

Fun. de Respuesta: Koyck

FRI

$$y_t = \alpha^* + \beta x_t + \lambda y_{t-1} + u_t^*$$

$$y_{t+1} = \alpha^* + \beta x_{t+1} + \lambda y_t + u_{t+1}^* =$$

$$= \alpha^* + \beta x_{t+1} + \lambda \alpha^* + \lambda \beta x_t + \lambda^2 y_{t-1} + \lambda u_t^* + u_{t+1}^*$$

$$y_{t+2} = \alpha^* + \beta x_{t+2} + \lambda y_{t+1} + u_{t+2}^* =$$

$$= \alpha^* + \beta x_{t+2} + \lambda \alpha^* + \lambda \beta x_{t+1} + \lambda^2 y_t + \lambda u_{t+1}^* + u_{t+2}^* =$$

$$= \alpha^* (1 + \lambda) + \beta (x_{t+2} + \lambda x_{t+1}) + \lambda^2 \alpha^* + \lambda^2 \beta x_t + \lambda^3 y_{t-1} + \lambda^2 u_t^* + \lambda u_{t+1}^* + u_{t+2}^*$$

$$\textcircled{*} \text{ FRI} = \beta; \lambda\beta; \lambda^2\beta; \lambda^3\beta; \dots = \left\{ \beta \lambda^j \right\}_{j=0}^{j=\infty}$$

$$\textcircled{*} \text{ FRI} = \beta; \beta + \lambda\beta; \beta + \lambda\beta + \lambda^2\beta; \dots = \sum_i \left\{ \beta \lambda^j \right\}_{j=0}^{j=i}$$

Otra forma

$$y_t = \alpha^* + \beta x_t + \lambda y_{t-1} + u_t^* \Rightarrow \frac{\partial y_t}{\partial x_t} = \beta$$

$$y_{t+1} = \alpha^* + \beta x_{t+1} + \lambda y_t + u_{t+1}^* \Rightarrow \frac{\partial y_{t+1}}{\partial x_t} = \frac{\partial y_{t+1}}{\partial y_t} \cdot \frac{\partial y_t}{\partial x_t} = \lambda\beta$$

$$y_{t+2} = \alpha^* + \beta x_{t+2} + \lambda y_{t+1} + u_{t+2}^* \Rightarrow \frac{\partial y_{t+2}}{\partial x_t} = \frac{\partial y_{t+2}}{\partial y_{t+1}} \cdot \frac{\partial y_{t+1}}{\partial y_t} \cdot \frac{\partial y_t}{\partial x_t} =$$

$$= \lambda \cdot \lambda \cdot \beta = \lambda^2 \beta$$

Por lo tanto: $\text{FRI} = \beta; \lambda\beta; \lambda^2\beta; \dots = \left\{ \beta \lambda^j \right\}_{j=0}^{j=\infty}$