# Quick introduction to SaaRclust

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Package version: SaaRclust

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#### 1 Introduction

We introduce a novel latent variable model and a corresponding Expectation Maximization (EM) algorithm, termed Strand-seq is a single-cell sequencing technique able to preserve contiguity of individual parental homologues in single-cell. This feature has been shown to be valuable for scaffolding early build genome assemblies as well finding chimeric or misoriented contigs. Here we introduce a SaaRclust as an R based package that implements a novel latent variable model and a corresponding Expectation Maximization (EM) algorithm in order to reliably cluster long sequencing reads by chromosome. Briefly, our approach produces, for each long read, a posterior probability distribution over all chromosomes of origin and read directionalities. In this way, it allows to assess the amount of uncertainty inherent to sparse Strand-seq data on the level of individual reads.

## 2 Quick Start

Set the location of the example data

inputfolder <- 'SaaRclust\_exampleData'</pre>

#### 2.1 Hard Clustering

In order to run only hard clustering on a example data, type:

```
# Hard clustering
```

# Remember to set HC.only=TRUE

runSaaRclust(inputfolder=inputfolder, outputfolder="SaaRclust\_results", num.clusters=54, EM.iter=100,alpha=0.01, minLib=10, upperQ=0.95, logL.th=1, theta.constrain=FALSE, store.counts=FALSE, store.bestAlign=TRUE, numAlignments=3000, HC.only=TRUE, verbose=TRUE)

#### 2.2 Soft Clustering

If RData object containing hard clustering results is already available you can run only soft clustering.

# Setting some variables

```
HC.input='SaaRclust_results/Clusters/'
minimap.file='SaaRclust_exampleData/...'
```

```
# Soft clustering
```

# If theta.param & pi.param are set to NULL SaaRclust will try to load them from HC.input.

SaaRclust(minimap.file=minimap.file, outputfolder='SaaRclust\_results', num.clusters=47, EM.iter=100, alpha=0.1, minLib=10, upperQ=0.95, theta.param=NULL, pi.param=NULL, logL.th=1, theta.constrain=FALSE, store.counts=FALSE, HC.input=HC.input)

## 2.3 Hard & Soft Clustering

In order to run hard and soft clustering in single command, type:

```
# Hard clustering
```

# Remember to set HC.only=FALSE

runSaaRclust(inputfolder=inputfolder, outputfolder="SaaRclust\_results", num.clusters=54, EM.iter=100,alpha=0.01, minLib=10, upperQ=0.95, logL.th=1, theta.constrain=FALSE, store.counts=FALSE, store.bestAlign=TRUE, numAlignments=3000, HC.only=FALSE, verbose=TRUE)

## 3 Examples

# Example minimap table

#### 4 Session Info

```
devtools::session_info()
## Session info -------
## setting value
## version R version 3.3.3 (2017-03-06)
## system x86_64, linux-gnu
## ui X11
## language
## collate en_US.UTF-8
## tz Europe/Berlin
## date 2018-03-12
## Packages ------
## package * version date source
## backports 1.1.2 2017-12-13 CRAN (R 3.3.1)
## base * 3.3.3 2017-03-06 local
## BiocStyle * 2.2.1 2018-03-04 Bioconductor
## datasets * 3.3.3 2017-03-06 local
## devtools 1.13.4 2017-11-09 CRAN (R 3.1.1)
## digest 0.6.13 2017-12-14 CRAN (R 3.3.1)
## evaluate 0.10.1 2017-06-24 CRAN (R 3.3.1)
## graphics * 3.3.3 2017-03-06 local
## grDevices * 3.3.3 2017-03-06 local
## htmltools 0.3.6 2017-04-28 CRAN (R 3.3.1)
## knitr 1.18 2017-12-27 CRAN (R 3.3.1)
## magrittr 1.5 2014-11-22 CRAN (R 3.3.1)
## memoise 1.1.0 2017-04-21 CRAN (R 3.1.1)
## methods * 3.3.3 2017-03-06 local
## Rcpp 0.12.15 2018-01-20 cran (@0.12.15)
## rmarkdown 1.9 2018-03-01 CRAN (R 3.3.3)
## rprojroot 1.2 2017-01-16 CRAN (R 3.1.1)
## stats * 3.3.3 2017-03-06 local
## stringi 1.1.6 2017-11-17 CRAN (R 3.3.1)
## stringr 1.2.0 2017-02-18 CRAN (R 3.3.1) ## tools 3.3.3 2017-03-06 local
## tools 3.3.3 2017-03-06 local
## utils * 3.3.3 2017-03-06 local
## withr 2.1.0 2017-11-01 CRAN (R 3.1.1)
## yaml 2.1.16 2017-12-12 CRAN (R 3.3.1)
```

Report any issues here: