  $(\vee -)(3)(4)$ 

(6) 
$$(\alpha \vee \beta) \vee \gamma \vdash \alpha \vee (\beta \vee \gamma) \quad (\vee -)(2)(5)$$

(→) 同理可证。也可用(⊢)结合本例之2证得。

### 例18(4)的证明

4. 
$$\neg (\alpha \lor \beta) \vdash \neg \alpha \land \neg \beta$$

#### 证(上):

$$(1) \qquad \alpha \vdash \alpha \lor \beta \tag{1.}$$

$$(2) \qquad \neg (\alpha \lor \beta) \vdash \neg \alpha \qquad (定理7及例15)$$

$$(3) \qquad \beta \vdash \alpha \lor \beta \tag{1.}$$

$$\neg (\alpha \lor \beta) \vdash \neg \beta \tag{同(2)}$$

(5) 
$$\neg (\alpha \lor \beta) \vdash \neg \alpha \land \neg \beta$$
  $(\land +)(2)(4)$ 

### 例18(4)的证明(续一)

4. 
$$\neg (\alpha \lor \beta) \vdash \neg \alpha \land \neg \beta$$

#### 另证(⊢):

$$(1) \quad \neg (\alpha \lor \beta), \alpha \vdash \alpha \tag{(e)}$$

(2) 
$$\neg (\alpha \lor \beta), \alpha \vdash \alpha \lor \beta$$
 ( $\lor +$ )(1)

$$(3) \quad \neg (\alpha \lor \beta), \alpha \vdash \neg (\alpha \lor \beta) \tag{(e)}$$

$$(4) \quad \neg (\alpha \lor \beta) \vdash \neg \alpha \qquad (\neg +)(2)(3)$$

$$(5) \quad \neg (\alpha \lor \beta) \vdash \neg \beta \qquad (同(4))$$

(6) 
$$\neg (\alpha \lor \beta) \vdash \neg \alpha \land \neg \beta$$
  $(\land +)(4)(5)$ 

# 例18(4)的证明(续二)

4.  $\neg (\alpha \lor \beta) \vdash \neg \alpha \land \neg \beta$ 证(一): (例17) (1) $\neg \alpha \land \neg \beta \vdash \neg \alpha$ (2) $\neg \alpha \land \neg \beta, \ \alpha \vdash \neg \alpha$ (+)(1)(3) $(\in)$  $\neg \alpha \land \neg \beta, \ \alpha \vdash \alpha$ (例14) (4) $\neg \alpha, \ \alpha \vdash \beta$ (Tr)(2)(3)(4)(5) $\neg \alpha \land \neg \beta, \ \alpha \vdash \beta$ (6) $\neg \alpha \land \neg \beta, \beta \vdash \beta$  $(\in)$ (7) $(\vee -)(5)(6)$  $\neg \alpha \land \neg \beta, \ \alpha \lor \beta \vdash \beta$ (例17) (8) $\neg \alpha \land \neg \beta \vdash \neg \beta$ (9)(+)(8) $\neg \alpha \land \neg \beta, \ \alpha \lor \beta \vdash \neg \beta$  $(\neg +)(7)(9)$ (10) $\neg \alpha \land \neg \beta \vdash \neg (\alpha \lor \beta)$ 

### 例18(5)的证明

5. 
$$\neg (\alpha \land \beta) \vdash \neg \alpha \lor \neg \beta$$

#### 证(上):

$$(1) \quad \neg \alpha \vdash \neg \alpha \lor \neg \beta \tag{1}$$

(2) 
$$\neg (\neg \alpha \lor \neg \beta) \vdash \alpha$$
 (定理7及例15)

(3) 
$$\neg (\neg \alpha \lor \neg \beta) \vdash \beta$$
 类似(2)

$$(4) \quad \neg (\neg \alpha \lor \neg \beta) \vdash \alpha \land \beta \qquad (\land +)(2)(3)$$

(5) 
$$\neg (\alpha \land \beta) \vdash \neg \alpha \lor \neg \beta$$
 (定理7)

### 例18(5)的证明(续一)

5. 
$$\neg (\alpha \land \beta) \vdash \neg \alpha \lor \neg \beta$$
  
另证(上):  
 $(1) \neg (\neg \alpha \lor \neg \beta) \vdash \neg \neg \alpha \land \neg \neg \beta$  (本例之4)  
 $(2) \neg (\neg \alpha \lor \neg \beta) \vdash \neg \neg \alpha$  ( $\land -$ )(1)  
 $(3) \neg \neg \alpha \vdash \alpha$  (例14之1)  
 $(4) \neg (\neg \alpha \lor \neg \beta) \vdash \alpha$  ( $Tr$ )(2)(3)  
 $(5) \neg (\neg \alpha \lor \neg \beta) \vdash \beta$  同理  
 $(6) \neg (\neg \alpha \lor \neg \beta) \vdash \alpha \land \beta$  ( $\land +$ )(4)(5)  
 $(7) \neg (\alpha \land \beta), \neg (\neg \alpha \lor \neg \beta) \vdash \alpha \land \beta$  ( $+$ )(6)  
 $(8) \neg (\alpha \land \beta), \neg (\neg \alpha \lor \neg \beta) \vdash \neg (\alpha \land \beta)$  ( $\in$ )  
 $(9) \neg (\alpha \land \beta) \vdash \neg \alpha \lor \neg \beta$  ( $\neg -$ )(7)(8)

### 例18(5)的证明(续二)

5. 
$$\neg (\alpha \land \beta) \vdash \neg \alpha \lor \neg \beta$$

#### 证(十):

$$(1) \qquad \alpha \land \beta \vdash \alpha \tag{例17}$$

$$(2) \qquad \neg \alpha \vdash \neg (\alpha \land \beta) \qquad (定理7)$$

$$(3) \qquad \neg \beta \vdash \neg (\alpha \land \beta) \qquad \qquad 类似(2)$$

$$(4) \qquad \neg \alpha \vee \neg \beta \vdash \neg (\alpha \wedge \beta) \qquad (\vee -)$$

### 例18(6)的证明

6. 
$$\alpha \vee \beta \vdash \neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta$$

#### 证(上):

$$(1) \quad \alpha, \ \neg \alpha \vdash \beta \qquad \qquad (例14之4)$$

$$(2) \qquad \alpha \vdash \neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta \qquad (\rightarrow +)(1)$$

$$(3) \qquad \beta \vdash \neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta \qquad \qquad (例13之2)$$

$$(4) \qquad \alpha \vee \beta \vdash \neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta \qquad (\vee -)(2)(3)$$

# 例18(6)的证明(续)

6. 
$$\alpha \vee \beta \vdash \neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta$$

#### 证(十):

$$(1) \neg (\alpha \lor \beta) \vdash \neg \alpha \land \neg \beta$$
 (本例之4.)
$$(2) \neg (\alpha \lor \beta) \vdash \neg \alpha$$
 ( $\land -$ )
$$(3) \neg (\alpha \lor \beta) \vdash \neg \beta$$
 ( $\land -$ )
$$(4) \neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta, \neg (\alpha \lor \beta) \vdash \neg \alpha$$
 (+)(3)
$$(5) \neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta, \neg (\alpha \lor \beta) \vdash \neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta$$
 ( $\in$ )

(6) 
$$\neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta$$
,  $\neg (\alpha \lor \beta) \vdash \beta$   $(\rightarrow -)(4)(5)$ 

(7) 
$$\neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta$$
,  $\neg (\alpha \lor \beta) \vdash \neg \beta$  (+)(3)

(8) 
$$\neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta \vdash \alpha \lor \beta$$
  $(\neg -)(6)(7)$ 

### 例18(7)的证明

$$7. \quad \alpha \to \beta \vdash \vdash \neg \alpha \lor \beta$$
运(上):
$$(1) \quad \neg(\neg \alpha \lor \beta) \vdash \neg \neg \alpha \land \beta \qquad (本例之4)$$

$$(2) \quad \neg(\neg \alpha \lor \beta) \vdash \neg \neg \alpha \qquad (\land -)$$

$$(3) \quad \neg(\neg \alpha \lor \beta) \vdash \neg \beta \qquad (\land -)$$

$$(4) \quad \alpha \to \beta, \neg(\neg \alpha \lor \beta) \vdash \neg \neg \alpha \qquad (+)(2)$$

$$(5) \quad \alpha \to \beta, \neg(\neg \alpha \lor \beta) \vdash \neg \beta \qquad (+)(3)$$

$$(6) \quad \neg \neg \alpha \vdash \alpha \qquad (\emptyset 14 \angle 1)$$

$$(7) \quad \alpha \to \beta, \neg(\neg \alpha \lor \beta) \vdash \alpha \qquad (Tr)(4)(6)$$

$$(8) \quad \alpha \to \beta, \neg(\neg \alpha \lor \beta) \vdash \alpha \to \beta \qquad (\in)$$

$$(9) \quad \alpha \to \beta, \neg(\neg \alpha \lor \beta) \vdash \beta \qquad (\to -)(7)(8)$$

$$(10) \quad \alpha \to \beta \vdash \neg \alpha \lor \beta \qquad (\neg -)(5)(9)$$

### 例18(7)的证明(续一)

7. 
$$\alpha \rightarrow \beta \vdash \neg \alpha \lor \beta$$

#### 另证(⊢):

$$(1) \qquad \neg\neg \alpha \vdash \alpha \tag{例14}$$

$$(2) \qquad \alpha \rightarrow \beta, \ \neg \neg \alpha \vdash \alpha \qquad (+)(1)$$

$$(3) \qquad \alpha \rightarrow \beta, \ \neg \neg \alpha \vdash \alpha \rightarrow \beta \qquad (\in)$$

$$(4) \qquad \alpha \rightarrow \beta, \ \neg \neg \alpha \vdash \beta \qquad (\rightarrow -)(2)(3)$$

$$(5) \qquad \alpha \rightarrow \beta \vdash \neg \neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta \qquad (\rightarrow +)(4)$$

(6) 
$$\neg \neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta \vdash \neg \alpha \lor \beta$$
 (本例之6)

$$(7) \qquad \alpha \rightarrow \beta \vdash \neg \alpha \lor \beta \qquad (Tr)(5)(6)$$

### 例18(7)的证明(续二)

7. 
$$\alpha \rightarrow \beta \vdash \neg \alpha \lor \beta$$

#### 证(十):

$$(1) \neg \alpha \lor \beta \vdash \neg \neg \alpha \to \beta \qquad (本例之6)$$

(2) 
$$\neg \alpha \lor \beta$$
,  $\alpha \vdash \neg \neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta$  (+)(1)

$$(3) \quad \alpha \vdash \neg \neg \alpha \tag{例14之3}$$

$$(4) \quad \neg \alpha \lor \beta, \ \alpha \vdash \neg \neg \alpha \qquad (+)(3)$$

(5) 
$$\neg \alpha \lor \beta, \ \alpha \vdash \beta \qquad (\rightarrow -)(2)(4)$$

(6) 
$$\neg \alpha \lor \beta \vdash \alpha \rightarrow \beta$$
  $(\rightarrow +)(5)$ 

### 例18(7)的证明(续三)

7. 
$$\alpha \rightarrow \beta \vdash \neg \alpha \lor \beta$$

#### 另证(┤):

$$(1) \quad \neg \alpha, \alpha \vdash \beta \qquad \qquad (例14之4)$$

$$(2) \quad \neg \alpha \vdash \alpha \rightarrow \beta \qquad (\rightarrow +)(1)$$

$$(3) \quad \beta, \alpha \vdash \beta \tag{(e)}$$

$$(4) \quad \beta \vdash \alpha \rightarrow \beta \qquad (\rightarrow +)(3)$$

(5) 
$$\neg \alpha \lor \beta \vdash \alpha \rightarrow \beta \quad (\lor -)(2)(4)$$

### 例18(8)的证明

8.  $\emptyset \vdash \alpha \lor \neg \alpha$ 

#### 证:

(1) 
$$\neg(\alpha \lor \neg \alpha) \vdash \neg \alpha \land \neg \neg \alpha$$
 (本例之4)

(2) 
$$\neg \alpha \wedge \neg \neg \alpha \vdash \neg \alpha, \neg \neg \alpha$$
 (例17之1)

$$(3) \quad \neg (\alpha \lor \neg \alpha) \vdash \neg \alpha, \ \neg \neg \alpha \qquad (Tr)$$

$$(4) \quad \emptyset \vdash \alpha \lor \neg \alpha \qquad (\neg -)(3)$$

### 例19

证明:  $\alpha \leftrightarrow \beta \vdash (\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \land (\beta \rightarrow \alpha)$ 

#### 证(上):

$$(1) \quad \alpha \leftrightarrow \beta, \ \alpha \vdash \alpha \tag{(e)}$$

$$(2) \quad \alpha \leftrightarrow \beta, \quad \alpha \vdash \alpha \leftrightarrow \beta \tag{(e)}$$

$$(3) \quad \alpha \leftrightarrow \beta, \quad \alpha \vdash \beta \qquad (\leftrightarrow -)$$

$$(4) \quad \alpha \leftrightarrow \beta \vdash \alpha \to \beta \qquad (\rightarrow +)(3)$$

(5) 
$$\alpha \leftrightarrow \beta \vdash \beta \rightarrow \alpha$$
 (类似(4))

(6) 
$$\alpha \leftrightarrow \beta \vdash (\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \land (\beta \rightarrow \alpha) (\land +)(4)(5)$$

## 例19(续)

证明:  $\alpha \leftrightarrow \beta \vdash (\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \land (\beta \rightarrow \alpha)$ 

#### 证(一):

$$(1) (\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \land (\beta \rightarrow \alpha) \vdash \alpha \rightarrow \beta, \ \beta \rightarrow \alpha$$
 (例17)

$$(2) (\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \land (\beta \rightarrow \alpha), \ \alpha \vdash \alpha \rightarrow \beta \qquad (+)(1)$$

$$(3) (\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \land (\beta \rightarrow \alpha), \ \alpha \vdash \alpha$$
 (\in )

$$(4) (\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \land (\beta \rightarrow \alpha), \ \alpha \vdash \beta$$
 (\in )

$$(5) (\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \land (\beta \rightarrow \alpha), \ \beta \vdash \alpha \qquad (类似(4))$$

$$(6) (\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \land (\beta \rightarrow \alpha) \vdash \alpha \leftrightarrow \beta \qquad (\leftrightarrow +)(4)(5)$$

### 定理8

对于任意公式 $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha_1$ ,  $\alpha_2$ ,  $\cdots$ ,  $\alpha_n$ .

1. 
$$\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \cdots, \alpha_n \vdash \alpha \iff$$

$$\emptyset \vdash \alpha_1 \rightarrow \alpha_2 \rightarrow \cdots \rightarrow \alpha_{n-1} \rightarrow \alpha_n \rightarrow \alpha$$

2. 
$$\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \cdots, \alpha_n \vdash \alpha \iff \emptyset \vdash (\alpha_1 \land \alpha_2 \land \cdots \land \alpha_n) \rightarrow \alpha$$

证1(⇒): 多次使用(→+)易证.

#### 定理8的证明

# 证1(⇐): $\emptyset \vdash \alpha_1 \rightarrow (\alpha_2 \rightarrow \ldots \rightarrow (\alpha_n \rightarrow \alpha) \cdots)$ $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \cdots, \alpha_n \vdash \alpha_1 \rightarrow (\alpha_2 \rightarrow \cdots \rightarrow (\alpha_n \rightarrow \alpha) \cdots)$ $\alpha_1, \ \alpha_2, \cdots, \alpha_n \vdash \alpha_1$ $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \cdots, \alpha_n \vdash \alpha_2 \rightarrow (\alpha_3 \rightarrow \cdots \rightarrow (\alpha_n \rightarrow \alpha) \cdots)$ $\alpha_1, \ \alpha_2, \cdots, \alpha_n \vdash \alpha_n \rightarrow \alpha$ $\alpha_1, \ \alpha_2, \cdots, \alpha_n \vdash \alpha_n$ $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \cdots, \alpha_n \vdash \alpha$

#### 定理8的证明(续一)

# 证2(⇒): $\alpha_1 \wedge \alpha_2 \wedge \cdots \wedge \alpha_n \vdash \alpha_1$ $\alpha_1 \wedge \alpha_2 \wedge \cdots \wedge \alpha_n \vdash \alpha_2$ $\alpha_1 \wedge \alpha_2 \wedge \cdots \wedge \alpha_n \vdash \alpha_n$ $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \cdots, \alpha_n \vdash \alpha$ $\alpha_1 \wedge \alpha_2 \wedge \cdots \wedge \alpha_n \vdash \alpha$ $\emptyset \vdash (\alpha_1 \land \alpha_2 \land \cdots \land \alpha_n) \rightarrow \alpha$

#### 定理8的证明(续二)

# 证2(⇐): $\emptyset \vdash (\alpha_1 \land \alpha_2 \land \cdots \land \alpha_n) \rightarrow \alpha$ $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \cdots, \alpha_n \vdash (\alpha_1 \land \alpha_2 \land \cdots \land \alpha_n) \rightarrow \alpha$ $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \cdots, \alpha_n \vdash \alpha_1$ $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \cdots, \alpha_n \vdash \alpha_2$ $\alpha_1, \ \alpha_2, \ \cdots, \ \alpha_n \vdash \alpha_n$ $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \cdots, \alpha_n \vdash \alpha_1 \land \alpha_2 \land \cdots \land \alpha_n$ $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \cdots, \alpha_n \vdash \alpha$

#### 定理8的意义

定义2.14(可证公式): 若 $\emptyset \vdash_N \alpha$ , 则称 $\alpha$ 为**N**的一个可证公式或内定理, 记为 $\vdash_N \alpha$ , 在不引起混淆情况下, 也简记为 $\vdash \alpha$ .

定理2.8说明:任何一个有前提的形式推演关系都可转化为与之等价的没有前提的形式推演关系。

即:任何一个形式推演关系都可化为一个与之等价的可证式.

## 作业

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p.508(p.101). 11(3), (6)
11(1), (2), (5)
12(4), (6), (8)
13(2), (7), (10), (12),(14)
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