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2020-03-28

Package

SaaRclust 0.99

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1 Introduction

Strand-seq is a single-cell sequencing technique able to preserve contiguity of individual parental homologues in single-cell (Falconer et al. 2012). Each parental homolog undergoes independent random segregation during cell division, leading to a unique strand state profile in Strand-seq data. Strand-seq distinguishes three possible template strand states for each chromosome of a diploid genome. The Watson-Watson (WW) strand state is characteristic of two Watson (reads aligned to minus strand) templates inherited from both parental homologues. The Crick-Crick (CC) strand state is characteristic of two Crick (reads aligned to plus strand) templates inherited from both parental homologues. Lastly, the Watson-Crick (WC) strand state is characteristic of a Watson and Crick template being inherited from either parental homologue (Sanders et al. 2017). Such Strand-seq signal can be used to assign contigs or long sequencing reads to a chromosome of origin. This feature has been shown to be valuable for scaffolding early build genome assemblies as well finding chimeric or misoriented contigs (Hills et al. 2013). We do so using SaaRclust, an R based package that implements a novel latent variable model and a corresponding Expectation Maximization (EM) algorithm in order to reliably cluster contigs or long sequencing reads by chromosome. SaaRclust was previously introduced for this in silico separation of long sequencing reads by chromosome and direction (Ghareghani et al. 2018). Here we have extended its functionalities to be able to scaffold contig stage assemblies and to detect and correct assembly error such as chimeric or misoriented contigs. SaaRclust employs an Expectation-Maximization (EM) soft clustering algorithm to handle the uncertainty arising from the sparse Strand-seq data. The main idea underlying our clustering algorithm is that contigs originating from the same chromosome share the same directionality pattern of aligned Strand-seq reads across multiple single cells, that differs from contigs originating from a different chromosome. The EM algorithm is based on iterating between assigning strand states for each Strand-seq library and chromosome and assigning chromosomes to each contig, which are both hidden information at the beginning. EM converges to a local optimum solution of the maximum likelihood problem, e.g., maximizing the likelihood of observed data (number of directional aligned Strand-seq reads to long reads), given the model parameters (strand states), and we have shown SaaRclust to be able to assign even individual long sequencing reads to chromosomes of origin.

2 Minimal parameters

Here are the minimal parameters required to successfully run genome scaffolding using SaaRclust.

bamfolder: A folder name where minimap file(s) is stored.

outputfolder: A folder containing BAM files with Strand-seq reads aligned to a denovo

assembly.

pairedEndReads: Make sure to set to TRUE if paired-end reads are being used.

assembly.fasta: A denovo assembly FASTA file, if one want to export scaffolded denovo

assembly in FASTA format.

For more details on available parameters please run.

```
library(SaaRclust)
?scaffoldDenovoAssembly
```

3 Quick Start

Run SaaRclust using pre-computed binned counts of Strand-seq reads aligned to the GRCh38. To speed up this process we sent bin size to 5 Mbp and included sequences of 10 Mbp and longer. Because Strand-seq data have been aligned to GRCh38 with chromosomes 1-22, X and Y we have set 'desired.num.clusters' parameter to 24.

```
bamfolder <- system.file("extdata", package = "SaaRclust")</pre>
scaffoldDenovoAssembly(bamfolder = bamfolder,
                       outputfolder = bamfolder,
                       store.data.obj = TRUE,
                       reuse.data.obj = TRUE,
                       pairedEndReads = TRUE,
                       bin.size = 5000000,
                       step.size = 5000000,
                       bin.method = 'dynamic',
                       prob.th = 0.25,
                       ord.method = 'greedy',
                       min.contig.size = 10000000,
                       concat.fasta = FALSE,
                       num.clusters = 100,
                       desired.num.clusters = 24,
                       min.region.to.order = 1000000,
                       remove.always.WC = TRUE,
                       mask.regions = FALSE)
```

4 Parameter settings recommendations

min.contig.size: This parameter should be set at least 2x the N50 read length used for the assembly in order to filter out singleton reads. Removing small contigs/reads will also speed-up the clustering process.

min.region.to.order: We recommned to set this parameter if one want to increase the ordering accuracy of contings within clusters (chromosomes). Small contigs tend to introduce a lot of noise in ordering process so we recommend to set this parameter to 500000 bp.

num.clusters: By default this parameter is to 100 in order to be able to capture small human chromosomes such as chromosome 21 or 22. We recommend to set this number even higher in case you expect large heterozygous inversions in your sample. This way one can ensure proper assignment of such inversions to correct cluster/chromosome.

desired.num.clusters: If an user has a prior knowledge on the expected number of chromosomes/clusters for a given sample it can be set by this parameter. If this parameter is not set, SaaRclust will still report a perdicted number of clusters/chromosomes based on shared strand inheritance.

alpha: Defines an expected level of noise in Strand-seq data. Increase this parameter in case Strand-seq data are of lower quality and contains a lot of background reads (see (Sanders et al. 2017) for more details on Strand-seq library quality).

ord.method: TODO

5 SaaRclust results

Saarclust results are organized in three subfolders: 'clustered_assembly', 'data' and 'plots'. **clustered assembly:** This folder contains a table of all clustered contigs and their assignment to specific clusters stored as RData file. Also predicted assembly errors are reported here in a .tsv table. Lastly, this folder contains all exported FASTA files that contains contig sequences per cluster/chromosome.

data: This folder contains all intermediate results that are created during the clustering process. This files are created only if the parameter 'store.data.obj' is set to TRUE.

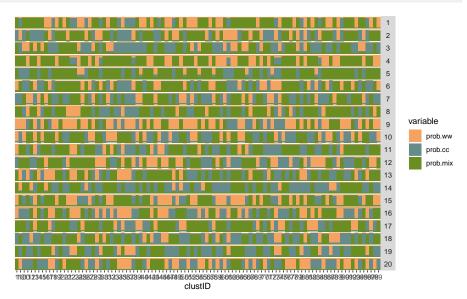
plots: Contains some useful plots that allows to evaluate how well genome scaffolding performed.

6 Data quality exploration

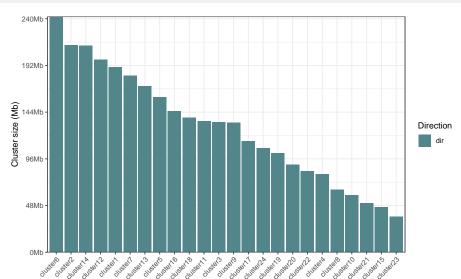
```
## Load the package
library(SaaRclust)
```

Plot distribution of strand state probabilities per cluster (columns) and per single cell (rows).

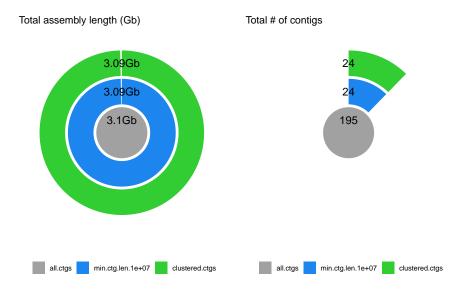
```
EM.obj <- get(load(example.data))
## Plot theta parameter for 20 single cells
plotThetaEstimates(theta.param = EM.obj$theta.param[1:20])</pre>
```



Plot size of each cluster and the directionality of contigs within each cluster (dir - direct, revcomp - reverse complement)



Plot summary statistics of successfully clustered contigs



7 General Recommendations

- 7.1 Recommended settings to scaffold human genome
- 7.2 Recommended settings to scaffold human genome with expected large SVs
- 7.3 Recommended settings to scaffold unknown (non-human) genome

8 Session Info

```
devtools::session_info()
## - Session info -----
## setting value
## version R version 3.5.3 (2019-03-11)
           Ubuntu 18.04.2 LTS
## system x86_64, linux-gnu
## ui
           X11
## language (EN)
## collate en_US.UTF-8
## ctype en_US.UTF-8
            America/Los_Angeles
## tz
## date
            2020-03-28
* version date lib source
## package
                      0.2.1 2019-03-21 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
1.1.4 2019-04-10 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
1.14.0 2018-10-30 [1] Bioconductor
## assertthat
## backports
## bamsignals
## BH
                      * 1.69.0-1 2019-01-07 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## Biobase
                        2.42.0 2018-10-30 [1] Bioconductor
## BiocGenerics * 0.28.0 2018-10-30 [1] Bioconductor
                      1.30.4 2018-11-13 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
1.16.6 2019-02-10 [1] Bioconductor
## BiocManager
## BiocParallel
                        * 2.10.0 2018-10-30 [1] Bioconductor
## BiocStyle
                      2.50.2 2019-01-03 [1] Bioconductor
## Biostrings
## bitops
                        1.0-6 2013-08-17 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## bookdown
                        0.12
                                  2019-07-11 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
                     3.3.2 2019-09-22 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)

1.1.0 2019-03-19 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)

2.0.7-1 2018-04-09 [4] CRAN (R 3.5.0)

0.2-16 2018-12-24 [4] CRAN (R 3.5.2)

1.4-1 2019-03-18 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## callr
## cli
## cluster
## codetools
## colorspace
## cowplot
                      * 1.0.0 2019-07-11 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## crayon
                        1.3.4 2017-09-16 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## data.table
                        1.12.8 2019-12-09 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
                       0.8.0 2018-10-30 [1] Bioconductor
## DelayedArray
## desc
                        1.2.0 2018-05-01 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## devtools
                       2.1.0 2019-07-06 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
                        0.6.21
                                    2019-09-20 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## digest
## dplyr
                        0.8.3 2019-07-04 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## evaluate
                        0.14
                                  2019-05-28 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
                        1.4.4 2017-12-12 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## foreach
                        1.3.1
## fs
                                   2019-05-06 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## GenomeInfoDb
                    * 1.18.2 2019-02-12 [1] Bioconductor
## GenomeInfoDbData 1.2.0 2019-04-10 [1] Bioconductor ## GenomicAlignments 1.18.1 2019-01-04 [1] Bioconductor
## GenomicRanges
                        * 1.34.0 2018-10-30 [1] Bioconductor
## ggplot2
                        * 3.2.1 2019-08-10 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
```

```
2019-03-12 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
   glue
                        1.3.1
   gtable
                        0.3.0
                                 2019-03-25 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
##
   htmltools
                        0.4.0
                                 2019-10-04 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## igraph
                       1.2.4.1 2019-04-22 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## IRanges
                      * 2.16.0
                                 2018-10-30 [1] Bioconductor
## iterators
                        1.0.10
                                 2018-07-13 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## knitr
                       1.25
                                 2019-09-18 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## labeling
                      0.3
                                 2014-08-23 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## lattice
                      0.20-38 2018-11-04 [4] CRAN (R 3.5.1)
                      0.2.2
## lazyeval
                                 2019-03-15 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
                      0.1.0
## lifecycle
                                 2019-08-01 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## lpSolve
                      5.6.13.3 2019-08-19 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## magrittr
                      1.5
                                 2014-11-22 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
                      1.2-16
## Matrix
                                 2019-03-08 [4] CRAN (R 3.5.2)
                     0.54.0 2018-07-23 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## matrixStats
## memoise
                      1.1.0 2017-04-21 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
                      0.5.0 2018-06-12 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## munsell
                      1.4.2 2019-06-29 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
1.0.3 2019-03-20 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
##
   pillar
##
   pkgbuild
## pkgconfig
                      2.0.3 2019-09-22 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
                       1.0.2 2018-10-29 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
##
   pkgload
##
                       1.8.4 2016-06-08 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
   plyr
   prettyunits
                      1.0.2 2015-07-13 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## processx
                      3.4.1 2019-07-18 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
                       1.3.0
                                 2018-12-21 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
##
   ps
##
   purrr
                      0.3.2
                                 2019-03-15 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## R6
                      2.4.0
                                 2019-02-14 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## RColorBrewer
                      1.1-2
                                 2014-12-07 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## Rcpp
                      1.0.2
                                 2019-07-25 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## RCurl
                      1.95-4.12 2019-03-04 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## remotes
                      2.1.0 2019-06-24 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
                      1.4.3
                                 2017-12-11 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
##
   reshape2
                      0.4.0
                                 2019-06-25 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
##
   rlang
                      1.16
##
   rmarkdown
                                 2019-10-01 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## rprojroot
                       1.3-2
                                 2018-01-03 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
                       1.34.1
## Rsamtools
                                 2019-01-31 [1] Bioconductor
## S4Vectors
                      * 0.20.1
                                 2018-11-09 [1] Bioconductor
                     * 0.99
                               2020-03-29 [1] local
## SaaRclust
## scales
                       1.0.0 2018-08-09 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
                      1.1.1
                                 2018-11-05 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
##
   sessioninfo
## stringi
                       1.4.3
                                 2019-03-12 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## stringr
                       1.4.0
                                 2019-02-10 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## SummarizedExperiment 1.12.0
                                 2018-10-30 [1] Bioconductor
                        2.1.1
## testthat
                                 2019-04-23 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## tibble
                      2.1.3 2019-06-06 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## tidyr
                       1.0.0 2019-09-11 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## tidyselect
                      0.2.5
                                 2018-10-11 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
##
   TSP
                        1.1-7
                                 2019-05-22 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
                       1.5.1
## usethis
                                 2019-07-04 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## vctrs
                        0.2.0
                                 2019-07-05 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
                        2.1.2
                                 2018-03-15 [1] CRAN (R 3.5.3)
## withr
```

Report any issues here:

References

Falconer, Ester, Mark Hills, Ulrike Naumann, Steven S S Poon, Elizabeth A Chavez, Ashley D Sanders, Yongjun Zhao, Martin Hirst, and Peter M Lansdorp. 2012. "DNA Template Strand Sequencing of Single-Cells Maps Genomic Rearrangements at High Resolution." *Nat. Methods* 9 (11): 1107–12.

Ghareghani, Maryam, David Porubsky, Ashley D Sanders, Sascha Meiers, Evan E Eichler, Jan O Korbel, and Tobias Marschall. 2018. "Strand-Seq Enables Reliable Separation of Long Reads by Chromosome via Expectation Maximization." *Bioinformatics* 34 (13): i115–i123.

Hills, Mark, Kieran O'Neill, Ester Falconer, Ryan Brinkman, and Peter M Lansdorp. 2013. "BAIT: Organizing Genomes and Mapping Rearrangements in Single Cells." *Genome Med.* 5 (9): 82.

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