



TMA1301 - TT07

Group 4

2019/20

Title:

Queue System for Ticket Purchasing

Mohammad Luqman bin Mohd Salizan	1151102443
Azizi bin Mohamad Amin	1181302515
Muammar Ghadafi bin Badrul Hisham	1151101837
Muhammad Emir Azzat bin Abdillah	1181302265
Nabil Aizat bin Mohd Hafiz	1171100507

Table of Contents

Table of Contents	2
Details and Discussion	3
Diagrams	5
Codes and Algorithms	7
g4.m (main file)	7
TicketSetup.m	14
ServiceSetup.m	14
InterArrivalSetup.m	14
CounterSetup.m	15
Rando.m	15
printInit.m	16
probCDFRange.m	16
Type.m	17
Algorithm	18
Input and Output of Simulation	19
Input and Output of 1 Counter	19
Input and Output of 2 Counter	24

Details and Discussion

This report details the simulation system for ticket purchasing. It simulates customer's arrival times, waiting times, inter-arrival times and time spent waiting getting the average for all and also calculates the average time of a customer has spent in the system. For each simulation cycle, there are a number of customers that need to be served. Each customer will arrive at any time in the simulation cycle. After a customer arrives, the customer will be served if one of the counters is empty. If none of the counters are empty, the customer needs to wait until the counter is empty. When the customer is served, the customer can have different service time. After the service time ended, the customer left the counter.

Based on the scenario presented, there will be two probability graphs needed for the customer, which are the arrival time and the time taken for the customer to finish the service. The probability of the arrival time is simulated by setting the probability of the inter arrival time between customers. The inter-arrival will set a time between the current customer and the next customer, how far apart in time are they. The time taken for the customer to finish the service is also simulated by having its own probability graph. This will set how long the customer occupied the counter before they left the counter empty. The simulation also allows restrictions to the maximum range of inter-arrival time and the maximum range of service time. The ticket probability exists to keep track of the tickets sold, however they are not going to affect the simulation directly since the simulation focuses on the relationship between time and the counters. If the counter in the simulation is more than one, the user can have a granularity to control each counter whether the counter is initially open or close. The closed counter will automatically change its state to open when there are more than two customers waiting in the queue in any counter opened.

This simulation also has a few formulas for randomization. The program is randomize to allow the simulation to be a little realistic however, for the sake of calculated randomization, The Linear Congruential Generator (LCG) formulas are used. Which are the mixed LCG, additive LCG and the multiplication LCG. The formula is $RN = [(Seed * A) + C] \bmod M$, in which A and C is inputted by the user. When the additive is selected, $A=1$ and when the multiplication LCG is selected, $C=0$. There will also be a totally random number generator which is a FreeMat `randi(x,y)` function for the user as an option for a more realistic and unpredictable situation.

The simulation starts with the number of ticket type, number of counters, number of service time type, number of inter-arrival time type, number of customers, and type of randomizer used for the simulation from the user's input. After every input is accepted, the simulation will begin and the step by step simulation is shown. The speed of the step by step is

determined by the speed that the user wants at the beginning of the simulation whether its instant or default. Default will generate the result as if the simulation is taking place in virtual real time. The instant in the other hand will generate everything instantly and show the finished simulation. Other than that, the output will also display the customer summary, counter summary and the simulation summary. The customer summary will be the random interval time generated, the random ticker generated, ticket type, ticket quantity and the amount paid for every iteration. The counter summary on the other hand, will display the random service time generated, the start and end of the service, the waiting time and the time in the system for every iteration. The simulation summary will calculate and show the average time, average inter arrival time, average arrival time and the average time spent in the system for every iteration as well as the individual counters average service and their total sales.

Diagrams

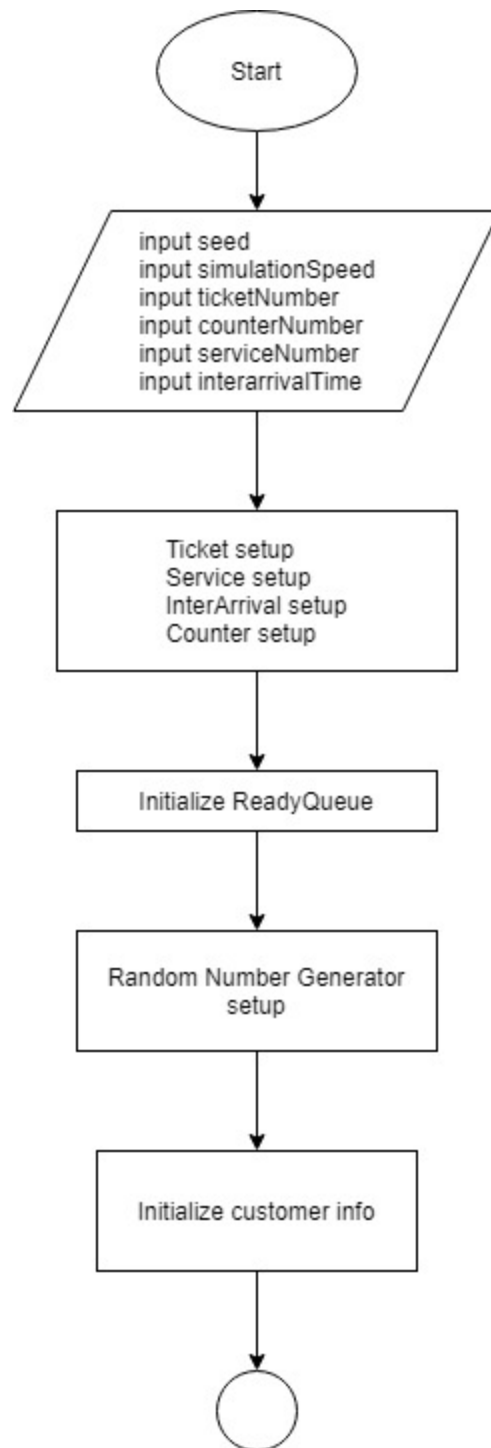


Diagram 2.1

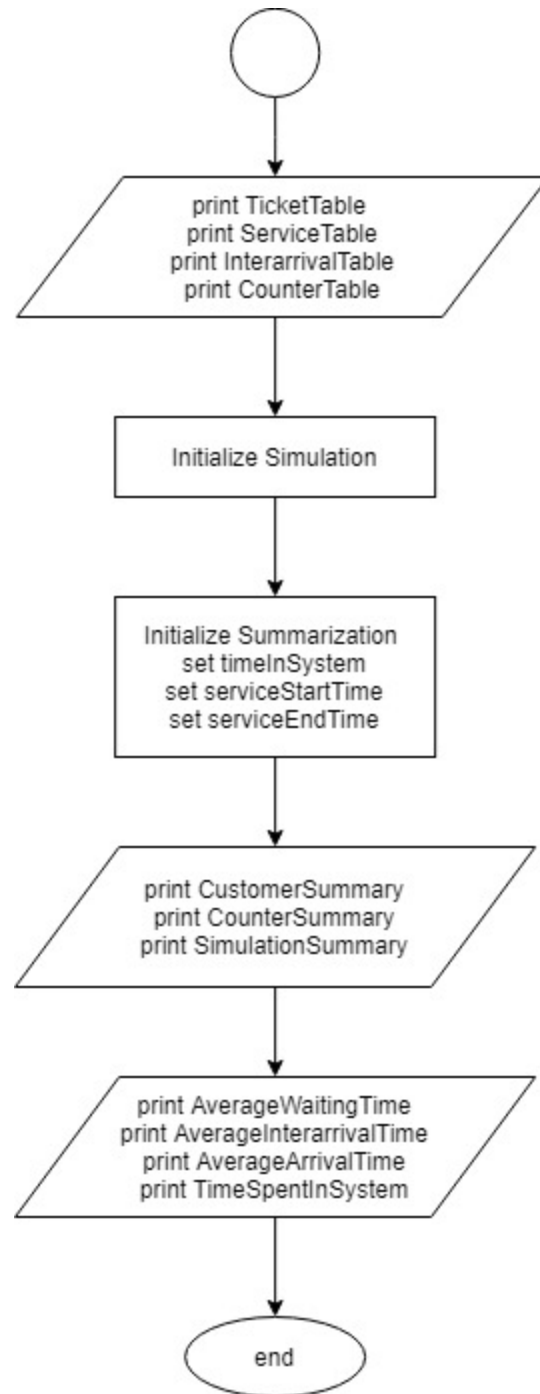


Diagram 2.2

Codes and Algorithms

g4.m (main file)

```
1  function g4()  
2      clc;  
3      seed = input('Seed: ');  
4      speed = 1;  
5      speed = input('Simulation Speed. [0-Instant / 1-Default]: ');  
6      InterSeed = seed;  
7      ServiceSeed = seed;  
8      TicketSeed = seed;
```

Diagram 3.1 Asks the user to input seeds for generating random numbers for interarrival time, service time and ticket.

```
9  
10     TicketN = input('How many type of tickets?: ');  
11  
12     CounterN = input('Amount of Counters: ');  
13     ServiceN = input('How many type of Service Time? : ' );  
14     InterArrivalN = input('How many type of InterArrival Time: ');  
15     CustomerN = input('How many Customers?: ');  
16  
17     if CustomerN<1  
18         printf('Customer cannot be less than 1, assigned 10 customers.');
```

Diagram 3.2 Here it asks the user to input the number of tickets, counters, service type, interarrival time and customer.

```
21     % TICKET SETUP [ Price, Probability, CDF, Range ]  
22     clc;  
23     disp('    Ticket Setup    <--')  
24  
25     Ticket = TicketSetup(TicketN);  
26     TicketMaxRange = Ticket(TicketN,4);  
27     Ticket = probCDFRange(Ticket, TicketN, TicketMaxRange); % SET PROBABILITY, CDF, MIN RANGE  
28     printf('\n');  
29     MinQty = input('Minimum Quantity of Ticket: ');  
30     MaxQty = input('Maximum Quantity of Ticket: ');  
31  
32  
33     % SERVICE TIME SETUP [ Time, Probability, CDF, Range ]  
34     clc;  
35     disp('    Service Time Setup    <--')  
36  
37     Service = ServiceSetup(ServiceN);  
38     ServiceMaxRange = Service(ServiceN,4);  
39     Service = probCDFRange(Service, ServiceN, ServiceMaxRange); % SET PROBABILITY, CDF, MIN RANGE  
40
```

Diagram 3.3 Setting up Ticket and Service Time

```

41
42     % INTERARRIVAL TIME SETUP [ Time, Probability, CDF, Range ]
43     clc;
44     disp('   InterArrival Time Setup   <--')
45
46     InterArrival = InterArrivalSetup(InterArrivalN);
47     InterArrivalMaxRange = InterArrival(InterArrivalN,4);
48     InterArrival = probCDFRange(InterArrival, InterArrivalN, InterArrivalMaxRange); % SET PROBABILITY
49
50
51     % COUNTER SETUP [ Status ]
52     clc;
53     disp('   Counter Setup   <--');
54
55     Counter = CounterSetup(CounterN);
56     % Initialize Individual Counter Queues
57     for i=1: CounterN
58         Cursor(i)=1;
59         for x=1:CustomerN
60             Queue(i,x)=0;
61         end
62     end
63
64     %Initialize Ready Queue
65     for i=1: CustomerN
66         ReadyQ(i)=0;
67     end
68     ReadyCursor=1;
69
70
71     %RNG SETUP
72     clc;
73     disp('   RNG Setup   <--');
74     printf('RN = [ ( Seed*A ) + C ] mod M\n');
75     printf('\n[1] Mixed LCG\n[2] Additive LCG, A=1\n[3] Multiplicative LCG, C=0\n[4] Freemat randi(X
76     Randomizer=input('Randomizer Type: ');
77     A=input('Value for A: ');
78     C=input('Value for C: ');

```

Diagram 3.4 Setting up Interarrival Time, Counter, RNG and initializing Ready Queue


```

82 % CUSTOMER INIT ( Too much work to put in different .m file )
83 for i=1:CustomerN
84     Customer(i,1) = Rando(Randomizer, InterArrivalMaxRange, InterSeed,A,C);%RN for Interarrival
85     InterSeed=Customer(i,1);
86
87     Customer(i,2) = InterArrival(Type(Customer(i,1),InterArrival,InterArrivalN),5);%Actual Interarri
88
89     if i==1 %AT (This Interarrival + previous customer ArrivalTime)
90         Customer(i,3) = 0;
91     else
92         Customer(i,3) = Customer(i-1,3)+Customer(i,2);
93     end
94
95     Customer(i,4) = Rando(Randomizer, ServiceMaxRange, ServiceSeed,A,C);%RN for BT
96     ServiceSeed=Customer(i,4);
97
98     Customer(i,5) = Service(Type(Customer(i,4),Service,ServiceN),5);%actual BT
99     Customer(i,6) = 0; %Elapsed Time, time being served
100    Customer(i,7) = 0; %Waiting Time, Time in Queue but not served
101    Customer(i,8) = 0; %Counter Chosed
102    Customer(i,9) = 0; %Time in System, Waiting+BT
103    Customer(i,10) = Rando(Randomizer, TicketMaxRange, TicketSeed,A,C); %RN Ticket Type
104    TicketSeed=Customer(i,10);
105
106    Customer(i,11) = Type(Customer(i,10),Ticket,TicketN); %Ticket Type
107    Customer(i,12) = randi(MinQty,MaxQty); %Ticket Amount
108    Customer(i,13) = Customer(i,12)*Ticket(Customer(i,11),5); %Total Price [Amount * Ticket Price]
109    Customer(i,14) = 0;%Service Start time
110    Customer(i,15) = 0;%Service Finish time
111 end

```

Diagram 3.5 Initialize Customer function

```

113 clc;
114 printf('\n -- SERVICE TABLE --\n');
115 printf(' -----\n');
116 printInit(Service,ServiceN, 'TIME');
117 printf('\n -- INTERARRIVAL TABLE --\n');
118 printf(' -----\n');
119 printInit(InterArrival,InterArrivalN, 'TIME');
120 printf('\n -- TICKET TABLE --\n');
121 printf(' -----\n');
122 printInit(Ticket,TicketN, 'PRICE');
123

```

Diagram 3.6 Displays Service Table, Interarrival Table and Ticket Table

```

129 %Begin Simulation
130 printf('\nSTART SIMULATION\n\n');
131
132
133 time=0;
134 Done=0; %Amount of customers that have been served
135
136 totalOpen=0; %Init amount of open starting counter to avoid no counter open at start
137 for i=1:CounterN
138     if Counter(i,1)==1
139         totalOpen=totalOpen+1;
140     end
141 end
142 if totalOpen<1 %Open the first Counter due to no open counter
143     ctr=randi(1,CounterN);
144     Counter(ctr,1)=1;
145     printf('Random Counter opened due to no open counters. Counter %1.0f Opened\n',ctr);
146 end
147 for i=1:TicketN %Init Amount of ticket Bought
148     ticketBoughtN(i)=0;
149 end
150
151 while Done ~= CustomerN
152
153     for i=1:CounterN %elapsed
154         if Cursor(i)>1
155             Customer(Queue(i,1),6)=Customer(Queue(i,1),6)+1;
156         end
157
158         if Cursor(i)>2%Waiting
159             for x=2:Cursor(i)-1
160                 Customer(Queue(i,x),7)=Customer(Queue(i,x),7)+1;
161             end
162         end
163     end

```

Diagram 3.7 Simulation execution

```

165     for i=1:CounterN %completing
166         if Cursor(i)>1
167             if Customer(Queue(i,1),6) == Customer(Queue(i,1),5)
168                 printf('[ %1.0f ] Counter %1.0f has finished serving Customer %1.0f.\n',time,i);
169                 pause(speed);
170                 Queue(i,1)=0;
171                 Queue(i,:)=circshift(Queue(i,:),[0,-1]);
172                 Cursor(i)=Cursor(i)-1;
173                 Done=Done+1;
174
175                 if Cursor(i)>1
176                     printf('[ %1.0f ] Counter %1.0f has started serving Customer %1.0f.\n',time,i);
177                 end
178             end
179         end
180     end
181
182     for i=1:CustomerN %put into ready queue
183         if Customer(i,3) == time
184             ReadyQ(ReadyCursor)=i;
185             printf('[ %1.0f ] Customer %1.0f has arrived.\n',time,i);
186             pause(speed);
187             ReadyCursor=ReadyCursor+1;
188         end
189     end
190
191     while ReadyCursor>1 %ready into open queue
192         lowest=0;
193         for i=1:CounterN % lowest amount of cust of open Counter
194             if Counter(i,1)==1
195                 lowest=i;
196                 break;
197             end
198         end
199         if lowest~=0
200             for i=1:CounterN %put into queue by first comparing among the lowest cou
201                 if Cursor(i)<Cursor(lowest) && Counter(i,1)==1
202                     lowest=i;
203                 end
204             end
205         end
206         Queue(lowest,Cursor(lowest))=ReadyQ(1);

```

Diagram 3.8 Simulation execution

```

237     % SUMMARIZATION
238
239     for i=1: CustomerN %Set Values
240         Customer(i,9)=Customer(i,7)+Customer(i,5);%Time in System
241         Customer(i,14)=Customer(i,7)+Customer(i,3);%Service Start Time
242         Customer(i,15)=Customer(i,14)+Customer(i,5);%Service End Time
243     end
244

```

Diagram 3.9 Setting values for summarization

```

246 %Print Customer Summary
247 printf('\n\n ----- \n');
248 printf(' -- CUSTOMER SUMMARY -- \n');
249 printf(' ----- \n');
250 printf('%2s%10s%10s%10s%10s%11s%10s\n', 'n', 'RN Inter', 'Inter.', 'Arrival', 'RN
251 for i=1:CustomerN
252     printf('%2.0f%10.0f%10.0f%10.0f%10.0f%10.0f%10.0f\n', i, Customer(i,1),
253 end

```

Diagram 3.10 Display Customer Summary, refer code for full lines

```

255 %Print Counters Summary
256 printf('\n\n ----- \n');
257 printf(' -- COUNTER SUMMARY -- \n');
258 printf(' ----- \n');
259 for i=1:CounterN
260     printf(' Counter %1.0f\n', i);
261     printf(' ----- \n');
262     printf('%2s%10s%8s%12s%10s%16s\n', 'n', 'RN Serv', 'Serv.', 'Serv Start', 'Se
263     for x=1:CustomerN
264         if Customer(x,8)==i
265             printf('%2.0f%10.0f%8.0f%12.0f%10.0f%10.0f%10.0f\n', x, Customer(x,4)
266         end
267     end
268 end
269

```

Diagram 3.11 Display Counter Summary, refer code for full line

```

270 %Print Simulation Summary
271 printf('\n\n ----- \n');
272 printf(' -- SIMULATION SUMMARY -- \n');
273 printf(' ----- \n');
274
275 %average waiting time
276 %average interarrival
277 %average arrival
278 %average time spent
279 avgWT=0;
280 avgIT=0;
281 avgAT=0;
282 avgTS=0;
283 for i=1:CustomerN
284     avgWT=avgWT+Customer(i,7);
285     avgIT=avgIT+Customer(i,2);
286     avgAT=avgAT+Customer(i,3);
287     avgTS=avgTS+Customer(i,9);
288 end
289 avgWT=avgWT/CustomerN;
290 avgIT=avgIT/CustomerN;
291 avgAT=avgAT/CustomerN;
292 avgTS=avgTS/CustomerN;
293

```

Diagram 3.12 Getting average waiting, interarrival, arrival and spent time for simulation summary

```

296     %average service per counter
297     %sales per counter
298     for i=1:CounterN
299         avgServ(i)=0;
300         custpercounter(i)=0;
301         counterSales(i)=0;
302     end
303     for i=1:CustomerN
304         for x=1:CounterN
305             if Customer(i,8)==x
306                 avgServ(x)=avgServ(x)+Customer(i,5);
307                 counterSales(x)=counterSales(x)+Customer(i,13);
308                 custpercounter(x)=custpercounter(x)+1;
309             end
310         end
311     end
312
313     for i=1:CounterN
314         avgServ(i)=avgServ(i)/custpercounter(i);
315     end

```

Diagram 3.13 Get average service time per counter

```

318     printf('Average Waiting Time: %1.2f\n',avgWT);
319     printf('Average InterArrival Time: %1.2f\n',avgIT);
320     printf('Average Arrival Time: %1.2f\n',avgAT);
321     printf('Average Time Spent in System: %1.2f\n\n',avgTS);
322
323     for i=1:CounterN
324         printf('Counter %1.0f Average Service Time: %1.2f\n',i, avgServ(i));
325         printf('Counter %1.0f Total Sales: %1.2f\n',i, counterSales(i));
326     end

```

Diagram 3.14 Displays all average

TicketSetup.m

```
1 function y = TicketSetup(TicketN)
2
3     for i=1: TicketN
4         printf('\n -- Ticket %1.0f/%1.0f -- \n', i,TicketN);
5         Ticket(i,5) = input('Ticket Price: ');
6         Ticket(i,4) = input('Ticket Max Range: ');
7     end
8
9     y=Ticket;
```

Diagram 3.15 Ticket Setup function

ServiceSetup.m

```
1 function y = ServiceSetup(ServiceN)
2
3     for i=1: ServiceN
4         printf('\n -- Service %1.0f/%1.0f -- \n', i,ServiceN);
5         Service(i,5) = input('Service Time Amount: ');
6         Service(i,4) = input('Service Max Range: ');
7     end
8
9     y=Service;
```

Diagram 3.16 Service Setup function

InterArrivalSetup.m

```
1 function y = InterArrivalSetup(InterArrivalN)
2
3     for i=1: InterArrivalN
4         printf('\n -- InterArrival %1.0f/%1.0f -- \n', i,InterArrivalN);
5         InterArrival(i,5) = input('InterArrival Time Amount: ');
6         InterArrival(i,4) = input('InterArrival Max Range: ');
7     end
8
9     y=InterArrival;
```

Diagram 3.17 Interarrival Setup function

CounterSetup.m

```
1  function y = CounterSetup(CounterN)
2
3      for i=1: CounterN
4          printf('\n -- Counter %1.0f/%1.0f -- \n', i,CounterN);
5          Counter(i,1) = input('Counter Status [0-Close / 1-Open]: ');
6          Counter(i,2) = 0;
7          Counter(i,3) = 0;
8          Counter(i,4) = 0;
9
10     end
11
12     y=Counter;
```

Diagram 3.18 Counter Setup function

Rando.m

```
1  function y = Rando(Choice, m,seed,A,C)
2      a=A;
3      c=C;
4      if Choice==2 %Additive
5          a=1;
6      elseif Choice ==3 %Multiplicative
7          c=0;
8      end
9
10     Number = mod((a*seed) + c),m);
11     Number = Number+1;
12
13     if Choice==4
14         Number = randi(1,m);
15     end
16     y=Number;
```

Diagram 3.19 Randomizer function

printInit.m

```
1 function printInit(matrix, n,title)
2     printf('%2s%10s%10s%10s%14s\n','n',title,'PROB.','CDF','RANGE');
3     for i=1 : n
4         printf('%2.0f%10.2f%10.2f%10.2f%10.0f - %2.0f\n', [ i matrix(i , 5) matrix
5         end
```

Diagram 3.20 Print function for displaying data in table form (refer code for full line)

probCDFRange.m

```
1 function y = probCDFRange(matrix,n,maxrange)
2
3     % Matrix :-
4     % prob | CDF | min | max
5
6     %Set Min Range
7     for i=1: n
8         if i == 1
9             matrix(i,3) = 1;
10        else
11            matrix(i,3) = matrix(i-1,4)+1;
12        end
13    end
14
15    %Set CDF
16    for i=1: n
17        matrix(i,2) = matrix(i,4)/maxrange;
18    end
19
20    %Set Probability
21    for i=1:n
22        matrix(i,1) = (matrix(i,4)+1 - matrix(i,3)) / maxrange;
23    end
24
25    y=matrix;
```

Diagram 3.21 Function for setting probability, CDF and min range

Type.m

```
1  function y = Type(rand,Item,ItemN)
2
3      for i=1 : ItemN
4          if rand <=Item(i,4)
5              num=i;
6              break;
7          end
8      end
9
10     y=num;
```

Diagram 3.22 Function to get value by comparing random generated number with item number range

Algorithm

```
Start
input seed
input simulation speed
input ticketNumber
input counterNumber
input serviceNumber
input interarrivalTime
set Ticket;
set Service;
set InterArrival;
set Counter;
Initialize ReadyQueue;
set RNG;
Initialize Customer;
print TicketTable;
print ServiceTable;
print InterarrivalTable;
print CounterTable;
Initialize Simulation;
Initialize Summarization;
set timeInSystem;
set serviceStartTime;
set serviceEndTime;
print CustomerSummary;
print CounterSummary;
print SimulationSummary
print AverageWaitingTime;
print AverageInterarrivalTime;
print AverageArrivalTime;
print TimeSpentInSystem;
end
```

Input and Output of Simulation

Input and Output of 1 Counter

For this simulation we have decided to use the value of 1 as the seed number. Besides that, for random number generators we used mixed LCG with the value for 'a' is 4 and the value of 'c' is 3.

Input :

```
Seed: 1
Simulation Speed. [0-Instant / 1-Default]: 1
How many type of tickets?: 1
Amount of Counters: 1
How many type of Service Time? : 6
How many type of InterArrival Time: 8
How many Customers?: 10
```

Diagram 4.1 Initialize the variable needed for simulation

```
-->    Ticket Setup    <--

-- Ticket 1/1 --
Ticket Price: 1
Ticket Max Range: 1

Minimum Quantity of Ticket: 1
Maximum Quantity of Ticket: 1
```

Diagram 4.2 Initialize the price and quantity of ticket

```

-->      Service Time Setup      <--

-- Service 1/6 --
Service Time Amount: 1
Service Max Range: 10

-- Service 2/6 --
Service Time Amount: 2
Service Max Range: 30

-- Service 3/6 --
Service Time Amount: 3
Service Max Range: 60

-- Service 4/6 --
Service Time Amount: 4
Service Max Range: 85

-- Service 5/6 --
Service Time Amount: 5
Service Max Range: 95

-- Service 6/6 --
Service Time Amount: 6
Service Max Range: 100

```

Diagram 4.3 Initialize the value for service time table

```

-->      InterArrival Time Setup      <--

-- InterArrival 1/8 --
InterArrival Time Amount: 1
InterArrival Max Range: 125

-- InterArrival 2/8 --
InterArrival Time Amount: 2
InterArrival Max Range: 250

-- InterArrival 3/8 --
InterArrival Time Amount: 3
InterArrival Max Range: 325

-- InterArrival 4/8 --
InterArrival Time Amount: 4
InterArrival Max Range: 500

-- InterArrival 5/8 --
InterArrival Time Amount: 5
InterArrival Max Range: 625

-- InterArrival 6/8 --
InterArrival Time Amount: 6
InterArrival Max Range: 750

-- InterArrival 7/8 --
InterArrival Time Amount: 7
InterArrival Max Range: 875

-- InterArrival 8/8 --
InterArrival Time Amount: 8
InterArrival Max Range: 1000

```

Diagram 4.4 Initialize the value for interarrival time table

```

-->   RNG Setup   <--
RN = [ ( Seed*A ) + C ] mod M

[1] Mixed LCG
[2] Additive LCG, A=1
[3] Multiplicative LCG, C=0
[4] Freemat randi(X,Y) function *Recommended
*Choice 4 does not use seed

Randomizer Type: 1
Value for A: 4
Value for C: 3

```

Diagram 4.5 Choose the Random Number Generator Setup

Output :

-- SERVICE TABLE --				

n	TIME	PROB.	CDF	RANGE
1	1.00	0.10	0.10	1 - 10
2	2.00	0.20	0.30	11 - 30
3	3.00	0.30	0.60	31 - 60
4	4.00	0.25	0.85	61 - 85
5	5.00	0.10	0.95	86 - 95
6	6.00	0.05	1.00	96 - 100
-- INTERARRIVAL TABLE --				

n	TIME	PROB.	CDF	RANGE
1	1.00	0.12	0.12	1 - 125
2	2.00	0.12	0.25	126 - 250
3	3.00	0.07	0.33	251 - 325
4	4.00	0.17	0.50	326 - 500
5	5.00	0.12	0.62	501 - 625
6	6.00	0.12	0.75	626 - 750
7	7.00	0.12	0.88	751 - 875
8	8.00	0.12	1.00	876 - 1000
-- TICKET TABLE --				

n	PRICE	PROB.	CDF	RANGE
1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1 - 1

Diagram 4.6 Display the Service table, Interarrival table and Ticket table

```
START SIMULATION

[ 0 ] Customer 1 has arrived.
[ 0 ] Customer 1 has entered Counter 1.

[ 1 ] Counter 1 has finished serving Customer 1.
[ 1 ] Customer 2 has arrived.
[ 1 ] Customer 2 has entered Counter 1.

[ 3 ] Customer 3 has arrived.
[ 3 ] Customer 3 has entered Counter 1.

[ 4 ] Counter 1 has finished serving Customer 2.
[ 4 ] Counter 1 has started serving Customer 3.

[ 7 ] Counter 1 has finished serving Customer 3.

[ 8 ] Customer 4 has arrived.
[ 8 ] Customer 4 has entered Counter 1.

[ 12 ] Customer 5 has arrived.
[ 12 ] Customer 5 has entered Counter 1.

[ 14 ] Counter 1 has finished serving Customer 4.
[ 14 ] Counter 1 has started serving Customer 5.

[ 17 ] Customer 6 has arrived.
[ 17 ] Customer 6 has entered Counter 1.

[ 19 ] Counter 1 has finished serving Customer 5.
```

Diagram 4.7 Display the step-by-step simulation

-- CUSTOMER SUMMARY --											
n	RN	Inter	Inter.	Arrival	RN	Tkt	Tkt Type	Tkt Qty	Amt.	Paid	
1		8	1	0		1	1	1		1	
2		36	1	1		1	1	1		1	
3		148	2	3		1	1	1		1	
4		596	5	8		1	1	1		1	
5		388	4	12		1	1	1		1	
6		556	5	17		1	1	1		1	
7		228	2	19		1	1	1		1	
8		916	8	27		1	1	1		1	
9		668	6	33		1	1	1		1	
10		676	6	39		1	1	1		1	

-- COUNTER SUMMARY --											

Counter 1											

n	RN	Serv	Serv.	Serv Start	Serv End	Waiting	Time in System				
1		8	1	0	1	0	1				
2		36	3	1	4	0	3				
3		48	3	4	7	1	4				
4		96	6	8	14	0	6				
5		88	5	14	19	2	7				
6		56	3	19	22	2	5				
7		28	2	22	24	3	5				
8		16	2	27	29	0	2				
9		68	4	33	37	0	4				
10		76	4	39	43	0	4				

-- SIMULATION SUMMARY --											

Average Waiting Time: 0.80											
Average InterArrival Time: 4.00											
Average Arrival Time: 15.90											
Average Time Spent in System: 4.10											
Counter 1 Average Service: 3.30											
Counter 1 Total Sales: 10.00											

Diagram 4.8 Display the summary for customer table, counter table and the simulation average value

Input and Output of 2 Counter

For this simulation we have decided to use the value of 1 as the seed number. Besides that, for random number generators we used mixed LCG with the value for 'a' is 4 and the value of 'c' is 3.

Input :

```
Seed: 1
Simulation Speed. [0-Instant / 1-Default]: 1
How many type of tickets?: 1
Amount of Counters: 2
How many type of Service Time? : 4
How many type of InterArrival Time: 4
How many Customers?: 12
```

Diagram 4.9 Initialize the variable needed for simulation

```
-->    Ticket Setup    <--
-- Ticket 1/1 --
Ticket Price: 1
Ticket Max Range: 1

Minimum Quantity of Ticket: 1
Maximum Quantity of Ticket: 1█
```

Diagram 4.10 Initialize the price and quantity of ticket


```
-->      Service Time Setup      <--  
  
  -- Service 1/4 --  
Service Time Amount: 2  
Service Max Range: 30  
  
  -- Service 2/4 --  
Service Time Amount: 3  
Service Max Range: 58  
  
  -- Service 3/4 --  
Service Time Amount: 4  
Service Max Range: 83  
  
  -- Service 4/4 --  
Service Time Amount: 5  
Service Max Range: 100
```

Diagram 4.11 Initialize the value for service time table

```
-->      InterArrival Time Setup      <--  
  
  -- InterArrival 1/4 --  
InterArrival Time Amount: 1  
InterArrival Max Range: 25  
  
  -- InterArrival 2/4 --  
InterArrival Time Amount: 2  
InterArrival Max Range: 65  
  
  -- InterArrival 3/4 --  
InterArrival Time Amount: 3  
InterArrival Max Range: 85  
  
  -- InterArrival 4/4 --  
InterArrival Time Amount: 4  
InterArrival Max Range: 100
```

Diagram 4.12 Initialize the value for interarrival time table

```
-->      Counter Setup      <--  
  
  -- Counter 1/2 --  
Counter Status [0-Close / 1-Open]: 1  
  
  -- Counter 2/2 --  
Counter Status [0-Close / 1-Open]: 1
```

Diagram 4.13 Choose the counter status

```
-->      RNG Setup      <--  
RN = [ ( Seed*A ) + C ] mod M  
  
[1] Mixed LCG  
[2] Additive LCG, A=1  
[3] Multiplicative LCG, C=0  
[4] Freemat randi(X,Y) function *Recommended  
*Choice 4 does not use seed  
  
Randomizer Type: 1  
Value for A: 4  
Value for C: 3
```

Diagram 4.14 Choose the Random Number Generator Setup

Output :

-- SERVICE TABLE --				

n	TIME	PROB.	CDF	RANGE
1	2.00	0.30	0.30	1 - 30
2	3.00	0.28	0.58	31 - 58
3	4.00	0.25	0.83	59 - 83
4	5.00	0.17	1.00	84 - 100

-- INTERARRIVAL TABLE --				

n	TIME	PROB.	CDF	RANGE
1	1.00	0.25	0.25	1 - 25
2	2.00	0.40	0.65	26 - 65
3	3.00	0.20	0.85	66 - 85
4	4.00	0.15	1.00	86 - 100

-- TICKET TABLE --				

n	PRICE	PROB.	CDF	RANGE
1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1 - 1

Diagram 4.15 Display the Service table, Interarrival table and Ticket table

```
START SIMULATION

[ 0 ] Customer 1 has arrived.
[ 0 ] Customer 1 has entered Counter 1.

[ 2 ] Counter 1 has finished serving Customer 1.
[ 2 ] Customer 2 has arrived.
[ 2 ] Customer 2 has entered Counter 1.

[ 4 ] Customer 3 has arrived.
[ 4 ] Customer 3 has entered Counter 2.

[ 5 ] Counter 1 has finished serving Customer 2.

[ 7 ] Counter 2 has finished serving Customer 3.

[ 8 ] Customer 4 has arrived.
[ 8 ] Customer 4 has entered Counter 1.

[ 12 ] Customer 5 has arrived.
[ 12 ] Customer 5 has entered Counter 2.
```

Diagram 4.16 Display the step-by-step simulation

-- CUSTOMER SUMMARY --										

n	RN	Inter	Inter.	Arrival	RN Tkt	Tkt Type	Tkt Qty	Amt.	Paid	
1		8	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	
2		36	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	
3		48	2	4	1	1	1	1	1	
4		96	4	8	1	1	1	1	1	
5		88	4	12	1	1	1	1	1	
6		56	2	14	1	1	1	1	1	
7		28	2	16	1	1	1	1	1	
8		16	1	17	1	1	1	1	1	
9		68	3	20	1	1	1	1	1	
10		76	3	23	1	1	1	1	1	
11		8	1	24	1	1	1	1	1	
12		36	2	26	1	1	1	1	1	

-- COUNTER SUMMARY --										

Counter 1										

n	RN	Serv	Serv.	Serv Start	Serv End	Waiting	Time in System			
1		8	2	0	2	0	2			
2		36	3	2	5	0	3			
4		96	5	8	13	0	5			
6		56	3	14	17	0	3			
7		28	2	17	19	1	3			
9		68	4	20	24	0	4			
11		8	2	24	26	0	2			
12		36	3	26	29	0	3			
Counter 2										

n	RN	Serv	Serv.	Serv Start	Serv End	Waiting	Time in System			
3		48	3	4	7	0	3			
5		88	5	12	17	0	5			
8		16	2	17	19	0	2			
10		76	4	23	27	0	4			

Diagram 4.17 Display the summary for customer table and both counter table

```
-----
-- SIMULATION SUMMARY --
-----
Average Waiting Time: 0.08
Average InterArrival Time Time: 2.25
Average Arrival Time: 13.83
Average Time Spent in System: 3.25

Counter 1 Average Service: 3.00
Counter 1 Total Sales: 8.00
Counter 2 Average Service: 3.50
Counter 2 Total Sales: 4.00
```

Diagram 4.18 The summary of the simulation