

Welcome, Coder

Coding, we do. Solving problem, we do. Developer, we are.

Industry is CRUD
Create, Read, Update, Delete

Functions are First-Class Citizens

Also known as “*Higher Order Functions*”

- Functions can be passed as an *argument* to another function

A function

Arguments (parameters)

```
func greetJedi(name: String, formatter: (String) -> String) -> String {  
    return formatter("Hello, \(name)")  
}
```

```
let upperCase: (String) -> String = { $0.uppercased() }  
greetJedi(name: "Luke", formatter: upperCase) // "HELLO, LUKE"
```

Function passed as an argument

Communicating Across the Galaxy

Sending data through network

- HTTP → XML, HTML, JSON, Byte → We'll explore this!
- ~~WebSocket~~
- ~~RPC~~
- ~~JSON-RPC~~
- ~~gRPC~~
- ~~GraphQL~~

REST APIs

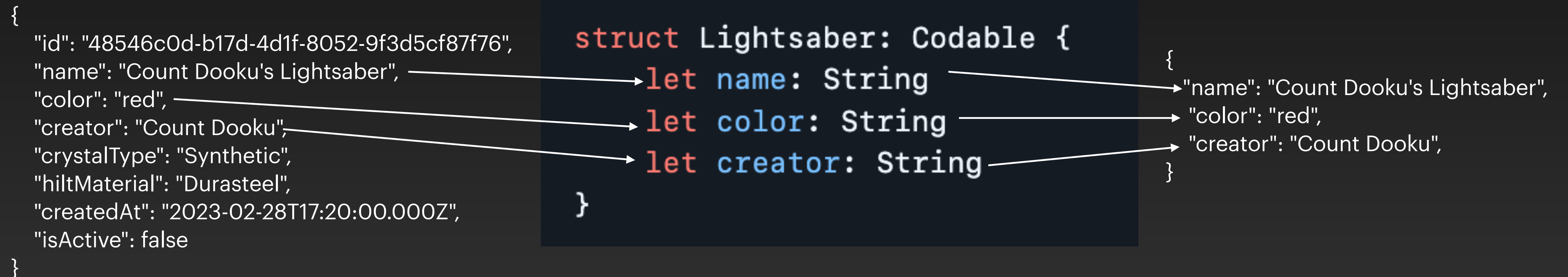
A standard to communicate through HTTP

- **Resource-based:** REST APIs use URLs to represent resources (e.g., /lightsaber/123 for a lightsaber with ID 123).
- **Stateless:** Each request contains all needed info; the server doesn't store session state.
- **Uses HTTP**
 - GET (read)
 - POST (create)
 - PUT/PATCH (update) —> PUT: update entirely, PATCH: update partially
 - DELETE (remove)
- **Returns structured data:** Typically responds with JSON or XML.
- **Follows standard HTTP codes:** Like 200 OK, 404 Not Found, 500 Server Error.

JSON Codable

Encoder + Decoder

- APIs return raw text. We need to do decoding

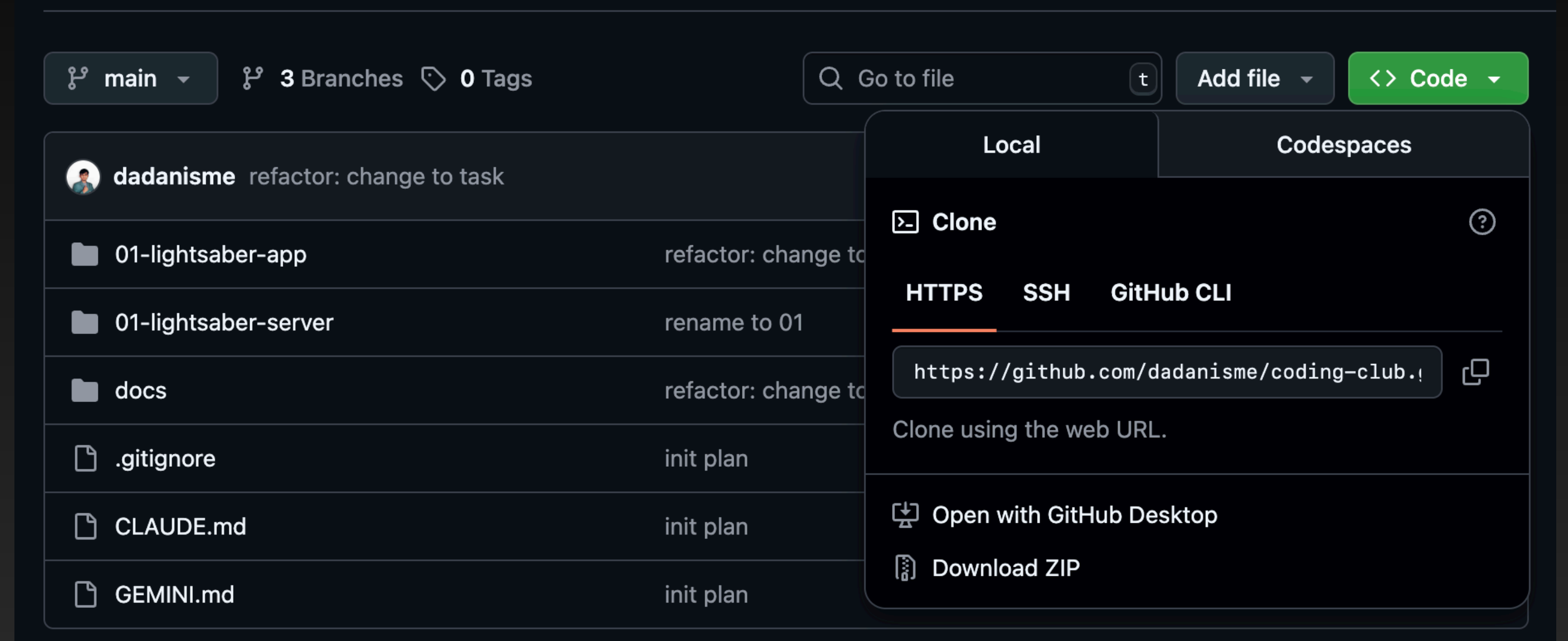


Decoding

Encoding

Enough. Coding, let us do.

Clone this GitHub repository



Clone main, then open `01-lightsaber-app` on your Xcode

<https://github.com/dadanisme/coding-club>

Create-RUD

Create new lightsaber

```
func createLightsaber(_ lightsaber: Lightsaber) {  
    var request = URLRequest(url: url)  
    request.httpMethod = "POST"  
    request.setValue("application/json", forHTTPHeaderField: "Content-Type")  
    request.httpBody = try JSONEncoder().encode(lightsaber)  
  
    let task = URLSession.shared.dataTask(with: request) { data, response, error in  
        // Handle creation response  
    }  
  
    task.resume()  
}
```


C-Read-UD

Get all lightsabers data

```
func fetchLightsabers() {  
    let url = URL(string: "\(baseUrl)/lightsabers")!  
  
    let task = URLSession.shared.dataTask(with: url) { data, response, error in  
        DispatchQueue.main.async {  
            // Handle response, decode JSON, update UI  
        }  
    }  
  
    task.resume()  
}
```

CR-Update-D

Update existing lightsaber data

CRU-Delete

Delete existing lightsaber data

The Dark Side

You need to handle errors!

- Add loading for better UX
- Tell the user when something went wrong
- Handle the error gracefully

Challenge

Filter the lightsabers!

- The endpoint `/api/lightsabers` accepts 3 query parameters:
 - `color` — filter by lightsaber's color
 - `creator` — filter by creator
 - `active` — filter by active status
- Implement in `GET` request
- Add the filtering UI accordingly

Advanced Topics

Authentication

- How does authentication work?
- Authenticating with JWT
- Make an authenticated request
- Handle when token expires
- Gracefully refreshing token & retry the request
- Redirecting unauthenticated user

QnA