

Personal Summary revision of biblical principles

- Education is a gradual process or a progressive way of acquiring knowledge. It is the continuous and harmonious development of the mental, physical, social and spiritual powers.
- True source of education is from God
- The word 'Bible' is derived from the Latin word 'Biblia' derived from Greek as 'Biblos' which means book
- The bible has names people had called it at different times depending on their experience
- The Bible can also be called; (a) Scriptures (b) Word of God (c) Lamp and light (d) Truth (e) Message of salvation (f) Message of reconciliation (g) Message about the kingdom of God (h) God's promise
- The Bible has 66 books in it (39 in old testament and 27 in new testament)
- The gap between the old testament and new testament is a duration of 400 years
- Essence of the bible according to 2nd timothy 3:16 are (a) for doctrine (b) for reproof (c) for correction (d) for instruction in righteousness.
- The Greek term for 'God-breathed' is Theopneustos. Theos stands for God while Pneustos means to breath
- God breathed truth into the minds of writers and these men expressed it in human words as found in the bible.
- Inspiration-special process through which God makes known his everlasting truth
- God is the author of the Bible
- The bible was accomplished through over 40 human writers within a period of 1,600 years
- 66 individual books were written by people who grew up in 3 different continents of Africa, Asia and Europe. They grew up in 13 different countries and spoke 3 different languages
- Expression such as 'the lord commanded' and 'the lord spoke saying' is used more than 2000 times in the old testament and over 700 times in the new testament
- The bible is accurate on predictions concerning different world governments (Daniel 2), health and medicine, end of time (Matthew 24)
- Thomas paine in his book; the age of reason said 50 years from now, the bible will be obsolete and forgotten, but the press where that book was printed was later used to print several thousands of the bible
- The prophecy that the bones of the savior would not be broken was fulfilled to the latter in the new testament almost 4000 years later
- The bible helps; (a) to make us wise (b) to teach us (c) to instruct us (d) to make us

complete

- How to understand the bible (a) pray (b) search (c) performance
- Ex-nihilo- greek word for 'created out of nothing'
- Imago-dei- latin word for 'image of God'
- We are created; (a) in God's image (b) for relationship with others (c) to be steward of the environment (d) to imitate God
- Christ was tested on (a) appetite (b) presumption (c) compromise
- Jesus was fully human because of the following attributes; (a) human birth (b) human development (c) he was called a man (d) human characteristics (e) the extent of his identification
- Jesus was fully divine because of the following characteristics; (a) his divine attributes (omniscient, omnipresent, immutable, self-existent, eternal) (b) his divine powers and prerogatives (c) his divine names (d) his divinity acknowledged (e) his personal testimony (f) his equality with God assumed (g) he is worshipped as God (g) his divine nature, a necessity.
- Attributes of God possessed by the holy spirit includes; (a) omnipresence (b) omniscience (c) omnipotence (d) eternal
- Attributes of personality possessed by the holy spirit; (a) knowledge (b) will (c) mind (d) communion (e) love (f) feeling (g) reproves sin
- Personal work carried out by the holy spirit; (a) he hears and speaks (b) prays for us (c) teaches us (d) reveals Christ to us
- The work of the holy spirit in the transformation of our hearts according to 1st Corinthians 12; (a) leads us to understand that Jesus is Lord (b) illuminates our lives (c) convicts us of our sin (d) convinces us of righteousness (e) helps us to accept the righteousness of Christ (f) warns us of judgement that would soon come and stirs up repentance in our minds (g) helps us live a new life
- Mission of holy spirit for believers; (a) assists believers (b) speaks about Christ (c) brings the truth of Christ (d) guides the church to know the word (e) teaches us (f) witnesses and reveals (g) calls and appoints workers in the church (h) helps to produce fruits in us (i) imparts gifts (j) seals up and imprints the mark of children of God in us (k) inspires prophets
- Symbols of the holy spirit includes; (a) dove (b) wind (c) oil (d) living water (e) seal (f) tongues of fire
- How God views work; (a) Work is part of God's creation/big picture (b) our actual work matters to God now and eternally (c) God provides us with unique skills, gifts and talents and calls us to particular roles and activities (d) quality, character and ethics are foundational for our work (e) our work is yoked to Christ (f) our work should be centered on service to others (g) a rhythm of work and rest is essential to life (h) the use of wealth and investment should be directed to God
- Ethics is a system of moral principle governing or influencing conducts
- Principles are fundamental truth or proposition serving as foundation for belief or action
- Education of the mind is a continuous process of making our mind align with the mind of Christ

- In order to educate your mind, you need; (a) guardian and guidance of the holy spirit (b) feed on the word of God and be deeply committed in God (c) have the fear of God (d) reflect God's character
- Integrity- quality of being honest and being strong about what you believe to be right
- Moral principles are what you are made of
- The Hebrew word for spirit is 'ruach' while the greek word is pneuma, they occur 378 times and 379 times in the old and new testament respectively
- The holyspirit is specifically mentioned 88 times in the old testament and 325 times in the new testament
- Parakletos- the holy spirit is our intercessor
- Principles of education of the mind; (a) the need for the holy spirit (b) feeding on the word of God (c) fear of God
- Recreation tends to strengthen and build up, it provides refreshment for the mind and body while amusement is pursued for the sake of pleasure and is often carried to excess
- Principles of recreation; (a) seek recreation in things that please God (b) be temperate in all things (c) do all to the glory of God (d) accountability