

Calculating Chi-Square

Dependent Variable

Independent Variable

Low
High

| <i>Low</i> | <i>High</i> |
|------------|-------------|
| 21 | 112 |
| 159 | 88 |

Dependent Variable

Independent Variable

Low
High
Total

| <i>Low</i> | <i>High</i> | Total |
|------------|-------------|-------|
| 21 | 112 | 133 |
| 159 | 88 | 247 |
| 180 | 200 | 380 |

Make sure you get your totals

Dependent Variable

Independent Variable

Low
High
Total

| <i>Low</i> | <i>High</i> | Total | % |
|------------|-------------|-------|-----|
| 21 | 112 | 133 | 35% |
| 159 | 88 | 247 | 65% |
| 180 | 200 | 380 | |

Figure out marginal percentages for the dependent variable

Dependent Variable

Independent Variable

Low
High
Total

| <i>Low</i> | <i>High</i> | % |
|-------------------|-------------|------------|
| 180x34%=63 | | 35% |
| | | |
| 180 | | |

Generate Expected Frequencies: multiply the marginal percentage by the total of each category of the independent variable

Low Low
Low High
High Low
High High

| Observed | Expected | O-E | (O-E) ² / E |
|----------|----------|-----|------------------------|
| 21 | 63 | -42 | 28 |
| 159 | 117 | 42 | 15.1 |
| 112 | 70 | 42 | 25.2 |
| 88 | 130 | -42 | 13.6 |

Chi-Square: 81.8

Calculate Chi-Square, calculate degrees of freedom, and look it up (e.g. at the .05 level of significance)

Degrees of Freedom: (Rows-1) x (Columns-1) = (2-1) x (2-1) = 1