



PROJECT
Portfolio



Name

Vishal Kumar Dagur

PIZZA SALES

● USING MYSQL



ABOUT ME

- Aspiring Operations & Data Professional with a strong foundation in SQL and data analysis
- Currently pursuing MBA in Operations Management from Delhi University (SOL)
- Practical experience in procurement, dispatch, and supply chain coordination
- Skilled in MySQL, Excel (Pivot Tables, Macros), and analytical problem-solving
- Passionate about using data to drive insights and optimize operations
- Focused on transitioning into data-driven roles within supply chain and operations analytics

RETRIEVE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ORDERS PLACED.

```
2  
3 SELECT  
4     COUNT(order_id) AS total_orders  
5 FROM  
6     orders;  
7
```

Result Grid

total_orders
21350



CALCULATE THE TOTAL REVENUE GENERATED FROM PIZZA SALES

```
SELECT
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
          2) AS total_sales
FROM
    order_details
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id;
```

Result Grid

total_sales

817860.05



IDENTIFY THE HIGHEST-PRICED PIZZA

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

Result Grid



Filter

name

price

The Greek Pizza

35.95



IDENTIFY THE MOST COMMON PIZZA SIZE ORDERED

```
SELECT
    quantity, COUNT(order_details_id)
FROM
    order_details
GROUP BY quantity;

SELECT
    pizzas.size,
    COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) AS order_count
FROM
    pizzas
    JOIN
    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizzas.size
ORDER BY order_count DESC;
```

Result Grid



Filter Rows:

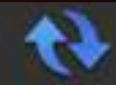
	quantity	COUNT(order_details_id)
	1	47693
	2	903
	3	21
	4	3



LIST THE TOP 5 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES ALONG WITH THEIR QUANTITIES

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS qty
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY qty DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

Result Grid



Filter Rows:

	name	qty
	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371



JOIN THE NECESSARY TABLES TO FIND THE TOTAL QUANTITY OF EACH PIZZA CATEGORY ORDERED

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY quantity DESC;
```

Result Grid



Filter Row

	category	quantity	
	Classic	14888	
	Supreme	11987	
	Veggie	11649	
	Chicken	11050	



DETERMINE THE DISTRIBUTION OF ORDERS BY HOUR OF THE DAY

```
SELECT
    HOUR(order_time) AS hour, COUNT(order_id) AS order_count
FROM
    orders
GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
```

Result Grid   Filter Ro

hour	order_count
11	1231
12	2520
13	2455
14	1472
15	1468
16	1920
17	2336
18	2399
19	2009
20	1642
21	1198
22	663
23	28
10	8
9	1

JOIN RELEVANT TABLES TO FIND THE CATEGORY-WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PIZZAS

```
SELECT  
    category, COUNT(name)  
FROM  
    pizza_types  
GROUP BY category;
```

Result Grid   Filter Rows

	category	COUNT(name)	
	Chicken	6	
	Classic	8	
	Supreme	9	
	Veggie	9	



GROUP THE ORDERS BY DATE AND CALCULATE THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF PIZZAS ORDERED PER DAY

```
SELECT
    ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0) AS avg_pizza_ordered_per_day
FROM
    (SELECT
        orders.order_date, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
    FROM
        orders
    JOIN order_details ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
    GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS order_quantity;
```

Result Grid



Filter Rows:



Se

avg_pizza_ordered_per_day

138



DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE

```
select pizza_types.name,  
sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue  
from pizza_types join pizzas  
on pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id  
join order_details  
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
group by pizza_types.name order by revenue desc limit 3;
```

Result Grid



Filter Rows:



	name	revenue
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5



CALCULATE THE PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF EACH PIZZA TYPE TO TOTAL REVENUE

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) / (SELECT
        ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
            2) AS total_sales
        FROM
            order_details
            JOIN
                pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id) * 100,
        2) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
        pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
        order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY revenue DESC;
```

Result Grid

	category	revenue
	Classic	26.91
	Supreme	25.46
	Chicken	23.96
	Veggie	23.68



ANALYZE THE CUMULATIVE REVENUE GENERATED OVER TIME

```
select order_date,  
sum(revenue) over(order by order_date) as cum_revenue  
from  
(select orders.order_date,  
sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue  
from order_details join pizzas  
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
join orders  
on orders.order_id = order_details.order_id  
group by orders.order_date) as sales;
```

Result Grid



Filter Rows:

	order_date	cum_revenue
	2015-01-01	2713.85000000000004
	2015-01-02	5445.75
	2015-01-03	8108.15
	2015-01-04	9863.6
	2015-01-05	11929.55
	2015-01-06	14358.5
	2015-01-07	16560.7
	2015-01-08	19399.05
	2015-01-09	21526.4
	2015-01-10	23990.3500000000002



DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE FOR EACH PIZZA CATEGORY

```
select name, revenue from
(select category, name, revenue, rank()
over(partition by category order by revenue desc) as rn from
(select pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name,
sum((order_details.quantity) * pizzas.price ) as revenue
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name) as a) as b
where rn<= 3;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:	Search
	name	revenue		
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25		
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768		
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5		
	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5		
	The Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25		
	The Pepperoni Pizza	30161.75		
	The Spicy Italian Pizza	34831.25		
	The Italian Supreme Pizza	33476.75		
	The Sicilian Pizza	30940.5		
	The Four Cheese Pizza	32265.70000000065		
	The Mexicana Pizza	26780.75		
	The Five Cheese Pizza	26066.5		



WHAT I LEARNED

- Strengthened my understanding of SQL fundamentals including JOIN, GROUP BY, ORDER BY, LIMIT, and WHERE clauses.
- Gained hands-on experience in data aggregation, using functions like SUM(), COUNT(), ROUND(), and AVG().
- Learned to extract meaningful business insights from raw data — such as top-selling products, order patterns, and revenue trends.
- Practiced window functions like RANK() and SUM() OVER() to perform advanced analytics.
- Understood the importance of data relationships across multiple tables and how to join them effectively for reporting.
- Developed confidence in handling real-world datasets and generating reports that could support business decisions.



THANK YOU

FOR ATTENTION

● 2025 MYSQL PROJECT