Problem Set 9: Synthesizer II

Please send back to me via NYU Classes

 A zip archive named as PS09_<your name as Last_First>.zip containing the C code files that implements all aspects of all problems.

Total points: 100

Points are awarded as follows:

- 50 Points Port PS08 Synthesizer I code to C++
- 40 Points Add code to create modulator effect for synthesizer
- 10 Points Clear code, sensible formatting, good comments

You are given the following in PS09:

- These instructions
- build.sh which should be used to compile your C++ code.

(50 Points) Port to C++

General note: look at the code in NYU Classes: Resources/Lectures/Code/C++ for files main.cpp, shape.cpp and shape.h that show a simple example of the programming style for using Class Shape.

You will port the previous assignment, **PS08 Synthesizer I** to C++. This will involve the following:

- Copy all *.c and *.h code from PS08 to PS09
- Use the build.sh from PS09 to compile your code
- Rename main.c and synth.c to main.cpp and synth.cpp.
- In synth.h, change struct Synth to Class Synth.
 - Declare constructor() and destructor()
- In synth.cpp
 - The Synth constructor and destructor will be empty functions (i.e. only the ";" statement)
 - Change the definition of all member functions so that they are class members,
 e.g.
 - void Synth::init_synth(int in_num_chan, int in_samp_rate)
 - O In PS08, most functions defined in synth.c had as first argument a pointer to Synth. In PS09, Synth is a Class and the functions in synth.cpp are member functions of the class. Hence there is no need to have this first argument Class member functions are aware of member variables. In a Class member function "this->" does not have to be declared and is always a pointer to the class instantiation, so when you port your code, you can replace "ps->" with "this->".
- You can compile and link *.c and associated *.h files with *.cpp files using the C++ compiler, but you need to indicate to the compiler that these are *.c files and *.h files

containing C-language function prototypes. This is done by adding the following code as the first lines of both the *.c and the *.h files.

```
#ifdef __cplusplus
extern "C"
{
#endif
```

• To match this, add the following code as the last lines of the *.c and *.h files:

```
#ifdef __cplusplus
}
#endif
```

Do this in key_tables.c, key_tables.h, paUtils.c and paUtils.h.

After these changes, the program should compile and run in a manner identical to PS08.

(40 Points) Add Modulator Effect

Add a modulator whose frequency is read from the command line.

in **main.cpp** declare

```
double mod freq;
```

The frequency of the modulator will be an optional first command line argument. If the argument is NOT present, use a default value of zero for the modulator frequency. If the first argument is "—help" print a usage line as follows:

```
fprintf(stderr, "Usage: s [modulator_freq]\n", argv[0]); where the square brackets indicate that the argument is optional.
```

If the first argument is present, use atof() to set mod_freq from the first arg. Also, check that

```
mod_freq > 1 && mod_freq < 4000
If not, print an error message and return -1;</pre>
```

Modify Class Synth to have a new struct. Add this code below the declaration of the Tone struct:

```
/* modulator */
typedef struct {
    double freq;
    double phase_inc;
    double phase;
} Mod;

In Class Synth below
    Tone tone[KEYS_VOICED];
Define an instantiation of Mod
    Mod mod;
```

Add a new member function to Class Synth, in synth.h and synth.cpp:

Or

./synth 2000

You will get an interesting effect!