# Alegbraic Topology Problem Bank

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# Homework 1

#### Hatcher 0.2

Construct an explicit deformation retraction of  $\mathbb{R}^n - \{0\}$  onto  $S^{n-1}$ .

## Hatcher 0.3

- (a) Show that the composition of homotopy equivalences  $X \to Y$  and  $Y \to Z$  is a homotopy equivalence  $X \to Z$ . Deduce that homotopy equivalence is an equivalence relation.
- (b) Show that the relation of homotopy among maps  $X \to Y$  is an equivalence relation.
- (c) Show that a map homotopic to a homotopy equivalence is a homotopy equivalence.

## Hatcher 0.6

- (a) Let X be the subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^2$  consisting of the horizontal segment  $[0,1] \times \{0\}$  together with all the vertical segments  $\{r\} \times [0,1-r]$  for r a rational number in [0,1]. Show that X deformation retracts to any point in the segment  $[0,1] \times \{0\}$ , but not to any other point. [See the preceding problem]
- (b) Let Y be the subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^2$  that is the union of an infinite number of copies of X arranged as in the figure below. Show that Y is contractible but does not deformation retract onto any point.
- (c) Let Z be the zigzag subspace of Y homeomorphic to /R indicated by the heavier line. Show there is a deformation retraction in the weak sense (see Exercise 4) of Y onto Z, but no true deformation retraction.

# Hatcher 0.10

Show that a space X is contractible if and only if every map  $f: X \to Y$ , for arbitrary Y, is nullhomotopic. Similarly, show X is contractible if and only if every map  $f: Y \to X$  is nullhomotopic.

### Hatcher 0.11

Show that  $f: X \to Y$  is a homotopy equivalence if there exist maps  $g, h: Y \to X$  such that  $fg \cong \mathrm{id}$  and  $hf \cong \mathrm{id}$ . More generally, show that f is a homotopy equivalence if fg and hf are homotopy equivalences.

#### Hatcher 0.16

Show that  $S^{\infty}$  is contractible.

# Hatcher 0.17

Construct a 2-dimensional cell complex that contains both an annulus  $S^1 \times I$  and a Mobius band as deformation retractions.

# Hatcher 0.20

Show that the subspace  $X \subset \mathbb{R}^3$  formed by a Klein bottle intersecting itself in a circle is homotopy equivalent to  $S^1 \vee S^1 \vee S^1$ .