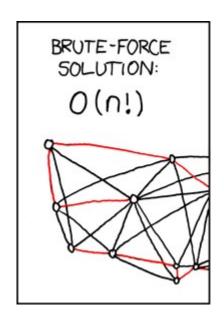
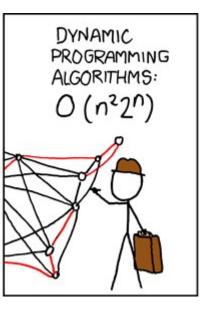
## Competitive Programming Hakpak

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xkcd: Travelling Salesman Problem

```
public static int BS(int[] arr, int query){
    int low = 0,high = arr.length;
    while(low<high){
        int mid = (low+high)/2;
        //Insert comparator here
        int cmp = arr[mid] - query;
        if(cmp==0){
            return mid;
        }
        else if(cmp>0){
            high = mid;
        }
        else {
            low = mid+1;
        }
    }
    return -1;
}
```

Regular Binary search.

- -Search Complexity of  $O(\log n)$  where n is the size of the array.
  - -Will return an index of the number query.
  - -Will return -1 if the element is not present.
  - -Array must be sorted.
- -Can be modified to work for any comparator simply by modifying the way cmp is calculated.

```
public static int BFS(int[] arr, int query){
    //Binary Floor Search
    int low = -1, high = arr.length;
    while(low+1<high){
        int mid = (low+high)/2;
        //Insert comparator here
        int cmp = arr[mid] - query;
        if(cmp>0){
            high = mid;
        }
        else {
            low = mid;
        }
    }
    return low;
}
```

Floored Binary search.

- -Search Complexity of O(log n) where n is the size of the array.
- -Will return the largest index that contains a value less than or equal to the given query.
- -Will return -1 if no element that satisfies the conditions is present.
  - -Array must be sorted.
- -Can be modified to work for any comparator simply by modifying the way cmp is calculated.
- -Useful when searching for up to what point a given input/solution/etc. is valid.

For c++ look into function upper\_bound and lower\_bound in the algorithm library. upper\_bound can be used as a floor search by subtracting 1 from the **MEMORY LOCATION** returned by it.

## **Segmented Tree**

```
//All global variables needed
int lo[],hi[],delta[],query[],size;

//This is use-defined. (Note sums don't work with this implementation of lazy
propagation)

static final int IDENTITY = Integer.MAX_VALUE;//Identity for Min
int queryFunction(int a,int b){
    return Math.min(a,b);//Min Function (Clearly)
}
```

```
public SegmentTree(int n){
    size = 4*n;
    lo = new int[size];
    hi = new int[size];
    delta = new int[size];
    query = new int[size];
    init(0,0,n-1);
}
```

```
void prop(int node){
    delta[2*node+1]+=delta[node];
    delta[2*node+2]+=delta[node];
    delta[node]=0;
}
```

```
void init(int node, int li,int ri){
    lo[node] = li;
    hi[node] = ri;
    if(li==ri)
        return;
    int mid = (li+ri)/2;
    init(node*2+1,li,mid);
    init(node*2+2,mid+1,ri);
}
```

```
void update(int node){
    query[node] = queryFunction(
         query[2*node+1]+delta[2*node+1],
         query[2*node+2]+delta[2*node+2]);
}
```

```
int query(int node,int li,int ri){
    if(ri<lo[node]||hi[node]<li)
        return IDENTITY;

if(li<=lo[node]&&hi[node]<=ri)
        return query[node]+delta[node];

prop(node);

int ret = queryFunction(
        query(2*node+1,li,ri),
        query(2*node+2,li,ri));
    update(node);

return ret;
}</pre>
```

```
void increment(int node,int li,int ri,int val){
    if(ri<lo[node]||hi[node]<li)
        return;

if(li<=lo[node]&&hi[node]<=ri){
        delta[node]+=val;
        return;
}

prop(node);

increment(2*node+1,li,ri,val);
increment(2*node+2,li,ri,val);
update(node);
}</pre>
```