

2017 English Entrance Exam



EDUCATIONAL ASSESSMENT AND EXAMINATIONS SERVICE (EAES) ETHIOPIAN SECONDARY SCHOOL LEAVING CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION (ESSLCE) English, Sene, 2017 E.C./June/July, 2025 G.C.

NUMBER OF ITEMS: 100
TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOURS

SUBJECT CODE: 01
BOOKLET CODE: 214



I. COMPREHENSION

Directions: There are two passages in this section. Read each of them carefully and answer questions 1 - 18 according to the information given. From the four choices A-D given for each question, choose the correct answer and blacken the letter of your choice on the separate answer sheet provided.

Section One: Reading Passage I

1. Homeless people are everywhere-on the street, in public buildings, on the evening news and at the corner parking lot. You can hardly step out of your house these days without meeting some haggard character who asks you for a cigarette or begs for "a little change". The homeless are not just constant symbols of wasted lives and social programs-they have become a danger to public safety.

2. What is the root of the homeless problem? Everyone seems to have a scapegoat. Advocates of the homeless blame government policy; politicians blame the legal system; the courts blame the bureaucratic infrastructure; the Democrats blame the Republicans and the Republicans blame the Democrats. The public also blames the economy, drugs, the "poverty cycle", and "the breakdown of society". With all this finger-pointing, the group most responsible for the homeless being the way they are received the least blame. That group is the homeless themselves.

3. How can I say this? For the past two years I have worked with the homeless, volunteering at the Salvation Army and at a soup kitchen in Austin, Texas. I have led a weekly chapel service, served food, listened, counseled, given time and money, and shared their struggles. I have seen their response to troubles, and though I would rather report otherwise, many of them seem to have chosen the life styles they lead. They are unwilling to do the things necessary to overcome their circumstances. They must bear the greatest part of the blame for their manifold troubles.

4. Let me qualify what I just said. Not everyone who finds himself out of a job and in the street is there because he/she wants to be. Some are victims of tragic circumstances. I met many exhausted, sensible people during my time working with Austin's homeless: the single father struggling to earn his working his Austin's homeless: the single father struggling to earn his bread and be a role model for his children; the woman who fled a good job in another city to escape an abusive husband; the well- educated young man who had his world turned upside down by divorce and a layoff. These people deserve every effort to help them back on their feet.

5. But they are not the real problem. They are usually off the streets and resuming normal lives within a period of weeks or months. Even while "down on their luck", they are responsible citizens, working in the shelters and applying for jobs. They are homeless, true but only temporarily, because they are eager to reorganize their lives.

6. For every person temporarily homeless, though there are many who are chronically so. Whether because of mental illness, alcoholism, poor education, drug addiction, or simply laziness, these homeless are content to remain as they are. In many cases they choose the streets. They enjoy the freedom and consider begging a minor inconvenience. They know they can always get a job for a day or two for food, cigarettes and alcohol. The sophisticated among them have learned to use the system for what it is worth and figure out that a trip through the welfare line is less trouble than a steady job. In a society that has mastered a dodging responsibility, these homeless prefer a life of no responsibility at all.

(Source: Critical Thinking, Thoughtful Writing: A Rhetoric with Readings by Chaffee, J. U.S.A (1999) (P.374-375).

1. Which one of the following statements is true according to paragraph 4?
 - A. Some homeless who are victims of circumstances deserve help to recognize their lives again.
 - B. None of those in the street deserves any effort to help them back on their feet.
 - C. A woman fleeing an abusive husband is right away homeless.
 - D. Everyone who finds themselves out of a job is homeless.
2. Which of the following best describes this passage writer's tone?
 - A. Appreciation C. Praise
 - B. Appeasement D. Criticism
3. What does the expression 'I would rather report otherwise' indicate in the context it is used in paragraph 3?
 - A. The need to tell the public about the homeless
 - B. The fear to hide the true cause of homelessness
 - C. The need to explain the troubles facing the homeless
 - D. The fear to condemn the government for the problem
4. What purpose does the writer's reference to personal experience in paragraph 3 serve?
 - A. It served as evidence for political involvement.
 - B. It clarified the actual cause of homelessness.
 - C. It served as evidence of social disintegration.
 - D. It showed the ugly lifestyle of the homeless.
5. Which of the following words is closest in meaning to haggard as used in paragraph 1?
 - A. a person who looks trustful C. a person with no home
 - B. a person who commits crime D. a person who looks suspicious
6. Which of the following words can be synonymous with the word content as used in paragraph 6?
 - A. satisfied C. naked
 - B. outrageous D. confident
7. What does the word there in paragraph 4, refer to?
 - A. at a soup kitchen C. at the Salvation Army
 - B. in the street D. in the court
8. What does the word 'so' in paragraph 6, refer to?
 - A. beggar C. drug addict
 - B. every person D. homeless
9. According to the passage, which of the following is to blame for the life of a homeless person?
 - A. The homeless themselves C. The bureaucratic infrastructure
 - B. The Republicans D. The government policy

Section Two: Reading Passage II

Environmental Protection

1. The preservation of forest areas, wildlife and soil should be of a vital concern to all Ethiopians, since its neglect means a destruction of replaceable natural resources, a serious loss of revenue and then gradual desolation of the land until it becomes unfit for cultivation. According to a

UNESCO survey in 1963, the consequences will be disastrous unless drastic measures are adopted. An example of this neglect is the present and past treatments of forests. In the good old days, the Ethiopian highlands were covered with virgin forests, which have since been largely used for construction and fuel. Along with the introduction of the eucalyptus tree, this has prevented the country from becoming a desert; however, the few remaining forest areas are not being preserved. The Ethiopian custom grants a man ownership of any land he clears off trees, and he is presented with forested tracts as a reward for his service to the government. The next twenty or thirty years will see the last remnants of virgin forests destroyed unless strong measures are taken.

2. Soil degradation has been aggravated by poor agricultural practices. These include improper terracing, the cultivation of steep and easily eroded hillsides, failure to rotate crops (with the consequent loss of valuable nutrients), and the burning of manure instead of returning it to the soil as fertilizer. The destruction of trees and the lack of modern farming methods are not themselves as bad as the erosion of the soil which may follow them. Several generations may be able to live off the land, but gradually the soil is washed away to Egypt, making the land increasingly poor in quality and yielding less and less. Unfortunately, it is almost impossible to reclaim land that has deteriorated beyond a certain point. Trees cannot be planted to suck up water and hold the soil, because the earth is no longer deep enough to support long roots.

(Source: College Writing Skills; A Reference and Practice Book, (2019), pp.61-63)

10. What does 'These' in paragraph 2 refer to?

- A. soil conservation C. preservation of forests
- B. improper terracing D. poor agricultural practices

11. What does the word 'desolation' mean in paragraph 1?

- A. disappearance C. desertion
- B. destruction D. enrichment

12. Which of the following best replaces the word 'aggravated' in paragraph 2?

- A. worsened C. regulated
- B. supplemented D. improved

13. The prolonged erosion of the soil is followed by

- A. rapid reproduction of wild animals.
- B. enrichment of the soil by various nutrients.
- C. the total absence of plants.
- D. the leveling of the mountains.

14. In highly eroded and desolated areas, trees fail to survive because

- A. their roots are too short to suck up water from the ground.
- B. the sun will be too scorching for them to survive.
- C. they do not get nutrients from the soil.
- D. they do not get sufficient sunshine.

15. Which of the following, according to paragraph 1, is a result of preserving forest areas?

- A. Devastation of irreplaceable natural resources

- B. Ruins of the land through processes
 - C. Reproduction of wildlife
 - D. Serious loss of income
16. Which of the following, according to paragraph 2, can be a cause of soil erosion?
- A. Planting trees and using modern farming
 - B. Cultivating easily eroded hillsides
 - C. Using poor quality of fertilizer
 - D. Losing valuable nutrients
17. According to paragraph 2, which of the following is true?
- A. Plants can be planted to suck up water and hold soil even if the earth is too shallow to support long roots.
 - B. When the soil is washed away to neighboring countries, land productivity increases.
 - C. The preservation of forest areas is not the concern of Ethiopians.
 - D. Erosion of the soil is worse than destruction of trees.
18. What does 'its' in paragraph 1 refer to?
- A. preservation of natural resources
 - B. destruction of natural resources
 - C. the wild life and soil
 - D. the forest areas

Section Three Vocabulary

A. Completion

Instructions: Questions from 19 - 24 are incomplete sentences. There are four alternative words or phrases, A-D, given below each question. Choose the word or phrase that best completes the sentence and blacken the letter of your choice on the separate answer sheet provided.

19. You should not be so _____ to these late comers, once punished, they should be allowed to attend class.
- A. generous C. modest
 - B. cruel D. kind
20. Ethiopia will enjoy a period of peace and _____ in the next few years, this happens if the country ensures law and gives priority to science, technology and innovation.
- A. prosperity C. protest
 - B. nationality D. disparity
21. The weather in Addis Ababa is _____ these days. You cannot tell whether it rains in the morning or in the afternoon.
- A. invisible C. unpredictable
 - B. immaterial D. unimaginable
22. _____ by the speech of the new leader, all the people of the Zone elected him to be Member of Parliament.
- A. Offended C. Discouraged
 - B. Demotivated D. Inspired
23. On my way home from office, there was high traffic _____. It took me two hours to get home.

A. congestion C. path way

B. freeway D. speed

24. In the annual festival they hold, the villagers in my area always _____ to fight against the criminals that disturb the people.

A. meditate C. remember

B. resolve D. think

B. Substitution

Instructions: For questions 25 - 30, each sentence has an underlined word or phrase followed by alternatives A-D. Choose the word or phrase that best corresponds with the meaning of the underlined word or phrase and blacken the letter of your choice on the separate answer sheet provided.

25. Houses in cities are not **affordable** for the great majority of the people in Ethiopia.

A. comfortable C. available

B. cheap D. suitable

26. He asked her to **turn round** several times before he gave her his opinion of her new dress.

A. rotate C. hold on

B. display D. pose

27. Thanks to science and technology, many of our organs are **replaceable**.

A. removable C. exchangeable

B. curable D. avoidable

28. The teacher announced that the mathematics examination has been **put off** for next week.

A. forgotten C. prepared

B. postponed D. cancelled

29. If you go to a new place, your behavior and manner should **harmonize** with that of the people you meet there.

A. go against C. contradict

B. consider D. integrate

30. Tensions between the two countries are rising quickly. We cannot **rule out** the possibility that war breaks out.

A. assume C. predict

B. exclude D. imagine

C. Analogy

Instructions: For questions 31 and 32, two pairs of words are given. Look at the relationship between the two words in each pair and choose the word which forms a similar relationship with the word given next to each pair and then blacken the letter of your choice on the separate answer sheet provided.

31. Mouse is to computer as steering wheel is to

A. thermo-flask C. vehicle

B. refrigerator D. television

32. Bed: Sleep:: Stove: _____

A. Clean C. Cook

B. Wash D. Utensil

Section Four: Sentence Comprehension

Instructions: For questions 33 and 34, choose the sentence with the closest meaning to the head sentence from the four alternatives given, and blacken the letter of your choice on the separate answer sheet provided.

33. All students but one got above average marks in English.

A. Only one student failed to get above average marks in English.

B. Only one student got the above average mark in English.

C. All students did not get above average marks in English.

D. Everybody got above average mark in English.

34. Addis Ababa University, which is the oldest university in the country, has changed its admission policy.

A. Addis Ababa University admits students based on new rules and regulations.

B. Addis Ababa University has grown old with its admission policy.

C. Addis Ababa University has a conducive learning atmosphere.

D. Joining Addis Ababa University has now become easy.

II. LANGUAGE FOCUS

Directions: Questions from 35-62 are incomplete sentences. Choose the word or phrase that best completes the sentence accurately and blacken the letter of your choice on the separate answer sheet provided.

35. At first, the suspect did not realize _____ during the interview. Later on, he saw the voice recorder and refused to continue the interview.

A. he was being recording C. he had recorded

B. he was recording D. he was being recorded

36. Unlike last year, only _____ students needed extra help this year last year we helped almost everyone in the class.

A. many C. a few

B. most D. a little

37. We should be involved in sports activities to keep _____ fit and healthy.

A. oneself C. yourselves

B. ourselves D. ourself

38. I _____ my homework when you knocked at the door.

A. had been C. have done

B. have been doing D. was doing

39. _____ I do not complain much; my friends often take me for a fool.

A. As a result of C. In spite of

B. Because of D. Because

40. My English is not good, I _____ advised to study English when I was younger.

A. wish I had been C. wished I had been

B. wished I was D. wish I have been

41. I _____ much today if I had learned about money management at my young age.

A. did not worry C. will not worry

B. would not worry D. would not have worried

42. _____ you ever _____ a chance to visit any historical site in Ethiopia?

A. Had/have C. Have/had

- B. Did/have D. Have/have
43. The road project _____ by the construction company next year.
A. will be completing C. will completed
B. was completed D. will be complete
44. If I had enough money, I _____ schools with elevators for visually impaired children.
A. will have built C. would have built
B. would build D. will build
45. Next year this time, I _____ the freshman program.
A. will have almost completed C. will be nearly complete
B. had nearly completed D. would have nearly completed
46. This year's examination is as good as the one given last year, _____ ?
A. hasn't it C. isn't it
B. doesn't it D. wasn't it
47. I met the girl _____ phone number I was asking for.
A. whom C. that
B. whose D. which
48. When you acknowledge people's contribution to your work, you need not refer _____ his/her name.
A. to C. with
B. for D. at
49. _____ listening _____ reading are important academic skills students need to develop.
A. Neither/nor C. Both/and
B. Either/nor D. Either/or
50. He _____ his children to school five days a week.
A. drives C. drove
B. has driven D. drive
51. My father is not _____ old _____ yours; he is only 53 years old.
A. such...as C. as...so
B. such...so D. as...as
52. Lojo is _____ tall girl _____ she can easily touch the ceiling of her classroom.
A. such...as C. as such...that
B. such a...that D. so...that
53. Some students did well on the last week's English test, _____ others scored unsatisfactory marks. I am designing an action research to study the case.
A. when C. whereas
B. despite D. if
54. My English teacher _____ me repeat the correct answer ten times.
A. wanted C. told
B. forced D. made
55. My history teacher asked me _____ what is your nationality?
A. what my nationality is C. what is your nationality?
B. what is my nationality. D. what was my nationality?

56. You _____ go to bed before midnight if you have the habit of getting up late.
A. will not C. must not
B. may not D. cannot
57. You will start running _____ the bell rings. Otherwise, you will be disqualified from the competition.
A. till C. during
B. while D. after
58. The afternoon sun is _____ hot for school children _____ play outside. They had better stay in their class.
A. such/for C. very/for
B. too/to D. to/to
59. The lady _____ next to our English teacher is my mother's close friend.
A. sitting C. sat
B. sit D. sits
60. Unlike my friends, who dislike drinking coffee, I _____ go to bed at night without coffee.
A. never C. always
B. mostly D. ever
61. Committing corruption _____ life imprisonment in several countries in the world.
A. impacts C. affects
B. arises from D. leads to
62. I always have much work to do; that is why I _____ have time to listen to music.
A. definitely C. scarcely
B. mainly D. exactly

III. WRITING

Directions: Questions from 63-80 are related to different types of writing. Read each of them very carefully and choose the best answer from the given alternatives. Then, blacken the letter of your choice on the separate answer sheet provided.

Section One: Word Spelling

Instructions: Questions 63 and 64 are on word spelling. From the alternatives A-D, choose the one which is correctly spelt and blacken the letter of your choice on the separate answer sheet provided.

63. A. expenditure C. particularly
B. traditionial D. fotograph
64. A. paralism C. intelibility
B. suffication D. repetition

Section Two: Punctuation and Capitalization

Instructions: Questions 65-67 are on punctuation and capitalization. From the given alternatives A - D, choose the statement which is correctly punctuated and capitalized, and blacken the letter of your choice on the separate answer sheet provided.

65. A. Tadesse and Fanuel are good friends. They study their lessons together and help each other.
B. Tadesse and Fanuel are good friends; They study their lessons together and help each other.

- C. Tadesse and Fanuel are good friends, they study their lessons together and help each other.
D. Tadesse and Fanuel are good friends They study their lessons together and help each other!

66. A. Ethiopia is a rich country endowed with many natural resources. In addition it has many diversified cultures and very friendly people.
B. Ethiopia is a rich country endowed with many natural resources. In addition, it has many diversified cultures and very friendly people
C. Ethiopia is a rich country endowed with many natural resources. In addition it has many diversified cultures and very friendly people.
D. Ethiopia is a rich country endowed with many natural resources. In addition, it has many diversified cultures and very friendly people.
67. A. Hello Kenyan National Hotel, can I help you?
B. Hello, Kenyan National Hotel. can I help you?
C. Hello Kenyan National Hotel. Can I help you?
D. Hello, Kenyan National Hotel! Can I help you?

Section Three: Jumbled Words

Instructions: The words in the questions 68-70 are NOT in the right order. When put in the right order, they make correct English sentences. From the given alternatives A - D, choose the correct answer and blacken the letter of your choice on the separate answer sheet provided.

68. am/as/think/I/not/I/you/stupid/am/as.
A. I am not as I think am stupid as you.
B. As you think I am not stupid as I am.
C. I am not as you think as I am.
D. I am not as stupid as you think I am.
69. who/a/clever/ teacher /in/school/our/Ato Tadesse/got /has /a/ scholarship/is.
A. Ato Tadesse, in our school, has got a scholarship who is a clever teacher.
B. Ato Tadesse, who is a clever teacher in our school, has got a scholarship.
C. Ato Tadesse is a clever teacher in school who has got our a scholarship.
D. Ato Tadesse has got a scholarship, who is a clever teacher, in our school.
70. in/ the/ science/ laboratory/teacher/ and/ students/both/together/working the/are/the.
A. The students and the teacher together are both working in the science laboratory.
B. The students are working and both the teacher together in the science laboratory.
C. Both in the science laboratory are working together the teacher and the students.
D. Both the teacher and the students are working together in the science laboratory.

Section Four: Paragraph Coherence

Instructions: When you put them in the correct order, sentences a - d in each of the questions from 71-74 make up a complete paragraph. From the alternatives given in each case, choose the one that contains the correct order of the sentences and blacken the letter of your choice on the separate answer sheet.

71. a. Arable farming refers to growing crops.
b. This farming type refers to keeping sheep and cattle.

- c. The second farming type is pastoral farming.
 d. Arable and pastoral farming are commonly known farming types.
 A. a d c b
 B. b a d c
 C. c b a d
 D. d c d a
72. a. Hanna is a very charming and sociable girl whom everybody likes.
 b. Finally, she works in an international supermarket as a saleswoman. She is always smiling and appears to be happy with her job.
 c. She is only in her late twenties. She usually wears jeans that visibly show the shape of her body. Above her waist, she wears a white nylon T-shirt that makes her breasts appear more visible and attractive.
 d. To begin with, she is tall and has a slim waist that makes her quite attractive.
 A. a d c b
 B. a c d b
 C. d a b c
 D. d a c b
73. a. Many people believe education is the key to success in life.
 b. These people list names of several intellectuals who struggle to make in the end to breath on their salaries
 c. As examples, they mention highly educated people who have become rich.
 d. Others contend that education only leads people to poverty.
 A. a b c d
 B. a c b d
 C. c b d a
 D. c b a d
74. A. Three of their children are girls.
 B. His wife wizero Mulu, is younger than him by 2 years.
 C. Ato Lemma and Wiro Mulu have four children.
 D. Ato Lemma is a thirty-year-old person in my community.
 A. c b d a
 B. d b c a
 C. a c d b
 D. d c a b

Section Five: Types of Paragraph Writing

Instructions: Questions 75-77 are related to types of paragraph writing. From the alternatives A-D given in each question, choose the correct answer and blacken the letter of your choice on the separate answer sheet provided.

75. "First of all, the death penalty should be only resort to killing people and spend the rest of their lives in jail. Moreover, if the death penalty committed against them would like to take

revenge on the criminal and this makes chaos in society". This is what paragraph writing that is most likely:

A. argumentative C. descriptive

B. expository D. narrative

76. Digestion begins in the mouth. This is called mechanical digestion as there is not any kind of chemical involved in the process. It is simply as the saliva is broken down into smaller pieces and the food is swallowed. The other type of digestion is chemical digestion. It is in the stomach that this digestion takes place. This above paragraph are most likely taken from:

A. argumentative C. expository

B. descriptive D. narrative

77. Eden is in her late twenties. She is of medium height. She has an average weight that fits her height. She respects people, and she is very polite and friendly. From Which of the following paragraph writing types is the above sentences most likely?

A. Descriptive C. Expository

B. Argumentative D. Narrative

Section Two: Letter Writing

Instructions: Questions 78-80 are about letter writing. The letter below has three parts and all of them carefully follows the next answer and blacken the letter of your choice on the separate answer sheet provided.

(1) Dear sir,

(2) I am a polytechnic graduate. I have a Diploma in Auto mechanics from Bahir Dar Polytechnic College. I have worked as a mechanic in Bahir Dar Textile Factory for two years. I am now applying for the post of mechanic advertised in your company. For your reference, I have attached my CV with this application.

(3) I am looking forward to hearing from you.

Sincerely, Dewit Hibru

78. The part indicated by number 3 is :

A. a greeting C. salutation

B. closing statement D. body of the letter

79. The part indicated by number 2 is :

A. greeting C. salutation

B. closing statement D. body of the letter

80. The part indicated by number 1 is :

A. closing statement C. body of the letter

B. salutation D. subject

IV.COMMUNICATIVE ACTIVITIES

Directions: Questions from 81-100 are presented in the form of conversations. The part said by one of the speakers is given, and a blank space is left for the other. Choose the alternative that is most appropriate to complete the dialogue and blacken the letter of your choice on the separate answer sheet provided.

81. Lensa: My spoken English is really horrible; _____?

Zemzem: Practice speaking every day in front of your friends.

A. why you learn English C. what is yours like

B. do you like English D. what should I do

82. Student: _____

Teacher: Yes. This will be our tomorrow's lesson.

A. Could you explain to me about active and passive voices?

B. When do you teach us about active and passive voices?

C. Who knows about active and passive voices?

D. You could learn active and passive voices.

83. Friend: What do you think unemployment will be like in the future?

You: _____

A. I am sure today's children won't expect a job from the government

B. In my opinion, none of a working age will be unemployed

C. I think unemployment is a universal problem these days

D. Think about today; tomorrow is another day

84. Teacher: _____

Parent: You are right, wearing a uniform should be compulsory for class attendance.

A. Isn't it very disappointing to see students in the classroom without their uniform

B. Is it very disappointing to see students in the classroom without their uniform

C. When do we see students in the classroom without their uniform

D. Why do we see students in the classroom without their uniform

85. Husband: Six people died and three were injured in a car accident today.

Wife: _____ Has the cause been known?

A. Look after yourself on the road. C. I am sorry to say this.

B. Never trust a car driver. D. What a terrible news!

86. Abeya: I think that education is the only way to live a better life?

Temesgen: True, but I should say _____

A. going to college is not mandatory

B. perhaps we need to learn further

C. perhaps it is one among the few

D. going to college is simple

87. Neighbor: Today's youths have a much wider access to information than those who lived in the past.

Father: Yes, but _____

A. it's good to remember those who lived in the past were less intelligent

B. the trouble is they are indiscriminate in their choice of information

C. we should appreciate the unlimited interest of today's youth

D. the main point is they do not read all that comes their way

88. Teacher: Tell me the reasons why learning English is important to you.

Student: _____

A. To begin with, English is a compulsory school subject

B. As a matter of fact, we learn English five days a week

- C. Believe it or not, my written English is very good
D. Firstly, English is not my favourite school subject
89. Mother: Why are you going so early today?
Daughter: _____ Mom.
A. Nobody said it is early C. In order to get a front seat
B. Mind your own business D. It is not very early
90. Husband: Where would you like us to go for dinner?
Wife: _____ I like their French toast.
A. How about trying Haile Grand Hotel?
B. I do not have enough money for dinner.
C. I do not care about dinner tonight.
D. Is your sister going with us?
91. Ararso: What is your opinion about the need for college education?
Jirata: _____
A. What is the requirement to join college?
B. I feel certain that it's absolutely necessary.
C. None of my children joined college.
D. I think I've a good idea about it.
92. Mother: Tell me why schools are closed in Kiremt in Ethiopia.
Daughter: _____
A. Did you learn year-long yourself?
B. Nobody likes going to school.
C. I hate Kiremt, Mom.
D. I haven't any clue, Mom.
93. Ahmed: _____
Samson: You know why? He is such a funny boy that he makes everyone laugh.
A. Do you like to sit next to Solomon in the classroom
B. Where do many students like to sit in the classroom
C. Why do many students like to sit next to Solomon
D. Is Solomon a funny boy
94. Kidist: _____
Hana: With sugar, please.
A. Would you prefer your coffee with or without sugar
B. How much sugar do you like in your coffee
C. Is it good to drink coffee without sugar
D. Do you like your coffee with sugar
95. Student: Today, I'm interviewing Business Managers to give me some idea about the field.
Let me begin by _____
Manager: To put it simply, I joined the department because I wanted to learn how to run my own business.
A. asking you how you decided to study business management
B. telling you the history of the field in our context
C. telling you a few important things about the field

D. explaining job opportunities in the field

96. Father: _____?

Mother: He did not get full mark on his English exam.

A. Why is Zena crying C. Who is crying Zena

B. How is Zena crying D. When is Zena crying

97. Lilo: _____

Maria: I'm sorry; I'm a stranger too.

A. Could you tell me where the director's office is?

B. Hi, you know the director's office, don't you?

C. Where is the director's office, if I may ask?

D. I am sorry to say that, but I got lost.

98. Nuru: Well done, Daniel! You got an A grade on your Maths.

Daniel: Really? _____

A. A good achievement, isn't it

B. Thank you for the good news.

C. I'm glad you liked it.

D. Nice work, isn't it?

99. Friend: _____ I'm almost blind in the dark.

You: Don't worry about it.

A. Will you forgive me for stepping on your foot?

B. I shouldn't have stepped on your foot.

C. Excuse me for stepping on your foot.

D. Did I step on your foot?

100. Daughter: I think brilliant students should be exempted from cost-sharing.

Mother: _____ money shouldn't be a reward for good work.

A. No, I don't accept this foolish idea

B. I am afraid I can't agree

C. This is stupid

D. Shut up

The End

ENTRANCE TRICKS