

L 14 兔 L 15.

yī diǎnr
一点儿 ≠ yī diǎn
一点儿 ≠ 一点

— xiē = some

一点儿 = a few, a little

yī diǎnr

e.g. wǒ 买 le — xiē dōng xī .

thing, stuff.

wǒ 买 le 一点儿 dōng xī .

píng guǒ = apple e.g. píng guǒ 电 nǎo .

kàn jiàn = to see.

kàn = to look, watch, read.

开 kāi = drive.

开车 drive car.

车 chē = car

回来 come back

回去 go back.

fēn zhōng = minute.

fēn zhōng VS fēn

e.g. 四 + fēn zhōng hòu wǒ 会
回来.

三点三十分

kàn jiàn

e.g.: nǐ kàn jiàn 什么 le?

wǒ kàn jiàn Ali le.

wǒ kàn jiàn nǐ de xiǎo
māo le.

yī fu = clothes.

piào liàng = beautiful.

shǎo = few, little 不 shǎo = quite a few
(for quantity) many.

zhè xiē = these

dōu = both, all.

nà xiē = those .

e.g. wǒ 买 le bù shǎo piào liàng yī fu.
nǐ de yī fu tài piào liàng le.
zhè xiē dōu 是 wǒ de dōng xi.
(all these stuff are mine.)

nǐ 买 le 什么 dōng xi?

wǒ men dōu xǐ huān 吃水果.

a : no meaning , use at the end as
a sign of confirmation or defense.

e.g. 是 a. = yes

hǎo a = good , all right
(agree with someone).

le indicate action completed.

e.g wǒ 买 píng guǒ le .

wǒ méi 买 píng guǒ.

是 ... de : describe something happened
in when, where, how .

e.g. wǒ men 是今年 rèn shí de.
to meet, to know

wǒ men 是在 dà xué rèn shí de.
university.

nǐ men 是什么 shí hou rèn shí de?

nǐ 是 几 点

xīng qī 几 去 zhōng guó de?
几 时候

nǐ 是 zěn me 去 xué xiào de?

wǒ 是 zuò 车去 xué xiào de. zuò 车
to sit. by car.

wǒ 是 开车去 xué xiào de.

nǐ 是 zuò fēi jī 来 zhōng guó de ma?
airplane.

wǒ 不是 zuò fēi jī 来 zhōng guó de.

fēi jī = airplane

chū zhē 车 = taxi

fàn diàn = Hotel, restaurant.

- qí = together.

e.g. wǒ men - qǐ 去 fàn diàn .

gāo xìng = glad , happy .

Nice to meet you !

Hěn gāo xìng rèn shí nǐ !

Nice to meet you Too !

rèn shí nǐ wǒ yě kěn gāo xìng .

Tīng = listen .

e.g. tīng wǒ shuō :

listen to me

tīng Ali shuō .

(heard from Ali
OR

Ali said).